# M2488 CARTRIDGE TAPE DRIVE PRODUCT GUIDE





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M2488 USER'S GUIDE PREFACE

#### **PREFACE**

The M2488 User's Guide provides the information necessary for the user to operate the M2488 Cartridge Tape Drive.

#### **Chapter 1 Introduction**

This chapter provides an overview of the M2488 Cartridge Tape Drive and its optional equipment.

## **Chapter 2 Installation Instructions**

This chapter provides procedures for the preparation and assembly of the M2488 Cartridge Tape Drive.

#### **Chapter 3 Controls and Indicators**

This chapter describes the controls, indicators and connectors for the M2488 Cartridge Tape Drive and its optional equipment.

#### **Chapter 4 Configuration**

This chapter describes the configuration menus of the M2488 Cartridge Tape Drive.

#### **Chapter 5 Operating Instructions**

This chapter provides procedures for operating the M2488 Cartridge Tape Drive and its optional equipment.

#### **Chapter 6 Maintenance and Servicing**

This chapter describes the user maintenance and servicing of the M2488 Cartridge Tape Drive.

#### **Chapter 7 Parts List**

This chapter describes the M2488 models and optional equipment available.

The ANSI X3.131-199x SCSI specification may be purchased from:

American National Standard Institute, Inc. 1430 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10018 Tel. (212) 642-4900

SCSI-2 unreleased documentation X3B5/87-099 may be obtained from:

Global Engineering Documents 2805 McGaw Irvine, CA 92714

#### CONVENTION

Hexadecimal numbers are denoted by an "h" following the number (e.g. 23h) or 0xNN. Binary numbers are denoted by a "b" following the number (e.g. 001b).

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## **CHAPTER 1**

## INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



## 1-1 INTRODUCTION

This chapter contains information on installing the M2488 tape drive and optional equipment. This chapter is divided into the following major paragraphs:

- 1-2 PREPARING THE M2488 AND ITS OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT
- 1-3 CONFIGURATIONS
- 1-4 UNPACKING INSTRUCTIONS
- 1-5 EQUIPMENT INSPECTION
- 1-6 ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS
- 1-7 PREPARATION FOR USE

## 1-2 PREPARING THE M2488 AND ITS OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT

Upon receipt of your equipment, follow the procedures in the order listed below:

| STEP | PROCEDURE  | WHERE?   |
|------|--|--|
| 1    | Unpack the M2488. Unpack the medium changer (if applicable).   | Product Guide, Chapter 1, paragraph 1-4 or User's Guide, Chapter 2 |
| 2    | Inspect the M2488. Inspect the medium changer (if applicable). | Product Guide, Chapter 1, paragraph 1-5 or User's Guide, Chapter 2 |
| 3    | Assemble the M2488 and medium changer (if applicable).         | Product Guide, Chapter 1, paragraph 1-6 or User's Guide, Chapter 2 |
| 4    | Configure the M2488.   | User's Guide, Chapter 4  |
| 5    | Operating the M2488.   | User's Guide, Chapter 5  |

#### 1-3 CONFIGURATIONS

The M2488 tape drive may have a medium changer and be rack-mounted or placed on a desktop. Determine which configuration is to be used from the following tables, then refer to the indicated assembly instructions after unpacking and inspecting the equipment.

## 1-3.1 Rack-mount

There are three configurations for the rack-mount M2488 drive. Refer to Table 1-1 for the assembly instructions to use with your configuration.

**Table 1-1. Rack-mount Configurations** 

| CONFIGURATION   | EQUIPMENT REQUIRED   | TOOLS                                     | ASSEMBLY<br>PARAGRAPH                     |
|-----------------|--|---|---|
| M2488           | M2488 (one or two per tray) IPM (one per M2488) Terminator (may be required) AC Power Cable (110 or 220 VAC, one per M2488) Rack-mount tray Front panel for one M2488 or front panel for two M2488s  | Phillips screw-<br>driver                 | 1-6.1<br>1-6.2<br>1-6.3<br>1-6.5          |
| M2488 with ACL  | M2488 (one or two per tray) IPM (one per M2488) Terminator (may be required) AC Power Cable (110 or 220 VAC, one per M2488) ACL Rack-mount tray for M2488 with ACL Front panel for one M2488 with ACL or front panel for two M2488s with ACLs 5 or 10-Cartridge Magazine               | Phillips screw-<br>driver<br>Allen wrench | 1-6.1<br>1-6.2<br>1-6.3<br>1-6.5<br>1-6.6 |
| M2488 with FACL | M2488 (one or two per tray) IPM (one per M2488) Terminator (may be required) FACL AC Power Cable (110 or 220 VAC, one per M2488) Rack-mount tray for M2488 with FACL Front panel for one M2488 with FACL or front panel for two M2488s with FACLs. 7-Cartridge Magazine (one per FACL) | Phillips screw-<br>driver<br>Allen wrench | 1-6.1<br>1-6.2<br>1-6.3<br>1-6.5<br>1-6.7 |

1-3

## 1-3.2 Desktop

There are three desktop configurations for the M2488 drive. Refer to Table 1-2 for the assembly instructions to use with your configuration.

**Table 1-2. Desktop Configurations** 

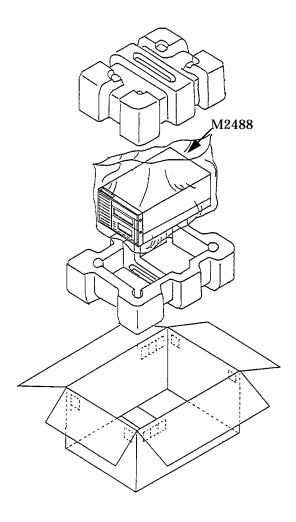
| CONFIGURATION   | EQUIPMENT REQUIRED  | TOOLS   | ASSEMBLY<br>PARAGRAPH                     |
|-----------------|---|---|---|
| M2488           | M2488 IPM Terminator (may be required) AC Power Cable (110 or 220 VAC)  | Phillips #2<br>screwdriver                                    | 1-6.1<br>1-6.2<br>1-6.3<br>1-6.4          |
| M2488 with ACL  | M2488 IPM Terminator (may be required) ACL AC Power Cable (110 or 220 VAC) Optional Support base for M2488 with ACL (5 or 10-cartridge size) 5 or 10-Cartridge Magazine | Phillips #2<br>screwdriver<br>5mm, 8 in. long<br>Allen wrench | 1-6.1<br>1-6.2<br>1-6.3<br>1-6.5<br>1-6.6 |
| M2488 with FACL | M2488 IPM Terminator (may be required) FACL AC Power Cable (110 or 220 VAC) 7-Cartridge Magazine Optional Support base for M2488 with FACL                              | Phillips #2<br>screwdriver<br>5mm, 8 in. long<br>Allen wrench | 1-6.1<br>1-6.2<br>1-6.3<br>1-6.5<br>1-6.7 |

## 1-4 UNPACKING INSTRUCTIONS

Use the following procedures to unpack the M2488 tape drive and its optional equipment. When the equipment is unpacked, proceed to the inspection procedures in paragraph 1-5.

## 1-4.1 Unpack the M2488 Tape Drive

Unpack the M2488 tape drive as described below.



\*\* NOTE \*\*

The model shown is a M2488 without an ACL or FACL attached.

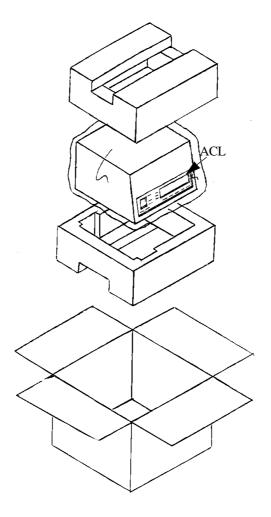
- 1. Carefully remove the M2488 from the packing material as shown in the figure above.
- 2. Place the tape drive on a flat work surface.
- 3. Verify contents of package to the packing list.
- 4. Retain packing material for future use.
- 5. Continue with unpacking the medium changer (if applicable) or inspect the equipment.

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## 1-4.2 Unpack the Automatic Cartridge Loader

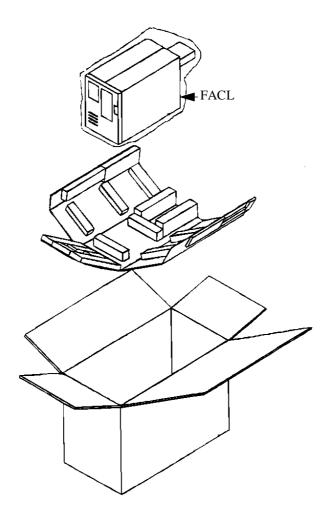
Unpack the ACL as described below.



- 1. Carefully remove the ACL from the packing material and place on flat work surface.
- 2. Verify contents of package and accessory kit to the packing list.
- 3. Retain packing material for future use.
- 4. Continue with the equipment inspection instructions.

## 1-4.3 Unpack the Flush-mounted Automatic Cartridge Loader

Unpack the FACL as described below.



- 1. Carefully remove the FACL from the packing material and place on flat work surface.
- 2. Verify contents of package and the accessory kit to the packing list.
- 3. Remove packing material from the inside of the FACL. Press PUSH on the front panel to open door. Press PUSH on the magazine tray and remove packing. Press PUSH again to close the magazine tray, then press PUSH on the front panel to close door.
- 4. Retain packing material for future use.
- 5. Continue with the equipment inspection instructions.

## 1-5 EQUIPMENT INSPECTION

After unpacking, inspect the equipment. If any damage is found, note the type of damage and location. Also note any damage to the packing container. Contact your carrier for further instructions for handling the damaged equipment.

#### 1-5.1 Inspect the M2488 Tape Drive

• Visually examine the chassis for dents and cracks.

Upon completion, inspect the medium changer, if applicable, or continue with the assembly instructions.

## 1-5.2 Inspect the ACL

• Visually examine the chassis for dents and cracks.

Upon completion, continue with the assembly instructions.

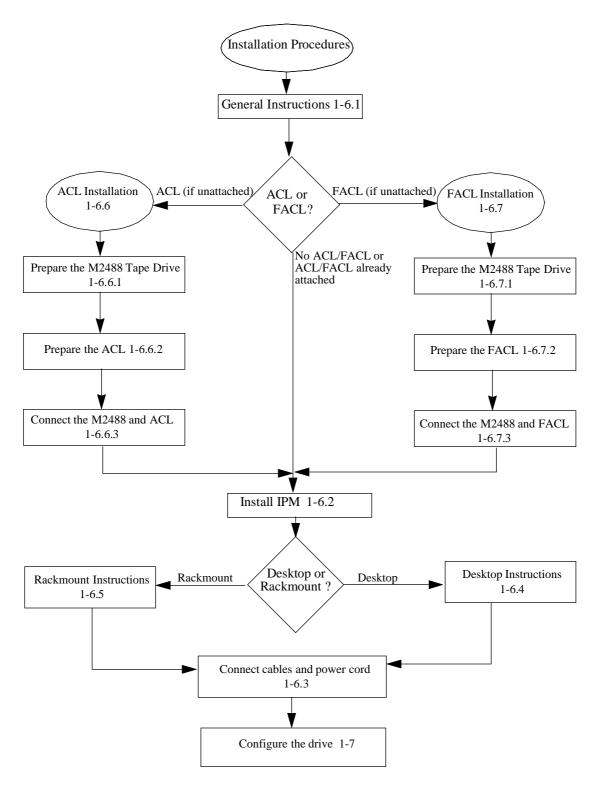
## 1-5.3 Inspect the FACL

- Visually examine the chassis for dents and cracks.
- Check the door lock by pressing on the lock lever and opening the door.
- Check the carrier movement by rotating the carrier knob. Refer to the Controls and Indicators section in Chapter 3 of the User's Guide for the location of the knob.

Upon completion, continue with the assembly instructions.

#### 1-6 ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

These paragraphs describe the assembly and installation of the M2488 tape drive and of the optional equipment. Use the following flowchart to determine which procedures are applicable to your equipment configuration. The paragraph number for the procedure is listed in the flowchart with the procedure title.



#### 1-6.1 General Installation and Assembly Instructions

#### 1-6.1.1 Air Flow and Service Clearances

Allow a gap of 50 mm (2 inches) at the rear of the drive for heat dissipation.

Allow a 620 mm (24 inches) servicing area to the rear, with drive extended, for rack-mounted drives.

## 1-6.2 Interface Personality Module Installation

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

Prior to assembly, ensure all SCSI cables and power cords have been disconnected. The M2488 should be placed as near as possible to the main AC outlet.

Installation of the IPM is described below.

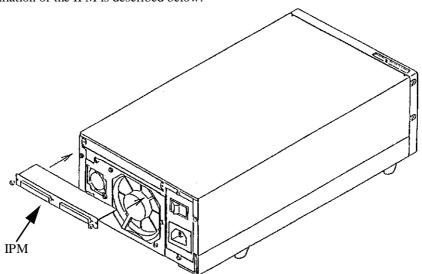


Figure 1-1. IPM Installation

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Insert the IPM, component side down, into the circuit board at the rear of the M2488. See Figure 1-1.
- 2 Insert and tighten two screws on the IPM.

#### 1-6.3 Cable and Power Connections

Installation of the SCSI cables and power cord are described in the following paragraphs. The SCSI connectors are described in the User's Guide, Chapter 1.

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

- 1. Cable and power connections should only be made upon completion of the M2488 hardware setup to include attachment of optional equipment. Use the appropriate assembly procedures for the desired option.
- 2. Both SCSI connectors on the IPM must be connected. The connection may be either two SCSI cables or one SCSI cable and one Terminator.

See Figure 1-2.

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Attach SCSI cable to one of the SCSI connectors on the IPM (which of the two connectors is not important).
- 2 Attach the Terminator or the second SCSI cable to the other SCSI connector on the IPM.
- 3 Connect power cord.

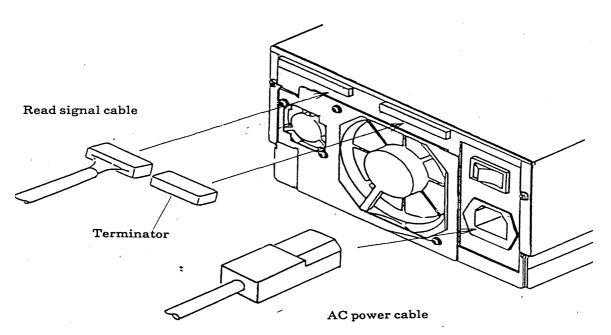


Figure 1-2. Cable and Power Connections

# 1-6.4 Desktop Installation Instructions

Use the procedure below for your configuration. When completed, continue with paragraph 1-6.3.

# 1-6.4.1 Tools Required

The following tools are required to install the M2488 in a desktop configuration:

Phillips screwdriver

Flat-head screwdriver

### 1-6.4.2 Tape Drive Only

If the two foot rails were removed, reattach and place drive in prepared location.

#### 1-6.4.3 Drive with ACL Attached (5-Cartridge Magazine)

Use this procedure if the M2488 with attached ACL is to be used with a support base for a 5-cartridge magazine. Figure 1-3 shows the M2488 with an attached ACL in a desktop model.

- 1 Attach both foot rails to the M2488 with the four screws.
- 2 Place the M2488 with attached ACL into the support base.
- 3 Insert the projections of the rear bracket into the gap on each foot rail. Attach rear bracket with two screws through the rear of the support base.

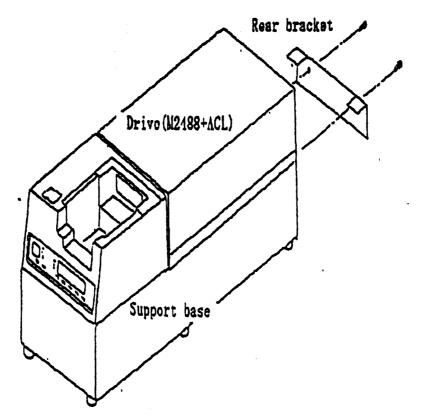


Figure 1-3. Drive with ACL (5-cartridge) Desktop Configuration

# 1-6.4.4 Drive with ACL Attached (10-Cartridge Magazine)

Use this procedure if the M2488 with attached ACL is to be used with a base for a 10-cartridge magazine.

- 1 Place the support base onto the M2488A41 (10-cartridge base) and attach with the four screws. See Figure 1-4.
- 2 For additional stability, attach the rubber feet and two metal brackets on the bottom of the M2488A41 as shown in Figure 1-5 on page 1-13.
- Place the drive with ACL on the support base. Move the drive forward and attach to the projections on the support base. See Figure 1-6 on page 1-13 and Figure 1-7 on page 1-14.
- Insert the projections of the rear bracket into the gap on each foot rail. Attach rear bracket with two screws through the rear of the support base. See Figure 1-8 on page 1-14.

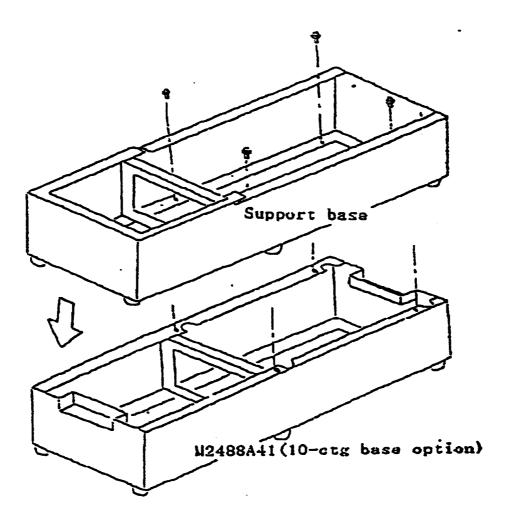


Figure 1-4. Attaching Bases

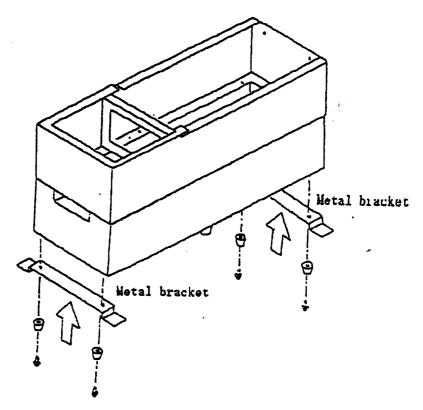


Figure 1-5. Stability Brackets

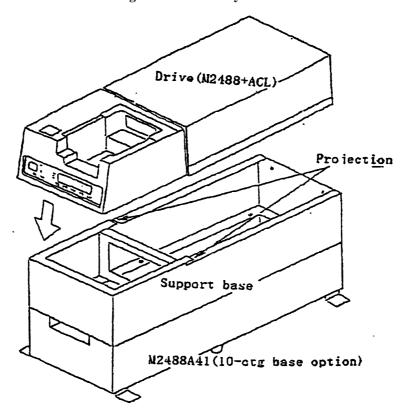


Figure 1-6. Drive Placement

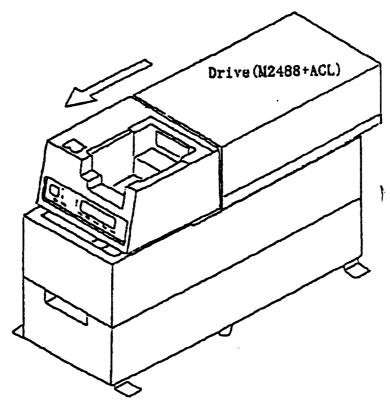


Figure 1-7. Drive Positioning

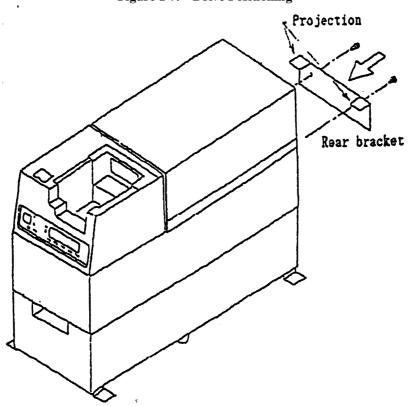


Figure 1-8. Rear Bracket Attachment

# 1-6.4.5 Drive with FACL Attached

Figure 1-9 shows the M2488 with an attached FACL in a desktop model.

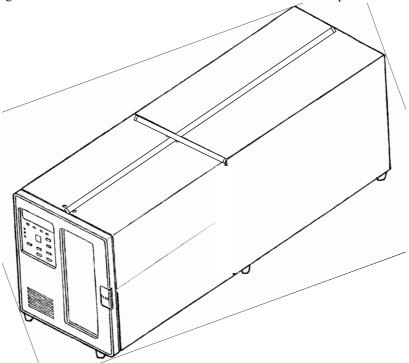


Figure 1-9. M2488 with FACL in Desktop Model

Use the following procedure to insert the M2488 with attached FACL into the desktop model. Refer to Figure 1-10 through Figure 1-12 during performance of this procedure.

- Insert the M2488 with FACL into the bottom base. Attach through bottom of base into bottom of M2488 and FACL with eight screws. See Figure 1-10.
- 2 Place the desktop cover over the M2488 and FACL. See Figure 1-11.
- 3 Tighten the eight screws into the sides of the bottom base.
- 4 Place rear cover over back opening and tighten with four screws. See Figure 1-12.

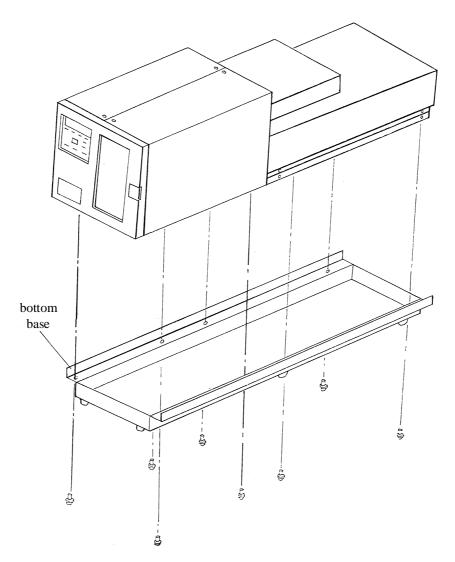


Figure 1-10. Attach to Bottom Base

1-17

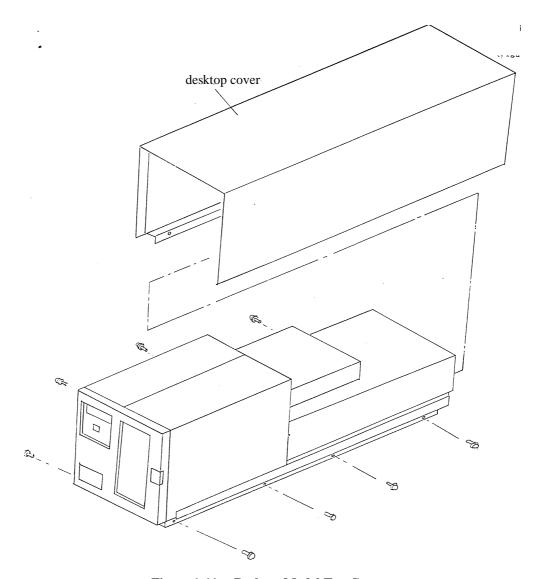


Figure 1-11. Desktop Model Top Covers

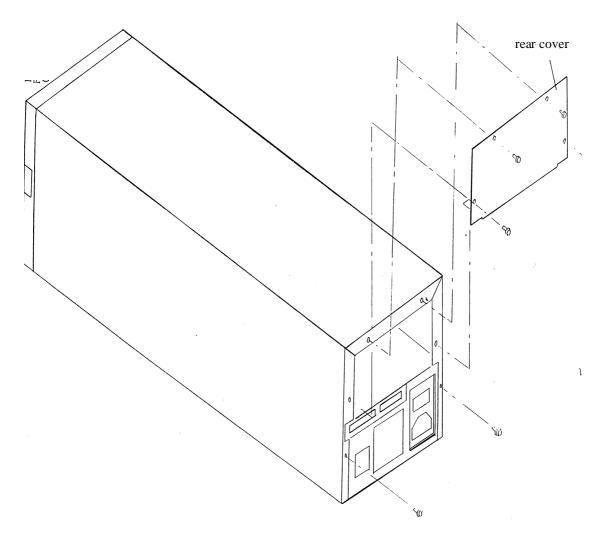


Figure 1-12. Desktop Model Rear Cover

#### 1-6.5 Rack-Mount Installation

This procedure is for mounting the M2488 tape drive, with or without a medium changer, in the rack-mount tray.



The weight of the equipment may exceed 10kg, use caution when mounting the tape drive and medium changer. Installation may require two or more service personnel.

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

Use M4 x 6mm length screws to mount the M2488 on the rack-mounting tray.

#### 1-6.5.1 Tools Required

The following tools are required to install the M2488 in a rack-mount configuration:

Phillips screwdriver

Hex wrench (M4)

Flat-head screwdriver

# 1-6.5.2 Adjust the Guide Plate

Refer to Figure 1-13 and Figure 1-14 for this procedure.

For a single drive configuration, the guide plate must be mounted as the guide for the inner cover on the drive mounting side. The drive must be mounted on the right side and use the optional front panel.

For a two drive configuration, the guide plate is not used.

#### 1-6.5.2.1 Inner Cover Mounted to Mounting Tray

See Figure 1-13 (A).

#### STEP ACTION

- Insert the inner cover from the front of the mounting tray and push it into the tray until the stopper is locked.
- 2 Align the round bump at the center of the guide plate with the hole of the inner cover. Use two bolts to attach guide plate.

# 1-6.5.2.2 Inner Cover NOT Mounted to Mounting Tray

See Figure 1-13 (B).

- 1 Remove the inner cover from the mounting tray.
- Align the round bump at the center of the guide plate with the hole of the mounting tray. Use two bolts to attach guide plate.

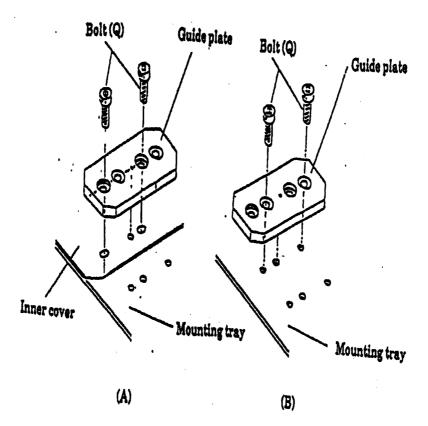


Figure 1-13. Guide Plate Installation

# 1-6.5.3 Screw Plate Mounting

See Figure 1-14.

# STEP ACTION

- 1 Each screw plate has nine holes. Mount the screw plate so that the big hole is up.
- 2 Attach 4 screw plates (g) to the rear of each pole of the rack with two screws (i -SBD-5x2S-M-NI1A) in the top and bottom holes.

# 1-6.5.4 Attach Mounting Tray

See Figure 1-14.

NOTE: When the mounting hole of the rack is a screw hole, remove the positioning pins at both the left and right sides of the tray (d) with a screwdriver.

- 1 Insert mounting tray (d) into the 19-inch rack and attach the front with six screws (j SW2NA-5x12S-M-NI1A).
- 2 Attach 2 brackets (f) to both the left and right sides of the tray (d) with six screws (k).
- 3 Attach brackets (f) to the left and right rear poles of the rack with eight screws (j) and tighten.

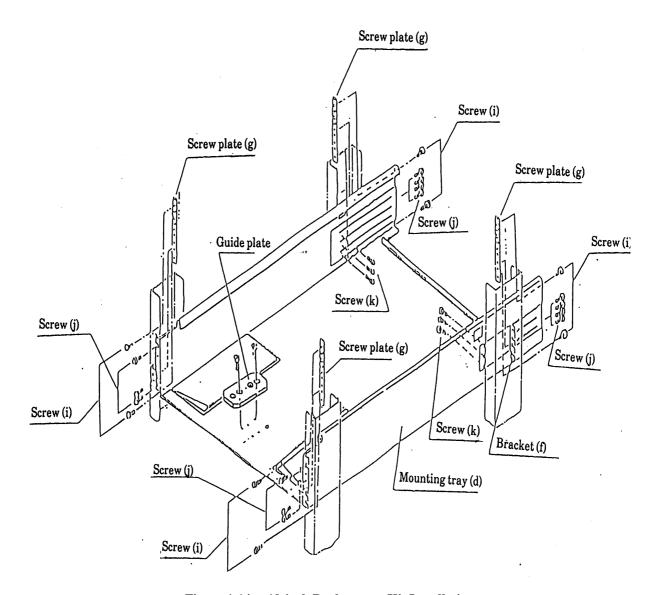


Figure 1-14. 19-inch Rack-mount Kit Installation

# 1-6.5.5 Adjust the Brackets

The length of the bracket is adjusted according to length 'L' between the front and rear poles of the 19-inch rack. To adjust the length of the bracket, exchange the left and right brackets (as shown in Figure 1-15) or replace the brackets with longer brackets.

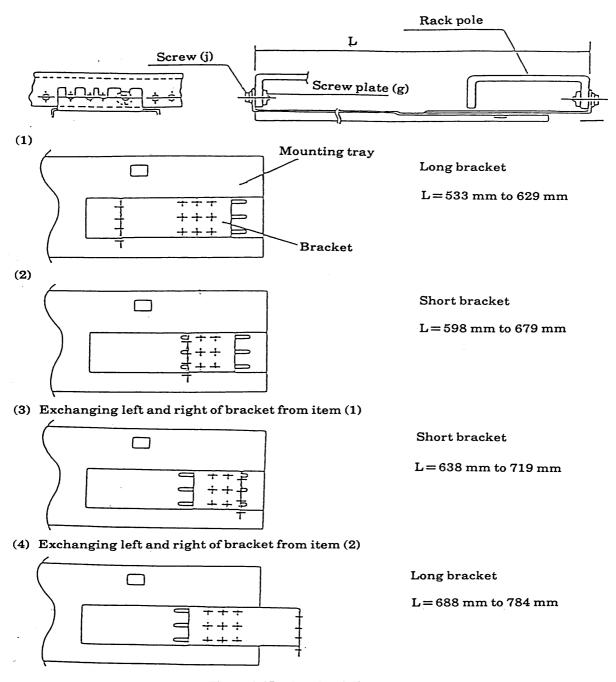


Figure 1-15. Bracket Adjustment

# 1-6.5.6 Install the M2488 or M2488 with Medium Changer on the Mounting Tray

Refer to Figure 1-14, Figure 1-16 through Figure 1-19 for this procedure.

NOTE: Before inserting, confirm that the inner cover is on the U-type slit of the mounting tray.

# STEP ACTION

- 1 If a single drive is used, it must be mounted on the right side.
- 2 Remove the two foot rails from the drive (if installed).
- Attach drive to the inner cover with four screws (p -CG001901-002). If attached, the FACL should be flush with the front of the inner cover.
- 4 Attach the rear of the drive with one screw (r SW3NA-3x12S-M-NI1A) through the L-type bracket.
- 5 Use the correct faceplate (optional) for either a single or dual drives and attach to drives.

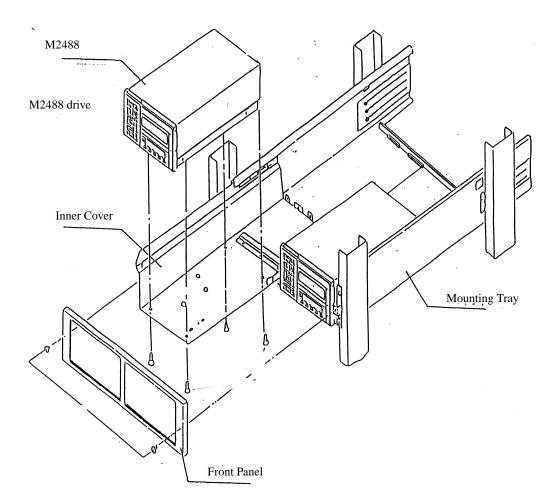


Figure 1-16. M2488 Tray Mounting

C144-E019-04EN 1-23

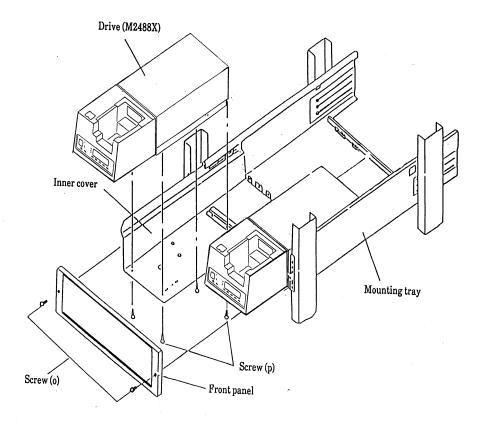


Figure 1-17. M2488 with ACL Tray Mounting

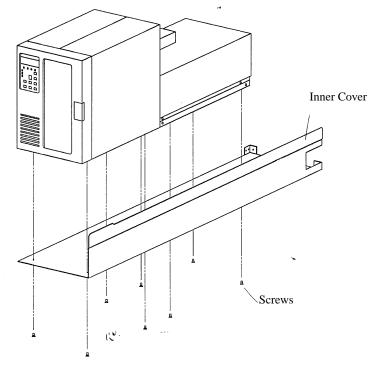


Figure 1-18. Mount FACL to Inner Cover

1-24 C144-E019-04EN

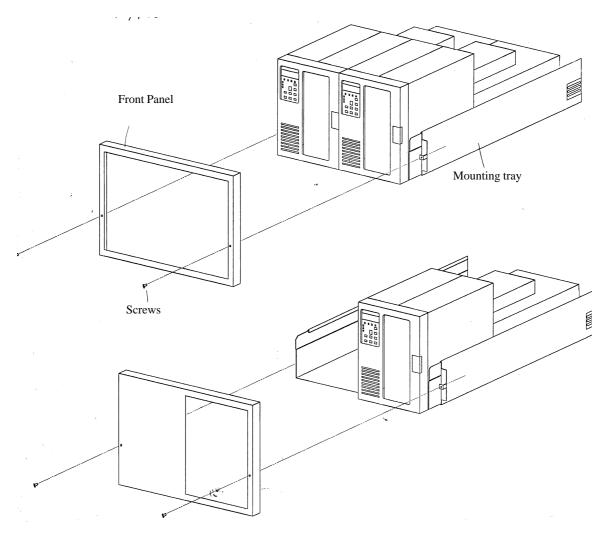


Figure 1-19. FACL Face Plate

# 1-6.6 Installation of the Automatic Cartridge Loader

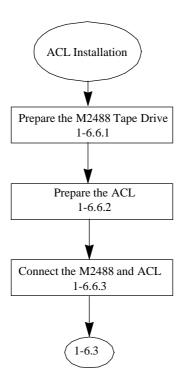
Perform the installation procedure for the ACL in the order presented in the following flowchart. The paragraph for each procedure is included in the flowchart. Equipment and tools required for installation are listed in Table 1-3.

| EQUIPMENT               | PART NUMBER                | QUANTITY | DESCRIPTION                    |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| ACL                     | B03B-5400-H011A            | 1        | Automatic Cartridge Loader     |
| Allen bolts             | Part of ACL accessory kit  | 3        | Used for attachment to drive   |
| Grounding plate         | Part of ACL accessory kit. | 1        | Attaches between ACL and drive |
| Phillips #2 screwdriver |                            | 1        |                                |
| Allen wrench (5mm)      |                            | 1        | 8 inches long                  |

Table 1-3. Equipment and Tools Required for ACL Installation

# \*\* NOTE \*\*

- 1. ACL versions A0 through B6 are incompatible with the M2488 and should not be attached to this drive.
- The M2488 should be powered off and all cables and cords disconnected prior to performing this installation procedure. Follow standard procedures and cautions used when handling electronic equipment.



# 1-6.6.1 Prepare the M2488 Tape Drive

Refer to Figure 1-20, Figure 8-6 and Figure 8-7 during performance of this procedure.

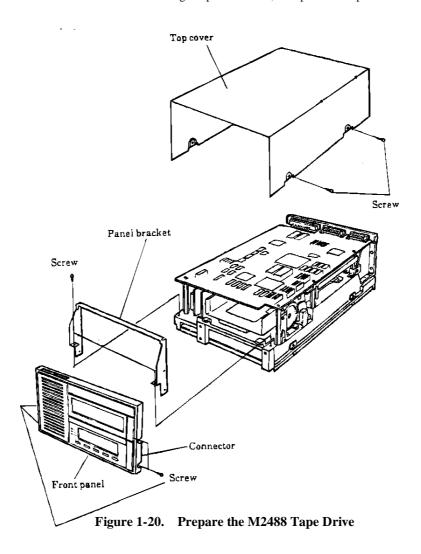
# STEP ACTION

- Remove two screws from each of the foot rails on the bottom of the drive, then remove the foot rails. See Figure 8-7.
- Remove the top cover by removing the two screws from the left and right side, and the two screws on the rear. Pull the cover up from the rear and slide backwards. See Figure 8-6.



Remove the top cover by lifting the front of the top cover BEFORE sliding it backwards. Ensure that the cover does not catch on the components on the PCBA under the top cover.

- Remove the four screws from the sides of the front panel, then gently pull the front panel forward.
- 4 Disconnect the operator panel cable from the front panel.
- 5 Remove the two screws holding the panel bracket, then pull off the panel bracket.



# 1-6.6.2 Prepare the ACL

Refer to Figure 1-21 during performance of this procedure.

- 1 Remove two screws (on the bottom front corners) from the ACL top cover.
- Push down and hold the cover release bar while pulling up and slightly moving the top cover forward. When the cover has cleared the hook on the top rear of the cover (behind the cover release), continue to pull forward then up.
- 3 Remove the four screws from the bottom of the ACL and gently lift the ACL mechanism from the base.

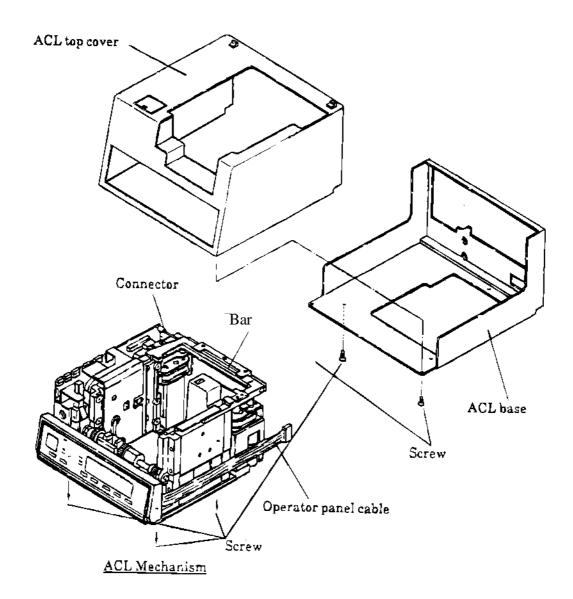


Figure 1-21. Prepare the ACL

# 1-6.6.3 Connect the M2488 and the ACL

Refer to Figure 1-22 through Figure 1-25 during performance of this procedure.

- Place the grounding plate on the front of the M2488 (replaces the front panel). See Figure 1-22.
- 2 Attach the ACL base to the front of the M2488 using the three Allen screws.
- 3 Pull operator panel cable through small hole on base.
- 4 Slide the ACL mechanism into the base. Leave slightly forward for cable connection.
- Refer to Figure 1-23 and Figure 1-24. Connect the cable to the ACL operator panel cable. Tuck connector into hole in base. Remove protective sheet from adhesive tape inside the ACL base and press the operator panel cable to the tape.
- Attach the interface cable between the connector on the rear of the ACL and the connector on the front of the M2488.
- Push the mechanism all the way to the rear of the base. Insert the four screws through the ACL base into the ACL mechanism and tighten.
- 8 Replace the ACL cover and tighten the two bottom corner screws (see Figure 1-25).
- 9 Replace the M2488 top cover and tighten the six screws.

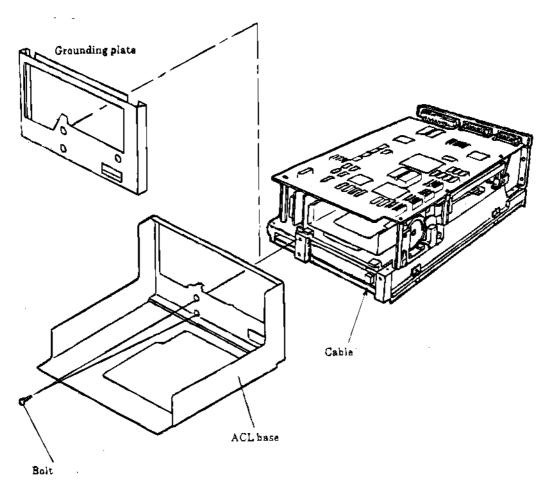


Figure 1-22. Connect the M2488 and the ACL Base

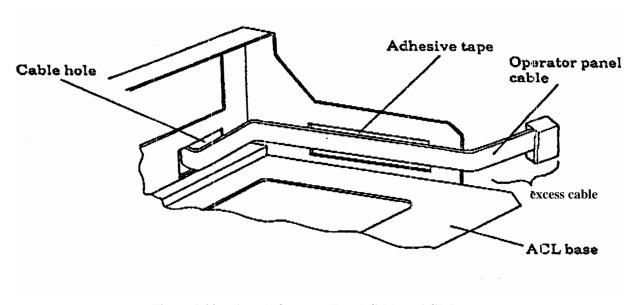


Figure 1-23. Attach Operator Panel Cable to ACL Base

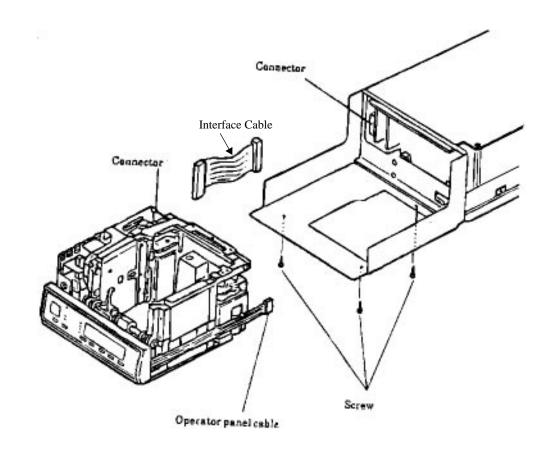


Figure 1-24. Attach the ACL Mechanism

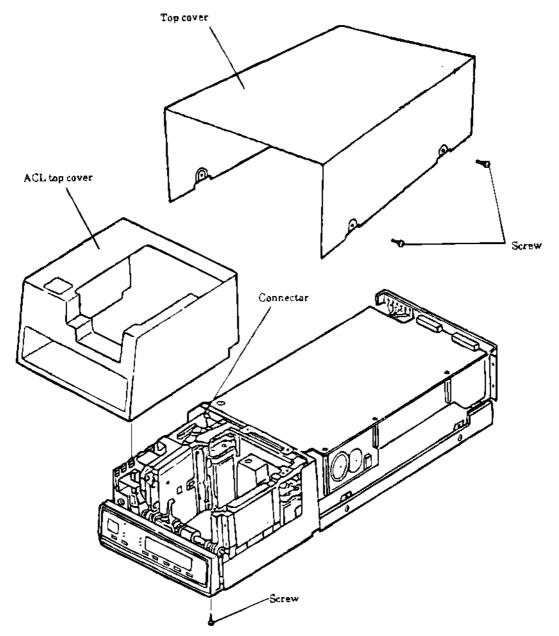


Figure 1-25. Replace Covers

# 1-6.7 Installation of the Flush-mount Automatic Cartridge Loader

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

Use caution when handling the FACL. The cleaning cell protrudes from the rear of the FACL and could be damaged by mishandling. **DO NOT** use for lifting.

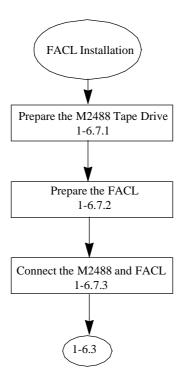
Refer to Table 1-4 for a list of equipment required to install the FACL on the M2488 tape drive. The following flowchart illustrations the sequence of installation.

| EQUIPMENT               | PART NUMBER                 | QUANTITY | DESCRIPTION                     |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| FACL                    | CA01032-B001                | 1        | Flush-mounted medium changer    |
| Allen bolts             | Part of FACL accessory kit  | 3        | Used for attachment to drive    |
| Grounding plate         | Part of FACL accessory kit. | 1        | Attaches between FACL and drive |
| Phillips #2 screwdriver |                             | 1        |                                 |
| Allen wrench (5mm)      |                             | 1        | 8 inches long                   |

Table 1-4. Equipment and Tools Required for FACL Installation

# \*\* NOTE \*\*

The M2488 should be powered off and all cables and cords disconnected prior to performing this installation procedure. Follow standard procedures and cautions used when handling electronic equipment.



# 1-6.7.1 Prepare the M2488 Tape Drive

Refer to Figure 1-26 during performance of this procedure.

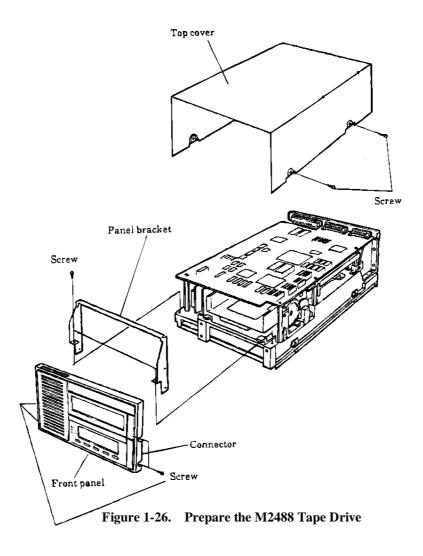
# STEP ACTION

- 1 Remove the bottom, and the left and right side covers. See Figure 8-7.
- Remove the top cover by removing the two screws from the left and right side, and the two screws on the rear. Pull the front of the cover up and slide backwards. See Figure 8-6.

# \*\*\*CAUTION

Remove the top cover by lifting the front of the top cover BEFORE sliding it backwards. Ensure that the cover does not catch on the components on the PCBA under the top cover.

- 3 Remove the four screws from the sides of the front panel, then gently pull the front panel forward.
- 4 Disconnect the operator panel cable from the front panel.
- 5 Remove the two screws holding the panel bracket, then pull off the panel bracket.



# 1-6.7.2 Prepare the FACL

Refer to Figure 1-27 and Figure 1-28 during performance of this procedure.

- 1 Remove the two screws from each of the covers.
- 2 Pull up on the two top cover halves and remove.
- Pull the two cables, CNJ24 and CNJ28, through the square hole on the lower right rear of the FACL. See Figure 1-28 for location.

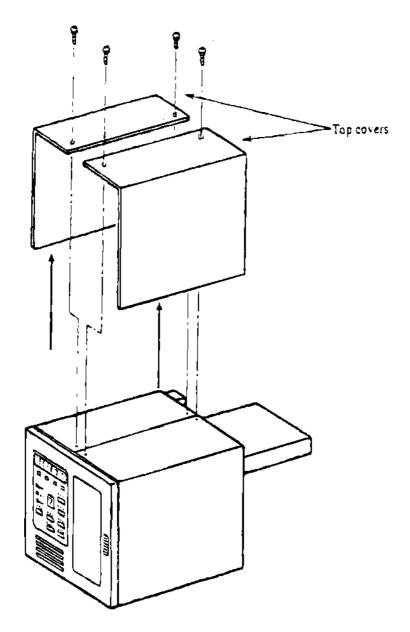


Figure 1-27. Prepare the FACL

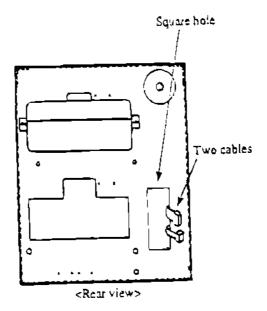


Figure 1-28. FACL Rear

# 1-6.7.3 Connect the M2488 and the FACL

Refer to Figure 1-29 and Figure 1-30 during performance of this procedure.

- 1 Insert the grounding plate at the front of the M2488 drive as shown in Figure 1-29.
- 2 Connect the cable CNJ24 and CNJ28 to the M2488 connectors CNP24 and CNP28. Route the CNJ24 cable through the inside of the corner post on the M2488. See Figure 1-30.
- Align the positioning projections on the M2488 to the holes on the rear of the FACL. Attach the three Allen bolts through the inside of the FACL into the grounding plate and tighten.
- 4 Replace the top covers on the FACL. Tighten four screws to hold the covers in place.
- 5 Replace the top cover on the M2488. Tighten the four screws to hold the cover in place. See Figure 1-31.

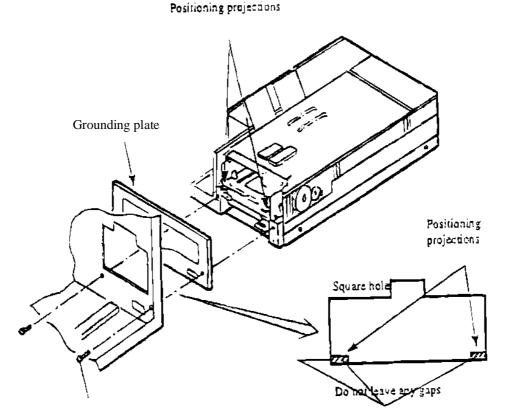


Figure 1-29. Connect the M2488 and the FACL

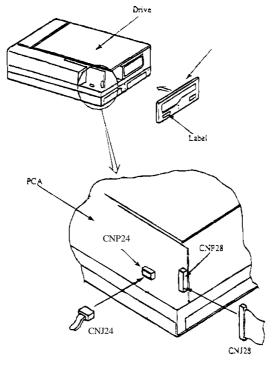


Figure 1-30. Cable Connection

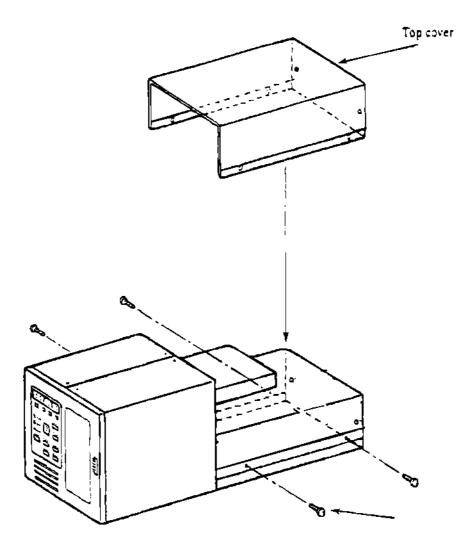


Figure 1-31. Replace Top Covers

# 1-7 PREPARATION FOR USE

See the User's Guide for configuration information.

# **CHAPTER 2**

# **DESIGN ARCHITECTURE**

# 2-1 INTRODUCTION

This chapters provides information on the principles of operation of the M2488 tape drive. This chapter begins with a a high level description of the M2488, then progresses to a more detailed description of the individual circuits. Refer to the appropriate paragraphs for the necessary level of detail.

- 2-2 OPERATION OF THE M2488
- 2-3 OPERATION OF THE MAGNETIC TAPE CONTROLLER (MTC)
- 2-4 OPERATION OF THE MAGNETIC TAPE UNIT (MTU)

#### 2-2 OPERATION OF THE M2488

The following paragraphs describe the operation of the M2488. Refer to the block diagram in Figure 2-1.

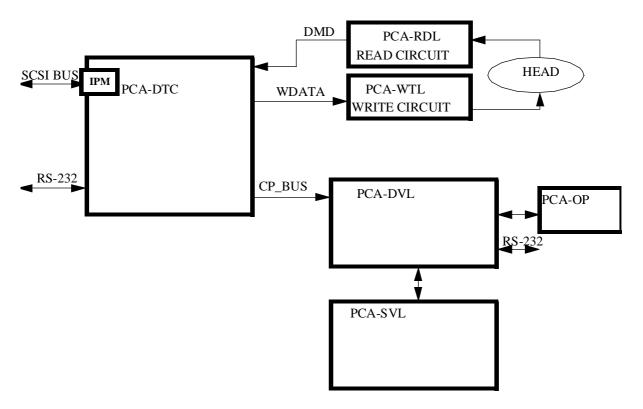


Figure 2-1. M2488 Block Diagram

The M2488 is a highly reliable, compact tape unit using IBM 3490/349E compatible half-inch tape cartridges. It is fully contained with the power supply integrated into the compact 8-inch form factor. The M2488 architecture consists of the magnetic tape controller (MTC) which performs the host interface, data buffering, compression, and formatter functions and the magnetic tape unit (MTU) that performs the mechanical control and read/write functions. Descriptions of the MTC and MTU are presented in the following sections.

# 2-3 OPERATION OF THE MAGNETIC TAPE CONTROLLER (MTC)

The DTC PCA contains all of the MTC (Magnetic Tape Controller) logic in a highly integrated implementation. This double-sided PCBA has extensive VLSI for reduced cost and increased reliability. The M2488 uses one of four Interface Personality Modules (IPM) to configure the SCSI-2 interface for the four combinations of wide or narrow and differential or single-ended operation.

The main functions contained on the DTC PCBA include:

- 1) Main Processor with all associated memory and support logic
- 2) Full SCSI-2 interface with RISC-based SCSI Protocol Controller (SPC)
- 3) 20 MB/s Host data path with EDRC logic
- 4) 2 MB Data Buffer
- 5) MTU (Formatter) digital read/write logic.

The processes performed by the DTC involve coordination of M2488 operation by the Main Processor (CP):

- High-level SCSI I/F control of SPC
- Full control of data transfers on Host and MTU Data Paths
- Active Data Buffer management
- High-level control of MTU servo (tape motion)

Refer to the block diagram in Figure 2-2.

#### 2-3.1 Data Path

The M2488 data path has been designed to allow data transfers up to a rate of 10Mbyte/s on a single or two-byte wide SCSI interface and data transfers up to 20 Mbyte/s across a two-byte bus into the controller buffer.

The SPC used is the Fujitsu MB86603 which is a fast and wide capable protocol controller intended for high-performance systems. This controller operates in target mode and supports synchronous or asynchronous data transfers. Performance enhancing features of the MB86603 are:

- 1) Programmable commands (512 bytes internal program memory).
- 2) Data FIFO register (64 bytes).
- 3) Automatic selection, reselection retry, and attention handling (e.g. combined sequences that allow hardware to handle all SCSI protocols up through CDB acquisition).
- 4) Support of high-level commands.

Various data transfer rates can be set by programming the SPC internally from the default clock rate of 20 MHz or an alternate 30 MHz clock.

#### 2-3.2 Data Buffer

The remaining data path functions; host interface logic, host packet processor, buffer function control, and formatter packet processor; have been combined into a single data path LSI (SDDP). Buffer performance has also been greatly enhanced. The SDDP buffer function control supports a three port buffer with a 32 Mbyte/s bandwidth and 20 MHz clock. This allows 20 Mbyte/s data transfer rate on the host port, up to 10 Mbyte/s burst transfers on the formatter port, and a microprocessor port overhead up to 2 Mbyte/s. The host port is two bytes wide and the formatter port is a single byte wide. The SDDP can support up to 8 Mbyte of buffer memory with a standard size of 2 Mbyte for the M2488.

#### 2-3.3 ERDC Compression Feature

Compression is performed by an improved design EDRC chip set prior to the data buffer. Placement of compression before the buffer effectively extends buffer capacity by a factor equal to the average compression rate. It also allows packet headers, which contain compression information for the entire

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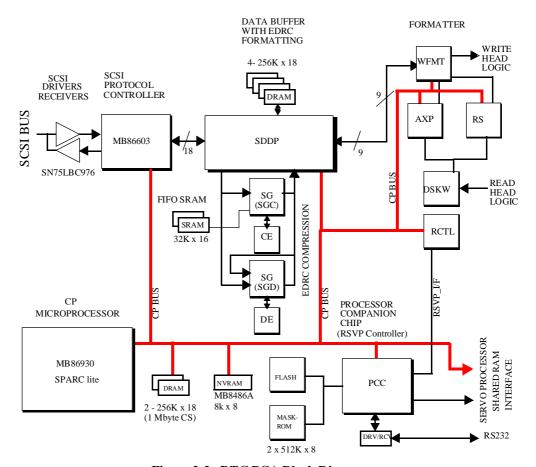


Figure 2-2. DTC PCA Block Diagram

packet, to be built without requiring additional buffering. Data buffering increases overall performance by allowing data streaming since the buffer can mask or eliminate some tape repositions.

The EDRC chip set consists of a compression engine (CE), a decompression engine (DE), and a data control function (SG). The SG LSI is used twice in the design, once each for the CE and DE. The complete chip set is designed to operate at the full data path rate of 20 MB/s. In addition, The compression SG input FIFO is 64k bytes for compression data caching. If compression retries are ever required, retries can automatically be performed without host intervention.

#### 2-3.4 Microprocessor Control

A 20MHz MB68930 Sparc-lite MPU is the single Control Processor (CP) used for the controller requirements. The controller CP communicates directly to the drive servo CP via dual-port RAM. The RSVP (Read Signal Verification Processor) is a 10 Mhz, 24-bit, fixed instruction sequencer that is embedded inside the PCC (Processor Companion Chip). It requires less than 4200 basic cells of the 22,800 cells in the PCC. The RSVP provides the dedicated formatter signal processing needed to support the CP with the time critical formatter control. It allows the controller firmware architecture to use event driven multi-tasking for the CP code and allow the RSVP to handle dedicated read signal polling. The RSVP presents interrupts to the CP based on drive read interface signals which are preprocessed; polled, monitored, filtered, and conditioned as required.

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#### 2-3.5 Firmware

The M2488 microcode is partitioned into functional modules and stored in mask ROM and flash memory. The code partitions serve to minimize communication paths within the code structure and to segregate functions dealing with the host interface from those dealing with generic tape operation. The mask ROM provides a resident code version for power-on and code download. New code versions are downloaded into flash memory from the host SCSI interface or from tape. After power-on, control store for all processors is loaded from flash memory if valid. If invalid, the mask ROM code is used for recovery.

The core microcode is a multi-tasking operating system (OS) allowing a configurable number of tasks. The present design allows a total of thirty two active tasks; four fixed tasks and twenty-eight SCSI tasks. This custom OS allows functions to run until a resource is unavailable, places itself into a suspended state until the resource becomes available, and then proceeds with execution. Many overlapped operations are possible because of a sophisticated interrupt structure. Servo, formatter, maintenance, and SCSI events are signalled via interrupts which in turn initiate processes via the OS to service the events. Signals generated from the read detection circuitry are given highest priority by polling them with the read signal verification processor (RSVP) embedded in the PCC LSI.

# 2-4 OPERATION OF THE MAGNETIC TAPE UNIT (MTU)

The magnetic tape unit consists of the read and write head, all mechanical assemblies (loader assembly, threader assembly, and servo motors), and five printed circuit assemblies that perform the following functions:

- DVL PCA control processor and logic for all servo and mechanical control functions. and operator panel control processor. A logical block diagram for the DVL is shown in Figure 2-3. The interface and control logic is integrated into the MMCL LSI (denoted by the dotted line in the block diagram).
- 2) OP PCA contains the M2488 unit operator panel and associated drive circuitry
- SVL PCA contains servo control circuitry including I/O registers, control logic LSI, PWM control, and control DAC.
- 4) WTL PCA contains the write drive circuits.
- 5) RDL PCA contains the read analog circuits.

Other features of the MTU are described in the following sections.

#### 2-4.1 Airless Tape Path

The M2488 has been able to realize an airless tape path while maintaining excellent reliability. This system removes the failure-prone pump and pack arm assemblies with an improved roller guide tape path. One new roller guide has been added that replaces the pack arm to keep tape aligned with the tape machine reel. Alignment of tape with the head is accomplished with two roller guides as in previous models. During running, a slight air film is produced between the head and tape which prevents direct contact. A patrol reposition function has been added that periodically moves the tape to prevent any problem when tape is not moving.

The reel motor of the M2488 has also been changed to dramatically improve tape reposition time and access times.

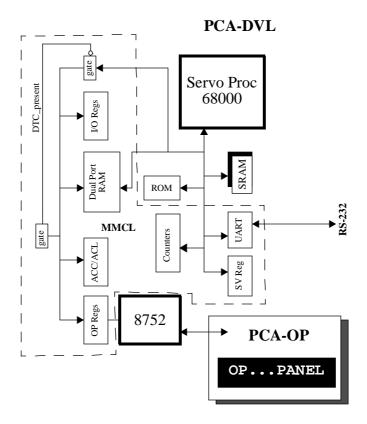


Figure 2-3. DVL PCA Block Diagram

# 2-4.2 Read and Write Electronics

The read circuits for the M2488 utilize fifteen analog LSI that were developed for the M2483. These components have been field proven to be a stable and low cost design.

The write circuits of the M2488 use enhanced head driver ICs developed with the latest semiconductor technology. This technology allows the integration of six write channels (tracks) into one chip.

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# **CHAPTER 3**

# **SCSI MESSAGES**

# 3-1 INTRODUCTION

Chapters 3 through 6 are the Host Interface Specification for the M2488.

This chapter describes the messages for the M2488 tape drive and the medium changers. The following information is located in this chapter:

- 3-2 M2488 TAPE AND MEDIUM CHANGER SCSI MESSAGES
- 3-3 SCSI BUS STATUS

# 3-2 M2488 TAPE AND MEDIUM CHANGER SCSI MESSAGES

Table 3-1 describes the SCSI messages used with the M2488. For more detailed information on the SCSI message, refer to the paragraph listed in the PARAGRAPH column.

Table 3-1. M2488 SCSI Messages

| CODE | MESSAGE                                  | DESCRIPTION  | PARAGRAPH          |
|------|--|--|--------------------|
| 00h  | COMMAND COMPLETE                         | Indicates the execution of a command has terminated and valid status was sent to the initiator.                                  | 3-2.3 on page 3-2  |
| 01h  | EXTENDED MESSAGE                         | Sent as the first byte of a multiple-byte message.   | 3-2.5 on page 3-3  |
| 02h  | SAVE DATA POINTER                        | Directs the initiator to save a copy of the present active data pointer for the currently attached logical unit.                 | 3-2.15 on page 3-9 |
| 03h  | RESTORE POINTERS                         | Restores the most recently saved pointers (for the currently attached logical unit) to the active state.                         | 3-2.14 on page 3-9 |
| 04h  | DISCONNECT                               | Informs the initiator that the present physical path is going to be broken.  | 3-2.4 on page 3-2  |
| 05h  | INITIATOR DETECTED ERROR                 | Informs a target an error has occurred.  | 3-2.8 on page 3-8  |
| 06h  | ABORT                                    | Sent to the target to clear the present operation.   | 3-2.1 on page 3-2  |
| 07h  | MESSAGE REJECT                           | Indicates the last message received was inappropriate or was not implemented.  | 3-2.12 on page 3-8 |
| 08h  | NO OPERATION                             | Sent in response to a target's request for a message when the initiator does not currently have any other valid message to send. | 3-2.13 on page 3-9 |
| 09h  | MESSAGE PARITY ERROR                     | Indicates one or more bytes in the last message, received by the initiator, had a parity error.                                  | 3-2.11 on page 3-8 |
| 0Ah  | LINKED COMMAND COM-<br>PLETE             | Indicates to the initiator that the completion and execution of a linked command and status was sent.                            | 3-2.9 on page 3-8  |
| 0Bh  | LINKED COMMAND COM-<br>PLETE (with flag) | Indicates to the initiator that the completion and execution of a linked command with the flag bit set to 1 and status was sent. | 3-2.10 on page 3-8 |

| CODE        | MESSAGE             | DESCRIPTION  | PARAGRAPH         |
|-------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|
| 0Ch         | BUS DEVICE RESET    | Directs the target to clear all current commands on that SCSI device.  | 3-2.2 on page 3-2 |
| 23h         | IGNORE WIDE RESIDUE | Sent to an initiator to indicate the number of valid bytes sent during the last REQ/ACK handshake and REQB/ACKB handshake of a DATA IN phase is less than the negotiated transfer width. | 3-2.7 on page 3-7 |
| 80h-<br>FFh | IDENTIFY            | Sent to establish the physical path connection between an initiator and target for a particular logical unit.  | 3-2.6 on page 3-7 |

Table 3-1. M2488 SCSI Messages (Continued)

#### 3-2.1 ABORT code 06h

This message is sent from the initiator to the target to clear the present operation.

If a logical unit has been identified, all pending data and status for the issuing initiator from the affected logical unit are cleared, and the target goes to the BUS FREE phase. Pending data and status for other initiators are not cleared. If a logical unit is not identified, the target goes to the BUS FREE phase. No status or ending message is sent for the operation. It is not an error to issue this message to a logical unit that is not currently performing an operation for the initiator.

#### 3-2.2 BUS DEVICE RESET code 0Ch

This message is sent from an initiator to direct a target to clear all current commands on that SCSI device.

This message forces the SCSI device to an initial state with no operations pending for any initiator. Upon recognizing this message, the target goes to the BUS FREE phase.

#### 3-2.3 COMMAND COMPLETE code 00h

This message is sent from a target to an initiator to indicate the execution of a command or a series of linked commands has terminated and valid status was sent to the initiator.

After successfully sending this message, the target goes to the BUS FREE phase by releasing BSY. The target considers the message transmission to be successful when it detects the negation of ACK for the COMMAND COMPLETE message with the ATN signal false.

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

The command may have been executed successfully or unsuccessfully as indicated in the status.

# 3-2.4 DISCONNECT code 04h

This message is sent from a target to inform the initiator that the present physical path is going to be broken (the target plans to disconnect by releasing BSY), but a later reconnect is required in order to complete the current operation.

This message does not cause the initiator to save the data pointer. After successfully sending this message, the target goes to the BUS FREE phase by releasing BSY. The target considers the message transmission to be successful when it detects the negation of ACK for the DISCONNECT message with the ATN signal false.

#### 3-2.5 EXTENDED MESSAGE FORMAT code 01h

This message is sent from either the initiator or the target as the first byte of a multiple-byte message.

| CODE | MESSAGE                           | LENGTH<br>(BYTES) |
|------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| 01h  | Synchronous Data Transfer Request | 5                 |
| 03h  | Wide Data Transfer Request        | 4                 |

## 3-2.5.1 Synchronous Data Transfer Request (SDTR)

|       |   | BITS                   |          |               |              |               |      |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|------------------------|----------|---------------|--------------|---------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0        |          |               |              |               |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |   | Extended Message (01h) |          |               |              |               |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |   |                        | Ez       | xtended Messa | ge Length (0 | 3h)           |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2     |   | SY                     | NCHRONOU | S DATA TRA    | NSFER REC    | QUEST code (( | 01h) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3     |   |                        |          | Transfer Pe   | riod Factor  |               |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4     |   |                        |          | REQ/AC        | K Offset     |               |      |  |  |  |  |  |

A SYNCHRONOUS DATA TRANSFER REQUEST (SDTR) message exchange is initiated by a SCSI device whenever a previously arranged data transfer agreement may have become invalid. The agreement becomes invalid after any condition which may leave the data transfer agreement in an indeterminate state such as:

- a) after a hard reset condition;
- b) after a BUS DEVICE RESET message and;
- c) after a power cycle.

In addition, a SCSI device may initiate an SDTR message exchange whenever it is appropriate to negotiate a new data transfer agreement (either synchronous or asynchronous). SCSI devices that are capable of synchronous data transfers shall not respond to an SDTR message with a MES-SAGE REJECT message.

Renegotiation at every selection is not recommended, since a significant performance impact is likely.

The SDTR message exchange establishes the permissible transfer periods and the REQ/ACK offsets for all logical units and target routines on the two devices. This agreement only applies to data phases.

**Byte 3:** The transfer period factor times four is the value of the transfer period. The transfer period is the minimum time allowed between leading edges of successive REQ pulses and of successive ACK pulses to meet the device requirements for successful reception of data.

**Byte 4:** The REQ/ACK offset is the maximum number of REQ pulses allowed to be outstanding before the leading edge of its corresponding ACK pulse is received at the target. This value is chosen to prevent overflow conditions in the device's reception buffer and offset counter. A REQ/ACK offset value of zero shall indicate asynchronous data transfer mode; a value of FFh shall indicate unlimited REO/ACK offset.

# \*\* NOTE \*\*

The supported SCSI transfer rates are listed in Appendix G.

The originating device (the device that sends the first of the pair of SDTR messages) sets its values according to the rules above to permit it to receive data successfully. If the responding device can also receive data successfully with these values (or smaller transfer periods or larger REQ/ACK offsets or both), it returns the same values in its SDTR message. If it requires a larger transfer period, a smaller REQ/ACK offset, or both in order to receive data successfully, it substitutes values in its SDTR message as required, returning unchanged any value not required to be changed. Each device when transmitting data respects the limits set by the other's SDTR message, but it is permitted to transfer data with larger transfer periods, smaller REQ/ACK offsets, or both than specified in the other's SDTR message. The successful completion of an exchange of SDTR messages implies an agreement as follows:

Responding device SDTR response Implied agreement

a) Non-zero REQ/ACK offset Each device transmits data with a transfer period equal

to or greater than and a REQ/ACK offset equal to or less than the values received in the other device's SDTR

message.

b) REQ/ACK offset equal to zero Asynchronous transfer

c) MESSAGE REJECT message Asynchronous transfer

If the initiator recognizes that negotiation is required, it asserts the ATN signal and sends a SDTR message to begin the negotiating process. After successfully completing the MESSAGE OUT phase, the target shall respond with the proper SDTR message. If an abnormal condition prevents the target from returning an appropriate response, both devices shall go to asynchronous data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices.

Following target response (a) above, the implied agreement for synchronous operation shall be considered to be negated by both the initiator and the target if the initiator asserts the ATN signal and the first message out is either MESSAGE PARITY ERROR or MESSAGE REJECT. In this case, both devices shall go to asynchronous data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices. For the MESSAGE PARITY ERROR case, the implied agreement shall be reinstated if a retransmittal of the second of the pair of messages is successfully accomplished. After a vendor-specific number of retry attempts (greater than zero), if the target receives a MESSAGE PARITY ERROR message, it shall terminate the retry activity. This may be done either by changing to any other information transfer phase and transferring at least one byte of information or by going to the BUS FREE phase. The initiator shall accept such action as aborting the negotiation, and both devices shall go to asynchronous data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices.

If the target recognizes that negotiation is required, it sends an SDTR message to the initiator. Prior to releasing the ACK signal on the last byte of the SDTR message from the target, the initiator shall assert the ATN signal and respond with its SDTR message or with a MESSAGE REJECT message. If an abnormal condition prevents the initiator from returning an appropriate response, both devices shall go to asynchronous data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices.

Following an initiator's responding SDTR message, an implied agreement for synchronous operation shall not be considered to exist until the target leaves the MESSAGE OUT phase, indicating that the target has accepted the negotiation. After a vendor-specific number of retry attempts

(greater than zero), if the target has not received the initiator's responding SDTR message, it shall go to the BUS FREE phase without any further information transfer attempt. This indicates that a catastrophic error condition has occurred. Both devices shall go to asynchronous data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices.

If, following an initiator's responding SDTR message, the target shifts to MESSAGE IN phase and the first message in is MESSAGE REJECT, the implied agreement shall be considered to be negated and both devices shall go to asynchronous data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices.

The implied synchronous agreement shall remain in effect until a BUS DEVICE RESET message is received, until a hard reset condition occurs, or until one of the two SCSI devices elects to modify the agreement. The default data transfer mode is asynchronous data transfer mode. The default data transfer mode is entered at power on, after a BUS DEVICE RESET message, or after a hard reset condition.

# 3-2.5.2 Wide Data Transfer Request (WDTR)

|       |   | BITS                                  |    |              |               |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|---------------------------------------|----|--------------|---------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0                       |    |              |               |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |   |                                       |    | Extended Mo  | essage (01h)  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |   |                                       | Ex | tended Messa | ge Length (02 | 2h) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2     |   | WIDE DATA TRANSFER REQUEST code (03h) |    |              |               |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3     |   |                                       |    | Transfer Wio | lth Exponent  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |

A WIDE DATA TRANSFER REQUEST (WDTR) message exchange is initiated by a SCSI device whenever a previously arranged transfer width agreement may have become invalid. The agreement becomes invalid after any condition which may leave the data transfer agreement in an indeterminate state such as:

- a) after a hard reset condition;
- b) after a BUS DEVICE RESET message and;
- c) after a power cycle.

In addition, an SCSI device may initiate a WDTR message exchange whenever it is appropriate to negotiate a new transfer width agreement. SCSI devices that are capable of wide data transfers (greater than eight bits) do not respond to a WDTR message with a MESSAGE REJECT message.

Renegotiation at every selection is not recommended, since a significant performance impact is likely.

The WDTR message exchange establishes an agreement between two SCSI devices on the width of the data path to be used for DATA phase transfers between the two devices. This agreement applies to DATA IN and DATA OUT phases only. All other information transfer phases shall use an eight-bit data path.

If an SCSI device implements both wide data transfer option and synchronous data transfer option, then it shall negotiate the wide data transfer agreement prior to negotiating the synchronous data transfer agreement. If a synchronous data transfer agreement is in effect, then an SCSI device that accepts a WDTR message shall reset the synchronous agreement to asynchronous mode.

**Byte 3:** The transfer width is two to the transfer width exponent bytes wide. The transfer width that is established applies to all logical units on both SCSI devices. Valid transfer widths are 8 bits (m = 00h), 16 bits (m = 01h), and 32 bits (m = 02h). Values of m greater than 02h are reserved.

The originating SCSI device (the SCSI device that sends the first of the pair of WDTR messages) sets its transfer width value to the maximum data path width it elects to accommodate. If the responding SCSI device can also accommodate this transfer width, it returns the same value in its WDTR message. If it requires a smaller transfer width, it substitutes the smaller value in its WDTR message. The successful completion of an exchange of WDTR messages implies an agreement as follows:

Responding device WDTR response 
Implied agreement

a) Non-zero transfer width Each device transmits and receives data with a transfer

width equal to the responding SCSI device's transfer

width.

b) Transfer width equal to zero Eight-bit data transfer

c) MESSAGE REJECT message Eight-bit data transfer

If the initiator recognizes that negotiation is required, it asserts the ATN signal and sends a WDTR message to begin the negotiating process. After successfully completing the MESSAGE OUT phase, the target shall respond with the proper WDTR message. If an abnormal condition prevents the target from returning an appropriate response, both devices shall go to eight-bit data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices.

Following target response a) above, the implied agreement for wide data transfers shall be considered to be negated by both the initiator and the target if the initiator asserts ATN and the first message out is either MESSAGE PARITY ERROR or MESSAGE REJECT. In this case, both devices shall go to eight-bit data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices. For the MESSAGE PARITY ERROR case, the implied agreement shall be reinstated if a retransmittal of the second of the pair of messages is successfully accomplished. After a vendor-specific number of retry attempts (greater than zero), if the target receives a MESSAGE PARITY ERROR message, it shall terminate the retry activity. This may be done either by changing to any other information transfer phase and transferring at least one byte of information or by going to the BUS FREE phase. The initiator shall accept such action as aborting the negotiation, and both devices shall go to eight-bit data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices.

If the target recognizes that negotiation is required, it sends a WDTR message to the initiator. Prior to releasing the ACK signal on the last byte of the WDTR message from the target, the initiator shall assert the ATN signal and respond with its WDTR message or with a MESSAGE REJECT message. If an abnormal condition prevents the initiator from returning an appropriate response, both devices shall go to eight-bit data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices.

Following an initiator's responding WDTR message, an implied agreement for wide data transfer operation shall not be considered to exist until the target leaves the MESSAGE OUT phase, indicating that the target has accepted the negotiation. After a vendor-specific number of retry attempts (greater than zero), if the target has not received the initiator's responding WDTR message, it shall go to the BUS FREE phase without any further information transfer attempt (see 6.1.1). This indicates that a catastrophic error condition has occurred. Both devices shall go to eight-bit data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices.

If, following an initiator's responding WDTR message, the target shifts to MESSAGE IN phase and the first message in is MESSAGE REJECT, the implied agreement shall be considered to be negated and both devices shall go to eight-bit data transfer mode for data transfers between the two devices.

The implied transfer width agreement shall remain in effect until a BUS DEVICE RESET message is received, until a hard reset condition occurs, or until one of the two SCSI devices elects to modify the agreement. The default data transfer width is eight-bit data transfer mode. The default data transfer mode is entered at power on, after a BUS DEVICE RESET message, or after a hard reset condition.

Note: we recommend testing at INQUIRY DATA byte seven (07h) bits six and 5 (60h) to determine if the M2488 has an installed 16 bit interface (20h) and, therefore, supports WDTR with a transfer width of 01h (16 bits). If the 16 bit interface is not installed. Then negotiation for 16 bits is not recommended, since the negotiation will be rejected and a significant performance impact is likely.

#### 3-2.6 IDENTIFY code 80h-FFh

These messages are sent by either the initiator or the target to establish the physical path connection between an initiator and target for a particular logical unit. The logical unit number addresses one of up to eight physical or virtual devices attached to a target.

- Bit 7 This bit is set to one to distinguish an IDENTIFY message from other messages.
- Bit 6 This bit is only set to one by the initiator to grant the target the privilege of disconnecting. If this bit is zero, the target does not disconnect. This bit is set to zero if sent by the target. Reference sections 8-6 ERROR RECOVERY PROCEDURES and 4-4 COMMAND DISCONNECTION for additional information on this bit.
- Bit 5 LUNTAR = 0 to specify target LUN in bits 2-0.
- Bits 4-3 Reserved.
- Bits 2-0 These bits specify a LUN in a target.

Only one logical unit number is identified for any one selection sequence; a second IDENTIFY message with a new logical unit number is not issued before the bus is released (BUS FREE phase). The initiator may send one or more IDENTIFY messages during a selection sequence. However, the logical unit number in any additional IDENTIFY messages is the same as the logical unit number specified in the first IDENTIFY message sent by the initiator.

When sent from a target to an initiator during reconnection, an implied RESTORE POINTERS message is performed by the initiator prior to completion of this message.

#### 3-2.7 IGNORE WIDE RESIDUE code 23h

| BYTE | VALUE         | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|---------------|--------------|
| 0    | 23h           | Message Code |
| 1    | 01h, 02h, 03h | Ignore       |

This message is sent from a target to an initiator to indicate the number of valid bytes sent during the last REQ/ACK handshake and REQB/ACKB handshake of a DATA IN phase is less than the negotiated transfer width. The ignore field indicates the number of invalid data bytes transferred. This message is sent immediately following that DATA IN phase and prior to any other messages. The ignore field is defined in Table 3-2.

INVALID DATA BITS **IGNORE 32-BIT TRANSFERS 16-BIT TRANSFERS** 00h Reserved Reserved 01h DB (31-24) DB (15-8) 02h DB (31-16) Reserved 03h DB (31-8) Reserved 04-FFh Reserved Reserved

Table 3-2. Ignore Field Description

#### 3-2.8 INITIATOR DETECTED ERROR code 05h

This message is sent from an initiator to inform a target an error (e.g., parity error) has occurred that does not preclude the target from retrying the operation. Although present pointer integrity is not assured, a RESTORE POINTERS message or a disconnect followed by a reconnect, causes the pointers to be restored to their defined prior state.

The message is rejected unless it occurs immediately following a DATA or STATUS TRANSFER phase.

#### 3-2.9 LINKED COMMAND COMPLETE code 0Ah

This message is sent by a target to an initiator to indicate the completion and execution of a linked command and status was sent. The initiator sets the pointers to the initial state for the next linked command.

#### 3-2.10 LINKED COMMAND COMPLETE (WITH FLAG) code 0Bh

This message is sent from a target to an initiator to indicate the execution of a linked command, with the flag bit set to one, has completed and that status was sent. The initiator sets the pointers to the initial state of the next linked command. Typically this message is used to cause an interrupt in the initiator between two linked commands.

### 3-2.11 MESSAGE PARITY ERROR code 09h

This message is sent from the initiator to the target to indicate one or more bytes in the last message it received had a parity error.

In order to indicate its intentions of sending this message, the initiator asserts the ATN signal prior to its release of ACK for the REQ/ACK handshake of the message that has the parity error. This provides an interlock so the target can determine which message has the parity error.

The message is rejected unless it occurs immediately following a MESSAGE IN phase.

# 3-2.12 MESSAGE REJECT code 07h

This message is sent from either the initiator or target indicating the last message it received was inappropriate or was not implemented.

In order to indicate its intentions of sending this message, the initiator asserts the ATN signal prior to its release of ACK for the REQ/ACK handshake of the message that is to be rejected. If the target receives this message under any other circumstance, the target rejects this message.

When a target sends this message, it changes to MESSAGE IN phase and sends this message prior to requesting additional message bytes from the initiator. This provides an interlock so that the initiator can determine which message was rejected.

#### 3-2.13 NO OPERATION code 08h

This message is sent from an initiator in response to a target's request for a message when the initiator does not currently have any other valid message to send.

#### 3-2.14 RESTORE POINTERS code 03h

This message is sent from a target to direct the initiator to restore the most recently saved pointers, for the currently attached logical unit, to the active state. Pointers to the command, data, and status locations for the logical unit are restored to the active pointers. Command and status pointers are restored to the beginning of the present command and status areas. The data pointer is restored to the value at the beginning of the data area in the absence of a SAVE DATA POINTER message or to the value at the point at which the last SAVE DATA POINTER message occurred for that logical unit.

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

If a DISCONNECT message is used to break a long data transfer into two or more shorter transfers, then a SAVE DATA POINTER is issued before each DISCONNECT message.

#### 3-2.15 SAVE DATA POINTER code 02h

This message is sent from a target to direct the initiator to save a copy of the present active data pointer for the currently attached logical unit.

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#### 3-3 **SCSI BUS STATUS**

A status byte, Table 3-3, is sent from the target to the initiator during the STATUS phase at the termination of each command unless the command is cleared by:

An ABORT message,

A BUS DEVICE RESET message,

A "hard" RESET condition, or

An unexpected BUS FREE condition.

Table 3-3. Status Byte

|       |      | BITS |                  |   |   |   |   |          |  |
|-------|------|------|------------------|---|---|---|---|----------|--|
| BYTES | 7    | 6    | 5                | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0        |  |
| 0     | Rese | rved | Status Byte Code |   |   |   |   | Reserved |  |

Table 3-4 describes the status byte codes:

Table 3-4. Status Byte Code Bit Values

|         |         | STA | TUS B | YTE B | ITS |   |   | STATUS REPRESENTED                |  |  |
|---------|---------|-----|-------|-------|-----|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 7       | 6       | 5   | 4     | 3     | 2   | 1 | 0 | STATUS REFRESENTED                |  |  |
| R       | R       | 0   | 0     | 0     | 0   | 0 | R | Good                              |  |  |
| R       | R       | 0   | 0     | 0     | 0   | 1 | R | Check condition                   |  |  |
| R       | R       | 0   | 0     | 0     | 1   | 0 | R | Condition met/good *              |  |  |
| R       | R       | 0   | 0     | 1     | 0   | 0 | R | Busy                              |  |  |
| R       | R       | 0   | 1     | 0     | 0   | 0 | R | Intermediate/good                 |  |  |
| R       | R       | 0   | 1     | 0     | 1   | 0 | R | Intermediate condition met/good * |  |  |
| R       | R       | 0   | 1     | 1     | 0   | 0 | R | Reservation conflict              |  |  |
| R       | R       | 1   | 0     | 0     | 0   | 1 | R | Command terminated *              |  |  |
| R       | R       | 1   | 0     | 1     | 0   | 0 | R | Queue full *                      |  |  |
| All Otl | her Cod | es  | •     | •     | •   | • | 1 | Reserved                          |  |  |

#### 3-3.1 **Good Status**

This status indicates the target has successfully completed the command.

#### 3-3.2 **Check Condition**

Any error, exception, or abnormal condition that causes sense data to be set, causes a CHECK CON-DITION status. The REQUEST SENSE command is issued following a CHECK CONDITION status, to determine the nature of the condition.

#### 3-3.3 **Busy Status**

The target is busy. This status is returned whenever a target is unable to accept a command from an otherwise acceptable initiator. The normal initiator recovery action is to issue the command again at a later time.

#### 3-3.4 **Intermediate Status**

This status is returned for every command in a series of linked commands (except the last command), unless an error, exception, or abnormal condition causes a CHECK CONDITION status or a RESER- VATION CONFLICT status to be set. If this status is not returned, the chain of linked commands is broken; no further commands in the series are executed.

- 1. Intermediate/good. The Intermediate/good status is returned if the command completed successfully and is linked. If not linked, Good status is returned.
- 2. Intermediate/condition met/good. Not used.

# 3-3.5 Reservation Conflict Status

This status is returned whenever a SCSI device attempts to access a logical unit that is reserved with a conflicting reservation type for another SCSI device (see RESERVE UNIT 16h command). The normal initiator recovery action is to issue the command again at a later time.

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## **CHAPTER 4**

# TAPE UNIT SCSI COMMANDS

#### 4-1 INTRODUCTION

This chapter describes the commands and messages for the M2488. The following information is located in this chapter:

- 4-2 LOGICAL UNITS AND SCSI IDS
- 4-3 M2488 TAPE SCSI COMMANDS
- 4-4 COMMAND DISCONNECTION
- 4-5 SCSI RESET

### 4-2 LOGICAL UNITS AND SCSI IDS

#### 4-2.1 Target ID

The default target ID for the M2488 tape drive is 0h. The target ID can be configured to any value, 0 through 7, not used by another device connected to the SCSI bus. The target ID is configured via the operator panel as described in Chapter 6.

#### 4-2.2 Initiator ID

When installed with a WIDE IPM (Interface Personality Module) having 68 pins, the tape unit will recognize initiators with ID's 0 through 15.

When installed with a 50 pin NARROW IPM, the tape unit will recognize initiators with ID's 0 through 7.

### 4-2.3 Tape LUN 0

The default Logical Unit Number (LUN) assigned to the tape drive is 0.

#### 4-2.4 Media Changer LUN 4

The default Logical Unit Number (LUN) assigned to an attached media changer (MC) is 4. The attached medium changer may be either and ACL or FACL.

#### 4-2.5 LUN

The LUN for the tape drive and attached medium changer may be configured to any value from 0 through 7. The tape drive LUN value must not be the same as the MC LUN value. The LUN value is configured via the operator panel as described in Chapter 6.

# 4-3 M2488 TAPE SCSI COMMANDS

The SCSI commands used with the M2488 are described in Table 4-1. For a more detailed description of each command, refer to the paragraph listed in the PARAGRAPH column. The Command Description Block format is shown in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

Table 4-1. M2488 SCSI Commands

| OP<br>CODE | COMMAND                          | DESCRIPTION   | PARAGRAPH                                |
|------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 00h        | TEST UNIT READY                  | Provides a means to check if the logical unit is ready.   | 4-3.30 on page 4-138                     |
| 01h        | REWIND                           | Causes a rewind to BOT.   | 4-3.26 on page 4-115                     |
| 03h        | REQUEST SENSE                    | Requests that the target transfer sense data to the initiator.  | 4-3.23 on page 4-103                     |
| 05h        | READ BLOCK LIMITS                | Requests the target's block length limits for the logical unit.   | 4-3.15 on page 4-68                      |
| 08h        | READ                             | Transfers zero or more blocks to the initiator beginning with the next block on the logical unit.   | 4-3.14 on page 4-63                      |
| 0Ah        | WRITE                            | Transfers zero or more blocks from the initiator to the current position on the logical unit.   | 4-3.31 on page 4-140                     |
| 0Fh        | READ REVERSE (optional)          | Requests that the tape unit transfer zero or more blocks of data to the initiator.  | 4-3.18 on page 4-80                      |
| 10h        | WRITE FILEMARKS                  | Requests the write of zero or more filemarks to tape.   | 4-3.33 on page 4-150                     |
| 11h        | SPACE                            | Changes the logical unit position relative to the current position.   | 4-3.29 on page 4-135                     |
| 12h        | INQUIRY                          | Provides a means for an initiator to request information regarding parameters of the target and any attached peripheral devices.  | 4-3.6 on page 4-18 & 5-3 on page 5-17    |
| 14h        | RECOVER BUFFERED DATA (optional) | Requests that the tape unit transfer zero or more blocks of data from the tape unit's buffer to the initiator. The command is used to retrieve data contained in the buffer that had been sent earlier by the initiator to be written to the medium [tape]. | 4-3.21 on page 4-98                      |
| 15h        | MODE SELECT                      | Provides a means for the initiator to specify medium, logical unit, and peripheral device parameters to the target by sending data relevant to such parameters in a data phase during the command.  | 4-3.12 on page 4-51<br>& 5-2 on page 5-1 |
| 16h        | RESERVE UNIT                     | Reserves the specified logical unit for the exclusive use of the requesting initiator.  | 4-3.25 on page 4-112                     |
| 17h        | RELEASE UNIT                     | Release previously reserved logical units for the requesting initiator.   | 4-3.22 on page 4-101                     |
| 19h        | ERASE                            | Causes part or all of the remaining medium to be erased beginning from the current logical position.  | 4-3.5 on page 4-15                       |
| 1Ah        | MODE SENSE                       | Provides a means for the target to report medium, logical unit, and peripheral device parameters to the initiator by sending data relevant to such parameters in a data phase during the command.   | 4-3.13 on page 4-56<br>& 5-2 on page 5-1 |

Table 4-1. M2488 SCSI Commands (Continued)

| OP<br>CODE | COMMAND  | DESCRIPTION   | PARAGRAPH                                  |
|------------|--|---|--|
| 1Bh        | LOAD UNLOAD (optional)                                   | Performs either a rewind operation or a rewind and unload operation.  | 4-3.7 on page 4-25                         |
| 1Ch        | RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC<br>RESULTS (optional)                 | Requests that result data generated for a previous SEND DIAGNOSTIC command be sent to the initiator.  | 4-3.19 on page 4-83                        |
| 1Dh        | SEND DIAGNOSTIC  | Requests the target to perform diagnostic tests on itself, or on the attached peripheral devices.   | 4-3.27 on page 4-117                       |
| 2Bh        | LOCATE (optional)  | Causes the tape unit to position to a specific logical location.  | 4-3.8 on page 4-28                         |
| 34h        | READ POSITION<br>(optional)                              | Causes 20 bytes to be sent from the target to the initiator. The 20 bytes are a report of the position of the tape unit and information about blocks stored in the buffer.  | 4-3.17 on page 4-75                        |
| 3Bh        | WRITE BUFFER (optional)                                  | Used in conjunction with the READ BUFFER command as a diagnostic function for testing target memory and the SCSI bus integrity.   | 4-3.32 on page 4-144                       |
| 3Ch        | READ BUFFER (optional)                                   | Used in conjunction with the WRITE BUFFER command as a diagnostic function for testing target memory and the SCSI bus integrity.  | 4-3.16 on page 4-70                        |
| 40h        | CHANGE DEFINITION (optional)                             | Used to modify the operating definition of the selected target with respect to all initiators. This command is used in conjunction with the Inquiry command to change (and optionally save) parameters that affect the operation of the target.   | 4-3.2 on page 4-5 & 5-3 on page 5-17       |
| 44h        | REPORT DENSITY SUP-<br>PORT (configuration<br>dependent) | Provides a means for the initiator to retrieve information maintained by the target about the supported densities for the MTU logical unit.  Note: Support of this command is configuration dependent. In order for this command to be supported, FT4 (Feature Mode 4), bit 6 (40h) must be set to 1. See the command description for more information. | 4-3.24 on page 4-105                       |
| 4Ch        | LOG SELECT (optional)                                    | Provides a means for the initiator to manage statistical information maintained by the target about itself and attached logical units.  | 4-3.9 on page 4-32                         |
| 4Dh        | LOG SENSE (optional)                                     | Provides a means for the initiator to retrieve statistical information maintained by the target about itself and attached logical units.  | 4-3.10 on page 4-33                        |
| Clh        | LOOP WRITE TO READ (vendor unique)                       | Used to check the controller's data and control path.   | 4-3.11 on page 4-49                        |
| CFh        | DISPLAY (vendor unique)                                  | Used to display a message on the operator panel of the tape drive or cartridge loader (if installed.)   | 4-3.3 on page 4-8 or<br>4-3.4 on page 4-12 |

# 4-3.1 Command Description Block Format

A command is executed by sending a Command Descriptor Block (CDB) to a target. See the example for a six-byte command below. The CDB may be 6, 10 or 12-bytes in length depending on the type of command. Some commands have additional fields which are described in the individual command. Use the description in Table 4-2 to interpret the common fields of the commands that follow.

|       |               | BITS       |      |       |              |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---------------|------------|------|-------|--------------|--|------|------|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 |            |      |       |              |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |               | Group Code |      |       | Command Code |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 1     | LUN Reserved  |            |      |       |              |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 2     |               | <u>'</u>   |      |       |              |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 3     |               |            |      | Rese  | rved         |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 4     |               |            |      |       |              |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 5     |               |            | Rese | erved |              |  | Flag | Link |  |  |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-2. CDB Field Description

| FIELD                     | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Operation Code (Op Code)  | All commands have one Op Code in byte 0. This is the operation to be performed. Consists of a command code and a group code.  |
| Command Code              | Identifies the command to be executed.  |
| Group Code                | Specifies a CDB format, length in bytes, and classifies the type of operation. For CDBs using reserved group codes 3 and 4, the controller will accept only one byte of CDB, then go to the Bus Free phase. The host system should not send more than one byte of CDB in this case.   |
| LUN (Logical Unit Number) | The LUN is defined in the IDENTIFY message. The target ignores the logical unit number specified within the CDB. The LUN in the CDB should be zero.  The LUN field is included in the CDB for compatibility with some SCSI-1 devices.  This field may be reclaimed in SCSI-3. New implementations should use the outbound IDENTIFY message, which is mandatory in SCSI-2, to establish the I_T_L nexus. |
| Reserved                  | Set aside fields for future use. Default value is 0 for all bits.   |
| Control                   | Last byte of all commands. Used for linked commands. Consists of a link bit, a flag bit, and reserved bits.   |
| Link Bit                  | Used to continue I/O processes across multiple commands. Creates an automatic link to the next command upon successful completion of the current command. If Link=0, then no link to next command. If Link=1, then an automatic link to the next command occurs.  |
| Flag Bit                  | Interrupts the initiator between linked commands. Used with the link bit to specify which message is returned to the initiator when the command completes without error; if Flag=0, LINKED COMMAND COMPLETE message; if Flag=1, LINKED COMMAND COMPLETE (with Flag) message.  |

#### 4-3.2 CHANGE DEFINITION command 40h

The CHANGE DEFINITION command is used to modify the operating definition of the selected target with respect to all initiators. This command is executed even if the Magnetic Tape Unit (MTU) is NOT READY. It is not executed if the selected LUN is nonexistent. This command is used in conjunction with the INQUIRY command to change (and optionally save) parameters that affect the operation of the target.

### 4-3.2.1 CHANGE DEFINITION CDB Description

CHANGE DEFINITION is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-3. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |   | BITS                    |             |             |             |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|------|------|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0         |             |             |             |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 0     | 0 | 1                       | 1 0 0 0 0 0 |             |             |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |   | LUN Reserved            |             |             |             |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 2     |   |                         |             | Reserved    |             |  |      | Save |  |  |  |  |
| 3     | 0 | 0 Definition Parameters |             |             |             |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 4     |   |                         |             |             |             |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 5     |   |                         |             | Dage        | erved       |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 6     |   |                         |             | Rest        | erved       |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 7     |   |                         |             |             |             |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 8     |   |                         |             | Parameter I | Data Length |  |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 9     |   |                         | Res         | erved       |             |  | Flag | Link |  |  |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-3. CHANGE DEFINITION Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 40h   | Operation code.  |
| 2    | 0   | 0     | A Save control bit of zero indicates that the target shall not save the operating definition.  A Save bit of one indicates that the target shall save the operating definition to non-volatile memory.  This target will not apply the new parameters until a power cycle is performed, so sending a Save bit of zero is a means of performing a parameter validity check. |
| 3    | 0-6 |       | See Table 4-4 for a description of the Definition Parameter field.   |

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 8    | 0-7 | 0 >0  | The Parameter Data Length specifies the length in bytes of the parameter data that shall be transferred from the initiator to the target.  A parameter data length of zero indicates that no data shall be transferred. This condition shall not be considered an error.  Parameter data lengths greater than zero indicate the number of bytes of parameter data that shall be transferred.  The data that may be transferred is defined in section 5-3 for the MTU device and section 6-4 for the Media Changer device and consists of Vital Product Data Pages that may be read via the Inquiry command. |

Table 4-3. CHANGE DEFINITION Field Description (Continued)

**Table 4-4. Definition Parameter Description** 

| VALUE | MEANING OF DEFINITION PARAMETER   |
|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 00h   | Use current operating definition. |
| 03h   | SCSI-2 operating definition.      |
| 40h   | Change user product data.         |
| 41h   | Change factory product data.      |

Definition parameter values of 00h and 03h have no effect on the target since this is the normal operating definition for this product. These values are accepted to maintain ANSI compliance.

Definition parameter 40h selects INQUIRY Vital Product Data (VPD) Page code C2h and is used to change the Product Identification data that is reported in standard INQUIRY bytes 8 through 31. This data includes Vendor ID, Controller Product ID and Logical Unit Product ID. This value will be accepted at any time. Using this parameter has little effect on target operation in that it only changes constant data returned by the INQUIRY command.

Definition parameter 41h is intended for factory use and will be accepted only if the target is in factory mode. Change Definition data sent in this mode includes INQUIRY VPD pages 80h, C0h, C1h and C2h. This data contains such information as Unit Serial Number, Unit Usage Data, Unit Configuration and Product Identification Data. Using this parameter may cause the target to appear not operational and have serious side effects.

# 4-3.2.2 CHANGE DEFINITION Changes

It is suggested that the required page is first obtained from the target via the Inquiry command, data is then changed to the desired value and the data returned to the target via Change Definition in the same format as it was received.

Single or multiple pages may be sent with a single Change Definition data transfer. The target will not accept partial pages or pages not defined as changeable. The pages may be sent in any order but must be of correct format and length.

The requested changes to the VPD pages will take effect as follows:

- a. Changes to VPD page 80h Unit Serial Number Page and C2h Product Identification Page take effect following a hard reset condition, i.e.; power-on, Bus Device, or SCSI bus reset.
- b. Changes to VPD page C0h Unit Usage Page take effect upon the successful completion of the CHANGE DEFINITION command.

c. Changes to VPD page C1h Configuration Page take effect following a power-on reset condition.

# 4-3.2.3 CHANGE DEFINITION CHECK CONDITION Status

If a CHECK CONDITION is returned as a result of the Change Definition CDB, the change is not performed.

# 4-3.2.4 CHANGE DEFINITION Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed while writing buffered data before the CHANGE DEFINITION was received.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to hardware failure (i.e. unable to transfer parameters)</li> <li>Writing of the Change Definition data to the non-volatile RAM failed due to a hardware error.</li> </ol>  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the CHANGE DEFINITION command.</li> <li>Flag bit was set and Link bit was not set.</li> <li>Definition parameter 41h is sent to target without the factory mode set.</li> <li>Parameter data contains a partial page</li> <li>Parameter data contains an unchangeable page</li> <li>Parameter data contains invalid (non-ASCII) data.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the CHANGE DEFINITION command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |

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#### 4-3.3 DISPLAY command CFh (11h)

For display data length of 11h (default value), refer to FT4, bit 7 described in the M2488 User's Guide.

The DISPLAY command is used to display a message on the operator panel of the tape drive or cartridge loader (if installed). This command is executed even if the Magnetic Tape Unit (MTU) is NOT READY. The Display Data is described in paragraph 4-3.3.2.

### 4-3.3.1 DISPLAY CDB Description (11h)

DISPLAY is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-5. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       | BITS                        |                 |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |
|-------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------|-------|---|---|------|------|--|--|
| BYTES | 7                           | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |
| 0     | 1                           | 1               | 0    | 0     | 1 | 1 | 1    | 1    |  |  |
| 1     |                             | LUN Reserved    |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |
| 2     |                             | Reserved        |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |
| 3     | Reserved                    |                 |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |
| 4     | Reserved                    |                 |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |
| 5     | Reserved                    |                 |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |
| 6     | Reserved                    |                 |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |
| 7     | Reserved                    |                 |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |
| 8     | Parameter List Length = 11h |                 |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |
| 9     |                             |                 | Rese | erved |   |   | Flag | Link |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-5. DISPLAY Field Description (11h)

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | CFh   | Operation Code.   |
| 8    | 0-7 | 11h   | The Parameter List Length specifies the length of control and display information to be transferred from the initiator. |

The parameter list length specifies the length of control and display information to be transferred from the initiator. A CHECK CONDITION is returned if the specified length is not 0 or 17 bytes (11h).

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# **4-3.3.2 Display Data (11h)**

The 17 bytes of DISPLAY data consists of a format control byte followed by two eight-byte messages. See Table 4-6, Table 4-7 and Table 4-8 on page 4-10. If the Parameter List Length is set to 0 no action is performed and it is not considered an error.

Table 4-6. DISPLAY Parameter (11h)

|       | BITS                   |   |   |                   |           |          |   |             |
|-------|------------------------|---|---|-------------------|-----------|----------|---|-------------|
| BYTES | 7                      | 6 | 5 | 4                 | 3         | 2        | 1 | 0           |
| 0     | Display Mode Selection |   |   | Display<br>Length | Flash     | Half Msg | 0 | Data Format |
| 1-8   | First Half Message     |   |   |                   |           |          |   |             |
| 9-16  |                        |   |   | Second Halt       | f Message |          |   |             |

Note: All bytes should not be set to spaces, because this would appear as a MTU powered down state.

Table 4-7. Display Parameter Field Description (11h)

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0   | 1 0   | The Data Format bit describes the type of data contained in bytes 1 through 16. If this bit is set to 1, the data in bytes 1 through 16 is considered to be ASCII format. If bit is 0, the data is EBCDIC format.  |
| 0    | 2   | 0     | The Half Msg bit selects which half of the message is to be displayed. This bit is valid only when the Display length bit is set to zero.  When the Half Msg bit is set to zero, the first half of the message (bytes 1 to 8) is displayed.  When the Half Msg bit is set to one, the second half of the message (bytes 9 to 16) is displayed.   |
| 0    | 3   | 0     | When the Flash bit is set to zero, the display does not flash. A Flash bit set to one causes the display to flash.   |
| 0    | 4   | 0     | When the Display Length bit is set to zero, only 8 bytes are displayed. Whether bytes 1 to 8 or bytes 9 to 16 are displayed is selected by bit 2. If bit 2 is set to 0b then bytes 1 through 8 are displayed. If bit 2 is set to 1b bytes 9 to 16 are displayed. When the display length bit is set to one, bytes 1 to 8 and bytes 9 to 16 are displayed alternately. Bits 2-3 are ignored for this selection. |
| 0    | 5-7 |       | Table 4-9 defines the Display Mode Selection bits.   |
| 1-16 |     |       | The message bytes contain the data to be displayed.  |

Table 4-8. Display Data

| CHARACTER | ASCII | EBCDIC * | CHARACTER | ASCII | EBCDIC * |
|-----------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|----------|
| (space)   | 20h   | 00h      | -         | 2Dh   | 20h      |
| A         | 41h   | 01h      | 1         | 2Fh   | 21h      |
| В         | 42h   | 02h      | S         | 53h   | 22h      |
| С         | 43h   | 03h      | T         | 54h   | 23h      |
| D         | 44h   | 04h      | U         | 55h   | 24h      |
| E         | 45h   | 05h      | V         | 56h   | 25h      |
| F         | 46h   | 06h      | W         | 57h   | 26h      |
| G         | 47h   | 07h      | X         | 58h   | 27h      |
| Н         | 48h   | 08h      | Y         | 59h   | 28h      |
| I         | 49h   | 09h      | Z         | 5Ah   | 29h      |
| •         | 60h   | 0Ah      | (space)   | 20h   | 2Ah      |
| •         | 25h   | 0Bh      | ,         | 2Ch   | 2Bh      |
| <         | 3Ch   | 0Ch      | %         | 25h   | 2Ch      |
| (         | 28h   | 0Dh      | _         | 5Fh   | 2Dh      |
| +         | 2Bh   | 0Eh      | >         | 3Eh   | 2Eh      |
| 1         | 7Ch   | 0Fh      | ?         | 3Fh   | 2Fh      |
| &         | 26h   | 10h      | 0         | 30h   | 30h      |
| J         | 4Ah   | 11h      | 1         | 31h   | 31h      |
| K         | 4Bh   | 12h      | 2         | 32h   | 32h      |
| L         | 4Ch   | 13h      | 3         | 33h   | 33h      |
| M         | 4Dh   | 14h      | 4         | 34h   | 34h      |
| N         | 4Eh   | 15h      | 5         | 35h   | 35h      |
| 0         | 4Fh   | 16h      | 6         | 36h   | 36h      |
| P         | 50h   | 17h      | 7         | 37h   | 37h      |
| Q         | 51h   | 18h      | 8         | 38h   | 38h      |
| R         | 52h   | 19h      | 9         | 39h   | 39h      |
| !         | 21h   | 1Ah      | :         | 3Ah   | 3Ah      |
| \$        | 24h   | 1Bh      | #         | 23h   | 3Bh      |
| *         | 2Ah   | 1Ch      | @         | 40h   | 3Ch      |
| )         | 29h   | 1Dh      | ,         | 27h   | 3Dh      |
| ;         | 3Bh   | 1Eh      | =         | 3Dh   | 3Eh      |
| ^         | 5Eh   | 1Fh      | ,,        | 22h   | 3Fh      |

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}$  The two most significant bits' values are don't care.

 $Table \ 4-9. \ \ Display \ Mode \ Selection \ Bits \ (11h)$ 

| QUALIFIER | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|---|
| 000ь      | Bytes 1 to 8 or bytes 9 to 16 are displayed based on the instructions in bits 2-4 of control byte. The message is displayed until the next tape operation starts or until a new DISPLAY command is received.  |
| 001b      | If the DISPLAY command is received when there is a cartridge in the MTU, Bytes 1 to 8 or bytes 9 to 16 are displayed based on the instructions in bits 2-4 of the control byte. The message is displayed until the cartridge is removed from the MTU or a new DISPLAY command is received. No message is displayed if there is no cartridge in the MTU.   |
| 010ь      | If the DISPLAY command is received when the MTU is in a ready state, nothing happens. If the DISPLAY command is received when the MTU is not in the ready state, Bytes 1 to 8 or bytes 9 to 16 are displayed based on the instructions in bits 2-4 of the control byte. The attention lamp blinks. The message is displayed until the MTU becomes ready.  |
| 011b      | Display left unchanged.   |
| 100b      | The host message being displayed is cancelled and a unit message is displayed instead.  |
| 101b      | Display left unchanged.   |
| 110b      | Display left unchanged.   |
| 111b      | If the DISPLAY command is received when there is a cartridge in the MTU, Bytes 1 to 8 or bytes 9 to 16 are displayed based on the instructions in bits 2-4 of the control byte. The message is displayed until the cartridge is removed. After the cartridge is removed and until the next cartridge is loaded and becomes ready, only bytes 9 to 16 are displayed. The display flashes. The attention lamp blinks. |

# 4-3.3.3 DISPLAY Sense Keys (11h)

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed while writing buffered data before the DIS-PLAY was received.   |  |  |  |  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |  |  |  |  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to hardware failure (i.e. unable to transfer display parameters)</li> <li>The display panel is currently in use displaying check information for the operator.</li> </ol>   |  |  |  |  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the DISPLAY command.</li> <li>Flag bit was set and Link bit was not set.</li> <li>The parameter list length is neither 0 nor 17.</li> </ol>  |  |  |  |  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the DISPLAY command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |

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#### 4-3.4 DISPLAY command CFh (10h)

# For display data length of 10h, refer toFT4, bit 7 described in the M2488 User's Guide.

The DISPLAY command is used to display a message on the operator panel of the tape drive or cartridge loader (if installed). This command is executed even if the Magnetic Tape Unit (MTU) is NOT READY. The Display Data is described in paragraph 4-3.4.2.

### 4-3.4.1 DISPLAY CDB Description (10h)

DISPLAY is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-10. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |                        | BITS                        |     |                   |       |          |          |             |  |  |  |
|-------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------|-------|----------|----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7                      | 6                           | 5   | 4                 | 3     | 2        | 1        | 0           |  |  |  |
| 0     | 1                      | 1                           | 0   | 0                 | 1     | 1        | 1        | 1           |  |  |  |
| 1     |                        | LUN                         |     |                   |       | Reserved |          |             |  |  |  |
| 2     | Reserved               |                             |     |                   |       |          |          |             |  |  |  |
| 3     | Display Mode Selection |                             |     | Display<br>Length | Flash | Half Msg | Reserved | Data Format |  |  |  |
| 4     | Reserved               |                             |     |                   |       |          |          |             |  |  |  |
| 5     |                        | Reserved                    |     |                   |       |          |          |             |  |  |  |
| 6     |                        | Reserved                    |     |                   |       |          |          |             |  |  |  |
| 7     | Reserved               |                             |     |                   |       |          |          |             |  |  |  |
| 8     |                        | Parameter List Length = 10h |     |                   |       |          |          |             |  |  |  |
| 9     |                        |                             | Res | served            |       |          | Flag     | Link        |  |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-10. DISPLAY Field Description (10h)

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | CFh   | Operation Code.   |
| 3    | 0-7 |       | This byte is the display format control byte. The fields in this control byte are described in Table 4-11.    |
| 8    | 0-7 | 10h   | The Parameter List Length specifies the length of c display information to be transferred from the initiator. |

The parameter list length specifies the length of display information to be transferred from the initiator. A CHECK CONDITION is returned if the specified length is not 0 or 16 bytes (10h).

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 3    | 0   | 0     | The Data Format bit describes the type of data contained in bytes 0 through 15. If this bit is 0, the data in bytes 0 through 15 is in EBCDIC format. If this bit is 1, the data in bytes 0 through 15 is in ASCII format.   |
| 3    | 1   |       | Reserved.  |
| 3    | 2   | 0     | The Half Msg bit selects which half of the message is to be displayed. This bit is valid only when the Display length bit is set to zero.  When the Half Msg bit is set to zero, the first half of the message (bytes 0 to 7) is displayed.  When the Half Msg bit is set to one, the second half of the message (bytes 8 to 15) is displayed.   |
| 3    | 3   | 0     | When the Flash bit is set to zero, the display does not flash. A Flash bit set to one causes the display to flash.   |
| 3    | 4   | 0     | When the Display Length bit is set to zero, only 8 bytes are displayed. Whether bytes 0 to 7 or bytes 8 to 15 are displayed is selected by bit 2. If bit 2 is set to 0b then bytes 0 through 7 are displayed. If bit 2 is set to 1b bytes 8 to 15 are displayed. When the display length bit is set to one, bytes 0 to 7 and bytes 8 to 15 are displayed alternately. Bits 2-3 are ignored for this selection. |
| 3    | 5-7 |       | Table 4-13 defines the Display Mode Selection bits.  |

**Table 4-11. Display Format Control Byte Description (10h)** 

# 4-3.4.2 Display Data (10h)

The 16 bytes of DISPLAY data consists of two eight-byte messages. See Table 4-12, Table 4-13 and Table 4-8 on page 4-10. If the Parameter List Length is set to 0, no action is performed and it is not considered an error.

 BITS

 BYTES
 7
 6
 5
 4
 3
 2
 1
 0

 0-7
 First Half Message

 8-15
 Second Half Message

Table 4-12. DISPLAY Parameter (10h)

Note: All bytes should not be set to spaces, because this would appear as a MTU powered down state.

Table 4-13. Display Mode Selection Bits (10h)

| QUALIFIER | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 000b      | Bytes 0 to 7 or bytes 8 to 15 are displayed based on the instructions in bits 2-4 of the format control byte. The message is displayed until the next tape operation starts or until a new DISPLAY command is received.   |  |  |  |  |
| 001Ь      | If the DISPLAY command is received when there is a cartridge in the MTU, Bytes 0 to 7 or bytes 8 to 15 at displayed based on the instructions in bits 2-4 of the control byte. The message is displayed until the cartridge is removed from the MTU or a new DISPLAY command is received. No message is displayed if there is no cartridge in the MTU.  |  |  |  |  |
| 010ь      | If the DISPLAY command is received when the MTU is in a ready state, nothing happens. If the DISPLAY command is received when the MTU is not in the ready state, Bytes 0 to 7 or bytes 8 to 15 are displayed based on the instructions in bits 2-4 of the control byte. The attention lamp blinks. The message is displayed until the MTU becomes ready.  |  |  |  |  |
| 011b      | Display left unchanged.   |  |  |  |  |
| 100b      | The host message being displayed is cancelled and a unit message is displayed instead.  |  |  |  |  |
| 101b      | Display left unchanged.   |  |  |  |  |
| 110b      | Display left unchanged.   |  |  |  |  |
| 111b      | If the DISPLAY command is received when there is a cartridge in the MTU, Bytes 0 to 7 or bytes 8 to 15 are displayed based on the instructions in bits 2-4 of the control byte. The message is displayed until the cartridge is removed. After the cartridge is removed and until the next cartridge is loaded and becomes ready, only bytes 8 to 15 are displayed. The display flashes. The attention lamp blinks. |  |  |  |  |

# 4-3.4.3 DISPLAY Sense Keys (10h)

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed while writing buffered data before the DIS-PLAY was received.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to hardware failure (i.e. unable to transfer display parameters)</li> <li>The display panel is currently in use displaying check information for the operator.</li> </ol>  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the DISPLAY command.</li> <li>Flag bit was set and Link bit was not set.</li> <li>The parameter list length is neither 0 nor 16.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ol> <li>Indicates the DISPLAY command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>The target has been reset.</li> <li>The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ol> |

#### 4-3.5 ERASE command 19h

The ERASE command causes part or all of the remaining medium to be erased beginning from the current logical position.

After the receipt of a valid ERASE command, tape synchronization is performed prior to execution of the ERASE operation. If tape is positioned at BOT, the ERASE command will cause an ID area to be written before the Erase operation.

# 4-3.5.1 ERASE CDB Description

ERASE is a six-byte command as shown below and described in Table 4-14. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       | BITS     |          |      |          |   |   |       |      |
|-------|----------|----------|------|----------|---|---|-------|------|
| BYTES | 7        | 6        | 5    | 4        | 3 | 2 | 1     | 0    |
| 0     | 0 0 0    |          |      | 1        | 1 | 0 | 0     | 1    |
| 1     |          | LUN      |      | Reserved |   |   | Immed | Long |
| 2     | Reserved |          |      |          |   |   |       |      |
| 3     |          | Reserved |      |          |   |   |       |      |
| 4     | Reserved |          |      |          |   |   |       |      |
| 5     |          |          | Rese | erved    |   |   | Flag  | Link |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-14. ERASE Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 19h   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0   | 0     | If Long bit=0, Erase gap. If Long bit=1, Data security erase.  |
| 1    | 0-1 |       | The Immediate (Immed) bit controls the time at which status is to be returned. Actions taken by the target depend on the settings of the Immed and Long bits as described in the next table. |

| IMMED BIT  | LONG BIT   | ACTION TAKEN  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 0  | Don't care   | Status is returned after the Erase operation is complete. |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 0  | Status is returned after the CDB is validated. *          |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Status is returned after all previously buffered commands ar completed and the CDB is validated. * |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| * If a CHECK CO  | * If a CHECK CONDITION status is returned for this case, the ERASE operation is not performed. |   |  |  |  |  |

A Long bit set to zero causes a 7.8 +/- 0.4 mm of the medium to be recorded with an erase tone (special pattern along with a 2-mm IBG). This is known as the Erase Gap based on the Gap Size field in the Device Configuration Mode Page. An End-of-Data (EOD) mark is written after this type of erase operation. If the early warning condition is encountered while erasing with the long bit set to zero a CHECK CONDITION status is sent by the target after completion of the erase operation. The valid and EOM bits in the sense data are set to one. The information field will not report any buffered erases.

A Long bit set to 1 indicates erasure of all remaining media on the logical unit (Data Security Erase) by writing the tape with a random frequency two times that used for regular writes. Before the Data Security Erase is performed, an Erase Gap is written. Following such a command, the tape position is at end-of-partition (EOP).

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

There is no limit to the number of sequential erase patterns that can be written. However, if more than 680 mm of tape (68  $\pm$ 2 erase patterns +2.0 mm IBG) is read by the controller, a BLANK CHECK is signaled.

#### 4-3.5.2 ERASE Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data before the erase occurred.      Retries were needed to complete the ERASE.  |
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical unit was not ready (tape was not loaded or was not ready).  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>End-of-Medium was encountered when performing an Erase Gap operation (Long bit =0).</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> <li>The tape length in the cartridge is too long or too short.</li> </ol>                           |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware error.</li> <li>ERASE command failed due to unrecoverable errors on the SCSI interface.</li> </ol>   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | Reserved bit was set in the CDB of the ERASE command.   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | Indicates the ERASE command was not performed due to one of the following:  1. The tape cartridge was changed.  2. The target was reset.  3. The Mode parameters were changed by another initiator.  4. The version of the microcode was changed (microcode downloaded).  5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short. |

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| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 7h        | DATA PROTECT    | Attempted write-type operation to write-protected tape cartridge. |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | The ERASE command was aborted.                                    |

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# 4-3.6 INQUIRY command 12h

The INQUIRY command provides a means for an initiator to request information regarding parameters of the target and any attached peripheral devices.

# 4-3.6.1 INQUIRY CDB Description

The INQUIRY CDB is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-15. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |                   | BITS     |      |          |   |   |      |      |
|-------|-------------------|----------|------|----------|---|---|------|------|
| BYTES | 7                 | 6        | 5    | 4        | 3 | 2 | 1    | 0    |
| 0     | 0                 | 0        | 0    | 1        | 0 | 0 | 1    | 0    |
| 1     |                   | LUN      |      | Reserved |   |   |      | EVPD |
| 2     | Page Code         |          |      |          |   |   |      |      |
| 3     |                   | Reserved |      |          |   |   |      |      |
| 4     | Allocation Length |          |      |          |   |   |      |      |
| 5     |                   |          | Rese | erved    |   |   | Flag | Link |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-15. INQUIRY Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 12h   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0   | 0     | An Enable Vital Product Data (EVPD) bit of one specifies that the target returns the optional Vital Product Data (VPD) specified by the Page Code field. See section 5-3 for the description of the MTU VPD pages or section 6-4 for the description of the MC VPD pages supported by the INQUIRY command. The EVPD bit and its relationship to the Page Code field is shown in Table 4-16. An EVPD bit of 0 indicates transfer of normal INQUIRY data.  |
| 2    | 0-7 |       | The Page Code codes are described in Table 4-17.   |
| 4    | 0-7 |       | The Allocation Length field specifies the maximum number of bytes that the initiator has allocated for returned INQUIRY data. An allocation length of zero indicates no INQUIRY data is to be transferred. This condition is not considered as an error.  The target terminates the DATA IN phase when allocation length bytes are transferred or when all available INQUIRY data is transferred to the initiator, whichever is less. The user should specify an allocation length of at least 68h (104) when normal Inquiry data (EVPD=0) is requested. |

PAGE CODE EVPD BIT ACTION **BYTE** 0 00h When the EVPD bit is zero, the Page Code field must be zero. This returns normal INQUIRY data. See Table 4-18 for data returned. 0  $\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} \text{not} = 00 \text{h}$ If the EVPD bit is zero and the Page Code field is not zero, then the target terminates the command with CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST, and the ASC/ASCQ is set to INVALID FIELD IN CDB 1 xxh Specifies that the target return the optional Vital Product Data (VPD) specified by the Page Code field. See Table 4-17.

Table 4-16. EVPD Bit

Table 4-17. Supported VPD Page Codes

| VPD PAGE<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |  |  |  |
|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 00h              | List of the vital product data pages supported by this target.                         |  |  |  |
| 80h              | Unit serial number page.   |  |  |  |
| 81h              | Implemented operating definition page.   |  |  |  |
| 82h              | ASCII implemented operating definition page.   |  |  |  |
| C0h              | Unit usage page.   |  |  |  |
|                  | Note: This is a vendor unique page containing the tape motion timer and power-on time. |  |  |  |
| C1h              | Configuration page.  |  |  |  |
| C2h              | Product identification page.   |  |  |  |

# 4-3.6.2 INQUIRY CHECK CONDITION Status

If an INQUIRY command is received from an initiator with a pending unit attention condition (i.e., before the target reports CHECK CONDITION status), the target performs the INQUIRY command and does not clear the unit attention condition. If an INQUIRY command is received after CHECK CONDITION status has been presented for the unit attention condition, then the unit attention condition is cleared and the INQUIRY command is performed.

CHECK CONDITION status is only generated for the INQUIRY command when the target cannot return the requested INQUIRY data due to a hardware error or invalid INQUIRY CDB contents.

Inquiry data is returned to the initiator regardless of the state of the selected LUN (e.g. NOT READY, Non-Existent).

If the initiator requests a VPD page that is not supported, a CHECK CONDITION status with a sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST and an additional sense code of ILLEGAL FIELD in CDB is returned.

#### 4-3.6.3 Inquiry Data

See section 5-3 for a description of INQUIRY return data when the EVPD bit is 1. The following Inquiry Data is returned when the EVPD bit = 0:

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Table 4-18. INQUIRY Data Format

|            | BITS  |                             |               |               |              |            |             |         |
|------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|------------|-------------|---------|
| BYTES      | 7   | 6                           | 5             | 4             | 3            | 2          | 1           | 0       |
| 0          | Peripheral Qualifier Peripheral Device Type |                             |               |               |              |            |             |         |
| 1          | RMB=1                                       |                             |               | Device-7      | Гуре Modifi  | er = 00h   |             |         |
| 2          | ISO Vers                                    | sion=0                      | EC            | MA Version    | n=0          | A          | NSI Version | =2h     |
| 3          | AENC= 0 TrmIOP= 0 0 Response Data Format=2h |                             |               |               |              | lh .       |             |         |
| 4          |   |                             | Ad            | ditional Len  | gth = 63h    |            |             |         |
| 5          |   |                             |               | Reserve       | ed           |            |             |         |
| 6          |   |                             |               | Reserve       | ed           |            |             |         |
| 7          | RelAdr = 0                                  | WBus 32=0                   | WBus 16       | Sync=1        | Linked=1     | Reserved   | CmdQ=0      | SftRe=0 |
| VENDOR IDI | ENTIFICATION                                | INFORMAT                    | ION           |               | •            |            | •           |         |
| 8-15       |   |                             | Vendor I      | dentification | n = "FUJITS  | U"         |             |         |
| PRODUCT II | DENTIFICATIO                                | N INFORMA                   | TION          |               |              |            |             |         |
| 16-23      |   |                             | C             | ontroller Pro | oduct ID     |            |             |         |
| 24-31      |   |                             | Lo            | gical Unit P  | roduct ID    |            |             |         |
| PRODUCT R  | EVISION LEVE                                | L INFORMA                   | TION          |               |              |            |             |         |
| 32-35      |   | Con                         | troller Micro | ocode Versio  | on and Revis | ion Levels |             |         |
| VENDOR SPI | ECIFIC PARAM                                | IETERS (BYT                 | TES 36-55)    |               |              |            |             |         |
| 36         |   | Reserved (vendor unique) MC |               |               |              |            |             | MC      |
| CONTROLLI  | ER MICROCOD                                 | E BUILD DA                  | TE            |               |              |            |             |         |
| 37-38      |   | Month (MM)                  |               |               |              |            |             |         |
| 39-40      | Day (DD)                                    |                             |               |               |              |            |             |         |
| 41         | Last Digit OF Year (Y)                      |                             |               |               |              |            |             |         |
| MTU (SERVO | ) MICROCODI                                 | E LEVEL INF                 | ORMATIO       | )N            |              |            |             |         |
| 42-43      |   |                             | MTU Eng       | ineering Co   | ntrol (EC) L | evel       |             |         |
| 44-45      |   |                             | MTU M         | licrocode Ve  | ersion Numb  | er         |             |         |
| MTU (SERVO | ) MICROCODI                                 | E CHECKSUI                  | M INFORM      | IATION        |              |            |             |         |
| 46-53      | MTU (servo) Microcode Checksum              |                             |               |               |              |            |             |         |
| VENDOR UN  | IQUE RESERV                                 | ED BYTES                    |               |               |              |            |             |         |
| 54-55      | Reserved (vendor unique)                    |                             |               |               |              |            |             |         |
| ANSI RESER | VED BYTES                                   |                             |               |               |              |            |             |         |
| 56-95      | Reserved                                    |                             |               |               |              |            |             |         |
| VENDOR SPI | ECIFIC PARAM                                | ETERS (BY)                  | TES 96-103)   |               |              |            |             |         |
| CONTROLLI  | ER MICROCOD                                 | E CHECKSU                   | M INFORM      | MATION        |              |            |             |         |
| 96-103     |   |                             | Control       | ler Microco   | de Checksur  | n          |             |         |

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Table 4-19. INQUIRY Data Format Field Description

| вуте | BIT          | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |  |
|------|--------------|-------|--|--|
| 0    | 0-4 &<br>5-7 |       | The Peripheral Device Type and Peripheral Qualifier fields identify the physical device currently connected to the logical unit. The Peripheral Qualifier is described in Table 4-20 and the Peripheral Device Type is described in Table 4-21. Table 4-22 shows the possible combinations of peripheral qualifiers and device types generated based on which LUN the INQUIRY command is sent to. In the case where INQUIRY data byte 0 is 7Fh (i.e. an unknown or no device type is connected to this LUN) the logical unit product ID (bytes 24-31) will contain ASCII spaces (20h). |  |
| 1    | 0-6          | 00h   | The Device-type Modifier field is not supported and is returned as all zeroes.   |  |
| 1    | 7            | 1     | The RMB (Removable Medium) bit is set to one indicating that the medium is removable.  |  |
| 2    | 0-2          | 2h    | The ANSI-approved version field of 2h indicates this device complies to the ANSI SCSI-2 standard (X3.131-1994, version 10L).   |  |
| 2    | 3-5 &<br>6-7 | 0     | Zero codes in the ISO version and ECMA version fields indicate no compliance is claimed with the ISO version of SCSI (ISO 9316) or the ECMA version of SCSI (ECMA-111).  |  |
| 3    | 0-3          | 2h    | A Response Data Format is set to a value of 2 indicating that this INQUIRY data is formatted based on the format specified by the ANSI SCSI-2 standard (X3.131-1994, version 10L).   |  |
| 3    | 6            | 0     | The Terminate I/O Process (TrmIOP) bit is set to zero, indicating the device does not support the Terminate I/O Process message.   |  |
| 3    | 7            | 0     | The Asynchronous Event Notification Capability (AENC) bit is set to zero, indicating the device does not support SCSI-2 defined asynchronous event notifications.  |  |
| 4    | 0-7          | 63h   | The Additional Length field indicates 99 additional bytes of parameters are supplied. If the allocation length in the INQUIRY CDB is too small to transfer all of these parameters, the additional length is not adjusted to reflect the truncation by the initiator.  |  |
| 7    | 0            | 0     | The Soft Reset (SFTRE) bit is set to zero indicating the target does not support the Soft Reset option.  |  |
| 7    | 1            | 0     | The Command Queuing (CmdQ) bit is set to zero indicating the target does not support command queuing for this logical unit.  |  |
| 7    | 3            | 1     | The Linked command (Link) bit is set to one indicating the target supports linked commands for this logical unit.  |  |
| 7    | 4            | 1     | The Synchronous Transfer (Sync) bit is set to one indicating the target supports synchronous data transfer.  |  |

Table 4-19. INQUIRY Data Format Field Description (Continued)

| вуте   | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|--------|-----|-------|---|
| 7      | 5   | 0     | A Wide bus 16 (WBus16) bit set to one indicates the target supports 16-bit wide data transfers.  A value of zero indicates that the device does not support 16-bit wide data transfers. The value this bit depends on the type of SCSI Interface Personality Module (IPM) installed in the target (i.e. 50 pin or 68 pin SCSI connector type).  NOTE: In order for 16-bit wide data transfers to occur, the 68 pin IPM must be installed in the target (i.e. WBus16 bit in INQUIRY data is reported as set to one) and Wide Data Transfer negotiation (via the Wide Data Transfer Request message) is required.   |
| 7      | 6   | 0     | The Wide bus 32 (WBus32) bit is set to zero indicating the target does not support 32-bit wide data transfers.  |
| 7      | 7   | 0     | The Relative Addressing (RelAdr) bit is set to zero indicating the target does not support relative addressing for this logical unit.   |
| 8-31   |     |       | The Vendor and Product Identification fields contain ASCII data retrieved from NVRAM during power-up/reset. The first time the controller is powered-up, the corresponding NVRAM fields are initialized to the default values. The default values for these fields are shown in Table 4-23 (note: all ASCII data shown is left aligned within each field). When being read from NVRAM, if these fields are not available due to an NVRAM error, then ASCII spaces will be returned in the corresponding Inquiry data field. The values in these fields in NVRAM can be changed via the CHANGE DEFINITION command. It is possible to assign unique values in these fields for both the MTU and MC INQUIRY data. Reference the CHANGE DEFINITION command for more information on changing these fields. |
| 32-35  |     |       | The Controller Microcode Version and Revision Level information contains vendor unique ASCII data.  |
| 36     | 0   | 1 0   | A MC (Medium Changer) bit set to one indicates that a Medium Changer is installed. A MC bit set to zero indicates that a Medium Changer is not installed. If a Medium Changer is installed, then the MC bit will be set in INQUIRY data generated for any logical unit whether or not the logical unit is attached. If the MC bit indicates that a Medium Changer is installed, then INQUIRY Vital Product Data page C1h (Configuration page), byte 15 (mc_l_addr) indicates the logical unit address of the installed Medium Changer.  |
| 37-41  |     |       | The Microcode Build Date information fields contain the following ASCII data: The month, day and year when the controller microcode was generated.  |
| 42-45  |     |       | The MTU (servo) Microcode Level information fields contain the following ASCII data:  (a) MTU Engineering Control (EC) level.  (b) MTU Microcode Version.   |
| 46-53  |     |       | The MTU (servo) Microcode Checksum information field contains the checksum of the MTU microcode (i.e. not including the controller microcode) in ASCII data.  |
| 96-103 |     |       | The Controller Microcode Checksum information field contains the checksum of the controller microcode (i.e. not including the MTU microcode) in ASCII data.   |

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Table 4-20. Peripheral Qualifiers

| QUALIFIER | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|--|
| 0 0 0 b   | The peripheral device type in bits 0 through 4 is currently connected to this logical unit.  |
|           | Note: This peripheral qualifier does not imply that the device is ready for access by the initiator.   |
| 0 0 1 b   | The target is capable of supporting the specified peripheral device type. However, the physical device is not currently connected to this logical unit.                                |
| 010b      | Reserved   |
| 0116      | The logical unit is not capable of supporting a physical device.  Note: For this peripheral qualifier, the peripheral device type is set to 1Fh, indicating unknown or no device type. |
| 1 X X b   | NOT USED   |

Table 4-21. Peripheral Device Type

| CODE                       | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| 01h                        | Sequential-access tape device.  |  |  |
| OIII                       | Note: When the INQUIRY command is issued for the MTU LUN, the peripheral device type is set to 01h. This indicates a tape device. |  |  |
| 08h                        | Medium changer device type.   |  |  |
| Unknown or no device type. |   |  |  |
| 1111                       | Note: This code is generated when the INQUIRY command is issued for a LUN which is neither the MTU or Medium Changer.             |  |  |

Table 4-22. Possible Peripheral Qualifier and Device Types Generated

| LUN                      | PERIPHERAL<br>QUALIFIER | PERIPHERAL<br>DEVICE TYPE | DESCRIPTION   |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| MTU                      | 000ь                    | 01h                       | A sequential access device is currently connected to this logical unit.   |
| MC                       | 000ь                    | 08h                       | A medium changer device is currently connected to this logical unit.      |
| Unknown or not connected | 011b                    | 1Fh                       | An unknown or no device type is currently connected to this logical unit. |

Table 4-23. Default Vendor and Product Identification Fields

| LUN                      | VENDOR ID | CONTROLLER<br>PRODUCT ID                  | LUN PRODUCT ID                   |  |  |
|--------------------------|-----------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| MTU                      | "FUJITSU" | "M2488" (single-ended SCSI interface)     | "M2488"                          |  |  |
|                          |           | "M2488D" (differential<br>SCSI interface) |                                  |  |  |
| MC                       | "FUJITSU" | "M2488" (single-ended                     | "M2488A11" (ACL Medium Changer)  |  |  |
|                          |           | SCSI interface)                           | "M2488A12" (FACL Medium Changer) |  |  |
|                          |           | "M2488D" (differential SCSI interface)    | "M2488A11" (ACL Medium Changer)  |  |  |
|                          |           | SCSI interface)                           | "M2488A12" (FACL Medium Changer) |  |  |
| Unknown or not connected | "FUJITSU" | "M2488" (single-ended<br>SCSI interface)  | ""(i.e. all ASCII spaces)        |  |  |
|                          |           | "M2488D" (differential<br>SCSI interface) |                                  |  |  |

# 4-3.6.4 INQUIRY Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to hardware failure (e.g. transfer of INQUIRY data failed due to hardware failure).</li> <li>Inquiry data could not be read from NVRAM due to a hardware error.</li> </ol>   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the INQUIRY command.</li> <li>The EVPD bit in the INQUIRY CDB is zero, but the Page Code field is not zero.</li> <li>An unsupported VPD page was requested in the INQUIRY CDB.</li> <li>A VPD page was requested from a LUN device type that is unknown or not connected.</li> <li>Flag bit in the INQUIRY CDB was set and Link bit was not set.</li> </ol> |

#### 4-3.7 LOAD UNLOAD command 1Bh

The LOAD UNLOAD command performs either a rewind operation or a rewind and unload operation. Prior to performing either of these operations, any buffered write data and buffered filemarks are written to the tape. Also, prior to unloading a cartridge the Statistical Log Sense data is cleared.

#### 4-3.7.1 LOAD UNLOAD CDB Description

LOAD UNLOAD is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-24. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       | BITS                           |          |      |          |   |   |      |       |
|-------|--------------------------------|----------|------|----------|---|---|------|-------|
| BYTES | 7                              | 7 6 5    |      |          | 3 | 2 | 1    | 0     |
| 0     | 0                              | 0        | 0    | 1        | 1 | 0 | 1    | 1     |
| 1     |                                | LUN      |      | Reserved |   |   |      | Immed |
| 2     | Reserved                       |          |      |          |   |   |      |       |
| 3     |                                | Reserved |      |          |   |   |      |       |
| 4     | Reserved Reserved * Reten Load |          |      |          |   |   | Load |       |
| 5     |                                |          | Rese | erved    |   |   | Flag | Link  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-24. LOAD UNLOAD Field Description

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALUE  | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|--------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 1Bh    | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0   | 1      | If Immed (Immediate) bit is 0, status is not returned for the LOAD UNLOAD command until the load or unload operation has completed or has failed.  If Immed is 1, Status is returned for the LOAD UNLOAD command as soon as the CDB has been validated and any buffered write data and filemarks have been written to tape. The load or unload operation has been started but not necessarily completed when status is returned. |
| 4    | 0   | 0      | If Load is 0, rewind tape and unload tape cartridge.  If Load is 1, rewind tape.   |
| 4    | 1   | 0 or 1 | The Reten (retension) bit can be set to 0 or 1. The tape unit performs no extra actions whether or not the bit is set.   |

<sup>\*</sup> This bit has an ANSI definition other than reserved; however the ANSI definition of the bit is not applicable for this product. The bit is indicated as reserved since it should always be set to 0 for this product.

#### **Medium Changer:**

If a Medium Changer is attached, then an automatic load of the next tape cartridge may occur following the Tape Unit unload operation (Load bit = 0). The decision to perform this automatic load is based upon:

- (a) the Medium Changer's mode setting (Manual, Automatic or System),
- (b) the presence of other tape cartridges and
- (c) the mode page settings of the Medium Changer.

See the description of the Medium Changer for more details. If an automatic load occurs, the LOAD UNLOAD command will not return status until the automatic load completes.

#### 4-3.7.2 LOAD UNLOAD CHECK CONDITION Status

If the status reported for the previous command was a CHECK CONDITION because data could no longer be written to the tape, then any buffered data is discarded before any load or unload operation occurs.

If a Medium Changer is attached but the changer is in System Mode<sup>1</sup>, then no load or unload operation is performed and CHECK CONDITION status is reported. The sense key reported is ILLE-GAL REQUEST.

If CHECK CONDITION status is reported for a LOAD UNLOAD command with the Immediate bit set to 1 then the load or unload operation is not performed.

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<sup>1.</sup> The mode of the Medium Changer can be set either by using the Medium Changer's operator panel or by using the Medium Changer's MODE SELECT command.

# 4-3.7.3 LOAD UNLOAD Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data before the load or unload operation occurred.  |
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical Unit was not ready. (Tape cartridge was not loaded or logical unit was not made ready)   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>The load or unload operation was not completed because of a hardware failure.</li> </ol>  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the LOAD UNLOAD command.</li> <li>Medium Changer is attached but it was in System Mode when the LOAD UNLOAD command was issued.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the LOAD UNLOAD command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | LOAD UNLOAD command was aborted. The LOAD UNLOAD command can be reissued.  |

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## 4-3.8 LOCATE command 2Bh

The LOCATE command causes the tape unit to position to a specific logical location. The Block address field specifies the target location; the logical unit positions in front of the block associated with the Block address (i.e. on the BOT side of the block.) Any buffered write data and filemarks are written to the tape before the locate operation occurs.

# 4-3.8.1 LOCATE CDB Description

LOCATE is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-25. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

| _     |               | BITS     |      |       |      |    |      |       |
|-------|---------------|----------|------|-------|------|----|------|-------|
| BYTES | 7             | 6        | 5    | 4     | 3    | 2  | 1    | 0     |
| 0     | 0             | 0        | 1    | 0     | 1    | 0  | 1    | 1     |
| 1     |               | LUN      |      | Rese  | rved | BT | СР   | Immed |
| 2     |               | Reserved |      |       |      |    |      |       |
| 3     | MSB           | MSB      |      |       |      |    |      |       |
| 4     |               | Di LAU   |      |       |      |    |      |       |
| 5     | Block Address |          |      |       |      |    |      |       |
| 6     | LSB           |          |      |       |      |    |      |       |
| 7     |               | Reserved |      |       |      |    |      |       |
| 8     | Partition     |          |      |       |      |    |      |       |
| 9     |               |          | Rese | erved |      |    | Flag | Link  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-25. LOCATE Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 2Bh   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0   | 1     | If Immed (Immediate) =0, status is not returned for the LOCATE command until the locate operation has completed or has failed  If Immed bit = 1, status is returned for the LOCATE command as soon as the CDB has been validated and any buffered write data and filemarks have been written to tape. The locate operation has been started but not necessarily completed when status is returned. |
| 1    | 1   | 0     | If CP bit =0, the Change Partition field is ignored. (The tape format only supports one partition, partition 0, so this field should only be set to 0 when the CP bit is set to 1.)  If CP bit =1, the Change Partition field specifies the target partition.  |

**Table 4-25. LOCATE Field Description (Continued)** 

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 1    | 2   | 1     | The Block Address Type (BT) is interpreted as a logical block address. The first filemark or data block on tape is assigned logical block address 0; logical block addresses increase by 1 for each data block and filemark thereafter. The maximum Logical block address is 3FFEFFh.  The Block address is interpreted as a device specific block address. For this tape unit these addresses are also known as Block IDs. The Block ID consists of four fields: Wrap, Physical reference, Format code and Logical block position. The format of a Block ID is shown in Table 4-26. |
| 3-6  |     |       | Block Address  |
| 8    |     |       | The Partition field specifies the target position.   |

The high speed locate is at 4 meters per second. High speed positioning will not occur if the Block Address Type (BT) bit is 0. It will also not occur if the BT bit is 1 and the Wrap and Physical reference fields of the Block address are both 0.

Table 4-26. Block ID Format

|       |       | BITS   |                              |              |               |    |   |   |
|-------|-------|--|------------------------------|--------------|---------------|----|---|---|
| BYTES | 7     | 6  | 5                            | 4            | 3             | 2  | 1 | 0 |
| 0     | Wrap  | Physical Reference                               |                              |              |               |    |   |   |
| 1     | Forma | t Code   | Logical Block Position (MSB) |              |               |    |   |   |
| 2     |       | Logical Block Position (middle significant bits) |                              |              |               |    |   |   |
| 3     |       |  | L                            | ogical Block | Position (LSI | 3) |   |   |

**BYTE** VALUE BIT DESCRIPTION 0 0-6 The Physical reference field can either be 0 or in the range 1 to 95. 0 The value 0 indicates that a valid physical reference value is not known for the target position. 1 to 95 The values in the range 1 to 95 indicate an approximate physical location on tape close to the target position. When the Physical reference value is not 0, the tape unit can use the value to perform a high speed locate to get close to the target position. 7 0 The Wrap field indicates whether the target position is in the first wrap or second wrap a of tape. If Wrap equals 0 then the target position is in the first wrap. If Wrap equals 1 then the target position is in the second wrap. If the wrap of the target position is unknown then the Wrap field should be set to 1 6-7 The Format code field indicates the format of the tape cartridge. The meaning of the possible values are described in Table 4-28. A unique Logical block position is associated with each data block and filemark 0-51 2-3 0 - 7written on a tape. The first filemark or data block on tape is assigned Logical block position 0; the Logical block position increases by 1 for each data block and filemark thereafter. The maximum Logical block position is 3FFFEFh.

Table 4-27. Block ID Format Field Description

**Table 4-28. Format Mode Values** 

| FORMAT CODE VALUE | FORMAT                 |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 00b               | 18 track, non-packeted |
| 01b               | 36 track, packeted     |
| 10b               | 18 track, packeted     |
| 11b               | reserved               |

If the Format code field is set to 11b then the LOCATE command is rejected. The Format code field is not checked against the actual format of the tape. This field is ignored except when it contains the reserved value 11b.

Values for the Wrap, Physical reference and Format mode fields are reported by the READ POSI-TION command (with its BT bit set to 1.) These values are also reported in Sense data when the Sense data contains a Block ID.

a. A 36 track tape consists of two interleaved groups of 18 tracks; each group is called a wrap. The first wrap is written first and runs from Physical BOT towards Physical EOT. The second wrap is written second and runs from Physical EOT towards Physical BOT. The tape unit hides the transition from the first wrap to the second wrap so that the user sees an [abstract] continuous length of tape running from Logical BOT (the beginning of the first wrap) to Logical EOT (the end of the second wrap).

# 4-3.8.2 LOCATE CHECK CONDITION Status

If CHECK CONDITION status is reported for a LOCATE command with the Immediate bit set to 1, then the locate operation is not performed.

# 4-3.8.3 LOCATE Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data before the locate occurred.   |
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical Unit was not ready. (Tape cartridge was not loaded or logical unit was not made ready).   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> <li>The tape length in the cartridge is too long or too short.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>The locate operation was not completed because of a hardware failure.</li> </ol>   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the LOCATE command.</li> <li>Block address field contains an illegal address.</li> <li>Change Partition bit was set to 1 and the Partition field was not 0.</li> <li>Format code field of the Device Specific Block Address contains an illegal value.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the LOCATE command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | LOCATE command was aborted. The LOCATE command can be reissued.   |

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## 4-3.9 LOG SELECT command 4Ch

The LOG SELECT command provides a means for the initiator to manage statistical information maintained by the target about itself and attached logical units. It is a complementary command to the LOG SENSE command. Log data is collected within the target on a per event basis regardless of the initiator ID.

# 4-3.9.1 LOG SELECT CDB Description

LOG SELECT is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-29. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |                            | BITS     |      |          |   |   |       |      |
|-------|----------------------------|----------|------|----------|---|---|-------|------|
| BYTES | 7                          | 6        | 5    | 4        | 3 | 2 | 1     | 0    |
| 0     | 0                          | 1        | 0    | 0        | 1 | 1 | 0     | 0    |
| 1     | LUN                        |          |      | Reserved |   |   | PCR=1 | 0    |
| 2     | PC Reserved                |          |      |          |   |   |       |      |
| 3     | Reserved                   |          |      |          |   |   |       |      |
| 4     |                            | Reserved |      |          |   |   |       |      |
| 5     |                            | Reserved |      |          |   |   |       |      |
| 6     |                            | Reserved |      |          |   |   |       |      |
| 7     | MSB                        |          |      |          |   |   |       |      |
| 8     | Parameter List Length  LSB |          |      |          |   |   | LSB   |      |
| 9     |                            |          | Rese | erved    |   |   | Flag  | Link |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-29. LOG SELECT Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 4Ch   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 1   | 1b    | Parameter Code Reset (PCR)   |
| 2    | 6-7 | 01b   | The Page Control (PC) field defines the type of parameter values to be selected. The only supported PC value is 01b (current cumulative values). |
| 7-8  |     | 0     | Parameter List Length  |

## 4-3.9.2 LOG SELECT CHECK CONDITION Status

A LOG SELECT command, with the parameter code reset bit (PCR) set, a PC of 01b, and a parameter list length of zero from any initiator, causes the target to reset parameters maintained in its Log pages.

Any values other than those indicated will result in CHECK CONDITION status with ILLEGAL REQUEST.

## 4-3.10 LOG SENSE command 4Dh

The LOG SENSE Command provides a means for the initiator to retrieve statistical information maintained by the target about itself and attached logical units. It is a complementary command to the LOG SELECT command. Log data is collected within the target on a per event basis regardless of the initiator ID.

# 4-3.10.1 LOG SENSE CDB Description

LOG SENSE is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-34. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |                       | BITS     |      |            |   |   |        |      |  |
|-------|-----------------------|----------|------|------------|---|---|--------|------|--|
| BYTES | 7                     | 6        | 5    | 4          | 3 | 2 | 1      | 0    |  |
| 0     | 0                     | 1        | 0    | 0          | 1 | 1 | 0      | 1    |  |
| 1     | LUN                   |          |      | Reserved I |   |   | PPC=0b | 0    |  |
| 2     | PC=01b Page Code      |          |      |            |   |   |        |      |  |
| 3     | Reserved              |          |      |            |   |   |        |      |  |
| 4     |                       | Reserved |      |            |   |   |        |      |  |
| 5     | MSB                   |          |      |            |   |   |        |      |  |
| 6     | Parameter Pointer LSB |          |      |            |   |   | LSB    |      |  |
| 7     | MSB                   |          |      |            |   |   |        |      |  |
| 8     | Allocation Length LSB |          |      |            |   |   | LSB    |      |  |
| 9     |                       |          | Rese | erved      |   |   | Flag   | Link |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-30. LOG SENSE Field Description

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 4Dh   | Operation code.   |
| 1    | 1   | Ob    | The Parameter Pointer Control (PPC) bit controls the type of parameters requested from the target. The PPC bit must be zero indicating that the log parameter requested from the target shall begin with the parameter code specified in the Parameter Pointer field and return the number of bytes specified by the Allocation Length field in ascending order of parameter codes from the specified log page. A PPC bit of zero and a Parameter Pointer field of zero shall cause all available log parameters for the specified log page to be returned to the initiator subject to the specified allocation length. |
| 2    | 0-5 |       | The Page Code field identifies which page of data is being requested. The page codes are described in Table 4-31.   |
| 2    | 6-7 | 01b   | A Page Control field (PC) of 01b must be specified to indicate that the target's current cumulative counter values for the specified log pages are returned.  |

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE  | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|--------|--|
| 5-6  |     |        | The Parameter Pointer field allows the initiator to request parameter data beginning from a specific parameter code to the maximum allocation length or the maximum parameter code supported by the target, whichever is less. If the value of the Parameter Pointer field is larger than the largest available parameter code that can be returned by the target on the specified page, the target shall terminate the command with CHECK CONDITION status. The sense key shall be set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the additional sense code shall be set to INVALID FIELD IN CDB. |
| 7-8  |     | 0-1E9h | Allocation Length  |

Table 4-30. LOG SENSE Field Description (Continued)

Table 4-31. Page Codes

| PAGE CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|---|
| 00h       | Supported Log Pages   |
| 02h       | Error Counter Page (Write)  |
| 03h       | Error Counter Page (Read)   |
| 0Ch       | Sequential-access device page (support for this feature is dependent on the setting of bit 6 (0x40) in feature setting FT5 as described in the M2488 User's Guide). |
| 31h       | Track Error Statistics  |
| 3Eh       | Return All Supported Pages  |

Any other value in the Page Code field will result in CHECK CONDITION status with a sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST.

A value in the PPC field of other than 0b will be rejected with a CHECK CONDITION status with a sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST.

A value in the PC field of other than 01b will be rejected with a CHECK CONDITION status with a sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST.

When the Page Code Field contains 3Eh, the controller will attempt to return pages 00h, 02h,03h, 0Ch, and 31h in this order. A minimum allocation length of 1E9h is required to receive all page data. If fewer than 1E9h bytes are requested, then that number of bytes are returned. If more than 1E9h are requested, then only 1E9h bytes are returned.

# 4-3.10.2 LOG SENSE Operation

All available log parameters for the specified log page are returned to the initiator during a Data In phase subject to the specified allocation length. The page requested by the Page Code is transferred in ascending order of parameter codes. A page control field (PC) of 01b must be specified to indicate that the target's current cumulative counter values for the specified log page(s) are returned.

Log data is cleared under the following ANSI defined conditions:

- 1. SCSI BUS RESET (if operating in hard reset mode).
- 2. BUS DEVICE RESET.
- 3. Power on.
- 4. Valid Log Select command with the parameter code reset bit (PCR) set to 1.

LOG SENSE

In addition to the ANSI defined conditions for clearing of log data, log data will be cleared by the following:

- 1. A LOG SENSE command (clears counters only for the page requested). The specified page is returned to its default value even if the Allocation Length field was zero. NOTE: This condition for clearing the log counters is dependent on the state of bit 7 (0x80) in feature setting FT5 as described in the M2488 User's Guide.
- 2. When a cartridge is unloaded via the LOAD/UNLOAD command, or MOVE MEDIUM command.
- 3. MTU not ready to ready transition (e.g. cartridge load operation or pressing the op-panel Reset key followed by the Start key while a cartridge is in the MTU).

Log counters are not allowed to overflow. When a log counter reaches its maximum value, incrementing of all counters within that log page cease until they are cleared by one of the actions listed above. If a log counter has reached its maximum value and the RLEC bit in the MTU mode page 0Ah is one, the next successful command issued to the device associated with that counter will receive CHECK CONDITION status with RECOVERED ERROR set in the sense key. The ASC/ASCQ field will be returned as 5B02h, LOG COUNTERS AT MAXIMUM.

To disable the reporting of log overflow conditions, set the RLEC bit to zero in the Mode Select page 0Ah (Common device types control parameters).

#### 4-3.10.3 LOG SENSE Parameters

The LOG SENSE command returns data in a page format. Each log page begins with a four-byte page header followed by zero or more variable length log parameters defined for that page. The log page format and log parameter format are defined below:

BITS **BYTES** 7 5 3 6 4 2 0 1 0 Reserved Page Code 1 Reserved 2-3 Page Length (n-3) 4 TO X+3 First Log Parameter (Length x) More Log Parameters N-Y TO N Last Log Parameter (Length y)

Table 4-32. Log Page Format

Table 4-33. Log Parameter Format

|       | BITS            |      |       |             |             |     |          |      |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------|------|-------|-------------|-------------|-----|----------|------|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |      |       |             |             |     |          |      |  |  |  |  |
| 0-1   | Parameter Code  |      |       |             |             |     |          |      |  |  |  |  |
| 2     | DU              | DS=1 | TSD=1 | ETC=0       | TM          | C=0 | Reserved | LP=0 |  |  |  |  |
| 3     |                 |      |       | Parameter L | ength = 08h |     |          |      |  |  |  |  |
| 4-11  |                 |      |       | Paramete    | er Value    |     |          |      |  |  |  |  |

Table 4-34. LOG Parameter Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 2    |     |       | Parameter Control Byte  |
| 2    | 0   | Ob    | The LP bit is returned as a 0b to indicate that this parameter is not an ASCII list parameter.  |
| 2    | 2-3 | 00b   | The Threshold Met Criteria field (TMC) is returned as 00b.  |
| 2    | 4   | 0b    | The Enable Threshold Comparison bit (ETC) is returned as 0b, indicating that threshold comparisons is not enabled.  |
| 2    | 5   | 1b    | The Target Save Disable (TSD) bit is returned a 1b, indicating that the target does not provide a target defined method of saving log parameters.   |
| 2    | 6   | 16    | The Disable Save bit (DS) is returned as a 1b, indicating that the saving that of log parameter is not supported.   |
| 2    | 7   | Ob    | This log parameter has not caused a "LOG COUNTERS AT MAXIMUM" condition for this page.  |
|      |     | 1b    | The Disable Update bit (DU) is returned as a 1b if updating of counters within this page is currently disabled as a result of a "LOG COUNTERS AT MAXIMUM" condition for this log parameter. |
| 3    | 0-7 | 08h   | The parameter length field specifies the length in bytes of the following parameter value.  |

If the initiator sends a parameter length value that results in the truncation of the parameter value, the target shall terminate the command with CHECK CONDITION status. The sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST with the additional sense code set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

# 4-3.10.3.1 Log Sense Pages

Table 4-35. Log Sense Page 00h, Supported Log Pages (default)

|       |      |                |   | BI      | ΓS      |      |   |   | DEFAULT |  |  |
|-------|------|----------------|---|---------|---------|------|---|---|---------|--|--|
| BYTES | 7    | 6              | 5 | 4       | 3       | 2    | 1 | 0 | VALUE   |  |  |
| 0     | Rese | erved          |   |         | Page    | Code |   |   | 00h     |  |  |
| 1     |      | Reserved       |   |         |         |      |   |   |         |  |  |
| 2-3   |      | Page Length    |   |         |         |      |   |   |         |  |  |
| 4     |      | Page supported |   |         |         |      |   |   |         |  |  |
| 5     |      |                |   | Page su | pported |      |   |   | 02h     |  |  |
| 6     |      |                |   | Page su | pported |      |   |   | 03h     |  |  |
| 7     |      | Page supported |   |         |         |      |   |   |         |  |  |
| 8     |      |                |   | Page su | pported |      |   |   | 3Eh     |  |  |

Table 4-36. Log Sense Page 00h, Supported Log Pages \*

|       |      |                |   | BI      | ΓS      |      |   |   | DEFAULT |  |  |
|-------|------|----------------|---|---------|---------|------|---|---|---------|--|--|
| BYTES | 7    | 6              | 5 | 4       | 3       | 2    | 1 | 0 | VALUE   |  |  |
| 0     | Rese | erved          |   |         | Page    | Code |   |   | 00h     |  |  |
| 1     |      | Reserved       |   |         |         |      |   |   |         |  |  |
| 2-3   |      | Page Length    |   |         |         |      |   |   |         |  |  |
| 4     |      | Page supported |   |         |         |      |   |   |         |  |  |
| 5     |      |                |   | Page su | pported |      |   |   | 02h     |  |  |
| 6     |      |                |   | Page su | pported |      |   |   | 03h     |  |  |
| 7     |      |                |   | Page su | pported |      |   |   | 0Ch     |  |  |
| 8     |      |                |   | Page su | pported |      |   |   | 31h     |  |  |
| 9     |      |                |   | Page su | pported |      |   |   | 3Eh     |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> With "Support Log Page 0Ch" feature active in FT5 setting as described in the M2488 User's Guide.

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Table 4-37. Log Sense Page 02h, Error Counter Page - Write

|          |          |  |                                      | Bl            | TS           |            |            |      | DEFAULT    |  |  |
|----------|----------|--|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|------------|------|------------|--|--|
| BYTES    | 7        | 6  | 5                                    | 4             | 3            | 2          | 1          | 0    | VALUE      |  |  |
| 0        | Res      | served   |                                      | •             | Page         | Code       | •          |      | 02h        |  |  |
| 1        |          |  |                                      | Rese          | erved        |            |            |      | 00h        |  |  |
| 2-<br>3  | MSB      | -  |                                      | Page I        | Length       |            |            | LSB  | - 0084h    |  |  |
| WRITE ER | RORS RE  | ECOVERED   | BY ECC                               |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 4-       | MSB      | _  |                                      | Paramet       | ter Code     |            |            |      | 0000h      |  |  |
| 5        | DII      | DC 1   | map 1                                | ETFC 0        |              | IG 0       | D 1        | LSB  | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 6        | DU       | DS=1   |                                      |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 7        |          | Parameter Length (08h)   |                                      |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 8-       | MSB      | MSB Number of Write Data Checks Recovered By ECC (i.e. Errors corrected without substantial delay) |                                      |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 15       |          | LSB  |                                      |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| WRITE ER | RORS DE  | ETECTED B  | SY FIRMWA                            | ARE           |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 16-      | MSB      | 0001h  |                                      |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 17       |          | 1  | Parameter Code LSB                   |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 18       | DU       | DS=1   | DS=1 TSD=1 ETC=0 TMC=0 Reserved LP=0 |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 19       |          |  |                                      | Paramete      | er Length    |            |            |      | 08h        |  |  |
| 20-      | MSB      | N  |                                      | rite Data Che |              | -          | ware       |      |            |  |  |
| 27       |          |  | (i.e. Erro                           | or corrected  | with possibl | e delays)  |            | LSB  |            |  |  |
| TOTAL W  | RITE BLO | OCKS CORI  | RECTED B                             | Y INTERNA     | AL ERROF     | R RECOVE   | ERY ACTION | NS   |            |  |  |
| 28-      | MSB      | _  |                                      | Paramet       | tar Coda     |            |            |      | 0003h      |  |  |
| 29       |          |  |                                      | 1 arannei     |              |            |            | LSB  | 000311     |  |  |
| 30       | DU       | DS=1   | TSD=1                                | ETC=0         | TM           | IC=0       | Reserved   | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 31       |          |  |                                      | Paramete      | er Length    |            |            |      | 08h        |  |  |
| 32-      | MSB      | Т-4-1 33   | /wita D11- /                         | Compatal      | intom-15     | Da         | n. A atic  |      |            |  |  |
| 39       |          | - Iotal W  | nte Blocks                           | Corrected by  | internal Eri | or Kecover | y Actions  | LSB  | <u> </u>   |  |  |
| TOTAL W  | RITE BYT | TES  |                                      |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 40-      | MSB      | MSB Perconator Code  |                                      |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 41       |          | Parameter Code  LSB  |                                      |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 42       | DU       | DS=1   | TSD=1                                | ETC=0         | TM           | IC=0       | Reserved   | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 43       |          | •  | •                                    | Paramete      | er Length    |            | •          |      | 08h        |  |  |
| 44-      | MSB      | MSB Total Bytes Written to Tape  |                                      |               |              |            |            |      |            |  |  |
| 51       |          |  | 1                                    | otai bytes W  |              | pe<br>     |            | LSB  |            |  |  |

Table 4-37. Log Sense Page 02h, Error Counter Page - Write (Continued)

|           |  |  |              | Bl                                     | TS            |               |                                |             | DEEATH            |  |  |
|-----------|--|--|--------------|--|---------------|---------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|
| BYTES     | 7                                      | 6  | 5            | 4                                      | 3             | 2             | 1                              | 0           | DEFAULT<br>VALUE  |  |  |
| BYTES TR  | ANSFERR                                | LED FROM   | INITIATO     | R                                      |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 52-       | MSB                                    |  |              | Darama                                 | ter Code      |               |                                |             | 9000h             |  |  |
| 53        |  | -<br>1   | ı            | rarame                                 | ter Code      |               | 1                              | LSB         | 9000fi            |  |  |
| 54        | DU                                     | DS=1   | TSD=1        | ETC=0                                  | TM            | C=0           | Reserved                       | LP=0        | E0h or 60h        |  |  |
| 55        |  |  |              | Paramet                                | er Length     |               |                                |             | 08h               |  |  |
| 56-       | MSB                                    | -  | Total I      | Bytes Transf                           | erred from I  | nitiator      |                                |             | -                 |  |  |
| 63        |  | LSB  OATA RETRANSMISSIONS REQUIRED FOR OTHER THAN SCSI INTERFACE |              |  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| HOST WR   |  | RETRANS  | SMISSIONS    | REQUIRE                                | D FOR OT      | HER THA       | N SCSI INT                     | ERFACE E    | ERRORS            |  |  |
| 64-<br>65 | —————————————————————————————————————— |  |              |  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 66        | DU                                     | DS=1   | TSD=1        | ETC=0                                  | TM            | C=0           | Reserved                       | LP=0        | E0h or 60h        |  |  |
|           | Do                                     | DS-1   | 13D-1        |  |               | .C=0          | 110501100                      | LI –0       | 08h               |  |  |
| 67        | MCD                                    | Т-4-1 П4   | W.: J        |  | er Length     | . 1 4 - 1     | :-1                            |             | Oon               |  |  |
| 68-<br>75 | MSB                                    |  |              |  |               |               | ried for other<br>ssive expan- | LSB         |                   |  |  |
| 15        |  | sion, etc.)  |              |  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| HOST WR   | TE BLOC                                | CKS RECOV  | ERED BY      | USE OF IN                              | TERNAL I      | RECOVER       | Y BUFFER                       |             |                   |  |  |
| 76-<br>77 | MSB                                    | Parameter Code ———   |              |  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 78        | DU                                     | DS=1   | TSD=1        | ETC=0                                  | TM            | C=0           | Reserved                       | LSB<br>LP=0 | E0h or 60h        |  |  |
|           | DU                                     | DS=1   | 13D=1        |  |               | .C=0          | Reserved                       | LP=0        | 08h               |  |  |
| 79        | MCD                                    |  |              | Paramet                                | er Length     |               |                                |             | Oon               |  |  |
| 80-87     | MSB                                    | - Total Host V   | Write Operat | ions Recove                            | red by use of | f internal re | covery buffer                  | LSB         | 1                 |  |  |
| TOTAL W   | RITE BLO                               | OCKS   |              |  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 88-       | MSB                                    |  |              |  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 89        |  | -  |              | Paramet                                | ter Code      |               |                                | LSB         | 9003h             |  |  |
| 90        | DU                                     | DS=1   | TSD=1        | ETC=0                                  | TM            | C=0           | Reserved                       | LP=0        | E0h or 60h        |  |  |
| 91        |  |  | I            | Paramet                                | er Length     |               |                                |             | 08h               |  |  |
| 92-       | MSB                                    |  | I.D I        | ************************************** | / 1 1º        |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 99        |  | - 1  | Total Blocks | Written to ta                          | ipe (excludii | ng tapemari   | XS)                            | LSB         |                   |  |  |
| TOTAL TA  | PEMARK                                 | S WRITTE   | N            |  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 100-      | MSB                                    | ——— Parameter Code ————  |              |  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 101       |  | 1  | LSB          | 9004h                                  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 102       | DU                                     | DS=1   | TSD=1        | ETC=0                                  | TM            | C=0           | 0                              | LP=0        | E0h or 60h<br>08h |  |  |
| 103       |  | Parameter Length   |              |  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 104-      | MSB                                    | Total Tapemarks Written to Tape                                  |              |  |               |               |                                |             |                   |  |  |
| 111       |  |  |              | •                                      |               | •             |                                | LSB         |                   |  |  |

Table 4-37. Log Sense Page 02h, Error Counter Page - Write (Continued)

|          |           |   |              | BI          | TS           |             |          |      | DEFAULT    |  |  |
|----------|-----------|---|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|----------|------|------------|--|--|
| BYTES    | 7         | 6   | 5            | 4           | 3            | 2           | 1        | 0    | VALUE      |  |  |
| ERASE GA | APS DUE T | O RETRY   |              |             |              |             |          |      |            |  |  |
| 112-     | MSB       | _   |              | Paramet     | or Codo      |             |          |      | 9005h      |  |  |
| 113      |           |   |              | 1 aramet    | er Code      |             |          | LSB  | 900311     |  |  |
| 114      | DU        | DS=1 TSD=1 ETC=0 TMC=0 Reserved LP=0                  |              |             |              |             |          |      |            |  |  |
| 115      |           | Parameter Length                                      |              |             |              |             |          |      |            |  |  |
| 116-     | MSB       | MSB Total Number of Errors Cons (EBC) Due to Pater    |              |             |              |             |          |      |            |  |  |
| 123      |           | Total Number of Erase Gaps (ERG) Due to Retry  LSB    |              |             |              |             |          |      |            |  |  |
| HOST BLO | OCKS WRI  | TTEN INT  | O AN EDRO    | C SUPERBL   | <b>LOCK</b>  |             |          |      |            |  |  |
| 124-     | MSB       | _   |              | Paramet     | or Codo      |             | _        |      | 9006h      |  |  |
| 125      |           | _   |              | 1 aramet    | er Code      |             |          | LSB  | 9000II     |  |  |
| 126      | DU        | DS=1  | TSD=1        | ETC=0       | TM           | C=0         | Reserved | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 127      |           | Parameter Length                                      |              |             |              |             |          |      |            |  |  |
| 128-     | MSB       | MSB Total Host Blocks Written into an EDRC Superblock |              |             |              |             |          |      |            |  |  |
| 135      |           | 10  | otal Host Di | JCKS WITHCH | into all EDI | xe superbit | <u></u>  | LSB  |            |  |  |

Table 4-38. Log Sense Page 03h, Error Counter Page - Read

|                              |          |                     |                    | BI                       | ΓS       |      |             |      | DEFAULT    |  |
|------------------------------|----------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------|------|-------------|------|------------|--|
| BYTES                        | 7        | 6                   | 5                  | 4                        | 3        | 2    | 1           | 0    | VALUE      |  |
| 0                            | Rese     | rved                |                    |                          | Page     | Code |             |      | 03h        |  |
| 1                            |          |                     |                    | Rese                     | rved     |      |             |      | 00h        |  |
| 2-<br>3                      | MSB      | MSB Page Length LSB |                    |                          |          |      |             |      |            |  |
| READ ERRORS RECOVERED BY ECC |          |                     |                    |                          |          |      |             |      |            |  |
| 4-<br>5                      | MSB      | Parameter Code LSB  |                    |                          |          |      |             |      |            |  |
| 6                            | DU       | DS=1                | TSD=1              | ETC=0                    | TM       | C=0  | 0           | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |
| 7                            |          |                     |                    | Paramete                 | r Length |      |             |      | 08h        |  |
| 8-<br>15                     | MSB      | Number of           |                    | a Checks Reed without so | -        |      | Errors cor- | LSB  |            |  |
| READ ERR                     | ORS DETE | CTED BY             | FIRMWA             | RE                       |          |      |             |      |            |  |
| 16-<br>17                    | MSB      | -                   | Parameter Code LSB |                          |          |      |             |      |            |  |
| 18                           | DU       | DS=1                | TSD=1              | ETC=0                    | TM       | C=0  | 0           | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |

Table 4-38. Log Sense Page 03h, Error Counter Page - Read (Continued)

|           |                                      |   |                               | BI          | ΓS                            |         |            |      | DEFAULT    |  |  |  |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---------|------------|------|------------|--|--|--|
| BYTES     | 7                                    | 6   | 5                             | 4           | 3                             | 2       | 1          | 0    | VALUE      |  |  |  |
| 19        |                                      |   |                               | Paramete    | r Length                      |         |            |      | 08h        |  |  |  |
| 20-<br>27 | MSB                                  | Number  |                               |             | etected By l<br>possible dela |         | .e. Errors | LSB  |            |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ERI | RORS COR                             | RECTED  |                               |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| 28-<br>29 | MSB                                  | -   |                               | Paramet     | er Code                       |         |            | LSB  | 0003h      |  |  |  |
| 30        | DU                                   | DS=1  | DS=1 TSD=1 ETC=0 TMC=0 0 LP=0 |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| 31        |                                      |   |                               | Paramete    | r Length                      |         | •          |      | 08h        |  |  |  |
| 32-<br>39 | MSB                                  | MSB Total Read Errors Corrected by Internal Error recovery  LSB   |                               |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| TOTAL REA | AD (FORW                             | O (FORWARD) BYTES   |                               |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| 40-<br>41 | MSB                                  |   |                               |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| 42        | DU                                   | DS=1  | TSD=1                         | ETC=0       | TMO                           | C=0     | 0          | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |  |
| 43        |                                      | Parameter Length  |                               |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| 44-<br>51 | MSB                                  | MSB Total Bytes Read from Tape                                    |                               |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| BYTES TRA | 51 LSB YTES TRANSFERRED TO INITIATOR |   |                               |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| 52-<br>53 | MSB                                  |   |                               | Paramet     | er Code                       |         |            | LSB  | 9010h      |  |  |  |
| 54        | DU                                   | DS=1  | TSD=1                         | ETC=0       | TMO                           | C=0     | 0          | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |  |
| 55        |                                      |   | I.                            | Paramete    | r Length                      |         |            |      | 08h        |  |  |  |
| 56-<br>63 | MSB                                  |   | Total                         | Bytes Trans | sferred to In                 | itiator |            | LSB  |            |  |  |  |
| TOTAL REA | AD BLOCK                             | S THAT V  | VERE REC                      | CORDED II   | N EDRC FO                     | ORMAT   |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| 64-<br>65 | MSB                                  |   |                               | Paramet     | er Code                       |         |            | LSB  | 9011h      |  |  |  |
| 66        | DU                                   | DS=1  | TSD=1                         | ETC=0       | TMO                           | C=0     | 0          | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |  |
| 67        |                                      | l   | I .                           | Paramete    | r Length                      |         | 1          |      | 08h        |  |  |  |
| 68-<br>75 | MSB                                  | Parameter Length  MSB Total Blocks Read (excluding filemarks) LSB |                               |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| TOTAL TAI | PE MARKS READ                        |   |                               |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| 76-<br>77 | MSB                                  | MSB Parameter Code LSB  |                               |             |                               |         |            |      |            |  |  |  |
| 78        | DU                                   | DS=1  | TSD=1                         | ETC=0       | TMO                           | C=0     | 0          | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |  |

Table 4-38. Log Sense Page 03h, Error Counter Page - Read (Continued)

|   |      |  |              | BI            | ΓS             |             |             |      | DEFAULT     |  |  |
|---|------|--|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|------|-------------|--|--|
| BYTES   | 7    | 6  | 5            | 4             | 3              | 2           | 1           | 0    | VALUE       |  |  |
| 79  |      | !  |              | Parameter     | r Length       |             |             | •    | 08h         |  |  |
| 80-   | MSB  | _  | ı            | Total Tape I  | Marks Read     |             |             |      |             |  |  |
| 87  |      |  |              | 10tai Tape I  | viaiks Reau    |             |             | LSB  |             |  |  |
| TOTAL READ BLOCKS THAT WERE NOT RECORDED IN EDRC FORMAT       |      |  |              |               |                |             |             |      |             |  |  |
| 88-   | MSB  | _  |              | Paramet       | er Code        |             |             |      | 9013h       |  |  |
| 89  |      | 1  | LSB          |               |                |             |             |      |             |  |  |
| 90  | DU   | DS=1   | TSD=1        | ETC=0         | TMO            | C=0         | 0           | LP=0 | E0h or 60h  |  |  |
| 91  |      |  |              | Parameter     | r Length       |             |             |      | 08h         |  |  |
| 92-   | MSB  | Total Bloc   | ks Read tha  | t were not re |                | DRC form    | at (exclud- |      |             |  |  |
| 99  |      | ing filemarks) LSB   |              |               |                |             |             |      |             |  |  |
| TOTAL HOST BLOCKS CONTAINED IN PHYSICAL BLOCKS READ FROM TAPE |      |  |              |               |                |             |             |      |             |  |  |
| 100-  | MSB  | _  |              | Paramet       | er Code        |             |             |      | 9014h       |  |  |
| 101   |      | 1  | ı            | 1 dramet      | er code        |             | 1           | LSB  | , , , , , , |  |  |
| 102   | DU   | DS=1   | TSD=1        | ETC=0         | TMC            | C=0         | 0           | LP=0 | E0h or 60h  |  |  |
| 103   |      |  |              | Parameter     | r Length       |             |             |      | 08h         |  |  |
| 104-  | MSB  | Total Hos  | rt Pleaks Co | ontained in F | Obvisional Dlo | alsa Dand E | rom Tono    |      |             |  |  |
| 111   |      | - Total Hos  | ot Blocks CC |               | Tiysicai bio   | cks Keau F  | Tom Tape    | LSB  |             |  |  |
| READ RET  | RIES |  |              |               |                |             |             |      | _           |  |  |
| 112-  | MSB  | _  |              | Paramet       | er Code        |             |             |      | 9015h       |  |  |
| 113   |      | 1  |              | - T drumet    |                |             | <u> </u>    | LSB  | 701311      |  |  |
| 114   | DU   | DU         DS=1         TSD=1         ETC=0         TMC=0         0         LP=0 |              |               |                |             |             |      |             |  |  |
| 115   |      |  | 08h          |               |                |             |             |      |             |  |  |
| 116-  | MSB  | MSB Read Retries   |              |               |                |             |             |      |             |  |  |
| 123   |      |  |              | Keau r        | Cuics          |             |             | LSB  |             |  |  |

Table 4-39. Log Sense Page 0Ch, Sequential-Access Device Page

|           |   |  |                            | BI         | TS         |      |              |      | DEFAULT    |  |  |
|-----------|---|--|----------------------------|------------|------------|------|--------------|------|------------|--|--|
| BYTES     | 7   | 6  | 5                          | 4          | 3          | 2    | 1            | 0    | VALUE      |  |  |
| 0         | Res   | served   |                            |            | Page       | Code | ·            |      | 0Ch        |  |  |
| 1         |   |  |                            | Rese       | rved       |      |              |      | 00h        |  |  |
| 2-<br>3   | MSB   | _  |                            | Page I     | ength      |      |              | LSB  | 003Ch      |  |  |
| WRITE DA  | TA BYTE   | ES RECEIV  | ED FROM                    | THE INITIA | TOR        |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| 4-<br>5   | MSB   | _  |                            | Paramet    | er Code    |      |              | LSB  | 0000h      |  |  |
| 6         | DU  | DS=1   | TSD=1                      | ETC=0      | TM         | C=0  | Reserved     | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 7         |   |  | Parameter Length (08h)     |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| 8-        | MSB Number of data bytes received from the initiator during Write command                   |  |                            |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| 15        | operations. LSB   |  |                            |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| DATA BYT  | ES WRIT   | TEN TO TA  | APE                        |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| 16-<br>17 | MSB   | -  | Parameter Code LSB         |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| 18        | DU  | DS=1   | TSD=1                      | LP=0       | E0h or 60h |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| 19        |   | 1  | Parameter Length           |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| 20-<br>27 | MSB   |  | data bytes wations, not co |            |            |      | ommand oper- | LSB  |            |  |  |
| DATA BYT  | ES READ   | FROM TA  | PE                         |            |            |      |              | 252  |            |  |  |
| 28-<br>29 | MSB   | _  |                            | Paramet    | er Code    |      |              | LSB  | 0002h      |  |  |
| 30        | DU  | DS=1   | TSD=1                      | ETC=0      | TM         | C=0  | Reserved     | LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 31        |   |  | 1                          | Paramete   | er Length  |      |              |      | 08h        |  |  |
| 32-<br>39 | MSB   |  | f data bytes r             |            |            |      | nmand opera- | LSB  |            |  |  |
| READ DAT  | L<br>TA BYTES   | SENT TO  |                            |            |            |      |              | Lob  |            |  |  |
| 40-<br>41 | MSB   | _  |                            | Paramet    | er Code    |      |              |      | 0003h      |  |  |
| 42        | DU  | DS=1         TSD=1         ETC=0         TMC=0         Reserved         LP=0 |                            |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| 42        |   | <u></u>  | E0h or 60h<br>08h          |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |
|           | Parameter Length  MSB Number of data bytes sent to the initiator during Read command opera- |  |                            |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| 44-<br>51 | MSB Number of data bytes sent to the initiator during Read command operations.  LSB         |  |                            |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |
| CLEANING  | G REQUIE  | RED  |                            |            |            |      |              |      |            |  |  |

LSB

**BITS DEFAULT** VALUE **BYTES** 7 5 4 2 6 3 1 0 MSB 52-Parameter Code 0100h 53 LSB TSD=1 ETC=0 Reserved E0h or 60h 54 DU DS=1TMC=0LP=008h 55 Parameter Length 00h**56** Cln Req 3 Reserved Reserved Reserved Reserved Reserved Reserved Reserved MSB 00h57-Reserved 63

Table 4-39. Log Sense Page 0Ch, Sequential-Access Device Page (Continued)

Table 4-40. Log Sense Page 31h, Track Error Statistics

|                           |   |          |              | BI   | ΓS            |               |           |             | DEFAULT    |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|----------|--------------|--|---------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|------------|--|--|
| BYTES                     | 7   | 6        | 5            | 4  | 3             | 2             | 1         | 0           | VALUE      |  |  |
| 0                         | Rese  | erved    |              |  | Page          | Code          |           |             | 31h        |  |  |
| 1                         |   |          |              | Rese   | rved          |               |           |             | 00h        |  |  |
| 2-                        | MSB   | -        |              | Page I   | enoth         |               |           |             | - 00D8h    |  |  |
| 3                         |   |          |              |  |               |               |           | LSB         | 00Bon      |  |  |
| ERROR STATISTICS BY TRACK |   |          |              |  |               |               |           |             |            |  |  |
| 4-                        | MSB   | -        |              | Paramet  | er Code       |               |           |             | 9001h      |  |  |
| 5                         |   |          |              | TSD=1         ETC=0         TMC=0         0         LP=0 |               |               |           |             |            |  |  |
| 6                         | DU  | DS=1     | TSD=1        | ETC=0  | TM            | C=0           | 0         | LP=0        | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 7                         | Parameter Length  |          |              |  |               |               |           |             |            |  |  |
| 8-                        | MSB Number of ECC correctable read/write errors detected on track 1 |          |              |  |               |               |           |             |            |  |  |
| 15                        | Map   |          |              |  |               |               |           | LSB         |            |  |  |
| 16-<br>17                 | MSB   | -        |              | Paramet  | er Code       |               |           | LSB         | 9002h      |  |  |
| 18                        | DU  | DS=1     | TSD=1        | ETC=0  | TM            | C=0           | 0         | LSB<br>LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |
|                           | Во  | D5-1     | 13D-1        |  |               |               | 0         | Li =0       |            |  |  |
| 19                        | MSB   |          |              | Paramete   | r Length      |               |           |             | 08h        |  |  |
| 20-<br>27                 | MSB   | - Number | r of ECC cor | rectable read  | l/write error | s detected or | n track 2 | LSB         |            |  |  |
| 28-                       | MSB   |          |              |  |               |               |           |             |            |  |  |
| 29                        |   | -        |              | Paramet  | er Code       |               |           | LSB         | 9003h      |  |  |
| 30                        | DU  | DS=1     | TSD=1        | ETC=0  | TM            | C=0           | 0         | LP=0        | E0h or 60h |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Note: The Cln Req bit of 1 indicates cleaning is required and a subsequent cleaning cycle has not been completed. The cleaning required parameter persists across hard resets and power cycles. This bit is reported as 0 following a successful cleaning cycle.

Table 4-40. Log Sense Page 31h, Track Error Statistics (Continued)

|           |                    |   |                               | BI             | ΓS             |               |            |             | DEFAULT    |  |  |
|-----------|--------------------|---|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|--|--|
| BYTES     | 7                  | 6   | 5                             | 4              | 3              | 2             | 1          | 0           | VALUE      |  |  |
| 31        |                    |   | !                             | Paramete       | r Length       |               | !          | •           | 08h        |  |  |
| 32-       | MSB                | - Number  | r of FCC cor                  | rrectable read | l/write error  | s detected or | n track 3  |             |            |  |  |
| 39        |                    | Tumber  | - Lee col                     | Tectable read  | i, write error | s detected of | ir track 3 | LSB         |            |  |  |
| 40-<br>41 | MSB                | -   |                               | Paramet        | er Code        |               |            | LSB         | 9004h      |  |  |
| 42        | DU                 | DS=1  | TSD=1                         | ETC=0          | TM             | C=0           | 0          | LP=0        | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 43        |                    |   | 155-1                         | Paramete       |                |               |            | Li -0       | 08h        |  |  |
| 44-       | MSB                |   |                               | 1 dramete      | - Length       |               |            |             |            |  |  |
| 51        | IVISB              | - Number  | r of ECC co                   | rrectable read | d/write error  | s detected or | n track 4  | LSB         |            |  |  |
| 52-       | MSB                | =   |                               | Paramet        | er Code        |               |            |             | 9005h      |  |  |
| 53        |                    | 1   | 1                             | 1 4141110      |                |               | 1          | LSB         | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 54        | DU                 | DS=1  |                               |                |                |               |            |             |            |  |  |
| 55        |                    | Parameter Length  |                               |                |                |               |            |             |            |  |  |
| 56-<br>63 | MSB                | MSB Number of ECC correctable read/write errors detected on track 5 LSB |                               |                |                |               |            |             |            |  |  |
| 64-       | MSB                | MSB   |                               |                |                |               |            |             |            |  |  |
| 65        | Parameter Code LSB |   |                               |                |                |               |            |             | 9006h      |  |  |
| 66        | DU                 | DS=1  | DS=1 TSD=1 ETC=0 TMC=0 0 LP=0 |                |                |               |            |             |            |  |  |
| 67        |                    |   |                               | Parameter L    | ength (08h)    |               |            | 1           | 08h        |  |  |
| 68-       | MSB                | - Number  | r of ECC cor                  | rrectable read | l/write error  | s detected or | n track 6  |             |            |  |  |
| 75        |                    | Number  | - COLLECTION                  | Tectable read  | 1/ WITE CITOI  | s detected of | ir track 0 | LSB         |            |  |  |
| 76-<br>77 | MSB                | _   |                               | Paramet        | er Code        |               |            | LSB         | 9007h      |  |  |
| 78        | DU                 | DS=1  | TSD=1                         | ETC=0          | TM             | C-0           | 0          | LSB<br>LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 79        |                    | D0-1  |                               | Parameter L    |                |               |            | L1 =0       | 08h        |  |  |
| 80-       | MSB                |   |                               |                |                |               |            |             |            |  |  |
| 87        |                    | - Number  | r of ECC co                   | rrectable read | d/write error  | s detected or | n track 7  | LSB         |            |  |  |
| 88-       | MSB                |   |                               | Paramet        | er Code        |               |            |             | 9008h      |  |  |
| 89        |                    | 1   | 1                             | 1              |                |               |            | LSB         |            |  |  |
| 90        | DU                 | DS=1  | TSD=1                         | ETC=0          | TM             | C=0           | 0          | LP=0        | E0h or 60h |  |  |
| 91        |                    |   |                               | Paramete       | r Length       |               |            |             | 08h        |  |  |
| 92-<br>99 | MSB                | - Number  | r of ECC co                   | rrectable read | l/write error  | s detected or | n track 8  |             |            |  |  |
| 100-      | MSB                |   |                               |                |                |               |            | LSB         |            |  |  |
| 100-      | 111010             | -   |                               | Paramet        | er Code        |               |            | LSB         | 9009h      |  |  |
| 102       | DU                 | DS=1  | TSD=1                         | ETC=0          | TM             | C=0           | 0          | LP=0        | E0h or 60h |  |  |
|           |                    | I .   |                               | I              |                |               | l          | 1           |            |  |  |

Table 4-40. Log Sense Page 31h, Track Error Statistics (Continued)

|             |                         |   |              | BI            | ΓS             |               |           |             | DEFAULT    |  |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|--------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|------------|--|
| BYTES       | 7                       | 6   | 5            | 4             | 3              | 2             | 1         | 0           | VALUE      |  |
| 103         |                         | •   | •            | Paramete      | r Length       |               | •         |             | 08h        |  |
| 104-        | MSB                     | - Number  | r of ECC cor | rectable read | d/write errors | s detected or | n track 9 |             |            |  |
| 111         | 1400                    |   |              |               |                |               |           | LSB         |            |  |
| 112-<br>113 | MSB                     | -   |              | Paramet       | ter Code       |               |           | LSB         | 900Ah      |  |
| 114         | DU                      | DS=1  | TSD=1        | ETC=0         | TM             | C=0           | 0         | LP=0        | E0h or 60h |  |
| 115         |                         |   |              | Paramete      | r Length       |               |           |             | 08h        |  |
| 116-        | MSB                     | N. 1  | f.E.G.G      |               |                | 1 1           | 1 10      |             |            |  |
| 123         |                         | - Number  | of ECC cori  | rectable read | /write errors  | detected on   | track 10  | LSB         |            |  |
| 124-<br>125 | MSB                     | _   |              | Paramet       | ter Code       |               |           |             | 900Bh      |  |
| 126         | DU                      | DS=1  | TSD=1        | ETC=0         | TM             |               | 0         | LSB<br>LP=0 | E0h or 60h |  |
| 127         |                         | DS=1   TSD=1   ETC=0   TMC=0   0   LP=0  Parameter Length             |              |               |                |               |           |             |            |  |
| 128-        | MSB                     |   |              |               |                |               |           |             |            |  |
| 135         | 1,102                   | Number of ECC correctable read/write errors detected on track 11  LSB |              |               |                |               |           |             |            |  |
| 136-        | MSB Parameter Code ———— |   |              |               |                |               |           |             |            |  |
| 137         | LSB                     |   |              |               |                |               |           |             |            |  |
| 138         | DU                      | DS=1  | TSD=1        | ETC=0         | TM             | C=0           | 0         | LP=0        | E0h or 60h |  |
| 139         | Man                     |   |              | Paramete      | er Length      |               |           |             | 08h        |  |
| 140-<br>147 | MSB                     | - Number  | of ECC corr  | rectable read | /write errors  | detected on   | track 12  | LSB         | -          |  |
| 148-        | MSB                     |   |              | D .           | - C 1          |               |           |             | 000001     |  |
| 149         |                         | -   |              | Paramet       | er Code        |               |           | LSB         | 900Dh      |  |
| 150         | DU                      | DS=1  | TSD=1        | ETC=0         | TM             | C=0           | 0         | LP=0        | E0h or 60h |  |
| 151         |                         |   |              | Paramete      | r Length       |               |           |             | 08h        |  |
| 152-<br>159 | MSB                     | - Number  | of ECC corr  | rectable read | /write errors  | detected on   | track 13  |             |            |  |
| 160-        | MSB                     |   |              |               |                |               |           | LSB         |            |  |
| 161         | Wisb                    | _   |              | Paramet       | ter Code       |               |           | LSB         | 900Eh      |  |
| 162         | DU                      | DS=1  | TSD=1        | ETC=0         | TM             | C=0           | 0         | LP=0        | E0h or 60h |  |
| 163         |                         | ı   | 1            | Paramete      | r Length       |               |           | 1           | 08h        |  |
| 164-        | MSB                     | - Number  | of ECC cor   | rectable read | /write errors  | detected on   | track 14  |             |            |  |
| 171         | 1.00                    | Tuilloci  | 51 LCC 6011  | . comore redu | , ,,,,,,,      |               | . auch 17 | LSB         |            |  |
| 172-<br>173 | MSB                     | -   |              | Paramet       | ter Code       |               |           | LSB         | 900Fh      |  |
| 174         | DU                      | DS=1  | TSD=1        | ETC=0         | TM             | C=0           | 0         | LP=0        | E0h or 60h |  |
|             | -                       |   |              |               |                |               |           |             |            |  |

|       |                    |  |             | BI           | rc           |              | •        | •    |                  |  |
|-------|--------------------|--|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------|------|------------------|--|
|       | _                  |  | _           |              |              |              |          |      | DEFAULT<br>VALUE |  |
| BYTES | 7                  | 6  | 5           | 4            | 3            | 2            | 1        | 0    | VALUE            |  |
| 175   |                    |  |             | Paramete     | r Length     |              |          |      | 08h              |  |
| 176-  | MSB                | Number   | of ECC com  | ectable read | humita amana | datastad on  | track 15 |      |                  |  |
| 183   |                    | Number   | of ECC con  | ectable lead | write errors | detected on  | Hack 13  | LSB  |                  |  |
| 184-  | MSB                | _  |             | Paramet      | er Code      |              |          |      | 9010h            |  |
| 185   |                    | LSB  |             |              |              |              |          |      |                  |  |
| 186   | DU                 | DS=1   | TSD=1       | ETC=0        | TMO          | C=0          | 0        | LP=0 | E0h or 60h       |  |
| 187   |                    | Parameter Length   |             |              |              |              |          |      |                  |  |
| 188-  | MSB                | MSB Number of ECC correctable read/write errors detected on track 16 |             |              |              |              |          |      |                  |  |
| 195   |                    | LSB  |             |              |              |              |          |      |                  |  |
| 196-  | MSB Parameter Code |  |             |              |              |              |          |      | 9011h            |  |
| 197   |                    | 1  |             | T dramet     |              |              |          | LSB  | <b>701111</b>    |  |
| 198   | DU                 | DS=1   | TSD=1       | ETC=0        | TMO          | C=0          | 0        | LP=0 | E0h or 60h       |  |
| 199   |                    |  |             | Paramete     | r Length     |              |          |      | 08h              |  |
| 200-  | MSB                | Number   | of ECC corr | ectable read | humita amana | datastad on  | trook 17 |      |                  |  |
| 207   |                    | Number   | of ECC con  | ectable lead | write errors | detected on  | Hack 17  | LSB  |                  |  |
| 208-  | MSB                | _  |             | Paramet      | er Code      |              |          |      | 9012h            |  |
| 209   |                    | 1  |             | - Turumet    |              |              |          | LSB  | <b>7012</b> II   |  |
| 210   | DU                 | DS=1   | TSD=1       | ETC=0        | TMO          | C=0          | 0        | LP=0 | E0h or 60h       |  |
| 211   |                    |  |             | Paramete     | r Length     |              |          |      | 08h              |  |
| 212-  | MSB                | Number   | of ECC corr | ectable read | write errors | detected on  | track 18 |      |                  |  |
| 219   |                    | Number   | or Ecc con  | cciabic icau | witte ci1018 | detected Off | HACK TO  | LSB  |                  |  |

Table 4-40. Log Sense Page 31h, Track Error Statistics (Continued)

# \*\* NOTE \*\*

The sum of ECC correctable errors by track may not be equal to the total number of Read Data checks recovered by ECC. These hardware indicators are transitory and reflect only the tracks correcting at the end of the read or read after write operation.

# 4-3.10.4 LOG SENSE Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data to tape.   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Writing buffered data to tape failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Write buffered data to tape failed due to a hardware error.  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the LOG SENSE command.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> <li>The Page Code field contained values other than 00h, 02h, 03h, 0Ch, 31h, and 3Eh.</li> <li>The PPC field contained a value other than 0b.</li> <li>The PC field contained a value other than 01b.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the LOG SENSE command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |

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## 4-3.11 LOOP WRITE TO READ command C1h

The LOOP WRITE TO READ (LWR) command transfers one block of data from the initiator and performs an internal LWR operation. This command is used to check the controller's data and control path; the data path checked includes the analog circuitry. After the receipt of a valid LWR command, tape synchronization is performed prior to execution of the LOOP WRITE TO READ operation.

## 4-3.11.1 LOOP WRITE TO READ CDB Description

LOOP WRITE TO READ is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-41. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |                 |              |      | ВІ    | TS    |   |      |      |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------|--------------|------|-------|-------|---|------|------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7               | 6            | 5    | 4     | 3     | 2 | 1    | 0    |  |  |  |
| 0     | 1               | 1            | 0    | 0     | 0     | 0 | 0    | 1    |  |  |  |
| 1     |                 | LUN Reserved |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 2     | MSB             | MSB          |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 3     | Transfer Length |              |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 4     | LSB             |              |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 5     |                 |              |      | Rese  | erved |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 6     |                 |              |      | Rese  | erved |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 7     |                 |              |      | Rese  | erved |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 8     |                 | Reserved     |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 9     |                 |              | Rese | erved |       |   | Flag | Link |  |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-41. LOOP WRITE TO READ Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | C1h   | Operation code.   |
| 1    | 0   | 0     | The Fixed bit specifies both the meaning of the transfer length field and whether fixed-length or variable-length block(s) are to be transferred.  If the Fixed bit is zero, a single block is transferred from the initiator and looped through the controller.  If the Fixed bit is set to one, the transfer length field specifies the number of block(s) to be transferred from the initiator. This form of the LWR command is valid only if the logical unit is currently operating in fixed block mode (i.e., it has been instructed to use fixed-length blocks by a MODE SELECT command). Only a block count of 0 or 1 may be specified. |
| 2-4  |     |       | The Transfer Length specifies the length of the block to be transferred from the initiator.  If the transfer length specified by the LWR command is 0, no data is transferred and this condition is not considered an error.  |

Data is transferred in the mode selected by the MODE SELECT command.

## 4-3.11.2 LOOP WRITE TO READ CHECK CONDITION Status

This control unit implements both fixed-block and variable-block modes. If the Fixed bit is one and the current mode is variable (as set by MODE SELECT command or default power on condition) the command is rejected with a CHECK CONDITION and a sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST. If the Fixed bit is zero, the LWR command operates in variable block mode regardless of the current mode set by MODE SELECT.

If the LWR operation fails, CHECK CONDITION status is generated and the sense key is set to HARDWARE ERROR.

## 4-3.11.3 LOOP WRITE TO READ Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | <ol> <li>Recovery was performed when transferring data from the initiator.</li> <li>Recovery was performed when writing buffered data to tape.</li> </ol>   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | Writing buffered data to tape failed due to defective tape.   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Transferring data from the initiator failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>Writing buffered data to tape failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>The loop write to read operation failed.</li> </ol>   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the LWR command.</li> <li>The Fixed bit was set to one, but the current mode is variable (as set by MODE SELECT or default power on condition).</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the LOOP WRITE TO READ command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | LWR command was aborted.  |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Buffered write data could not be written to tape because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.   |

#### 4-3.12 MODE SELECT command 15h

The MODE SELECT command provides a means for the initiator to specify medium, logical unit, and peripheral device parameters to the target by sending data relevant to such parameters in a DATA OUT phase during the command. Initiators should issue MODE SENSE prior to MODE SELECT to determine supported pages, page lengths, and other parameters. A single set of MODE SELECT parameters kept by the controller is common to all initiators for a specific LUN. The MODE SELECT command can be completed without error whether or not the LUN is ready. Buffered write data is synchronized to tape prior to activating the new mode parameters.

## 4-3.12.1 MODE SELECT CDB Description

MODE SELECT is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-42. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |   |                       |      | BI    | TS          |   |      |      |  |  |  |
|-------|---|-----------------------|------|-------|-------------|---|------|------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                     | 5    | 4     | 3           | 2 | 1    | 0    |  |  |  |
| 0     | 0 | 0                     | 0    | 1     | 0           | 1 | 0    | 1    |  |  |  |
| 1     |   | LUN                   |      | PF    | Reserved SP |   |      | SP   |  |  |  |
| 2     |   | Reserved              |      |       |             |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 3     |   |                       |      | Rese  | rved        |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 4     |   | Parameter List Length |      |       |             |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 5     |   |                       | Rese | erved |             |   | Flag | Link |  |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-42. MODE SELECT Field Description

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALU<br>E | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-----------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 15h       | Operation Code.   |
| 1    | 0   | 0         | A Save Pages (SP) bit of zero indicates the target shall perform the specified MODE SELECT operation, and shall not save any pages in non-volatile memory. A SP bit of one indicates that the target shall perform the specified MODE SELECT operation, and shall save to a non-volatile location all the savable pages sent during the DATA OUT phase. |
| 1    | 4   | 0 or 1    | A PF (Page Format) bit of 0 or 1 both indicate that the MODE SELECT parameters are structured as pages of related parameters as defined by the ANSI standard.   |
| 4    | 0-7 |           | The Parameter List Length field specifies the length in bytes of the MODE SELECT parameter list to be transferred from the initiator to the target. A parameter list length of zero indicates that no data is transferred. This condition is not considered an error.   |

The Unit Attention/Mode Parameters Changed sense data will be reported to other initiators after a Mode Select command if and only if the setting of at least one parameter was actually changed from its previous setting. Therefore, issuing a Mode Select command with parameters that are the

same as the current parameters will not result in any change or the reporting of a Unit Attention to other initiators. In any case, a Unit Attention condition due to mode parameters being changed will not be generated for the initiator that performed the MODE SELECT command.

#### 4-3.12.2 Mode Select Data

The Mode Select data to be sent by the initiator should be in the form of a four-byte header, followed by a zero or an eight-byte block descriptor, followed by zero or more variable length pages. The following table illustrates the format of the Mode Select parameter list:

Table 4-43. MODE SELECT Parameter List Format

|       |  | BITS   |  |            |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|--|--|--|------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7  | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0                                  |  |            |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 - n | Mode Parameter Header (4 bytes). See Table 4-44. |  |  |            |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 - n |  | Block Descriptor (0 or 8 bytes). See Table 4-47. |  |            |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 - n |  |  |  | Pages. See | Γable 4-49. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### **Mode Select Parameter List Header:**

Table 4-44. MODE SELECT Parameter Header

|       | BITS                  |          |      |                |               |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------------|----------|------|----------------|---------------|--------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7                     | 6        | 5    | 4              | 3             | 2      | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |                       | Reserved |      |                |               |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |                       | Reserved |      |                |               |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 2     | 0 Buffered Mode Speed |          |      |                |               |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 3     |                       |          | Bloc | k Descriptor L | ength (00h or | · 08h) |   |   |  |  |  |  |

Table 4-45. MODE SELECT Parameter Header Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 2    | 0-3 |       | The Speed field is ignored since the attached peripherals support only a single speed.  |
| 2    | 4-6 | 0h-7h | The Buffered Modes are described in Table 4-46.   |
| 3    | 0-7 |       | A single block descriptor may be specified. The Block Descriptor Length specifies the length in bytes (8) of the block descriptor, if included. |

3h -7h

BUFFERED MODE

Oh Target does not report a GOOD status on WRITE commands until the data blocks are actually written on the medium.

The Target may report GOOD status on WRITE commands as soon as all of the data specified in the WRITE command has been transferred to the buffer. Write data from multiple initiators can reside in the buffer prior to writing the data to the medium (default).

The Target may report GOOD status on WRITE commands as soon as all of the write data has successfully transferred to the target's buffer from any one initiator prior to writing the block(s) to the medium. If an initiator issued a WRITE command while the buffer contains write data from a different initiator, the target writes any buffered data to the medium prior to accepting any data from the new initiator.

Table 4-46. Buffered Mode Values

#### **Block Descriptor:**

Reserved

A Block Descriptor Length of 0 indicates no block descriptors are included in the parameter list. This condition is not considered an error. The block descriptor length does not include the length of the pages.

The block descriptor specifies the medium characteristics for all of a logical unit. The block descriptor contains the Density Code, number of blocks, and block length fields.

BITS BYTES 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 **Density Code** 1-3 Number of Blocks = 000000h4 Reserved 5-7 **Block Length** 

Table 4-47. Block Descriptor

Table 4-48. Block Descriptor Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-3 |       | Density Codes of 00h and 09h write tapes in the format described by ANSI standard X3B5/94-043 (36-track), and read tapes in the formats described by ANSI standard X3B5/94-043 (36-track), X3.180-1990 (18-track) and X3.224.1992 (18-track extended). A Density Code of 7Fh indicates the Density Code is not changed. Any other code specification is rejected with a CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST, and the additional sense key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.  NOTE: Since the ANSI SCSI-2 Standard does not define a 36-track format, we use Density Code 09h to represent the 36-track format. Density Code 28h is described in Chapter 5. |
| 1-3  |     | 0     | The Number of Blocks field must contain 0. This indicates that all of the remaining logical blocks of the logical unit have the medium characteristics specified by the block descriptor unless a subsequent MODE SELECT command changes those parameters.  |

**Table 4-48. Block Descriptor Field Description (Continued)** 

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 5-7  |     |       | The Block Length field specifies the length in bytes of each logical block described by the block descriptor. A block length of 0 indicates the length is variable. Reference the READ BLOCK LIMITS command description for the minimum and maximum block lengths supported. |

# Page Descriptor:

Table 4-49. Page Descriptors

|       |      | BITS   |  |  |  |  |  |   |
|-------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| BYTES | 7    | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 0     | PS=0 | PS=0 Reserved Page Code                              |  |  |  |  |  |   |
| 1     |      | Additional Page Length (see section 5-2 on page 5-1) |  |  |  |  |  |   |
| 2 - N |      | Page Defined or Vendor Unique Parameter Bytes        |  |  |  |  |  |   |

Table 4-50. Page Descriptor Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-5 |       | Following the block descriptor (if supplied) are MODE SELECT pages. The Page Code field identifies the format and parameters for that page. This controller supports pages 01h (Error Recovery and Reporting), 02h (Disconnect/Reconnect control), 0Ah (Control Mode Page), 10h (Device Configuration Parameters) and 00h (Vendor Unique Parameters).  |
| 0    | 7   | Oh    | When using a MODE SELECT command, the PS (Parameters Savable) bit is reserved and must be zero.  |
| 1    | 0-7 |       | The Additional Page Length indicates the number of bytes in that page. The additional page length field value does not include bytes 0 and 1 of that page (the page code and additional page length fields, respectively). If the initiator does not set this value to the value that is returned for the page by the MODE SENSE command, the target will present CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the additional sense code set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. |

If the initiator sends page fields with values that are not supported by the target or are not Changeable, the target returns a CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key field set to ILLEGAL REQUEST in the sense data. In this case, no parameters are changed by this command.

More information on the MODE SELECT command can be found in paragraph 5-2 on page 5-1.

# 4-3.12.3 MODE SELECT Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data before the buffered mode operation occurred in MODE SELECT command.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to hardware failure (e.g. transfer of MODE SELECT data failed due to hardware failure).</li> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> </ol>  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the MODE SELECT command.</li> <li>Flag bit in the MODE SELECT CDB was set and Link bit was not set.</li> <li>There is a parameter list error.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the MODE SELECT command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | MODE SELECT command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the MODE SELECT operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

## 4-3.13 MODE SENSE command 1Ah

The MODE SENSE command provides a means for a target to report its medium, logical unit, or peripheral device parameters to the initiator by sending the parameters during the data phase of this command. The MODE SENSE command is a complementary command to the MODE SELECT command.

## 4-3.13.1 MODE SENSE CDB Description

MODE SENSE is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-51. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       | BITS |                    |   |          |     |          |   |   |
|-------|------|--------------------|---|----------|-----|----------|---|---|
| BYTES | 7    | 6                  | 5 | 4        | 3   | 2        | 1 | 0 |
| 0     | 0    | 0                  | 0 | 1        | 1   | 0        | 1 | 0 |
| 1     |      | LUN                |   | Reserved | DBD | Reserved |   |   |
| 2     | P    | PC Page Code       |   |          |     |          |   |   |
| 3     |      | Reserved           |   |          |     |          |   |   |
| 4     |      | Allocation Length  |   |          |     |          |   |   |
| 5     |      | Reserved Flag Link |   |          |     |          |   |   |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-51. MODE SENSE Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 1Ah   | Operation code.   |
| 1    | 3   | 0     | The Disable Block Descriptor (DBD) bit value of 1 specifies that no block descriptor is returned in the MODE SENSE data.  When this bit is set to 0, the target will return a block descriptor in the MODE SENSE data.                  |
| 2    | 0-5 |       | The Page Code allows the initiator to select any one specific page or all of the pages supported by a target. Pages are used to set and return device parameters. Refer to the Page Code descriptions in Table 5-1 on page 5-1.         |
| 2    | 6-7 |       | The Page Control (PC) field indicates the type of page parameter values to be returned by the target. The PC field is defined in Table 4-52.  |
| 4    | 0-7 |       | The Allocation Length specifies the number of bytes the initiator has allocated for returned Mode Sense data. An Allocation Length of 00h indicates no Mode Sense data is to be transferred; this condition is not considered an error. |

Table 4-52. PC Field

| PC FIELD<br>BITS |   | DESCRIPTION  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 7                | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0                | 0 | Report Current Values: The current values are those parameters under which the target is presently configured. The current values are defined to be the following:  1. those values set in the last successfully completed MODE SELECT command,  2. saved values if a MODE SELECT hasn't successfully completed since the last power-on, hard reset condition, or BUS DEVICE RESET message, or  3. default values if saved values are not available.  Page fields not supported are set to zero. The additional page length field returned by the target indicates the number of bytes supported in that page.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0                | 1 | Report Changeable Values: The changeable values of any page indicate which parameters the initiator may change by a subsequent MODE SELECT command. Any field allowed to change is set to all ones. Fields and bits not allowed to be changed by the initiator are set to zero. Attempting to change any field, via the MODE SELECT command, that is not changeable causes the target to return a CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST in the sense data. In this case, no parameters in that page are changed. The additional page length field of each page returned by the target indicates the number of bytes which are supported for that particular page. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1                | 0 | <b>Report Default Values:</b> The target returns to the initiator the field values set to the target's or LUN's default values. The additional pages length field of each page returned by the target indicates the number of bytes supported for that particular page.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1                | 1 | <b>Report Saved Values:</b> The target returns the saved values of the mode parameters. Until the first successful MODE SELECT command is completed with the SP (Save Pages) bit set to 1, the default values will be returned for this PC field setting.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The Page Code allows the initiator to select any one specific page or all of the pages supported by a target. Pages are used to set and return device parameters. If the initiator uses a page code value not implemented by the target, the target will return CHECK CONDITION status with sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST, and additional sense code to INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

The Allocation Length specifies the number of bytes the initiator has allocated for returned Mode Sense data. An Allocation Length of 0 indicates no Mode Sense data is to be transferred. This condition is not considered an error. Any other value indicates the maximum number of bytes transferred. The target terminates the DATA IN phase when allocation length bytes have been transferred or when all available Mode Sense data have been transferred to the initiator, whichever is less.

#### 4-3.13.2 Mode Sense Data

The MODE SENSE data contains a four-byte header, followed by 0 or one eight-byte block descriptors, followed by zero or more variable length pages.

# Mode Sense Data Header:

Table 4-53. MODE SENSE Data Header

|       |          | BITS                       |  |  |  |  |     |            |         |
|-------|----------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|-----|------------|---------|
| BYTES | 7        | _                          |  |  |  |  |     |            | DEFAULT |
| 0     |          | MODE SENSE Data Length     |  |  |  |  |     |            | N.A.    |
| 1     | Reserved |                            |  |  |  |  | 00h |            |         |
| 2     | WP       | WP Buffered Mode Speed =0h |  |  |  |  |     | 90h or 10h |         |
| 3     |          | Block Descriptor Length    |  |  |  |  |     | 00h/08h    |         |

Table 4-54. MODE SENSE Data Header Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALUE      | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|------------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 |            | The MODE SENSE data length specifies the length in bytes, after the data length field, that are available to be transferred during the DATA IN phase. The sense data length does not include itself.  |
| 2    | 0-3 | Oh         | The code value for the Speed field is set to 0h (default).  |
| 2    | 4-6 |            | The Buffered Modes are described in Table 4-55.   |
| 2    | 7   | 0          | A Write Protected (WP) bit of zero indicates the medium is write enabled.  A WP bit of one indicates the medium is write protected.   |
| 3    | 0-7 | 08h<br>00h | The block descriptor length specifies a length of eight if a block descriptor is included.  A block descriptor length of zero indicates no block descriptors are included in the parameter list. This condition is not considered an error. The block descriptor length does not include the length of the pages. |

Table 4-55. Buffered Mode Description

| BUFFERED<br>MODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------------------|--|
| 0h               | Target does not report a GOOD status on WRITE commands until the data blocks are actually written on the medium.   |
| 1h               | The Target may report GOOD status on WRITE commands as soon as all of the data specified in the WRITE command has been transferred to the buffer. Write data from multiple initiators can reside in the buffer prior to writing the data to the medium (default).  |
| 2h               | The Target may report GOOD status on WRITE commands as soon as all of the write data has successfully transferred to the target's buffer from any one initiator prior to writing the block(s) to the medium. If an initiator issued a WRITE command while the buffer contains write data from a different initiator, the target writes any buffered data to the medium prior to accepting any data from the new initiator. |
| 3h -7h           | Reserved   |

# **Block Descriptor:**

The block descriptor specifies the medium characteristics for all of a logical unit. The block descriptor contains a density code of 00h or 09h (default), a number of blocks, and a block length.

Table 4-56. Block Descriptor

|       | BITS                       |   |   |   |   |   | DEFAULT |     |         |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---------|-----|---------|
| BYTES | 7                          | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1       | 0   | DEFAULT |
| 0     | Density Code = 09h         |   |   |   |   |   |         | 09h |         |
| 1-3   | Number of Blocks = 000000h |   |   |   |   |   | 000000h |     |         |
| 4     | Reserved                   |   |   |   |   |   | 00h     |     |         |
| 5-7   | Block Length               |   |   |   |   |   | 00h     |     |         |

Table 4-57. MODE SELECT Parameter Header Field Description

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALUE    | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|----------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 00h, 09h | Density codes of 00h and 09h (default) create tapes in the format described by ANSI standard X3B5/94-043.  Density Code 28h is described in CHAPTER 5.                                |
| 1-3  |     | 000000h  | The number of blocks field is always set to zero, indicating that any remaining logical blocks of the logical unit have the medium characteristics specified by the block descriptor. |
| 5-7  |     | 00h      | The block length specifies the length in bytes of each logical block described by the block descriptor. A block length of zero indicates the length is variable.                      |

# Page Descriptor:

Table 4-58. Page Descriptors

|       | BITS  |          |             |   |   |   |   |   |
|-------|---|----------|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| BYTES | 7   | 6        | 5           | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 0     | PS  | Reserved | l Page Code |   |   |   |   |   |
| 1     | Additional Page Length                        |          |             |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2 - N | Page Defined or Vendor Unique Parameter Bytes |          |             |   |   |   |   |   |

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-5 |       | Following the block descriptor (if supplied) are MODE SELECT pages. The Page Code field identifies the format and parameters for that page. This controller supports pages 01h (Error Recovery and Reporting), 02h (Disconnect/Reconnect control), 0Ah (Control Mode Page), 10h (Device Configuration Parameters) and 00h (Vendor Unique Parameters).  |
| 0    | 7   | 0     | When using the MODE SENSE command, a PS bit of one indicates that the mode page can be saved by the target in a non-volatile location.  A PS bit of zero indicates that the supported parameters cannot be saved.  |
| 1    | 0-7 |       | The Additional Page Length indicates the number of bytes in that page. The additional page length value of each defined page, does not include the Page Length byte. The target may return in the pages of the MODE SENSE commands as many consecutive bytes as it supports, for each page it supports, without splitting fields of multiple bytes. The page length in the pages of the MODE SELECT command must be set to the value returned by the target in the MODE SENSE Page Length bytes. Otherwise, the target creates CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST. |

Table 4-59. Page Descriptor Field Description

#### 4-3.13.3 Mode Settings

When the product is manufactured, the saved mode settings are initialized to the default mode settings; the saved mode settings will then change after each successful MODE SELECT with the SP bit equal to 1. Following a power on, SCSI bus reset, or BUS DEVICE RESET message, the saved mode settings are copied into the current mode settings. So, if a MODE SENSE is issued when the box is first shipped (previous to any successful MODE SELECT with SP=1), then the default settings will be reported when the PC field selects default, saved or current parameters. Following a power up (after a successful MODE SELECT with SP=1), the saved settings are reported if current or saved values are selected by the PC field; the default settings are reported if default values are selected by the PC field.

More information on the MODE SENSE command can be found in section 5-2 on page 5-1.

### 4-3.13.4 Initiator Setup

To ensure that the MODE SELECT command performs the desired operations, it is strongly recommended that the initiator adhere to the following steps:

- a. Issue a MODE SENSE command requesting the target to return all Changeable Values (PC field 01b and Page Code 3Fh in byte two of the MODE SENSE CDB) and preserve the "changeable" values,
- b. Issue a MODE SENSE command requesting the target to return all Current Values (PC field 00b and Page Code 3Fh in byte two of the MODE SENSE CDB) and preserve the "current" values,
- c. Perform a bitwise AND operation of the "current" values with the one's complement of the "changeable" values, (this step is important because the target will not accept the command if any non-changeable field is set to a value other than the "current" value)
- d. Make further desired changes to bytes which are changeable,
- e. Make sure that the PS bit in every mode page is 0 (the MODE SENSE command will report a 1 in the PS bit, but a MODE SELECT command will fail if mode pages are sent with the PS bit

set to 1) with a CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the additional sense key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST,

f. Issue a MODE SELECT command, sending these parameters,

The Disable Block Descriptor (DBD) bit value of 1 specifies that no block descriptor is returned in the MODE SENSE data. When this bit is set to 0, the target will return a block descriptor in the MODE SENSE data.

The Page Control (PC) field indicates the type of page parameter values to be returned by the target. The target returns the same page length for each supported page regardless of the value in the PC. The combination of the page control field value and the page code being set causes the target to return the appropriate values for the page selected by its respective page code. A page code value of 3Fh indicates all pages implemented by the target are returned to the initiator with the values reported defined by the page control field. For a page code value of 3Fh, all pages are returned in ascending page code order, except for mode page 00h which will always be reported last.

Regardless of the setting of the PC field, the Mode Sense data header and block descriptor will return the current values for the fields contained in them.

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# 4-3.13.5 MODE SENSE Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data, before the buffered mode operation occurred in MODE SENSE command.   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to a hardware failure (e.g. transfer of MODE SENSE data failed due to a hardware failure).</li> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> </ol>  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the MODE SENSE command.</li> <li>Flag bit in the MODE SENSE CDB was set and the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the MODE SENSE command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | MODE SENSE command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the MODE SENSE operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

## 4-3.14 READ command 08h

The READ command transfers one or more blocks to the initiator beginning with the next block on the logical unit.

Upon termination of the READ command, the logical position is located after the last block transferred (EOM side).

## 4-3.14.1 READ CDB Description

READ is a six-byte command. The bytes are as shown below and described in Table 4-60. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |     |                    |   | ВІ      | TS       |   |      |       |
|-------|-----|--------------------|---|---------|----------|---|------|-------|
| BYTES | 7   | 6                  | 5 | 4       | 3        | 2 | 1    | 0     |
| 0     | 0   | 0                  | 0 | 0       | 1        | 0 | 0    | 0     |
| 1     |     | LUN                |   |         | Reserved |   | SILI | Fixed |
| 2     | MSB |                    |   |         |          |   |      |       |
| 3     |     | _                  |   | Transfe | r Length |   |      |       |
| 4     |     |                    |   |         |          |   |      | LSB   |
| 5     |     | Reserved Flag Link |   |         |          |   |      |       |

Table 4-60. READ Field Description

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 08h   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0   | 0     | The Fixed bit specifies both the meaning of the transfer length field and whether fixed-length or variable-length blocks are to be transferred.  If the Fixed bit is zero, a single block is transferred with the bytes transferred being the lesser of the actual block length or the requested transfer length.  If the Fixed bit is one, the transfer length specifies the number of blocks to be transferred to the initiator. |
| 1    | 1   |       | Suppress Incorrect Length Indication (SILI) flag.  |
| 2-4  |     | 0     | The Transfer Length indicates the number of bytes or blocks to transfer. The block length used is the current block length specified in the mode parameters block descriptor (refer to the Mode Select Block Descriptor in Table 4-47 on page 7-53.)  When the transfer length is zero, no data is transferred and the current position on the logical unit is not changed. This condition is not considered an error.             |

# 4-3.14.2 READ CHECK CONDITION Status

The following table describes how a CHECK CONDITION occurs.

| FIXED<br>BIT | SILI<br>BIT | BLOCK<br>MODE * | DESCRIPTION   |
|--------------|-------------|-----------------|---|
| 1            | 1           |                 | Causes CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key being ILLEGAL REQUEST.   |
| 0            | 1           | variable        | No CHECK CONDITION is set due to an actual block length being different than the length specified in the Transfer Length field, except for the following condition.  The target still reports CHECK CONDITION status for an incorrect length condition if the overlength condition exists and the block length field in the mode parameter block descriptor is non-zero (a non-zero value in this field in the Mode Select data implies fixed mode). The overlength condition exists after executing a Read command when the length of the actual block read exceeds the requested transfer length in the CDB.  |
| 0            | 0           | variable        | With Fixed bit = 0, the transfer will take place in variable block mode independent of the value in the mode parameters block descriptor. In variable block mode, a single block is transferred with the bytes transferred being the lesser of the actual block length or the requested Transfer Length.  A successful READ command with the fixed bit of zero, transfers the requested transfer length in bytes to the initiator.  If the actual block length is different from the specified transfer length, CHECK CONDITION status is returned to the initiator. The incorrect length indicator (ILI) bit and valid bit in the sense data are set to one, and the sense key is set to NO SENSE. The information bytes contained in the sense data are set to the difference (residue) of the requested transfer length minus the actual block length, and this value will be negative (two's compliment) when the actual block length exceeds the requested block length. Upon termination, the logical position is located after the incorrect length block (EOM side).  |
| 1            |             | fixed           | The transfer length specifies the number of blocks to be transferred to the initiator. This form of the READ command is valid only if the logical unit is currently operating in fixed block mode. A logical unit is in fixed block mode if it has been instructed by the MODE SELECT command to use fixed-length blocks. In this case, the current block length is the block length defined in the MODE SELECT command. A successful READ command with the fixed bit of one, transfers the requested transfer length times the current block length in bytes to the initiator. If the actual block length read is different from the current transfer length, as specified in the mode parameters block descriptor, CHECK CONDITION status is generated. The ILI bit and valid bit are both set to one, and the sense key is set to NO SENSE. The information bytes in the sense data are set to the difference of the requested transfer length minus the actual number of blocks read (not including the incorrect length block). Upon termination, the logical position is located after the incorrect length block (EOM side). |
| 1            |             | variable        | The target rejects the command by returning CHECK CONDITION status and by setting the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.   |

| FIXED<br>BIT | SILI<br>BIT | BLOCK<br>MODE * | DESCRIPTION   |
|--------------|-------------|-----------------|---|
|              |             |                 | If a filemark is encountered during a READ command, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to NO SENSE. The filemark and valid bits are both set to one.  |
| 1            |             |                 | If the Fixed bit is one, the target sets the information bytes to the difference (residue) of the requested transfer count minus the actual number of blocks read (not including the filemark).   |
| 0            |             |                 | If the Fixed bit is zero, the target sets the information bytes to the requested transfer length.  The logical position is located after the filemark (EOM side).   |
|              |             |                 | If end-of-data is encountered during a READ command the target returns CHECK CONDITION status, sets the sense key to BLANK CHECK, and sets the valid bit to one.  |
| 1            |             |                 | If the Fixed bit is one, the target sets the information bytes to the difference (residue) of the requested transfer count minus the actual number of blocks read.  |
| 0            |             |                 | If the Fixed bit is zero, the target sets the information bytes to the requested transfer length.  The logical position is located after the EOD block (EOM side). Subsequent Read commands issued after EOD has been encountered and reported to the initiator will result in reading into invalid/old data. |
|              |             |                 | If a logical unit encounters the physical EOM during a READ command, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status to the initiator and sets the End-Of-Medium (EOM) bit to one in extended sense. The sense key is set to MEDIUM ERROR.  |
| 1            |             |                 | If the Fixed bit is one, the target sets the valid bit to one and the information bytes to the difference (residue) of the requested transfer length minus the actual number of blocks successfully read.   |
| 0            |             |                 | If the Fixed bit is zero the target sets the valid bit to one and the information bytes to the requested transfer length.   |

<sup>\*</sup> Both fixed block and variable block modes are implemented by this tape controller. Reference the Read Block Limits and Mode Select (mode parameters block descriptor) commands for more information about fixed and variable block modes.

Encountering early-warning (LEOT) on a READ command is not reported to the initiator.

# 4-3.14.3 READ Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 0h        | NO SENSE        | <ol> <li>SILI and Fixed bits are both zero and the actual block length read is different from the specified transfer length in the READ CDB.</li> <li>Filemark encountered during the read operation.</li> </ol>   |
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | <ol> <li>Recovery was performed when writing buffered data to tape.</li> <li>Recovery was performed when reading data from tape.</li> <li>Recovery was performed when transferring data to the initiator.</li> </ol>   |
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical Unit was not ready (tape was not loaded or wasn't ready).  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Synchronization of buffered write data prior to the read operation failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>Physical end-of-medium (PEOT) encountered during the read operation.</li> <li>Attempted to read a tape that has not been previously recorded (i.e. the density ID has not been written).</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> <li>The tape length in the cartridge is too long or too short.</li> </ol> |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>Read operation failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>Transfer of Read data to initiator failed due to hardware failure.</li> </ol>   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the READ command.</li> <li>The Fixed bit was set to one, but the current mode is variable (as set by MODE SELECT or default power on condition).</li> <li>The SILI and Fixed bits are both set to one.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>  |
| бh        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the READ command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul>                                    |
| 8h        | BLANK CHECK     | <ol> <li>End-of-data (EOD) encountered during the read operation.</li> <li>No data block or filemark was encountered on the medium for a distance of 680 mm. The medium position following this condition is not defined.</li> </ol>   |

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | READ command was aborted.  |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the read operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached. |

## 4-3.15 READ BLOCK LIMITS command 05h

The READ BLOCK LIMITS command requests the target's block length limits for the logical unit. The READ BLOCK LIMITS data, shown in Table 4-62, is sent during the DATA IN phase of the command.

## 4-3.15.1 READ BLOCK LIMITS CDB Description

READ BLOCK LIMITS is a six-byte command. The bytes are as shown below and described in Table 4-61. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |          | BITS     |      |          |   |   |      |      |
|-------|----------|----------|------|----------|---|---|------|------|
| BYTES | 7        | 6        | 5    | 4        | 3 | 2 | 1    | 0    |
| 0     | 0 0 0    |          |      | 0        | 0 | 1 | 0    | 1    |
| 1     | LUN      |          |      | Reserved |   |   |      |      |
| 2     |          | Reserved |      |          |   |   |      |      |
| 3     |          | Reserved |      |          |   |   |      |      |
| 4     | Reserved |          |      |          |   |   |      |      |
| 5     |          |          | Rese | erved    |   |   | Flag | Link |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-61. READ BLOCK LIMITS Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION     |
|------|-----|-------|-----------------|
| 0    | 0-7 | 05h   | Operation code. |

Variable and fixed length blocks are supported. Refer to Table 4-62 for the READ BLOCK LIM-ITS data.

Table 4-62. READ BLOCK LIMITS Data

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE             | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------------------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 |                   | Reserved.   |
| 1-3  |     | 040000h (262,144) | The maximum block length is the maximum number of bytes the host can request via a read or write operation.  The maximum block length conforms to the maximum specified in the ANSI Extended Magnetic Tape Format for Information Interchange 36 Track, Parallel Serpentine proposed specification X3B5/94-043 section 8.2. |
| 4-5  |     | 0001h             | The minimum block length supported is one byte. The minimum block length indicates the minimum number of bytes that can be read from or written to the MTU.   |

If a DMA transfer (READ, WRITE, READ BUFFER, WRITE BUFFER, OR LOOP WRITE TO READ) is requested by the host with a transfer length of zero bytes, this is not considered an error. The command is processed with no data transfer. There is no block ID associated with zero length records.

# 4-3.15.2 READ BLOCK LIMITS Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data.   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Write of buffered failed due to a hardware error.  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was set in the CDB of the READ BLOCK LIM-<br/>ITS command</li> <li>Flag bit was set and Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the READ BLOCK LIMITS command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |

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## 4-3.16 READ BUFFER command 3Ch

The READ BUFFER command is used in conjunction with the WRITE BUFFER command as a diagnostic function for testing target memory and the SCSI bus integrity. Other than synchronizing any buffered write data to tape prior to performing the read buffer operation, the READ BUFFER command does not alter the tape medium of the target.

## 4-3.16.1 READ BUFFER CDB Description

READ BUFFER is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-63. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

| ľ     |     | BITS              |      |       |   |   |      |      |
|-------|-----|-------------------|------|-------|---|---|------|------|
| BYTES | 7   | 6                 | 5    | 4     | 3 | 2 | 1    | 0    |
| 0     | 0   | 0                 | 1    | 1     | 1 | 1 | 0    | 0    |
| 1     |     | LUN Reserved Mode |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 2     |     | Buffer ID         |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 3     | MSB | MSB               |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 4     |     | Buffer Offset     |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 5     |     | LSB               |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 6     | MSB | MSB               |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 7     |     | Allocation Length |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 8     |     | LSB               |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 9     |     |                   | Rese | erved |   |   | Flag | Link |

Table 4-63. READ BUFFER Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 3Ch   | Operation code.   |
| 1    | 0-2 |       | The Mode field is described in Table 4-64.  |
| 2    |     |       | The Buffer ID field identifies a specific buffer within the target.   |
| 3-5  |     |       | The Buffer offset specifies the offset in the buffer for the beginning of the data transfer. The Buffer Offset contains a multiple of the offset boundary field which is in the read buffer descriptor.   |
| 6-8  |     |       | The Allocation Length specifies the maximum number of bytes that are transferred during the DATA IN phase from the assigned buffer beginning at the buffer offset. The transfer length is the lesser of the Allocation Length or capacity of the requested buffer. The capacity of the buffer is shown in Table 4-65. |

|       | BYTE 1 |       | MODE                                     | IMPLEMENTED |  |
|-------|--------|-------|--|-------------|--|
| BIT 2 | BIT 1  | BIT 0 |  |             |  |
| 0     | 0      | 0     | Combined header and data                 | No          |  |
| 0     | 0      | 1     | Vendor unique                            | Yes         |  |
| 0     | 1      | 0     | Data (Refer to description below.)       | Yes         |  |
| 0     | 1      | 1     | Descriptor (Refer to description below.) | Yes         |  |
| 1     | 0      | 0     | Reserved                                 | N/A         |  |
| 1     | 0      | 1     | Reserved                                 | N/A         |  |
| 1     | 1      | 0     | Reserved                                 | N/A         |  |
| 1     | 1      | 1     | Reserved                                 | N/A         |  |

Table 4-64. READ BUFFER Command Mode

#### Vendor Unique Mode (001b) and Data Mode (010b):

In these modes, the DATA IN phase contains buffer data. The Buffer ID field identifies the specific buffer within the target. The supported Buffer IDs for the vendor unique and data modes are defined in Table 4-65. Data transfer occurs only within the buffer area indicated by the buffer ID. If an unsupported buffer ID value is selected, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of ILLEGAL FIELD IN CDB.

Table 4-65. Supported Buffer ID Values for Read Data Mode

| BUFFER ID | DESCRIPTION                     | CAPACITY   |
|-----------|---------------------------------|--|
| 0         | Read/Write Data Buffer          | Specified in the Buffer Capacity field of the Read Buffer Descriptor obtained via the Read Buffer command.             |
| 1         | Read/Write nonvolatile (NV) RAM | Specified in the Buffer Capacity field of the Read Buffer Descriptor obtained via the Read Buffer command (512 bytes). |

Data is transferred beginning at the offset within the buffer as specified by the buffer offset. If the initiator fails to conform to the offset boundary requirements returned in the READ BUFFER descriptor, CHECK CONDITION status is returned with a sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of ILLEGAL FIELD in CDB.

#### NOTES:

- 1. The read/write data buffer and NVRAM are wrap-around buffers. Therefore, the entire capacity specified by the Read Buffer Descriptor is available, regardless of the offset specified.
- 2. Prior to allowing READ BUFFER command processing to occur for the read/write data buffer, the controller performs required positioning or synchronization. Buffered write data is written to tape and buffered read data is discarded.
- 3. There is only one 512-byte NVRAM area available. This area may be accessed by any initiator. The NVRAM is not partitioned into "per initiator" areas.
- 4. The only difference between the vendor unique mode and data mode is that a READ BUFFER in vendor unique mode reads the number of bytes requested and does not perform any CRC checking. A READ BUFFER in data mode reads the number of bytes requested and an additional 2 bytes of CRC and then verifies the CRC. The CRC is then stripped away and not sent to the initiator with the other Read Buffer data.

#### **Descriptor Mode (011b):**

In this mode, a maximum of four bytes of READ BUFFER descriptor information are returned. The descriptor information for the LUN receiving the command is returned. If there is no buffer associated with the specified buffer ID, the target returns all zeroes in the READ BUFFER descriptor. The Buffer Offset field in the CDB is ignored in this mode. The allocation length should be set to four or greater. The target transfers the lesser of the allocation length or four bytes of READ BUFFER descriptor. The READ BUFFER descriptor is defined in Table 4-66.

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

This controller operates on 32-byte data buffer boundaries, and returns a value of 5 for the offset boundary. The NVRAM operates on a one-byte boundary and returns a value of zero for the offset boundary.

Table 4-66. Read/Write Data Buffer Descriptor (buffer ID 0)

|       |     | BITS                  |   |   |   |   |   |     |  |  |  |
|-------|-----|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7   | 6                     | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0   |  |  |  |
| 0     |     | Offset Boundary (05h) |   |   |   |   |   |     |  |  |  |
| 1     | MSB |                       |   |   |   |   |   |     |  |  |  |
| 2     |     | Buffer Capacity       |   |   |   |   |   |     |  |  |  |
| 3     | •   |                       |   |   |   |   |   | LSB |  |  |  |

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

When performing Write Buffer operations to the Data Buffer, the maximum Transfer Length that can be written is the Buffer Capacity of the Data Buffer minus two. The two remaining bytes in the Data Buffer are needed to store the two byte CRC which is automatically appended to the data when it is stored in the buffer.

Table 4-67. Read/Write NVRAM Descriptor (buffer ID 1)

|       |     | BITS                  |   |   |   |   |   |     |  |  |  |
|-------|-----|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7   | 6                     | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0   |  |  |  |
| 0     |     | Offset Boundary (00h) |   |   |   |   |   |     |  |  |  |
| 1     | MSB |                       |   |   |   |   |   |     |  |  |  |
| 2     |     | Buffer Capacity       |   |   |   |   |   |     |  |  |  |
| 3     |     |                       |   |   |   |   |   | LSB |  |  |  |

Table 4-68. Descriptor Mode Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 |       | The Offset Boundary field returns the boundary alignment within the selected buffer for subsequent WRITE BUFFER and READ BUFFER commands. The value contained in the offset boundary field is interpreted as a power of two.  The value contained in the buffer offset field of subsequent WRITE BUFFER and READ BUFFER commands must be a multiple of the offset boundary raised to a power of 2 (i.e., a multiple of 32). Refer to Table 4-69 |
| 1-3  |     |       | The Buffer Capacity field returns the size of the selected buffer in bytes.   |

Table 4-69. Offset

| BOUNDARY | 2 OFFSET BOUNDARY  | BUFFER OFFSETS        |  |  |
|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| 0        | $2^0=1$            | Byte boundaries       |  |  |
| 1        | 21=2               | Even-byte boundaries  |  |  |
| 2        | 2 <sup>2</sup> =4  | Four-byte boundaries  |  |  |
| 3        | 2 <sup>3</sup> =8  | Eight-byte boundaries |  |  |
| 4        | 2 <sup>4</sup> =16 | 16-byte boundaries    |  |  |
| 5        | 2 <sup>5</sup> =32 | 32-byte boundaries    |  |  |

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

- 1. A buffer may be altered between the WRITE BUFFER and READ BUFFER commands by execution of commands from another initiator or background diagnostics. Buffer testing applications may avoid buffer usage conflicts with other initiators by use of linked command, or by reserving the addressed LUN.
- 2. There is only one 512-byte NVRAM area available. This area may be accessed by any initiator. The NVRAM is not partitioned into "per initiator" areas.

# 4-3.16.2 READ BUFFER Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when synchronizing buffered write data to tape.   |
|           |                 | 2. Recovery was performed when transferring data to the initiator.   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Synchronization of buffered write data prior to the read opera-<br/>tion failed due to defective tape.</li> </ol> |
|           |                 | 2. An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Synchronization of buffered write data failed due to a hardware<br/>failure.</li> </ol>                           |
|           |                 | <ol><li>Transfer of Read Buffer data to initiator failed due to hardware<br/>failure.</li></ol>                            |
|           |                 | 3. Read Buffer set to Mode 2 has the Allocation Length set > or < the Allocation Length of the prior WRITE BUFFER command. |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the READ BUFFER<br/>command.</li> </ol>                                  |
|           |                 | 2. The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.  |
|           |                 | 3. An invalid value was encountered in a CDB field.  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | Indicates the READ BUFFER command was not performed due to one of the following:   |
|           |                 | 1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.   |
|           |                 | 2. The target has been reset.  |
|           |                 | 3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.   |
|           |                 | <ol><li>The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode<br/>downloaded).</li></ol>                                |
|           |                 | <ul><li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li></ul>                              |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | READ BUFFER command was aborted.   |

## 4-3.17 READ POSITION command 34h

The READ POSITION command causes 20 bytes to be sent from the target to the initiator. The 20 bytes are a report of the position of the tape unit and information about blocks stored in the buffer; the format of this data is shown in paragraph 4-3.17.2 on page 4-76.

This command can be executed when no tape cartridge is loaded or when the tape unit is not ready. No tape movement is initiated due to this command.

## 4-3.17.1 READ POSITION CDB Description

READ POSITION is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-70. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |                 | BITS     |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------|----------|------|-------|-------|---|------|------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7               | 6        | 5    | 4     | 3     | 2 | 1    | 0    |  |  |  |
| 0     | 0               | 0        | 1    | 1     | 0     | 1 | 0    | 0    |  |  |  |
| 1     | LUN Reserved BT |          |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 2     | Reserved        |          |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 3     | Reserved        |          |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 4     | Reserved        |          |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 5     |                 |          |      | Rese  | erved |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 6     |                 |          |      | Rese  | erved |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 7     |                 |          |      | Rese  | erved |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 8     |                 | Reserved |      |       |       |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 9     |                 |          | Rese | erved |       |   | Flag | Link |  |  |  |

Table 4-70. READ POSITION Field Description

| вуте | ВІТ | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 34h   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0   |       | The BT bit dictates the format of values reported in the First Block Location and Last Block Location fields of the return data.   |
|      |     | 0     | Values in First Block Location and Last Block Location are to be reported as Logical block addresses. The first filemark or data block on tape is assigned logical block address 0; logical block addresses increase by 1 for each data block and filemark thereafter. The maximum Logical block address is 3FFFEFh. |
|      |     | 1     | Values in First Block Location and Last Block Location are to be reported as Device specific block addresses (also known as Block IDs). The format of these device specific block addresses are shown in paragraph 4-3.17.3 on page 4-78.  |

## 4-3.17.2 READ POSITION Return Data

The READ POSITION Return Data is shown below and described in Table 4-71.

|       |     | BITS             |   |               |                |     |     |        |  |  |  |
|-------|-----|------------------|---|---------------|----------------|-----|-----|--------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7   | 6                | 5 | 4             | 3              | 2   | 1   | 0      |  |  |  |
| 0     | BOP | EOP              |   | Reserved      |                | BPU | Res | served |  |  |  |
| 1     |     | Partition number |   |               |                |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 2     |     | Reserved         |   |               |                |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 3     |     |                  |   | Reser         | ved            |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 4     | MSB | _                |   |               |                |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 5     |     |                  |   | First block   | location       |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 6     |     |                  |   | THST DIOCK    | location       |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 7     |     |                  |   |               |                |     |     | LSB    |  |  |  |
| 8     | MSB | _                |   |               |                |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 9     |     |                  |   | Last block    | location       |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 10    |     |                  |   | Last block    | location       |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 11    |     |                  |   |               |                |     |     | LSB    |  |  |  |
| 12    |     |                  |   | Reser         | rved           |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 13    | MSB | _                |   |               |                |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 14    |     |                  |   | Number of blo | ocks in buffe  | r   |     |        |  |  |  |
| 15    |     |                  |   |               |                |     |     | LSB    |  |  |  |
| 16    | MSB |                  |   |               |                |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 17    |     |                  |   | Number of by  | rtes in huffer |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 18    |     |                  |   | runnoci oi by | ws in buller   |     |     |        |  |  |  |
| 19    |     |                  |   |               |                |     |     | LSB    |  |  |  |

Table 4-71. READ POSITION Return Data Description

| ВҮТЕ  | BIT | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|---|
| 0     | 2   | The Block Position Unknown (BPU) bit, if one, indicates that the first and last locations could not be determined by the tape unit; in this case the First Block Location field and the Last Block Location field do not contain valid information. If the BPU bit is zero then the First and Last block locations contain valid information. The reported BPU bit will be one if no tape cartridge is loaded.  |
| 0     | 6   | The End-of-Partition (EOP) bit, if one, indicates that the tape unit is logically positioned between early-warning (LEOT) and the Physical End of Tape. If this bit is zero then the tape unit is positioned previous to early-warning.   |
| 0     | 7   | The Beginning-of-Partition (BOP) bit, if one, indicates that the tape unit is logically positioned at the beginning of the tape; if the bit is zero then the tape unit is not logically positioned at beginning of tape. The tape unit is logically positioned at beginning of tape if and only if the next block to be written or to be read (forward) is block 0 (the first block on tape). <sup>a</sup>  |
| 1     | 0-7 | The Partition number field is always set to 0. This tape unit only has one partition; the identification number of this partition is 0.   |
| 4-7   |     | The First Block Location field indicates the current logical position. The value in this field is the block address of the next block to be transferred between the initiator and the tape unit if a READ or WRITE command is issued; the format of the block address reported is dictated by the BT bit setting as explained above.  |
| 8-11  |     | The Last Block Location field indicates the physical position of the tape. The value in this field is the block address of the next block to be transferred between the buffer and the [tape] medium; the format of the block address reported is dictated by the BT bit setting as explained above. The current logical position and the physical position of tape can be different because blocks can be buffered both when reading and when writing. When writing, the First Block Location will be greater than or equal to the Last Block Location, the difference is the number of blocks that are in the buffer waiting to be written. <sup>b</sup> When reading forward, the Last Block Location will be greater than or equal to the First Block Location, the difference is the number of blocks that are in the buffer waiting to be read. |
| 13-15 |     | The Number of Blocks in Buffer field equals the number of blocks that are in the buffer waiting to be written to the medium. This field is set to zero if the buffer does not contain blocks to be written to tape.   |
| 16-19 |     | The Number of Bytes in Buffer field equals the total number of data bytes that are in blocks in the buffer waiting to be written. This field is set to zero if the buffer does not contain blocks to be written to tape. When writing with compression enabled, the buffer actually contains the compressed bytes for the blocks waiting to be written; however the number of bytes reported in the Number of Bytes in Buffer field will always indicate the number of uncompressed bytes.  |

- a. If the tape is positioned at Physical End of Tape then the BOP bit reported will necessarily be zero because no more blocks can be read or written; so if the BOP bit is sampled following a successful ERASE with the Long bit set to one, the BOP bit will be zero even if the ERASE was started from the beginning of tape.
- b. When computing the difference between the First and Last Block Locations, only the logical block position portion of the Block IDs should be used if the BT bit is set to one.

## 4-3.17.3 Description of Block ID Format

|       |       | BITS                    |             |             |                |               |    |     |  |  |  |
|-------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----|-----|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7     | 6                       | 6 5 4 3 2 1 |             |                |               |    |     |  |  |  |
| 0     | Wrap  | Vrap Physical reference |             |             |                |               |    |     |  |  |  |
| 1     | Forma | at code                 |             | I           | ogical block p | position (MSB | 3) |     |  |  |  |
| 2     | MSB   |                         |             |             |                |               |    |     |  |  |  |
| 3     |       | -                       |             | Logical blo | ck position    |               |    | LSB |  |  |  |

Table 4-72. Block ID Field Description

| BYTE     | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|----------|-----|-------|---|
| 0        | 0-6 | 1-95  | The Physical reference field will be in the range 1 to 95. The values in the range 1 to 95 indicate an approximate physical location on tape close to the target position.  |
| 0        | 7   | 0     | The Wrap field indicates whether the target position is in the first wrap or second wrap <sup>a</sup> of tape. If Wrap equals 0 then the target position is in the first wrap. If Wrap equals 1 then the target position is in the second wrap.   |
| 1        | 6-7 |       | The Format code field indicates the format of the tape cartridge. The meaning of the possible values are shown in Table 4-73. When writing the format code reported will be 01b (36 track, packeted.) When reading, the format code reported will be the format code contained in the tape being read.                  |
| 1<br>2-3 | 0-5 |       | A unique Logical block position is associated with each data block and filemark written on a tape. The first filemark or data block on tape is assigned Logical block position 0; the Logical block position increases by 1 for each data block and filemark thereafter. The maximum Logical block position is 3FFFEFh. |

a. A 36 track tape consists of two interleaved groups of 18 tracks; each group is called a wrap. The first wrap is written first and runs from *Physical* BOT towards *Physical* EOT. The second wrap is written second and runs from *Physical* EOT towards *Physical* BOT. The tape unit hides the transition from the first wrap to the second wrap so that the user sees an [abstract] continuous length of tape running from *Logical* BOT (the beginning of the first wrap) to *Logical* EOT (the end of the second wrap).

**Table 4-73. Format Codes** 

| FORMAT CODE VALUE | FORMAT                 |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| 00b               | 18 track, non-packeted |  |  |
| 01b               | 36 track, packeted     |  |  |
| 10b               | 18 track, packeted     |  |  |
| 11b               | reserved               |  |  |

# 4-3.17.4 READ POSITION Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the READ POSITION command.   |
|           |                 | 2. The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the READ POSITION command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> </ul> |
|           |                 | <ol><li>A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too<br/>short.</li></ol>  |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | READ POSITION command was aborted. The READ POSITION command can be reissued.   |

# 4-3.18 READ REVERSE command 0Fh

The READ REVERSE command requests that the tape unit transfer blocks of data to the initiator. Any buffered write data or filemarks are written before this operation is executed. This command is similar to the READ command except that the direction of the read is reversed; blocks are transferred starting from the current position and progressing towards BOT.

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

It is recommended that this command not be used extensively. The overall execution time of the READ REVERSE command is excessive due to the extra tape positioning involved.

## 4-3.18.1 READ REVERSE CDB Description

READ REVERSE is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-74. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |     | BITS            |      |          |   |   |      |       |  |  |  |
|-------|-----|-----------------|------|----------|---|---|------|-------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7   | 6               | 5    | 4        | 3 | 2 | 1    | 0     |  |  |  |
| 0     | 0   | 0               | 0    | 0        | 1 | 1 | 1    | 1     |  |  |  |
| 1     |     | LUN             |      | Reserved |   |   | SILI | Fixed |  |  |  |
| 2     | MSB | MSB             |      |          |   |   |      |       |  |  |  |
| 3     |     | Transfer Length |      |          |   |   |      |       |  |  |  |
| 4     |     | LSB             |      |          |   |   |      |       |  |  |  |
| 5     |     |                 | Rese | erved    |   |   | Flag | Link  |  |  |  |

Table 4-74. READ REVERSE Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE  | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|--------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 0Fh    | Operation code.   |
| 1    | 0   | 1 or 0 | The Fixed bit specifies both the meaning of the transfer length field and whether fixed-length or variable-length blocks are to be transferred.  If the Fixed bit is zero, a single block is transferred with the bytes transferred being the lesser of the actual block length or the requested transfer length. If the Fixed bit is one, the transfer length specifies the number of blocks to be transferred to the initiator. |
| 1    | 1   | 1 or 0 | Suppress Incorrect Length Indication (SILI) flag.   |
| 2-4  |     |        | The Transfer Length indicates the number of bytes or blocks to transfer. The block length used is the current block length specified in the mode parameters block descriptor (refer to the Mode Select Block Descriptor in Table 4-47 on page 4-53.)  When the transfer length is zero, no data is transferred and the current position on the logical unit is not changed. This condition is not considered an error.            |

#### 4-3.18.2 READ REVERSE CHECK CONDITION Status

If the fixed bit is one, then the Mode Parameter Block Descriptor Block Length must be non-zero. Otherwise CHECK CONDITION status is reported with the sense key as ILLEGAL REQUEST. See description of MODE SENSE for more details about the Mode Parameter Descriptor Block.

For data in EDRC format, it is impossible to transfer the bytes of blocks in reverse order for the tape format being used because of data packeting and data compression. If a block is to be read in the reverse direction, instead of transferring the block's bytes in reverse order, the tape unit spaces backward over the block to be read (logically positions to the BOT side of the block to be read) and then CHECK CONDITION status is reported. Within the sense data reported, the sense key is ILLEGAL REQUEST, the ASC and ASCQ are 30h and 02h respectively (indicating 'Cannot Read Medium - Incompatible Format'), and the Host ERPA code is 26. After receipt of this sense data, the initiator is expected to read forward to transfer the bytes of the block and then space backward one block (i.e. issue a READ command followed by a SPACE command, Code = 0 and Space count of -1.) Note: Even if more than one block is requested to be transferred by the READ REVERSE command in fixed block mode, the tape unit only spaces backward one block.

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

This procedure is performed regardless of the tape format (i.e., 18-track clear data).

If the SILI bit is set to 1 and the Fixed bit is set to 0 then the tape unit checks for overlength conditions; however since the tape unit will never transfer bytes for the READ REVERSE command, an overlength condition for a READ REVERSE command will never occur. If the SILI bit is set to 1 and the Fixed bit is set to 1 then CHECK CONDITION status is reported. In the sense data reported, the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the additional sense code is set to INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

If a filemark is encountered when reading in the reverse direction then CHECK CONDITION status is reported. In the sense data reported, the sense key is NO SENSE, the valid bit is 1 and the information field will equal the requested Transfer length. Upon termination, the logical position is the BOT side of the filemark encountered.

If the logical unit encounters BOT during a READ REVERSE command then CHECK CONDITION status is reported. In the sense data reported, the sense key is NO SENSE, the EOM bit is set to 1, the valid bit is 1 and the information field will equal the requested Transfer length.

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# 4-3.18.3 READ REVERSE Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 0h        | NO SENSE        | <ol> <li>Filemark encountered.</li> <li>BOT encountered.</li> </ol>   |
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | <ol> <li>Recovery was performed when writing buffered data before the<br/>READ REVERSE command was executed.</li> <li>Recovery was performed when reading data from tape.</li> </ol>  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape. (Synchronize before READ REVERSE attempted.)</li> <li>Error occurred when attempting to space backward over block to be read.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> <li>The tape length in the cartridge is too long or too short.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure. (Synchronize before READ REVERSE attempted.)</li> <li>Error occurred when attempting to space backward over block to be read.</li> </ol>  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the READ REVERSE command.</li> <li>SILI bit set to 1 and Fixed bit set to 1.</li> <li>Fixed bit is 1 but variable mode was indicated by the most recent MODE SELECT</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> <li>Bytes in block could not be transferred in reverse order.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the READ REVERSE command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | READ REVERSE command was aborted. the READ REVERSE command can be reissued.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the Read Reverse operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

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## 4-3.19 RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command 1Ch

The RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command requests that result data, generated for a previous SEND DIAGNOSTIC command, be sent to the initiator.

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

The results of the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command may be lost to another initiator on the SCSI bus if the LUN under test has not been reserved to this initiator, or if the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command is not linked after the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.

## 4-3.19.1 RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS CDB Description

RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-75. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |              | BITS                  |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |  |
|-------|--------------|-----------------------|------|-------|---|---|------|------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7            | 6                     | 5    | 4     | 3 | 2 | 1    | 0    |  |  |  |
| 0     | 0            | 0                     | 0    | 1     | 1 | 1 | 0    | 0    |  |  |  |
| 1     | LUN Reserved |                       |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 2     |              | Reserved              |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 3     | MSB          |                       |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 4     |              | Allocation Length LSB |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 5     |              |                       | Rese | erved |   |   | Flag | Link |  |  |  |

Table 4-75. RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 1Ch   | Operation code.  |
| 3-4  |     |       | The Allocation Length specifies the maximum number of bytes that the initiator has allocated for returned RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC data. An allocation length of 0 indicates that no RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC data is transferred. This condition is not considered an error. The target terminates the DATA IN phase when all allocation length bytes have been transferred or when all available RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC data has been transferred to the initiator, whichever is less. |

Table 4-76. RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC Parameter List Length Field

| PAGE<br>CODE | ROUTINE  | PARAMETER<br>LIST LENGTH |  |  |
|--------------|----------|--------------------------|--|--|
| N/A          | SelfTest | N/A                      |  |  |
| 00h          | -        | 6                        |  |  |
| 80h          | 01h      | 20                       |  |  |
| 80h          | 50h      | 20                       |  |  |
| 80h          | 51h      | 20                       |  |  |
| 80h          | 52h      | 20                       |  |  |
| 80h          | 53h      | 20                       |  |  |
| 80h          | 54h      | 20                       |  |  |
| 80h          | 57h      | 20                       |  |  |
| 80h          | C0h      | 20                       |  |  |
| 80h          | C2h      | 20                       |  |  |
| -            | 01h      | 16                       |  |  |
| -            | 50h      | 16                       |  |  |
| -            | 51h      | 16                       |  |  |
| -            | 52h      | 16                       |  |  |
| -            | 53h      | 16                       |  |  |
| -            | 54h      | 16                       |  |  |
| -            | 57h      | 16                       |  |  |
| -            | C0h      | 16                       |  |  |
| -            | C2h      | 16                       |  |  |

## 4-3.19.2 Diagnostic Page Codes (PF=1 in SEND DIAGNOSTIC command CDB)

If the Page Format (PF) bit was set to 1 in a previous SEND DIAGNOSTIC command, the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command will return diagnostic result data in paged format with 00h or 80h as the returned Page Code. Refer to Table 4-77 and Table 4-78.

Table 4-77. Diagnostic Page Codes

| QUALIFIER | DESCRIPTION                                  |
|-----------|--|
| 00h       | Supported diagnostics pages (see Table 4-79) |
| 80h       | Online diagnostic test page (see Table 4-80) |

Table 4-78. Receive Diagnostic Results Page, General Form

|       |          | BITS              |   |            |            |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|-------------------|---|------------|------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7        | 6                 | 5 | 4          | 3          | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |          | Page Code (XXh)   |   |            |            |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1     | Reserved |                   |   |            |            |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 2-3   |          | Page Length (n-3) |   |            |            |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4-N   |          |                   |   | Diagnostic | Parameters | 8 |   |   |  |  |  |  |

## Description of the Page Code 00h

The Page Code 00h instructs the target to make available the list of all supported diagnostic pages to be returned by a subsequent RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command.

Table 4-79. Page 00h - Supported Diagnostic Pages

|       |   | BITS                      |   |             |              |     |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|---------------------------|---|-------------|--------------|-----|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                         | 5 | 4           | 3            | 2   | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |   | Page Code (00h)           |   |             |              |     |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |   | Reserved                  |   |             |              |     |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 2-3   |   | Page Length (0002h)       |   |             |              |     |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4     |   | Supported page list (00h) |   |             |              |     |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 5     |   |                           | S | upported pa | nge list (80 | lh) |   |   |  |  |  |  |

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# Description of the Page Code 80h

Table 4-80. Page 80h - Online Diagnostic Test Page

|       |   | BITS                     |        |               |             |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|--------------------------|--------|---------------|-------------|--------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                        | 5      | 4             | 3           | 2      | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |   |                          |        | Page Co       | de (80h)    |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |   |                          |        | Rese          | erved       |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 2-3   |   |                          |        | Page Leng     | th (0010h)  |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4     |   |                          | Routin | ne in error ( | Routine nu  | ımber) |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 5     |   |                          | Exc    | ecute Coun    | t (Pass Cou | ınt)   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 6-7   |   |                          | Fi     | rst Fault Sy  | mptom Co    | ode    |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 8-9   |   |                          | Sec    | ond Fault S   | Symptom C   | Code   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 10-11 |   | Third Fault Symptom Code |        |               |             |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 12-19 |   |                          |        | Rese          | rved        |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |

Table 4-81. Page 80h Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 4    | 0-7 |       | The Routine in Error field contains the Routine ID of the failing routine. If this field contains 00h, no errors were detected during the last execution of a SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.   |
| 5    | 0-7 |       | The Execute Count field contains the number of passes attempted before an error was detected. If an error is detected on the first pass, this field contains a 1. This field is reset each time a new (different) routine is started. For example: if the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command Parameter list contained a pass count of 4 for Routine 50, and a pass count of 7 for Routine 51, and an error was detected on the third attempt to execute Routine 51, this field would contain a 3. |
| 6-11 |     |       | This field contains the Fault Symptom Codes that indicate the cause of the error.  |

## 4-3.19.3 Diagnostic Parameter List (PF=0 in SEND DIAGNOSTIC command CDB)

If the Page Format (PF) bit was cleared to 0 in a previous SEND DIAGNOSTIC command, the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command will return diagnostic result data in parameter list format.

Table 4-82. Online Diagnostic Results data Parameter List

|       |   | BITS                       |        |               |            |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|----------------------------|--------|---------------|------------|--------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                          | 5      | 4             | 3          | 2      | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |   | •                          | Routir | ne in error ( | Routine nu | imber) |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |   | Execute Count (Pass Count) |        |               |            |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-3   |   |                            | Fi     | rst Fault Sy  | mptom Co   | de     |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-5   |   |                            | Sec    | ond Fault S   | Symptom C  | Code   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6-7   |   | Third Fault Symptom Code   |        |               |            |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8-15  |   |                            |        | Rese          | rved       |        |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |

Description of fields in Diagnostic Results data in Parameter List

Table 4-83. Parameter List Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 |       | The Routine in Error field contains the Routine ID of the failing routine. If this field contains 00h, no errors were detected during the last execution of a SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.   |
| 1    | 0-7 |       | The Execute Count field contains the number of passes attempted before an error was detected. If an error is detected on the first pass, this field contains a 1. This field is reset each time a new (different) routine is started. For example: if the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command Parameter list contained a pass count of 4 for Routine 50, and a pass count of 7 for Routine 51, and an error was detected on the third attempt to execute Routine 51, this field would contain a 3. |
| 2-7  | 0-7 |       | This field contains the Fault Symptom Codes that indicate the cause of the error.  |

## 4-3.19.4 RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS CHECK CONDITION Status

If the initiator does not send a SEND DIAGNOSTIC command first, the command is terminated with GOOD status and the target does not transfer any result data.

All reserved bits must be zero. If these bits are set to one, the command is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST.

# 4-3.19.5 RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data, before the buffered mode operation occurred in RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to a hardware failure (e.g. transfer of RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS data failed due to a hardware failure).</li> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> </ol>   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the RECEIVE DIAG-<br/>NOSTIC RESULTS command.</li> <li>Flag bit in the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS CDB was<br/>set and the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ol> <li>Indicates the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>The target has been reset.</li> <li>The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ol> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command was aborted.  |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.   |



## 4-3.20 RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (FACTORY MODE) command 1Ch

The RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (FACTORY MODE) command requests that result data, generated for a previous SEND DIAGNOSTIC command, be sent to the initiator.

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

The RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command as described in this section requires that the tape drive be set in FACTORY MODE.

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

The results of the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command may be lost to another initiator on the SCSI bus if the LUN under test has not been reserved to this initiator, or if the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command is not linked after the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.

## 4-3.20.1 RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (FACTORY MODE) CDB Description

RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-84. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |     | BITS                   |      |            |           |   |      |      |  |  |  |
|-------|-----|------------------------|------|------------|-----------|---|------|------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7   | 6                      | 5    | 4          | 3         | 2 | 1    | 0    |  |  |  |
| 0     | 0   | 0                      | 0    | 1          | 1         | 1 | 0    | 0    |  |  |  |
| 1     |     | LUN Reserved           |      |            |           |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 2     |     |                        |      | Rese       | erved     |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 3     | MSB |                        |      | Allogation | on Lamath |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 4     |     | Allocation Length  LSB |      |            |           |   |      |      |  |  |  |
| 5     |     |                        | Rese | erved      |           |   | Flag | Link |  |  |  |

Table 4-84. RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 1Ch   | Operation code.   |
| 3-4  |     |       | The Allocation Length specifies the maximum number of bytes that the initiator has allocated for returned RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC data. An allocation length of 0 indicates that no RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC data is transferred. This condition is not considered an error. The target terminates the DATA IN phase when all allocation length bytes have been transferred or when all available RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC data has been transferred to the initiator, whichever is less. (Refer to Table 4-76 for parameter list length values for RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS in FACTORY MODE). |

Table 4-85. RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC (FACTORY MODE) Parameter List Length Field

| PAGE<br>CODE | ROUTINE  | PARAMETER<br>LIST LENGTH |
|--------------|----------|--------------------------|
| N/A          | SelfTest | N/A                      |
| 00h          | -        | 23                       |
| 80h          | 01h      | 20                       |
| 80h          | 50h      | 20                       |
| 80h          | 51h      | 20                       |
| 80h          | 52h      | 20                       |
| 80h          | 53h      | 20                       |
| 80h          | 54h      | 20                       |
| 80h          | 57h      | 20                       |
| 80h          | C0h      | 20                       |
| 80h          | C2h      | 20                       |
| 81h          | -        | 68                       |
| 90h-9Fh      | -        | 36                       |
| -            | 01h      | 16                       |
| -            | 50h      | 16                       |
| -            | 51h      | 16                       |
| -            | 52h      | 16                       |
| -            | 53h      | 16                       |
| -            | 54h      | 16                       |
| -            | 57h      | 16                       |
| -            | C0h      | 16                       |
| -            | C2h      | 16                       |

## 4-3.20.2 Diagnostic Page Codes (PF=1 in SEND DIAGNOSTIC command CDB)

If the Page Format (PF) bit was set to 1 in a previous SEND DIAGNOSTIC command, the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (FACTORY MODE) command will return diagnostic result data in paged format with 00h, 80h, 81h, and 90h through 9Fh as the returned Page Code. Refer to Table 4-86 and Table 4-87.

Table 4-86. Diagnostic Page Codes

| QUALIFIER | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|---|
| 00h       | Supported diagnostics pages (see Table 4-79)                                  |
| 80h       | Online diagnostic test page (see Table 4-80)                                  |
| 81h       | Manufacturing Online diagnostic test page (FACTORY MODE only, see Table 4-91) |
| 90-9Fh    | MTU Online diagnostic test pages (FACTORY MODE only, see Table 4-93)          |

Table 4-87. Receive Diagnostic Results Page, General Form

|       |   | BITS              |   |            |           |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|-------------------|---|------------|-----------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                 | 5 | 4          | 3         | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |   |                   |   | Page Coo   | de (XXh)  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |   |                   |   | Rese       | erved     |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-3   |   | Page Length (n-3) |   |            |           |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-N   |   |                   |   | Diagnostic | Parameter | S |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Description of the Page Code 00h

The Page Code 00h instructs the target to make available the list of all supported diagnostic pages to be returned by a subsequent RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (FACTORY MODE) command.

Table 4-88. Page 00h - Supported Diagnostic Pages (FACTORY MODE)

|       |   | BITS                      |   |              |              |    |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|---------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|----|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                         | 5 | 4            | 3            | 2  | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |   | Page Code (00h)           |   |              |              |    |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |   |                           |   | Rese         | erved        |    |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 2-3   |   |                           |   | Page Leng    | th (0013h)   | 1  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4     |   |                           | S | Supported pa | age list (00 | h) |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 5     |   |                           | S | Supported pa | age list (80 | h) |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 6     |   | Supported page list (81h) |   |              |              |    |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 7     |   |                           | S | supported pa | age list (90 | h) |   |   |  |  |  |  |

Table 4-88. Page 00h - Supported Diagnostic Pages (FACTORY MODE) (Continued)

|       |   | BITS                      |   |             |              |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|---------------------------|---|-------------|--------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0           |   |             |              |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8     |   | Supported page list (91h) |   |             |              |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9     |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (92 | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (93 | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (94 | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (95 | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (96 | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (97 | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (98 | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (99 | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17    |   |                           | S | upported pa | ige list (9A | .h) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (9B | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (9C | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20    |   |                           | S | upported pa | nge list (9D | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (9E | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22    |   |                           | S | upported pa | age list (9F | h)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# **Description of the Page Code 80h**

Table 4-89. Page 80h - Online Diagnostic Test Page

|       |   | BITS                              |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
|-------|---|-----------------------------------|---|------|------|---|---|---|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                                 | 5 | 4    | 3    | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
| 0     |   | Page Code (80h)                   |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 1     |   | Reserved                          |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 2-3   |   | Page Length (0010h)               |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 4     |   | Routine in error (Routine number) |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 5     |   | Execute Count (Pass Count)        |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 6-7   |   | First Fault Symptom Code          |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 8-9   |   | Second Fault Symptom Code         |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 10-11 |   | Third Fault Symptom Code          |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 12-19 |   |                                   |   | Rese | rved |   |   |   |  |

Table 4-90. Page 80h Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 4    | 0-7 |       | The Routine in Error field contains the Routine ID of the failing routine. If this field contains 00h, no errors were detected during the last execution of a SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.   |
| 5    | 0-7 |       | The Execute Count field contains the number of passes attempted before an error was detected. If an error is detected on the first pass, this field contains a 1. This field is reset each time a new (different) routine is started. For example: if the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command Parameter list contained a pass count of 4 for Routine 50, and a pass count of 7 for Routine 51, and an error was detected on the third attempt to execute Routine 51, this field would contain a 3. |
| 6-11 |     |       | This field contains the Fault Symptom Codes that indicate the cause of the error.  |

# **Description of the Page Code 81h**

Table 4-91. Page 81h - Online Manufacturing Diagnostic Test Page

|       |   | BITS                     |        |               |            |        |   |   |  |
|-------|---|--------------------------|--------|---------------|------------|--------|---|---|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                        | 5      | 4             | 3          | 2      | 1 | 0 |  |
| 0     |   | Page Code (81h)          |        |               |            |        |   |   |  |
| 1     |   |                          |        | Rese          | rved       |        |   |   |  |
| 2-3   |   |                          |        | Page Leng     | th (0040h) |        |   |   |  |
| 4     |   |                          | Routin | ne in error ( | Routine nu | ımber) |   |   |  |
| 5     |   |                          | Exc    | ecute Coun    | t (Pass Co | unt)   |   |   |  |
| 6-7   |   | First Fault Symptom Code |        |               |            |        |   |   |  |
| 8-9   |   |                          | Sec    | ond Fault S   | Symptom C  | Code   |   |   |  |
| 10-11 |   | Third Fault Symptom Code |        |               |            |        |   |   |  |
| 12-15 |   | Expected Data            |        |               |            |        |   |   |  |
| 16-19 |   |                          |        | Receive       | ed Data    |        |   |   |  |
| 20-23 |   |                          |        | Add           | ress       |        |   |   |  |
| 24    |   |                          |        | PESSA E       | RPA code   |        |   |   |  |
| 25    |   | PESSA FORMAT             |        |               |            |        |   |   |  |
| 26-41 |   |                          |        | PESSA         | DATA       |        |   |   |  |
| 42-68 |   |                          |        | Rese          | rved       |        |   |   |  |

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Table 4-92. Page 81h Field Description

| BYTE  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|-------|-----|-------|--|
| 4     | 0-7 |       | The Routine in Error field contains the Routine ID of the failing routine. If this field contains 00h, no errors were detected during the last execution of a SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.   |
| 5     | 0-7 |       | The Execute Count field contains the number of passes attempted before an error was detected. If an error is detected on the first pass, this field contains a 1. This field is reset each time a new (different) routine is started. For example: if the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command Parameter list contained a pass count of 4 for Routine 50, and a pass count of 7 for Routine 51, and an error was detected on the third attempt to execute Routine 51, this field would contain a 3. |
| 6-11  | 0-7 |       | This field contains the Fault Symptom Codes that indicate the cause of the error.  |
| 12-15 | 0-7 |       | This field contains the data that was expected by the diagnostic test reporting an error.  |
| 16-19 | 0-7 |       | This field contains the data that was received by the diagnostic test reporting the error.   |
| 20-23 | 0-7 |       | This field contains the hardware address where the expected and received data comparison was made by the diagnostic test reporting the error.  |
| 24    | 0-7 |       | This field contains the Permanent Error Sense ERPA code relating to the reported error.  |
| 25    | 0-7 |       | This field contains the Permanent Error Sense Format code.   |
| 26-41 | 0-7 |       | This field contains the Permanent Error Sense Data bytes.  |

# **Description of the Page Code 90-9Fh**

Table 4-93. Page 90-9Fh - Online Diagnostic Test Page

|       |   | BITS                   |   |          |             |     |   |   |  |
|-------|---|------------------------|---|----------|-------------|-----|---|---|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                      | 5 | 4        | 3           | 2   | 1 | 0 |  |
| 0     |   | Page Code (90-9Fh)     |   |          |             |     |   |   |  |
| 1     |   | Reserved               |   |          |             |     |   |   |  |
| 2-3   |   | Page Length (0020h)    |   |          |             |     |   |   |  |
| 4-5   |   | MTU DIAG error code    |   |          |             |     |   |   |  |
| 6-7   |   | MTU DIAG result data 1 |   |          |             |     |   |   |  |
| 8-9   |   |                        | N | ITU DIAG | result data | . 2 |   |   |  |
| 10-11 |   | MTU DIAG result data 3 |   |          |             |     |   |   |  |
| 12-13 |   | MTU DIAG result data 4 |   |          |             |     |   |   |  |
| 14-15 |   |                        | N | ITU DIAG | result data | . 5 |   |   |  |

**BITS BYTES** 6 0 16-17 MTU DIAG result data 6 18-19 MTU DIAG result data 7 MTU DIAG result data 8 20-21 22-23 MTU DIAG result data 9 24-25 MTU DIAG result data 10 26-27 MTU DIAG result data 11 28-29 MTU DIAG result data 12 30-31 MTU DIAG result data 13 32-33 MTU DIAG result data 14 MTU DIAG result data 15 34-35

Table 4-93. Page 90-9Fh - Online Diagnostic Test Page (Continued)

Description of fields in Page Codes 90-9Fh

Table 4-94. Page Code 90-9Fh Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 |       | MTU Diagnostic Page Code.   |
| 4-5  | 0-7 |       | The MTU Diagnostic Error Code field will contain a non-zero value if an error was detected during diagnostic operation.   |
| 6-35 | 0-7 |       | MTU Diagnostic result data 1 - 15. These 16-bit fields are used to report details of the diagnostic operation which are specific to the diagnostic test being executed. See Chapter 8 for more information on MTU Diagnostic Result Data. |

## 4-3.20.3 Diagnostic Parameter List (PF=0 in SEND DIAGNOSTIC command CDB)

If the Page Format (PF) bit was cleared to 0 in a previous SEND DIAGNOSTIC command, the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (FACTORY MODE) command will return diagnostic result data in parameter list format.

Table 4-95. Online Diagnostic Results data Parameter List

|       |   | BITS                              |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
|-------|---|-----------------------------------|---|------|------|---|---|---|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                                 | 5 | 4    | 3    | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
| 0     |   | Routine in error (Routine number) |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 1     |   | Execute Count (Pass Count)        |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 2-3   |   | First Fault Symptom Code          |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 4-5   |   | Second Fault Symptom Code         |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 6-7   |   | Third Fault Symptom Code          |   |      |      |   |   |   |  |
| 8-15  |   |                                   |   | Rese | rved |   |   |   |  |

Description of fields in Diagnostic Results data in Parameter List

Table 4-96. Parameter List Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 |       | The Routine in Error field contains the Routine ID of the failing routine. If this field contains 00h, no errors were detected during the last execution of a SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.   |
| 1    | 0-7 |       | The Execute Count field contains the number of passes attempted before an error was detected. If an error is detected on the first pass, this field contains a 1. This field is reset each time a new (different) routine is started. For example: if the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command Parameter list contained a pass count of 4 for Routine 50, and a pass count of 7 for Routine 51, and an error was detected on the third attempt to execute Routine 51, this field would contain a 3. |
| 2-7  | 0-7 |       | This field contains the Fault Symptom Codes that indicate the cause of the error.  |

## 4-3.20.4 RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS CHECK CONDITION Status

If the initiator does not send a SEND DIAGNOSTIC command first, the command is terminated with GOOD status and the target does not transfer any result data.

All reserved bits must be zero. If these bits are set to one, the command is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST.

# 4-3.20.5 RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data, before the buffered mode operation occurred in RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command.   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to a hardware failure (e.g. transfer of RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS data failed due to a hardware failure).</li> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> </ol>  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command.</li> <li>Flag bit in the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS CDB was set and the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

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## 4-3.21 RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command 14h

RECOVER BUFFERED DATA requests that the tape unit transfer one or more blocks of data from the tape unit's buffer to the initiator. The command is used to retrieve data contained in the buffer that had been sent earlier by the initiator to be written to the medium [tape]. The command is typically used following an error condition which indicates that data could not be written to the medium [tape]. Several RECOVER BUFFERED DATA commands may be needed to retrieve all buffered write blocks.

The Information field of sense data returned for a RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command is analogous to the Information field of sense data returned for a READ command. Please see the READ command description in paragraph 4-3.14 on page 4-63 for a description of this field.

## 4-3.21.1 RECOVER BUFFERED DATA CDB Description

RECOVER BUFFERED DATA is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-97. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |     | BITS |      |          |          |   |      |       |  |
|-------|-----|------|------|----------|----------|---|------|-------|--|
| BYTES | 7   | 6    | 5    | 4        | 3        | 2 | 1    | 0     |  |
| 0     | 0   | 0    | 0    | 1        | 0        | 1 | 0    | 0     |  |
| 1     |     | LUN  |      | Reserved |          |   | SILI | Fixed |  |
| 2     | MSB |      |      |          |          |   |      |       |  |
| 3     |     | •    |      | Transfer | r Length |   |      |       |  |
| 4     |     |      |      |          |          |   |      | LSB   |  |
| 5     |     |      | Rese | erved    |          |   | Flag | Link  |  |

Table 4-97. RECOVER BUFFERED DATA Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 14h   | Operation Code.  |
| 1    | 0   |       | The Fixed bit specifies both the meaning of the transfer length field and whether fixed-length or variable-length blocks are to be transferred.  If the Fixed bit is zero, a single block is transferred with the bytes transferred being the lesser of the actual block length or the requested transfer length.  If the Fixed bit is one, the transfer length specifies the number of blocks to be transferred to the initiator. |
| 1    | 1   |       | Suppress Incorrect Length Indication (SILI) flag.  |
| 2-4  |     |       | The Transfer Length indicates the number of bytes or blocks to transfer. The block length used is the current block length specified in the mode parameters block descriptor (refer to the Mode Select Block Descriptor in Table 4-47 on page 4-53.) When the transfer length is zero, no data is transferred and the current position on the logical unit is not changed. This condition is not considered an error.              |

### 4-3.21.2 RECOVER BUFFERED DATA Operation

Unlike the READ command, one can control the order that blocks are transferred for the RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command. The Recover Buffer Order (RBO) bit of the Mode Parameter Device Configuration page controls the transfer order. If the RBO bit is set to zero then blocks are transferred in the order that they were received from the initiator (First In First Out, FIFO, order); if the RBO bit is set to one then blocks are transferred in the opposite order that they were received from the initiator (Last In First Out, LIFO, order.)

The RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command is typically used in conjunction with the READ POSITION command following a permanent write error being detected. Here is one possible sequence to perform write error recovery after a write error has been detected:

- 1. A READ POSITION command is issued. This determines two items: first is how many blocks didn't get written to tape and are still buffered (this will be in the Number of blocks in buffer field) and second is the start location where the buffered blocks are to be written (this will be in the Last block location field.)
- 2. One or more RECOVER BUFFERED DATA commands are issued by the initiator to recover all blocks that still need to be written.
- 3. The tape cartridge being written to is unloaded, moved and loaded into a second tape unit.
- 4. A LOCATE command is issued to the second tape unit using as the target the start location obtained from the READ POSITION command issued earlier.
- 5. The recovered blocks are sent to the second tape unit using one or more WRITE commands.

### 4-3.21.3 RECOVER BUFFERED DATA CHECK CONDITION Status

The RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command will cause any buffered write data to be written to tape if the command is issued when no exception condition exists preventing data to be written to tape. In this case, assuming no errors occur when writing the buffered data to tape, CHECK CONDITION status will be reported for the command and the error sense will be as described for the case of requesting more blocks than are available to be recovered.

If a buffered filemark is encountered during a RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status. Within the sense data for the CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is NO SENSE, and both the Filemark and Valid bits are set to one. If the Fixed bit was one, the Information field will contain the difference (residue) of the requested transfer count minus the actual number of blocks recovered not including the filemark encountered. If the Fixed bit was zero, the Information field contains the requested transfer length.

If the RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command requests to transfer more blocks than remain in the buffer then CHECK CONDITION status will be returned after sending as many blocks as are available. In the sense data for the CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is NO SENSE, and both the Valid bit and EOM bit are set to one. If the Fixed bit was one, the Information field will contain the difference (residue) of the requested transfer count minus the actual number of blocks recovered. If the Fixed bit was zero, the Information field contains the requested transfer length.

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# 4-3.21.4 RECOVER BUFFERED DATA Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| Oh        | NO SENSE        | <ol> <li>SILI and Fixed bits are both zero and the actual length of the block transferred is different from the specified Transfer length field of the CDB.</li> <li>Filemark encountered during the recover buffered data operation.</li> </ol>   |
|           |                 | 3. More blocks are requested to be transferred than are contained in the buffer  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Transfer of data to initiator failed due to hardware failure   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB.</li> <li>The Fixed bit was set to one, but the current mode is variable         (as defined by the current Mode Select state).</li> <li>The SILI and Fixed bits are both set to one.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command was aborted  |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the RECOVER BUFFERED DATA operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

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### 4-3.22 RELEASE UNIT command 17h

The RESERVE UNIT and RELEASE UNIT commands serve to resolve contention in multiple-initiator systems. The RELEASE UNIT command is used to release previously reserved logical units for the requesting initiator, or if it is a third-party release, for another specified SCSI device.

The SCSI device that releases the reservation of the tape logical unit, also automatically releases the reservation of the medium changer logical unit, even though the RELEASE UNIT command was directed to the tape logical unit. This is because the SCSI device that gains the reservation of the tape logical unit also automatically gains the reservation of the medium changer logical unit.

The RESERVE UNIT and RELEASE UNIT commands are not supported for the medium changer logical unit, however, releasing the reservation of the tape logical unit will serve as a method of releasing the medium changer logical unit as well.

### 4-3.22.1 RELEASE UNIT CDB Description

RELEASE UNIT is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-98. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |               | BITS     |      |           |       |                |      |          |  |  |
|-------|---------------|----------|------|-----------|-------|----------------|------|----------|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 |          |      |           |       |                |      | 0        |  |  |
| 0     | 0             | 0        | 0    | 1         | 0     | 1              | 1    | 1        |  |  |
| 1     |               | LUN      |      | 3rd Party | 31    | rd Party Dev 1 | D    | Reserved |  |  |
| 2     |               |          |      | Rese      | erved |                |      |          |  |  |
| 3     |               |          |      | Rese      | erved |                |      |          |  |  |
| 4     |               | Reserved |      |           |       |                |      |          |  |  |
| 5     |               |          | Rese | erved     |       |                | Flag | Link     |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-98. RELEASE UNIT Field Description

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 17h   | Operation Code.  |
| 1    | 1-3 |       | The 3rd Party Dev ID is the SCSI device for whom a third-party reservation has been made.  |
| 1    | 4   | 0     | If the 3rd Party bit is zero, then the initiator that made the non-third-party reservation, releases the reserved device.  |
|      |     | 1     | If the 3rd Party bit is one, the initiator that made a third-party reservation for the device specified in the "3rd Party Dev ID" field releases the reservation for that same device. |

# 4-3.22.2 RELEASE UNIT Operation

If a valid reservation exists for the Initiator-Target-LUN combination, the target releases the reservation and returns GOOD status.

A reservation may only be released by the initiator that made it. It is not an error to attempt to release a reservation that is not currently valid. In this case, the target returns GOOD status without altering any other reservation.

Third Party Release allows an initiator to release a logical unit that was previously reserved using a third-party reservation.

# 4-3.22.3 RELEASE UNIT Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed while writing buffered data before the RELEASE UNIT occurred.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the RELEASE UNIT command.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>  |
| бh        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the RELEASE UNIT command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | The RELEASE UNIT command was aborted.   |

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### 4-3.23 REQUEST SENSE command 03h

The REQUEST SENSE command requests that the target transfer sense data to the initiator. The controller is capable of supplying 44 bytes (2Ch bytes) of sense. Refer to section 8-3 on page 8-4 for a description of the sense data received via this command.

### 4-3.23.1 REQUEST SENSE CDB Description

REQUEST SENSE is a six-byte command as shown below and described in Table 4-99. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |   | BITS              |      |       |      |          |      |      |  |  |
|-------|---|-------------------|------|-------|------|----------|------|------|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                 | 5    | 4     | 3    | 2        | 1    | 0    |  |  |
| 0     | 0 | 0                 | 0    | 0     | 0    | 0        | 1    | 1    |  |  |
| 1     |   | LUN               |      |       |      | Reserved |      |      |  |  |
| 2     |   |                   |      | Rese  | rved |          |      |      |  |  |
| 3     |   |                   |      | Rese  | rved |          |      |      |  |  |
| 4     |   | Allocation Length |      |       |      |          |      |      |  |  |
| 5     |   |                   | Rese | erved |      |          | Flag | Link |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-99. REQUEST SENSE Field Description

| вуте | ВІТ | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 03h   | Operation code.   |
| 4    | 0-7 |       | The Allocation Length field specifies the maximum number of sense data bytes to be returned to the initiator. An allocation length of zero indicates that no sense data is returned and is not considered an error. The target terminates the sense data transfer when the allocation length bytes have been transferred or when all of the sense data have been transferred to the initiator, whichever is less. The additional sense length in the sense data is not altered to reflect truncation due to insufficient allocation length. |

## 4-3.23.2 REQUEST SENSE CHECK CONDITION Status

The sense data is valid for a CHECK CONDITION status returned on the prior command. This sense data is preserved by the target for the initiator until retrieved by the REQUEST SENSE command or until the receipt of any other command for the same logical unit from the initiator that issued the command resulting in the CHECK CONDITION status. Sense data is cleared upon receipt of any subsequent command (including Request Sense) to the logical unit from the initiator receiving the CHECK CONDITION status.

The REQUEST SENSE command returns the CHECK CONDITION status only to report fatal errors for the REQUEST SENSE command.

### Example:

- a. The target receives a nonzero reserved bit in the command descriptor block.
- b. An unrecovered parity error occurs on the DATA BUS.
- c. A target malfunction prevents return of the sense data.

If any nonfatal error occurs during the execution of the REQUEST SENSE command, the target returns the sense data with GOOD status. Following a fatal error on a REQUEST SENSE command, sense data may be invalid.

# 4-3.23.3 REQUEST SENSE Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | SCSI interface error occurred due to hardware failure (e.g. transfer of Request Sense data failed due to hardware failure).  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the Request Sense command.</li> <li>Flag bit in the Request Sense CDB was set and Link bit was not set.</li> </ol> |

### 4-3.24 Report Density Support command 44h

The REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT command provides a means for the initiator to retrieve information maintained by the target about the supported densities for the MTU logical unit.

### \*\* NOTE \*\*

The support of the REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT command is configuration dependent. In order for this command to be supported, FT4 (Feature Mode 4), bit 6 (0x40) must be set to 1. This bit can be set via the CHANGE DEFINITION command (VPD page C1h, feature configuration byte 4) or via the operator panel, SETTING menu, option 80:S.FT4 (see Chapter 4 of the M2488 User's Guide). If the REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT command is received when FT4, bit 6 is set to 0, CHECK CONDITION status is generated. The sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST with the additional sense code set to INVALID CDB OP CODE.

### 4-3.24.1 REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT CDB Description

REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-100. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |     | BITS          |     |           |           |   |      |       |  |  |  |
|-------|-----|---------------|-----|-----------|-----------|---|------|-------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7   | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 |     |           |           |   |      |       |  |  |  |
| 0     | 0   | 1             | 0   | 0         | 0         | 1 | 0    | 0     |  |  |  |
| 1     |     |               |     | Reserved  |           |   |      | Media |  |  |  |
| 2     |     |               |     | Rese      | erved     |   |      |       |  |  |  |
| 3     |     | Reserved      |     |           |           |   |      |       |  |  |  |
| 4     |     |               |     | Rese      | erved     |   |      |       |  |  |  |
| 5     |     |               |     | Rese      | erved     |   |      |       |  |  |  |
| 6     |     |               |     | Rese      | erved     |   |      |       |  |  |  |
| 7     | MSB |               |     | Allogatio | ın Lanath |   |      |       |  |  |  |
| 8     |     |               |     | Allocatio | n Length  |   |      | LSB   |  |  |  |
| 9     |     |               | Res | erved     |           |   | Flag | Link  |  |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-100. REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 44h   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0   | 0b    | The Media bit indicates which DENSITY SUPPORT data blocks are to be returned.  DENSITY SUPPORT data blocks are to be returned to the initiator for densities supported by the logical unit for any supported media. This includes density 09h described in Table 4-102 on page 7-107 and density 28h described in Table 4-103 on page 7-108.   |
|      |     | 16    | Density support data block(s) is to be returned to the initiator for densities supported by the mounted medium: a) If the mounted medium is a standard-length tape, there are two DEN-SITY SUPPORT data blocks returned. This includes density 09h described in Table 4-102 on page 7-107 and density 28h described in Table 4-103 on page 7-108. b) If the mounted medium is an extended-length tape, there is one DEN-SITY SUPPORT data block returned: density 28h described in Table 4-103 on page 7-108.  |
|      |     |       | Notes: a) The DENSITY SUPPORT data block's Capacity field corresponding to density 28h is dependent on the tape length when the Media bit in the CDB is set. Reference the description of the DENSITY SUPPORT data block's Capacity field in Table 4-104 on page 7-109. b) If the Media bit is one and the logical unit is NOT READY, CHECK CONDITION status is generated with a sense key of NOT READY.   |
| 7-8  |     | xxh   | Allocation Length field specifies the maximum number of bytes that the initiator has allocated for returned REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT data. An allocation length of zero indicates no data is to be transferred. This condition is not considered an error.  The target terminates the DATA IN phase when allocation length bytes are transferred or when all available data is transferred to the initiator, whichever is less. An allocation length of at least 6Ah (106) should be specified in order for all of the maximum possible bytes to be returned to the initiator. |

### 4-3.24.2 REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Data

The REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT data contains a four-byte header, followed by one or two DENSITY SUPPORT data blocks. The DENSITY SUPPORT data blocks are in numerical ascending order of the primary density code value in each block. Each DENSITY SUPPORT data block represents a particular format including physical density information. The information in the DENSITY SUPPORT data blocks is intended to provide the initiator with a detailed description of the recording technologies supported by the logical unit. Density code values returned in the DENSITY SUPPORT data blocks may be used by the initiator in the Block Descriptor of a MODE SELECT command, however, the M2488 always operates in a fixed density support mode (i.e 18-track read; 36-track read/write) independent of the value sent in the Block Descriptor (reference the MODE SELECT command specification in section 4-3.12 on page 4-51).

# **REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Header:**

Table 4-101. REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Header

|       | BITS                               |                 |  |      |       |  |  | DEFAULT |     |
|-------|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|------|-------|--|--|---------|-----|
| BYTES | 7                                  | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |  |      |       |  |  |         |     |
| 0-1   | REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Data Length |                 |  |      |       |  |  | N.A.    |     |
| 2     | Reserved                           |                 |  |      |       |  |  | 00h     |     |
| 3     |                                    |                 |  | Rese | erved |  |  |         | 00h |

The REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT data length indicates the number of bytes in the following data that is available to transfer. This data length does not include itself.

Table 4-102. DENSITY SUPPORT Data Block for density 09h (18-track, standard length tape)

|         |  |  |             | Bl           | TS                      |               |              |      | DEFAULT                  |
|---------|--|--|-------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------|------|--------------------------|
| BYTES   | 7  | 6  | 5           | 4            | 3                       | 2             | 1            | 0    | DEFAULT                  |
| 0       |  |  |             | Primary D    | ensity Code             |               |              |      | 09h                      |
| 1       |  |  |             | Secondary I  | Density Code            | e             |              |      | 09h                      |
| 2       | WrtOK                                      | Dup  | Deflt       |              |                         | Reserved      |              |      | 00h                      |
| 3       |  |  |             | Rese         | erved                   |               |              |      | 00h                      |
| 4       |  |  |             | Rese         | erved                   |               |              |      | 00h                      |
| 5-7     | Bits per mm                                |  |             |              |                         |               | 05D3h (1491) |      |                          |
| 8-9     |  |  | Me          | edia Width ( | tenths of a n           | nm)           |              |      | 0C07h (127)              |
| 10-11   |  |  |             | Tra          | acks                    |               |              |      | 0012h (18)               |
| 12-15   |  |  |             | Capaci       | ty (MB)                 |               |              |      | 000000F0h<br>(240)       |
| 16-23   |  | Assigning Organization<br>(58 33 20 20 20 20 20 20h) |             |              |                         |               |              | "X3" |                          |
| 24 - 31 | Density Name<br>(31 38 20 54 52 41 43 4Bh) |  |             |              |                         |               | "18 TRACK"   |      |                          |
| 32 - 51 |  | (33 34   | 38 30 2F 33 |              | ription<br>0 31 2F 32 2 | 22 20 54 41 5 | 50 45h)      |      | "3480/3490<br>1/2" TAPE" |

Table 4-103. DENSITY SUPPORT Data Block for density 28h (36-track, standard or extended length tape)

|         |       |   |            | B           | ITS                   |            |           |               |   |
|---------|-------|---|------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|---|
| BYTES   | 7     | 6   | 5          | 4           | 3                     | 2          | 1         | 0             | - DEFAULT                               |
| 0       |       |   | :          | Primary D   | ensity Cod            | e          |           |               | 28h                                     |
| 1       |       |   | S          | Secondary 1 | Density Co            | de         |           |               | 28h                                     |
| 2       | WrtOK | Dup   | Deflt      |             |                       | Reserved   |           |               | A0h                                     |
| 3       |       |   | 1          | Res         | erved                 |            |           |               | 00h                                     |
| 4       |       |   |            | Res         | erved                 |            |           |               | 00h                                     |
| 5-7     |       |   |            | Bits p      | er mm                 |            |           |               | 05D3h<br>(1491)                         |
| 8-9     |       |   | Med        | lia Width ( | tenths of a           | mm)        |           |               | 0C07h (127)                             |
| 10-11   |       |   |            | Tra         | acks                  |            |           |               | 0024h<br>(36)                           |
| 12-15   |       |   |            | Capaci      | ty (MB)               |            |           |               | See Capacity field desc. in Table 4-104 |
| 16 - 23 |       | Assigning Organization<br>(58 33 20 20 20 20 20h) |            |             |                       |            |           | "X3"          |   |
| 24 - 31 |       | Density Name<br>(33 36 20 54 52 41 43 4Bh)        |            |             |                       |            |           | "36<br>TRACK" |   |
| 32 - 51 |       | (33 34 39 :                                       | 30 45 20 3 |             | ription<br>20 54 41 5 | 0 45 20 20 | 20 20 201 | ı)            | "3490E 1/<br>2" TAPE"                   |

Table 4-104. REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Data Block Field Description

| ВУТЕ  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|-------|---|
| 0     | 0-7 |       | The Primary Density Code contains the value returned by a MODE SENSE command for the density described in the remainder of the DENSITY SUP-PORT data block (reference the MODE SENSE command specification in section XX for more information on density codes reported by MODE SENSE).   |
| 1     | 0-7 |       | The Secondary Density Code field contains the equivalent density code value when multiple density codes are assigned to the same recording technology (density, format, capacity, etc.). If no secondary density code exists, then this field is set to the Primary Density Code value in byte 0.   |
| 2     | 5   | 0     | A Default (Deflt) bit of zero indicates this density is not the default density of the logical unit.  A Deflt bit of one indicates this density is the default density of the logical unit.   |
| 2     | 6   | 0     | A Dup bit of zero indicates this primary density code has exactly one DENSITY SUPPORT data block.  A Dup bit of one indicates this primary density code is specified in more than one DENSITY SUPPORT data block.   |
| 2     | 7   | 0     | A Write OK (WrtOK) bit of zero indicates the logical unit support for this density does not include writing to the media.  A WrtOK bit of one indicates the logical unit is capable of writing this density to either:  a) the currently mounted medium (Media bit in CDB is set to one), or b) for some media (Media bit in CDB is set to zero).   |
| 5-7   |     |       | The Bits per mm field indicates the number of bits per millimeter per track as recorded on the medium. The value in this field shall be rounded up if the fractional value of the actual value is greater than or equal to 0.5. A value of zero indicates the number of bits per millimeter does not apply to this logical unit.  Direct comparison of this value between different vendors (possible products) is discouraged since the definition of bits may vary. |
| 8-9   |     |       | The Media Width field indicates the width of the medium supported by this density. This field has units of tenths of millimeters. The value in this field shall be rounded up if the fractional value of the actual value is greater than or equal to 0.5.  |
| 10-11 |     |       | The Tracks field indicates the number of data tracks supported on the medium by this density. Direct comparison of this value between different vendors (possible products) is discouraged since the definition of the number of tracks may vary.   |

Table 4-104. REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Data Block Field Description (Continued)

| ВҮТЕ  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|-------|-----|-------|--|
| 12-15 |     |       | The Capacity field is intended to be used to determine that the correct density is being used, particularly when a lower-density format is required for interchange. The meaning of the Capacity field is dependent on the setting of the Media bit in the CDB:  a) When the Media bit in the CDB is 0, the capacity field indicates the approximate capacity of the longest supported medium for this density. For density 09h (18-track) the approx. capacity is 240MB (F0h). For density 28h (36-track) the approx. capacity is 800MB (320H) (i.e. approx. capacity of the extended length tape, which is the longest supported medium for this density). b) When the Media bit in the CDB is 1, the capacity field indicates the approximate capacity of the currently mounted medium for this density. For density 09h the approx. capacity is 240MB (F0h). For density 28h, the capacity is dependent on the tape length (standard or extended) of the currently mounted medium. For standard length tapes, the approx. capacity is 400MB (190h). For extended length tapes, the approx. capacity is 800MB (320h).  Notes: a) The capacity is based on compression being disabled. b) The capacity is based on the media being in "good" condition and that "normal" data and block sizes are used. c) The logical unit does not guarantee that this space is actually available in all cases. d) Direct comparison of this value between different vendors (possibly products) is discouraged since the length of media and the method used to measure maximum capacity may vary. |
| 16-23 |     |       | The Assigning Organization field contains eight bytes of ASCII data identifying the organization responsible for the information in this DENSITY SUPPORT data block. The data is left aligned within this field. The ASCII value for a space (20h) is used if padding is required.   |
| 24-31 |     |       | The Density Name field contains eight bytes of ASCII data identifying the name that is associated with this DENSITY SUPPORT data block. The data is left aligned within this field.  |
| 32-51 |     |       | The Description field contains 20 bytes of ASCII data describing the density. The data is left aligned within this field. The ASCII value for a space (20h) is used if padding is required.  |

# 4-3.24.3 REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 2h        | NOT READY       | 1. The Media bit is one and the logical unit is NOT READY.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Writing buffered data to tape failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Write buffered data to tape failed due to a hardware error.   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the REPORT DEN-<br/>SITY SUPPORT command.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |

### 4-3.25 RESERVE UNIT command 16h

The RESERVE UNIT and RELEASE UNIT commands serve to resolve contention in multiple-initiator systems. The RESERVE UNIT command reserves the specified logical unit for the exclusive use of the requesting initiator, or if it is a third-party reservation, for another specified SCSI device.

The SCSI device that gains the reservation of the tape logical unit, also automatically gains the reservation of the medium changer logical unit, even though the RESERVE UNIT command was directed to the tape logical unit.

The RESERVE UNIT command is not supported for the medium changer logical unit, however, reservation of the tape logical unit will serve as a method of reserving the medium changer logical unit as well. The reservation on the medium changer logical unit will be released when a RELEASE UNIT command is issued for the tape logical unit.

# 4-3.25.1 RESERVE UNIT CDB Description

RESERVE UNIT is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-105. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |          | BITS     |      |           |                           |   |      |          |  |
|-------|----------|----------|------|-----------|---------------------------|---|------|----------|--|
| BYTES | 7        | 6        | 5    | 4         | 3                         | 2 | 1    | 0        |  |
| 0     | 0 0      |          | 0    | 1         | 0                         | 1 | 1    | 0        |  |
| 1     | LUN      |          |      | 3rd Party | 3rd Party Dev ID Reserved |   |      | Reserved |  |
| 2     |          | Reserved |      |           |                           |   |      |          |  |
| 3     |          | Reserved |      |           |                           |   |      |          |  |
| 4     | Reserved |          |      |           |                           |   |      |          |  |
| 5     |          |          | Rese | erved     |                           |   | Flag | Link     |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-105. RESERVE UNIT Field Description

| BYTE | ВІТ | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 16h   | Operation Code.  |
| 1    | 1-3 |       | The 3rd Party Device ID specifies the SCSI device the reservation is for. This field is ignored when bit 4=0.  |
| 1    | 4   |       | Third Party Reservation allows an initiator to reserve a logical unit for another SCSI device.  If the 3rd Party bit is zero, then the RESERVE UNIT command is to reserve the logical unit for the initiator sending the command.  If the 3rd Party bit is one then the logical unit will be reserved for the SCSI device specified in the 3rd Party Dev ID field. |

### 4-3.25.2 RESERVE UNIT Operation

This command will always cause a synchronization unless:

The device is operating in Buffered Mode 1, wherein different initiators may have data in the buffer at the same time, or

A third-party reservation is being requested where the 3rd Party Dev ID is that of the initiator which currently has write data in the buffer.

This command requests that the entire logical unit be reserved for the exclusive use of the initiator until:

the reservation is superseded by another valid RESERVE UNIT command from the initiator that the device is currently reserved for,

the unit is released by a RELEASE UNIT command from the initiator that made the reservation,

- a hard reset condition occurs,
- a BUS DEVICE RESET message is received from any initiator, or
- a power on cycle occurs.

The reservation is not granted if the logical unit is reserved by another initiator. It is permissible for an initiator to issue a RESERVE UNIT command to a logical unit that it has already reserved.

If the logical unit is reserved for another initiator, the target returns RESERVATION CONFLICT status.

If, after honoring the reservation, any other initiator tries to perform any command on the reserved logical unit other than an INQUIRY, REQUEST SENSE or RELEASE UNIT command, then the command is rejected with RESERVATION CONFLICT status. A RELEASE UNIT command is ignored by returning GOOD status without altering any reservations, if received from an initiator other than the one reserving the initiator.

The initiator will receive a BUSY (instead of a RESERVATION CONFLICT) status if the reserved device is in the process of executing a command for the initiator or third-party device that holds the reservation. The logical unit receiving the commands is checked for activity in progress before being checked for reservation rights. If the reserved logical unit was not busy with a command for the device that holds the reservation rights, then other initiators' commands will be rejected with the RESERVATION CONFLICT status.

If an initiator attempts to make a third-party reservation for itself (i.e. the 3rdParty Dev ID field has the same value as the ID of the initiator issuing the command), a CHECK CONDITION status will be returned with sense data indicating ILLEGAL REQUEST/INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

The target preserves a successful third-party reservation until:

it is superseded by another valid RESERVE UNIT command from the initiator that made the third-party reservation,

it is released by the initiator that made the third-party reservation,

- a BUS DEVICE RESET message is received from any initiator, or
- a hard reset condition occurs.

While a third party reservation is active, the target ignores any attempt to release the reservation made by any other initiator.

**Superseding reservations.** An initiator that currently has a logical unit reserved may modify the current reservation by issuing another RESERVE UNIT command to the same logical unit. The superseding reservation releases the current reservation if the superseding reservation request is granted. The current reservation is not modified if the superseding reservation request cannot be granted. If the superseding reservation cannot be granted because of conflicts with a previous reservation (other than the current reservation), then the target returns RESERVATION CONFLICT status.

# 4-3.25.3 RESERVE UNIT Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed while writing buffered data before the RESERVE UNIT occurred.   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>         |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the RESERVE UNIT command.</li> <li>Initiator attempted to perform a third-party reservation for its own</li> </ol> |
|           |                 | <ul><li>ID.</li><li>3. The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li></ul>  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | Indicates the RESERVE UNIT command was not performed due to one of the following:  |
|           |                 | 1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.   |
|           |                 | 2. The target has been reset.  |
|           |                 | <ul><li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li><li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li></ul>    |
|           |                 | <ol><li>A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too<br/>short.</li></ol>   |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | The RESERVE UNIT command was aborted.  |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the RESERVE UNIT operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.   |

#### 4-3.26 REWIND command 01h

The REWIND command causes the logical unit to position to the beginning of tape. Any buffered write data and filemarks are written to the tape before the positioning is performed.

A single REWIND command may not actually cause the tape head to be physically positioned at the beginning of the tape; positioning may occur only in the buffer or the tape head may be physically positioned just before the first block but after the Density ID mark on the tape. Issuing two consecutive REWIND commands forces the logical unit to position the tape head at the physical beginning of tape. (This may prove useful for test purposes; e.g. The Density ID mark will always be read for a Read command following two consecutive REWIND commands.

# 4-3.26.1 REWIND CDB Description

REWIND is a six-byte command. The bytes are as shown below and described in Table 4-106. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |          | BITS     |      |       |       |   |      |      |
|-------|----------|----------|------|-------|-------|---|------|------|
| BYTES | 7        | 6        | 5    | 4     | 3     | 2 | 1    | 0    |
| 0     | 0 0 0    |          |      | 0     | 0     | 0 | 0    | 1    |
| 1     |          | LUN      |      |       | Immed |   |      |      |
| 2     |          | Reserved |      |       |       |   |      |      |
| 3     |          | Reserved |      |       |       |   |      |      |
| 4     | Reserved |          |      |       |       |   |      |      |
| 5     |          |          | Rese | erved |       |   | Flag | Link |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-106. REWIND Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 01h   | Operation code for the rewind command.   |
| 1    | 0   | 0     | If the Immed (Immediate) bit is 0, Status is not returned for the REWIND command until the rewind has completed or has failed.  If the Immed (Immediate) bit is 1, Status is returned for the REWIND command as soon as the CDB has been validated and any buffered write data and filemarks have been written to tape. The rewind operation has been started but not necessarily completed when status is returned. |

### 4-3.26.2 REWIND CHECK CONDITION Status

If the status reported for the previous command was a CHECK CONDITION because data could not be written to the tape, then any buffered data is discarded before the rewind occurs.

If CHECK CONDITION status is reported for a REWIND command with the Immediate bit set to 1, then the rewind will not occur.

# 4-3.26.3 REWIND Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data before the rewind occurred.   |
|           |                 | 2. Retries were needed to complete the rewind operation.  |
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical Unit was not ready. The tape cartridge was not loaded or<br>the logical unit was not made ready.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>The rewind operation was not completed because of a hardware failure.</li> </ol>   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Illegal parameter was found in REWIND command CDB. The rewind operation was not performed.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the REWIND command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | REWIND command was aborted. The REWIND command can be reissued.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the Read Reverse operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

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### 4-3.27 SEND DIAGNOSTIC command 1Dh

The SEND DIAGNOSTIC command requests the target to perform diagnostic tests on itself, or on the attached peripheral devices. After the receipt of a valid SEND DIAGNOSTIC command, the unit performs synchronization prior to execution of the SEND DIAGNOSTIC operation. Disconnection occurs, if allowed, during the execution of the function. When the Selftest bit is zero, this command is usually followed by a RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command.

### 4-3.27.1 SEND DIAGNOSTIC CDB Description

SEND DIAGNOSTIC is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-107. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |     | BITS                       |      |       |          |          |        |         |
|-------|-----|----------------------------|------|-------|----------|----------|--------|---------|
| BYTES | 7   | 6                          | 5    | 4     | 3        | 2        | 1      | 0       |
| 0     | 0   | 0                          | 0    | 1     | 1        | 1        | 0      | 1       |
| 1     |     | LUN                        |      | PF    | Reserved | Selftest | DevOfL | UnitOfL |
| 2     |     | Reserved                   |      |       |          |          |        |         |
| 3     | MSB |                            |      |       |          |          |        |         |
| 4     |     | Parameter List Length  LSB |      |       |          |          |        |         |
| 5     |     |                            | Rese | erved |          |          | Flag   | Link    |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

The following Field Description table specifies the use of each field of the SEND DIAGNOSTIC CDB. Refer to Table 4-108 in conjunction with the following table for a more concise overview of how each field is used.

Table 4-107. SEND DIAGNOSTIC Field Description

| BYTE | ВІТ | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 1Dh   | Operation code.   |
| 1    | 0   | 1     | A UnitOfL (Unit Offline) bit of 1 enables write operations on user medium or operations that affect user visible medium positioning.  |
| 1    | 1   | 1     | A DevOfL (Device Offline) bit of 1 enables diagnostic operations that may adversely affect operations to other logical units on the same target.  |
| 1    | 2   | 1 0   | A Selftest bit of 1 directs the target to complete its default selftest.  A Selftest bit of 0 directs the target to perform tests defined by the bytes in the parameter list. Successful completion of the function and preparation of a response is indicated by presentation of GOOD status. The response is then recovered by execution of the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command. |

Table 4-107. SEND DIAGNOSTIC Field Description (Continued)

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 1    | 4   | 0     | A page format (PF) bit of one indicates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC parameters defined by ANSI standard X3.131-1994 are used. The PF bit specifies the parameter list consists of zero or more diagnostic pages and that the data returned by subsequent RECEIVED DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command shall use the diagnostic page format.  A PF bit of 0 indicates the SEND DIAGNOSTICS parameters are vendor specific. When the Self Test bit is 1, the PF bit can be 0 or 1 and the parameter list length must be 0. When the Self Test bit is 0 and the PF bit is 0, the parameter list length must be 0 or 16. |
| 3-4  |     |       | The Parameter List Length field specifies the length, in bytes, of the SEND DIAGNOSTIC parameter list to be transferred from the initiator to the target.   |

Table 4-108. SEND DIAGNOSTIC CDB Field Description Overview

| PAGE<br>CODE | ROUTINE  | PF | SELFTEST | DEVOFL | UNITOFL | PARAMETER<br>LIST LENGTH |
|--------------|----------|----|----------|--------|---------|--------------------------|
| N/A          | SelfTest | X  | 1        | X      | X       | 0                        |
| 00h          | -        | 1  | 0        | X      | X       | 4                        |
| 80h          | 01h      | 1  | 0        | X      | X       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 50h      | 1  | 0        | X      | X       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 51h      | 1  | 0        | X      | X       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 52h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 53h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 54h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 57h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 80h          | C0h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 80h          | C2h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| -            | 01h      | 0  | 0        | X      | X       | 16                       |
| -            | 50h      | 0  | 0        | X      | X       | 16                       |
| -            | 51h      | 0  | 0        | X      | X       | 16                       |
| -            | 52h      | 0  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 16                       |
| -            | 53h      | 0  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 16                       |
| -            | 54h      | 0  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 16                       |

**PAGE** PARAMETER ROUTINE PF **SELFTEST** DEVOFL UNITOFL **CODE** LIST LENGTH 0 0 16 57h 1 1 0 0 C0h 1 1 16 C2h 0 0 1 1 16

Table 4-108. SEND DIAGNOSTIC CDB Field Description Overview (Continued)

NOTE: An "X" denotes "don't care".

#### 4-3.27.2 SEND DIAGNOSTIC CHECK CONDITION Status

All reserved bits must be set to zero. If these bits are set to one, the command is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST.

A self test bit of one directs the target to complete its default self test, refer to the self test routine in Online Diagnostic Routine description in Chapter 8.

If the self test is requested, the parameter list length must be zero, indicating that no data is to be transferred. If it is not zero, the command is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST. If the self test successfully passes, the command is terminated with GOOD status; otherwise, the command is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key is set to HARDWARE ERROR. No Diagnostic Result file is prepared if the self test bit is 1. If the command completes with CHECK CONDITION, the resulting sense data contains the Fault Symptom Code. See Chapter 8 for a description of the sense data.

If the PF bit is 0 and the self test bit is 0, then the parameter list length must be 0 or 16, or else the command is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST.

A parameter list length of zero indicates that no data is transferred. This condition is not an error, no result file is prepared, and the command is terminated with GOOD status in this case. If the specified parameter list length results in truncation of one or more pages with the PF bit is set to one, the target terminates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command with CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and additional sense key is set to INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

#### 4-3.27.3 Diagnostic Pages (PF=1)

Refer to Chapter 8 for the test descriptions.

To use diagnostic pages, the Page Format (PF) bit must be set to 1. Data in the diagnostic pages is primarily used to select the tests to be executed and the number of times each test is to be run (execute count). A page code can not be used more than once within the command. If the same page code is sent, the target terminates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command with CHECK CONDITION status.

The Diagnostic pages for the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command are 00h and 80h. If the page code is set to any unsupported value, the target terminates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command with CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and additional sense key is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

For all pages, the Page Length bytes must be set as indicated for bytes 2-3 in the following Page Code descriptions. If the page length is set to any other value, the target terminates the SEND

DIAGNOSTIC command with CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and an additional sense key is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

Table 4-109. Send Diagnostic Page, General Form

|       |     | BITS              |               |             |              |           |              |      |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-----|-------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|------|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7   | 6                 | 5             | 4           | 3            | 2         | 1            | 0    |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |     | •                 |               | Page coo    | le (XXh)     |           |              |      |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |     |                   | Reser         | ved (All bi | ts are set t | o zero)   |              |      |  |  |  |  |
| 2-3   |     | Page Length (n-3) |               |             |              |           |              |      |  |  |  |  |
| 4-N   | Pag | ge Paramet        | er (If the Pa | age Code is | 00h, this    | parameter | is not requi | red) |  |  |  |  |

The Diagnostic page codes are shown in the following table.

Table 4-110. Diagnostic Page Codes

| PAGE CODE | DESCRIPTION                                   |
|-----------|---|
| 00h       | Supported diagnostics pages. See Table 4-111. |
| 80h       | Online diagnostic test page. See Table 4-112. |

### Description of the Page Code 00h

This page instructs the target to make available the list of all supported diagnostic pages to be returned by subsequent RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command.

Table 4-111. Page 00h - Supported Diagnostic Pages

|       |   | BITS                                |  |           |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0                     |  |           |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |   | Page code (00h)                     |  |           |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |   | Reserved (All bits are set to zero) |  |           |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-3   |   |                                     |  | Page Leng | th (0000h) | ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

For Page Code 00h, the Page Length bytes must both be set to 00h. If the page length is set to any other value, the target terminates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command with CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and an additional sense key is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

### **Description of the Page Code 80h**

This page allows user selection of Online Diagnostic Routines and control over the number of times each routine is to be executed.

BITS **BYTES** 5 7 4 3 2 6 1 0 0 Page code (80h) 1 Reserved (All bits are set to zero) 2-3 Page Length (0010h) 4 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 01h (Self Test) 5 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 50h 6 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 51h 7 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 52h 8 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 53h 9 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 54h 10-11 Reserved (All bits are set to zero) 12 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 57h 13 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine C0h 14 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine C2h 15-19 Reserved (All bits are set to zero)

Table 4-112. Page 80h - Online Diagnostic Test Page

Selection of a diagnostic routine is accomplished by assigning a routine's corresponding Execute Count byte a non-zero value. Routines 50 to 57 are diagnostic specific to the Tape Drive logical unit, and routines C0 and C2 are specific to the Medium Changer logical unit. Therefore, if the Tape Drive logical unit is selected, only the Execute Count bytes corresponding to the Selftest routine (Routine 01) and routines 50 to 57 may have non-zero values. Bytes 1, 10-11, and 13-19 must be zero; otherwise a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. Conversely, if the Medium Changer logical unit has been selected, only the Execute Count bytes corresponding to routine C0 and/or C2 may have non-zero values. Bytes 1, 4-12, and 15-19 must be zero; otherwise a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

Selection of routines 50 and 51 do not require either DevOfl or UnitOfl to be set. Selection of routines 52 to 57, or C0 to C2 require both DevOfl and UnitOfl to be set. If a parameter list is received by the controller which indicates selection of any of the routines 52 to 57, or C0 and/or C2, and both UnitOfl and DevOfl are not set, a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

If any error condition is encountered during execution of a routine, diagnostic result data is generated at that time and no further routine execution occurs.

### 4-3.27.4 Diagnostic Parameter List (PF=0)

Refer to Chapter 8 for the test descriptions.

To use the Diagnostic Parameter List, the Page Format (PF) bit must be cleared to 0. Data in the Diagnostic Parameter List indicates which tests are to be executed and the number of times each test is to be run (execute count). Use of the Diagnostic Parameter List is very similar to Diagnostic Page 80h described above. The format of the Diagnostic Parameter List is given in Table 4-113 below:.

BITS BYTES 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 01h (Self Test) 0 1 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 50h 2 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 51h 3 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 52h 4 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 53h 5 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 54h 6-7 Reserved (All bits are set to zero) 8 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 57h 9 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine C0h 10 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine C2h 11-15 Reserved (All bits are set to zero)

Table 4-113. Diagnostic Parameter List

Selection of a diagnostic routine is accomplished by assigning a routine's corresponding Execute Count byte a non-zero value. Routines 01, and 50 to 57 are diagnostic specific to the Tape Drive logical unit, and routines C0 and C2 are specific to the Medium Changer logical unit. Therefore, if the Tape Drive logical unit is selected, only the Execute Count bytes corresponding to the Selftest routine (Routine 01) and routines 50 to 57 may have non-zero values. Bytes 6-7 and 9-15 must be zero; otherwise a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. Conversely, if the Medium Changer logical unit has been selected, only the Execute Count bytes corresponding to routine C0 and/or C2 may have non-zero values. Bytes 0-8 and 15-19 must be zero; otherwise a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

Selection of routines 50 and 51 do not require either DevOfl or UnitOfl to be set. Selection of routines 52 to 57, or C0 to C2 require both DevOfl and UnitOfl to be set. If a parameter list is received by the controller which indicates selection of any of the routines 52 to 57, or C0 and/or C2, and both UnitOfl and DevOfl are not set, a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. A summary of DevOfl and UnitOfl usage may be found in Table 4-108.

If any error condition is encountered during execution of a routine, diagnostic result data is generated at that time and no further routine execution occurs.

# 4-3.27.5 SEND DIAGNOSTIC Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data before the buffered mode operation occurred in SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to hardware failure (e.g. transfer of SEND DIAGNOSTIC data failed due to hardware failure).</li> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>The self-test is not successful in SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.</li> </ol>   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.</li> <li>Flag bit in the SEND DIAGNOSTIC CDB was set and Link bit was not set.</li> <li>There is a parameter list error.</li> </ol>   |
| бh        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | SEND DIAGNOSTIC command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the SEND DIAGNOSTIC operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

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### 4-3.28 SEND DIAGNOSTIC (FACTORY MODE) command 1Dh

The SEND DIAGNOSTIC (FACTORY MODE) command requests the target to perform diagnostic tests on itself, or on the attached peripheral devices. After the receipt of a valid SEND DIAGNOSTIC command, the unit performs synchronization prior to execution of the SEND DIAGNOSTIC operation. Disconnection occurs, if allowed, during the execution of the function. When the self-test bit is zero, this command is usually followed by a RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command.

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

The SEND DIAGNOSTIC command as described in this section requires that the tape drive be set in FACTORY MODE.

# 4-3.28.1 SEND DIAGNOSTIC CDB Description

SEND DIAGNOSTIC is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-114. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |                          | BITS                       |      |           |             |   |      |         |  |  |  |
|-------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------|-----------|-------------|---|------|---------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7                        | 6                          | 5    | 4         | 3           | 2 | 1    | 0       |  |  |  |
| 0     | 0                        | 0                          | 0    | 1         | 1           | 1 | 0    | 1       |  |  |  |
| 1     | LUN PF Reserved Selftest |                            |      |           |             |   |      | UnitOfL |  |  |  |
| 2     |                          |                            |      | Rese      | erved       |   |      |         |  |  |  |
| 3     | MSB                      |                            |      | Daramatar | List Langth |   |      |         |  |  |  |
| 4     |                          | Parameter List Length  LSB |      |           |             |   |      |         |  |  |  |
| 5     |                          |                            | Rese | erved     |             |   | Flag | Link    |  |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

The following Field Description table specifies the use of each field of the SEND DIAGNOSTIC CDB. Refer to Table 4-115 in conjunction with the following table for a more concise overview of how each field is used.

Table 4-114. SEND DIAGNOSTIC (FACTORY MODE) Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 1Dh   | Operation code.   |
| 1    | 0   | 1     | A UnitOfL (Unit Offline) bit of 1 enables write operations on user medium or operations that affect user visible medium positioning.  |
| 1    | 1   | 1     | A DevOfL (Device Offline) bit of 1 enables diagnostic operations that may adversely affect operations to other logical units on the same target.  |
| 1    | 2   | 1 0   | A Selftest bit of 1 directs the target to complete its default selftest.  A Selftest bit of 0 directs the target to perform tests defined by the bytes in the parameter list. Successful completion of the function and preparation of a response is indicated by presentation of GOOD status. The response is then recovered by execution of the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command. |

Table 4-114. SEND DIAGNOSTIC (FACTORY MODE) Field Description (Continued)

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 1    | 4   | 0     | A Page Format (PF) bit of 1 indicates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC parameters defined by ANSI standard X3.131-1994 are used. The PF bit specifies the parameter list consists of zero or more diagnostic pages and that the data returned by subsequent RECEIVED DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command shall use the diagnostic page format.  A PF bit of 0 indicates the SEND DIAGNOSTICS parameters are vendor specific. When the Self Test bit is 1, the PF bit can be 0 or 1 and the parameter list length must be 0. When the Self Test bit is 0 and the PF bit is 0, the parameter list length must be 0 or 16. |
| 3-4  |     |       | The Parameter List Length field specifies the length, in bytes, of the SEND DIAG-<br>NOSTIC parameter list to be transferred from the initiator to the target.  |

Table 4-115. SEND DIAGNOSTIC (FACTORY MODE) CDB Field Description Overview

| PAGE<br>CODE | ROUTINE  | PF | SELFTEST | DEVOFL | UNITOFL | PARAMETER<br>LIST LENGTH |
|--------------|----------|----|----------|--------|---------|--------------------------|
| N/A          | SelfTest | X  | 1        | X      | X       | 0                        |
| 00h          | -        | 1  | 0        | X      | X       | 4                        |
| 80h          | 01h      | 1  | 0        | X      | X       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 50h      | 1  | 0        | X      | X       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 51h      | 1  | 0        | X      | X       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 52h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 53h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 54h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 80h          | 57h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 80h          | C0h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 80h          | C2h      | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 20                       |
| 81h          | MFG TEST | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 34                       |
| 90h-9Fh      | MTU TEST | 1  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 34                       |
| -            | 01h      | 0  | 0        | X      | X       | 16                       |
| -            | 50h      | 0  | 0        | X      | X       | 16                       |
| -            | 51h      | 0  | 0        | X      | X       | 16                       |
| -            | 52h      | 0  | 0        | 1      | 1       | 16                       |

**PAGE PARAMETER** ROUTINE PF **SELFTEST** DEVOFL UNITOFL CODE LIST LENGTH 0 0 1 1 16 53h 0 0 1 1 54h 16 57h 0 0 1 1 16 C0h 0 0 1 1 16 C2h 0 0 1 1 16

Table 4-115. SEND DIAGNOSTIC (FACTORY MODE) CDB Field Description Overview (Continued)

NOTE: An "X" denotes "don't care".

### 4-3.28.2 SEND DIAGNOSTIC (FACTORY MODE) CHECK CONDITION Status

All reserved bits must be set to zero. If these bits are set to one, the command is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST.

A self test bit of one directs the target to complete its default self test, refer to the self test routine in Online Diagnostic Routine description in Chapter 8.

If the self test is requested, the parameter list length must be zero, indicating that no data is to be transferred. If it is not zero, the command is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST. If the self test successfully passes, the command is terminated with GOOD status; otherwise, the command is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key is set to HARDWARE ERROR. No Diagnostic Result file is prepared if the self test bit is 1. If the command completes with CHECK CONDITION, the resulting sense data contains the Fault Symptom Code. See Chapter 8 for a description of the sense data.

If the PF bit is 0 and the self test bit is 0, then the parameter list length must be 0 or 16, or else the command is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST.

A parameter list length of zero indicates that no data is transferred. This condition is not an error, no result file is prepared, and the command is terminated with GOOD status in this case. If the specified parameter list length results in truncation of one or more pages with the PF bit is set to one, the target terminates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command with CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and additional sense key is set to INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

## 4-3.28.3 Diagnostic Pages (PF=1)

Refer to Chapter 8 for the test descriptions.

To use diagnostic pages, the Page Format (PF) bit must be set to 1. Data in the diagnostic pages is primarily used to select the tests to be executed and the number of times each test is to be run (execute count). A page code can not be used more than once within the command. If the same page code is sent, the target terminates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command with CHECK CONDITION status.

The Diagnostic pages for the SEND DIAGNOSTIC (FACTORY MODE) command are 00h, 80h, 81h, and 90h through 9Fh. Pages 81h, and 90h through 9Fh require that FACTORY MODE be set before the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command is issued, otherwise these page codes are treated as unsupported values. If the page code is set to any unsupported value, the target terminates the

SEND DIAGNOSTIC command with CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is set to ILLE-GAL REQUEST and additional sense key is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

For all pages, the Page Length bytes must be set as indicated for bytes 2-3 in the following Page Code descriptions. If the page length is set to any other value, the target terminates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command with CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and an additional sense key is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

Table 4-116. Send Diagnostic Page, General Form

|       | BITS |                   |               |             |              |             |              |      |  |  |  |
|-------|------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7    | 6                 | 5             | 4           | 3            | 2           | 1            | 0    |  |  |  |
| 0     |      | •                 |               | Page coo    | le (XXh)     |             |              |      |  |  |  |
| 1     |      |                   | Reser         | ved (All bi | ts are set t | o zero)     |              |      |  |  |  |
| 2-3   |      | Page Length (n-3) |               |             |              |             |              |      |  |  |  |
| 4-N   | Pag  | ge Paramet        | er (If the Pa | age Code is | 00h, this    | parameter i | is not requi | red) |  |  |  |

The Diagnostic Page Codes are shown in the following table.

Table 4-117. Diagnostic Page Codes

| QUALIFIER | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|--|
| 00h       | Supported diagnostics pages (see Table 4-118)                                  |
| 80h       | Online diagnostic test page (see Table 4-119)                                  |
| 81h       | Manufacturing Online diagnostic test page (FACTORY MODE only, see Table 4-120) |
| 90-9Fh    | MTU Online diagnostic test pages (FACTORY MODE only, see Table 4-122)          |

### **Description of Page Code 00h**

This page instructs the target to make available the list of all supported diagnostic pages to be returned by subsequent RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command.

Table 4-118. Page 00h - Supported Diagnostic Pages

|       |   | BITS            |  |           |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|-----------------|--|-----------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |  |           |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0     |   | Page code (00h) |  |           |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |   | Reserved        |  |           |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-3   |   |                 |  | Page Leng | th (0000h) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### **Description of Page Code 80h**

This page allows user selection of Online Diagnostic Routines and control over the number of times each routine is to be executed.

BITS BYTES 7 5 4 3 2 6 1 0 0 Page code (80h) 1 Reserved (All bits are set to zero) 2-3 Page Length (0010h) Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 01h (Self Test) 4 5 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 50h 6 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 51h 7 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 52h 8 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 53h 9 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 54h 10-11 Reserved (All bits are set to zero) 12 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 57h 13 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine C0h 14 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine C2h 15-19 Reserved (All bits are set to zero)

Table 4-119. Page 80h - Online Diagnostic Test Page

Selection of a diagnostic routine is accomplished by assigning a routine's corresponding Execute Count byte a non-zero value. Routines 50 to 57 are diagnostic specific to the Tape Drive logical unit, and routines C0 and C2 are specific to the Medium Changer logical unit. Therefore, if the Tape Drive logical unit is selected, only the Execute Count bytes corresponding to the Selftest routine (Routine 01) and routines 50 to 57 may have non-zero values. Bytes 1, 10-11, and 13-19 must be zero; otherwise a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. Conversely, if the Medium Changer logical unit has been selected, only the Execute Count bytes corresponding to routine C0 and/or C2 may have non-zero values. Bytes 1, 4-12, and 15-19 must be zero; otherwise a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

Selection of routines 50 and 51 do not require either DevOfl or UnitOfl to be set. Selection of routines 52 to 57, or C0 to C2 require both DevOfl and UnitOfl to be set. If a parameter list is received by the controller which indicates selection of any of the routines 52 to 57, or C0 and/or C2, and both UnitOfl and DevOfl are not set, a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

If any error condition is encountered during execution of a routine, diagnostic result data is generated at that time and no further diagnostic execution occurs.

# **Description of Page Code 81h**

This page allows user selection of Manufacturing Online Diagnostic Routines and control over the number of times each routine is to be executed.

Table 4-120. Page 81h - Manufacturing Online Diagnostic Test Page

|       | BITS                                |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|-------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| BYTES | 7                                   | 6                                   | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 0     |                                     | Page code (81h)                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 1     |                                     | Reserved (All bits are set to zero) |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2-3   |                                     | Page Length (001Eh)                 |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 4     |                                     | Manufacturing Routine number        |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 5     |                                     | Execute Count                       |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 6     |                                     | EDRC Compression Mode               |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 7     | Block Delay (ms)                    |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 8     | Block Length (KB)                   |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 9-11  | Block Count                         |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 12-13 |                                     | Block Data Pattern                  |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 14-15 | Data Pattern Increment              |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 16-19 | Block Number                        |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 20-23 |                                     | Space Count                         |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 24-27 |                                     | Write Filemark Count                |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 28-33 | Reserved (All bits are set to zero) |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |

# **Description of fields in Page Code 81h**

Table 4-121. Page Code 81h Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 81h   | Page Code for Manufacturing Online Diagnostics.   |
| 4    | 0-7 |       | Manufacturing Routine number (refer to Chapter 8 for a list of Manufacturing routines).   |
| 5    | 0-7 |       | Execute Count. The number of times to repeat the Manufacturing Online Diagnostic Routine. A value of 0 indicates that the diagnostic will repeat until one of the following conditions is met: a SCSI BUS RESET is issued, the initiator ABORTS this command, or a failure is detected during the execution of the Manufacturing Online Diagnostic. |

BYTE BIT VALUE DESCRIPTION A value of 0 indicates EDRC Compacted data transfer mode is used. 6 0 0 A value of 1 is used to select EDRC Clear data transfer mode. Any other value will default to EDRC Compacted data transfer mode. 7 0 - 7Number of milliseconds of delay inserted between each block to be transferred. 8 0-7 The length in KBytes (1 KByte = 1024 bytes) of each block to be transferred. 9-11 0-7The number of blocks to be transferred. A value of zero is used to transfer from logical BOT to logical EOT. 12 - 130 - 7A 16 bit data pattern to use for the first block written to tape. The same data pattern is used throughout the block. 14-15 0-7 A 16 bit value added to each subsequent block after the first block to be used to modify each block written. A value of 0 will cause every block to be written with the same data pattern. A most significant bit of 1 in this field has the effect of decrementing each block. 16-19 0-7 Block number. In Space/Locate operations, this is the block number to move to. In other operations, the value in this field will have no effect. 20-23 0 - 7Number of Filemarks to Space/Locate past. In other operations, the value in this field will have no effect. 24-27 0-7Number of Filemarks to locate to in Space/Locate operations. In other operations,

Table 4-121. Page Code 81h Field Description (Continued)

A description of each Manufacturing Routine is provided in Chapter 8.

the value in this field will have no effect.

Selection of a Manufacturing Routine is achieved by assigning the routine number, execute count, and any other parameters (in bytes 6-27) associated with tests to be executed in the given Manufacturing Routine. Values in any field not used by a test in the given Manufacturing Routine are ignored.

Selection of a Manufacturing Routine requires that both the DevOfl and UnitOfl bits must be set to 1. If either of these bits is not set to 1, a CHECK CONDITION is returned with the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the ASC set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

If any error condition is encountered during the execution of a routine, diagnostic result data is generated at that time nd no further diagnostic execution occurs.

# **Description of Page Codes 90-9Fh**

This page allows user selection of MTU Online Diagnostic Routines and control over the number of times each routine is to be executed.

Table 4-122. Page 90-9Fh - MTU Online Diagnostic Test Page

|       | BITS                       |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|-------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| BYTES | 7                          | 6                                   | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 0     |                            | Page code (90-9Fh)                  |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 1     |                            | Reserved (All bits are set to zero) |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2-3   |                            | Page Length (001Eh)                 |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 4     | MTU DIAG command code      |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 5     |                            | MTU DIAG parameter 1                |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 6     |                            | MTU DIAG parameter 2                |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 7     | MTU DIAG parameter 3       |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 8     | MTU DIAG parameter 4       |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 9     | MTU DIAG parameter 5       |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 10    |                            | MTU DIAG parameter 6                |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 11    | MTU DIAG parameter 7       |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 12    | MTU DIAG parameter 8       |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 13    | MTU DIAG parameter 9       |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 14-17 | Execute Time               |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 18-21 | Stop Time                  |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 22-25 | Execute Count (Pass Count) |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 26-33 | Reserved                   |                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |

# Description of fields in Page Codes 90-9Fh

Table 4-123. Page Code 90-9Fh Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE   | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|---------|---|
| 4    | 0-7 | 00h-7Fh | MTU Diagnostic Command Code. The value in this field must be in the range of 00h to 7Fh or a CHECK CONDITION will result with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and additional Sense Key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. |
| 5    | 0-7 |         | MTU Diagnostic command parameter 1.   |

BYTE BIT **VALUE** DESCRIPTION 6 0 - 7MTU Diagnostic command parameter 2. 7 0 - 7MTU Diagnostic command parameter 3. 8 0 - 7MTU Diagnostic command parameter 4. 9 0 - 7MTU Diagnostic command parameter 5. 10 0 - 7MTU Diagnostic command parameter 6. 11 0-7 MTU Diagnostic command parameter 7. 12 0 - 7MTU Diagnostic command parameter 8. 13 0 - 7MTU Diagnostic command parameter 9. 14-17 0-7 This field has several meanings depending on which MTU Diagnostic command was issued. For read/write MTU Diagnostics, this field specifies the execution time of the read/write. For path test MTU Diagnostics, this field specifies start position. For Medium Changer MTU Diagnostics, this field specifies a cleaning count (FACL only). 18-21 0-7This field has different meanings depending on which MTU Diagnostic command was issued. For the read/write DIAG, this field specifies the stop time of the read/ write. For path test MTU Diagnostics, this field specifies the end position. 22-25 0 - 7Number of times to execute a MTU diagnostic test.

Table 4-123. Page Code 90-9Fh Field Description (Continued)

A description of each MTU Diagnostic command is provided in Chapter 8.

Selection of MTU diagnostic commands is achieved by entering the MTU Diagnostic Command Code in byte 4, and any associated parameters in bytes 5-21. Bytes 22-25 are generally used to specify the number of times to execute the MTU Diagnostic command.

If an error condition is encountered during MTU Diagnostic command execution, diagnostic result data is generated at that time and no further diagnostic execution occurs.

## 4-3.28.4 Diagnostic Parameter List (PF=0)

Refer to Chapter 8 for the test descriptions.

To use the Diagnostic Parameter List, the Page Format (PF) bit must be cleared to 0. Data in the Diagnostic Parameter List indicates which tests are to be executed and the number of times each test is to be run (execute count). Use of the Diagnostic Parameter List is very similar to Diagnostic

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11-15

Page 80h described above. The format of the Diagnostic Parameter List is given in Table 4-124 below.

BITS **BYTES** 7 6 5 4 0 0 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 01h (Self Test) 1 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 50h 2 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 51h 3 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 52h 4 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 53h 5 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 54h 6-7 Reserved (All bits are set to zero) 8 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine 57h 9 Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine C0h

Table 4-124. Diagnostic Parameter List

Selection of a diagnostic routine is accomplished by assigning a routine's corresponding Execute Count byte a non-zero value. Routines 01, and 50 to 57 are diagnostic specific to the Tape Drive logical unit, and routines C0 and C2 are specific to the Medium Changer logical unit. Therefore, if the Tape Drive logical unit is selected, only the Execute Count bytes corresponding to the Selftest routine (Routine 01) and routines 50 to 57 may have non-zero values. Bytes 6-7 and 9-15 must be zero; otherwise a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. Conversely, if the Medium Changer logical unit has been selected, only the Execute Count bytes corresponding to routine C0 and/or C2 may have non-zero values. Bytes 0-8 and 11-15 must be zero; otherwise a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

Execute Count (Pass Count) of Online Routine C2h

Reserved (All bits are set to zero)

Selection of routines 50 and 51 do not require either DevOfl or UnitOfl to be set. Selection of routines 52 to 57, or C0 to C2 require both DevOfl and UnitOfl to be set. If a parameter list is received by the controller which indicates selection of any of the routines 52 to 57, or C0 and/or C2, and both UnitOfl and DevOfl are not set, a CHECK CONDITION is returned with Sense Key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense Key is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. A summary of DevOfl and UnitOfl usage may be found in Table 4-114.

If any error condition is encountered during execution of a routine, diagnostic results are generated at that time and no further routine execution occurs.

# 4-3.28.5 SEND DIAGNOSTIC Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data before the buffered mode operation occurred in SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to hardware failure (e.g. transfer of SEND DIAGNOSTIC data failed due to hardware failure).</li> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>The self-test is not successful in SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.</li> </ol>   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.</li> <li>Flag bit in the SEND DIAGNOSTIC CDB was set and Link bit was not set.</li> <li>There is a parameter list error.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | SEND DIAGNOSTIC command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the SEND DIAGNOSTIC operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

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## 4-3.29 SPACE command 11h

The Space command changes the logical unit position relative to the current position. The Code and Count fields determine how this relative positioning is to be performed. Before the position change occurs, any buffered write data and filemarks are written to the tape.

## 4-3.29.1 SPACE CDB Description

SPACE is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-125. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.:

|       | BITS |                   |      |       |   |            |      |      |
|-------|------|-------------------|------|-------|---|------------|------|------|
| BYTES | 7    | 6                 | 5    | 4     | 3 | 2          | 1    | 0    |
| 0     | 0    | 0                 | 0    | 1     | 0 | 0          | 0    | 1    |
| 1     |      | LUN Reserved Code |      |       |   | Code Field |      |      |
| 2     | MSB  |                   |      |       |   |            |      |      |
| 3     |      | Count Field       |      |       |   |            |      |      |
| 4     |      |                   |      |       |   |            |      | LSB  |
| 5     |      |                   | Rese | erved |   |            | Flag | Link |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-125. SPACE Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 11h   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0-2 |       | The Code Field bits are described in Table 4-126.  |
| 2-4  |     |       | The 3 byte Count Field is a 24-bit signed number (two's complement). When the count field is 0, no position change occurs and buffered write data will not necessarily be written to tape. To force buffered write data to tape, issue a WRITE FILEMARK command with a count of 0. |

Table 4-126. Code Field Bits

| CODE FIELD | ТҮРЕ                               | DESCRIPTION   |
|------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 000Ь       | Space N Blocks                     | If the Count field is positive then space forward N blocks; $N=$ Count. If the Count field is negative then space backward N blocks; $N=$ -Count.   |
| 001Ь       | Space N Filemarks                  | If the Count field is positive then position forward to the End-of-Tape side of the Nth filemark encountered; $N = Count$ . If the Count field is negative then position backward to the Beginning-of-Tape side of the Nth filemark encountered; $N = -Count$ .                                     |
| 010b       | Space to N Sequential<br>Filemarks | If the Count field is positive then position forward to the End-of-Tape side of the next occurrence of N consecutive filemarks; $N = Count$ . If the Count field is negative then position backward to the Beginning-of-Tape side of the next occurrence of N consecutive filemarks; $N = -Count$ . |
| 011b       | Space to End-of-Data               | The count field is ignored. Upon successful completion, the tape is positioned such that a subsequent write command will append data after the last recorded block. If the tape is in 18-track format, end-of-data is defined as two sequential filemarks.  |

**Table 4-126.** Code Field Bits (Continued)

| CODE FIELD | ТҮРЕ    | DESCRIPTION                           |  |  |  |
|------------|---------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 100b-111b  | Invalid | These codes are not used by the unit. |  |  |  |

#### 4-3.29.2 SPACE CHECK CONDITION Status

If the Valid bit is set to 1 for Sense data for a CHECK CONDITION for a SPACE command, then the Information field in the Sense data contains a count of the remainder of blocks or filemarks not spaced over. If the spacing was in the reverse direction then the Information field value will be the negative of this remainder. The Information field in this case is a 32 bit signed number, 2's complement. In the case of a SPACE command by blocks stopped because a filemark was encountered, the filemark is not counted as a block that was spaced over. The Information field is not valid (the Valid bit is 0) for Sense data for a CHECK CONDITION when spacing to sequential filemarks.

#### Filemark Parameter:

If a filemark is encountered when spacing by blocks, the operation will stop. For forward spacing the final position will be the End-of-Tape side of the filemark. For backward spacing the final position will be the Beginning-of-Tape side of the filemark. CHECK CONDITION status will be reported for the Space command. Sense data will indicate NO SENSE; the Filemark bit will be 1; the Valid bit will be 1 and the Information field will be set as stated above.

#### **End-of-Data Parameter:**

If End-of-Data is encountered when spacing forward by blocks or filemarks (not to sequential filemarks), the operation will stop and the tape-unit remains positioned at End-of-Data. CHECK CONDITION status will be reported for the Space command. Sense data will indicate BLANK CHECK; the Valid bit will be 1 and the Information field will be set as stated above.

If End-of-Data is encountered when spacing forward to sequential filemarks, the operation will stop and the tape-unit remains positioned at End-of-Data. CHECK CONDITION status will be reported for the Space command. Sense data will indicate BLANK CHECK; the Valid bit will be 0.

#### **End-of-Tape Parameter:**

If End-of-Tape is encountered when spacing forward, the operation will stop and the tape-unit remains positioned at End-of-Tape. CHECK CONDITION status will be reported for the Space command. Sense data will indicate MEDIUM ERROR; the EOM bit will be 1; the Valid bit will be 1 and the Information field will be set as stated above.

#### **Beginning-of-Tape Parameter:**

If Beginning-of-Tape is encountered when spacing backward by blocks or filemarks (not to sequential filemarks), the operation will stop and the tape-unit remains positioned at Beginning-of-Tape. CHECK CONDITION status will be reported for the Space command. Sense data will indicate NO SENSE; the EOM bit will be 1; the Valid bit will be 1 and the Information field will be set as stated above.

If Beginning-of-Tape is encountered when spacing backward to sequential filemarks, the operation will stop and the tape-unit remains positioned at Beginning-of-Tape. CHECK CONDITION status will be reported for the Space command. Sense data will indicate NO SENSE; the EOM bit will be 1; the Valid bit will be 0.

The Report Early-Warning (REW) bit in the Device Configuration Page is not supported by this tape unit. No Early-Warning indication will occur when spacing.

# 4-3.29.3 SPACE Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
|           |                 |  |
| Oh        | NO SENSE        | <ol> <li>A filemark was encountered while spacing over blocks.</li> <li>Beginning-of-Tape was encountered while spacing backward.</li> </ol>   |
| 8h        | BLANK CHECK     | End-of-Data was encountered while spacing forward.   |
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | <ol> <li>Recovery was performed when writing buffered data before the positioning occurred.</li> <li>Retries were needed to complete the positioning.</li> </ol>   |
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical Unit was not ready (tape was not loaded or wasn't ready).  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>End-of-Tape was encountered while spacing forward.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> <li>The tape length in the cartridge is too long or too short.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>The spacing operation was not completed because of a hardware failure.</li> </ol>   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the SPACE command.</li> <li>Illegal Code field specified for SPACE command.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the SPACE command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | Space command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the SPACE operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

#### 4-3.30 **TEST UNIT READY command 00h**

The TEST UNIT READY command provides a means to check if the logical unit is ready. This is not a request for a self-test. If the logical unit would accept an appropriate medium-access command without returning CHECK CONDITION status, this command returns a GOOD status.

#### 4-3.30.1 **TEST UNIT READY CDB Description**

TEST UNIT READY is a six-byte command. The bytes are as shown below and described in Table 4-127. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       | BITS         |          |      |       |   |   |      |      |
|-------|--------------|----------|------|-------|---|---|------|------|
| BYTES | 7            | 6        | 5    | 4     | 3 | 2 | 1    | 0    |
| 0     | 0            | 0        | 0    | 0     | 0 | 0 | 0    | 0    |
| 1     | LUN Reserved |          |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 2     |              | Reserved |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 3     |              | Reserved |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 4     |              | Reserved |      |       |   |   |      |      |
| 5     |              |          | Rese | erved |   |   | Flag | Link |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-127. TEST UNIT READY Field Description

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION     |
|------|-----|-------|-----------------|
| 0    | 0-7 | 00Н   | Operation code. |

#### 4-3.30.2 **TEST UNIT READY CHECK CONDITION Status**

If a tape is not inserted or the drive is not ready, CHECK CONDITION status is returned with the sense key set to NOT READY.

# 4-3.30.3 TEST UNIT READY Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed while writing buffered data before the TEST UNIT READY occurred.  |
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical unit is not ready (tape is not inserted, or the drive is not ready).   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the TEST UNIT<br/>READY command.</li> <li>Flag bit was set and link bit was not set.</li> </ol>  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the TEST UNIT READY command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the TEST UNIT READY operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

## 4-3.31 WRITE command 0Ah

The WRITE command transfers one or more blocks from the initiator to the current position on the logical unit.

# 4-3.31.1 WRITE CDB Description

WRITE is a six-byte command. The bytes are as shown below and described in Table 4-128. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |              | BITS            |   |   |   |   |       |     |  |  |
|-------|--------------|-----------------|---|---|---|---|-------|-----|--|--|
| BYTES | 7            | 6               | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1     | 0   |  |  |
| 0     | 0            | 0               | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1     | 0   |  |  |
| 1     | LUN Reserved |                 |   |   |   |   | Fixed |     |  |  |
| 2     | MSB          |                 |   |   |   |   |       |     |  |  |
| 3     |              | Transfer Length |   |   |   |   |       |     |  |  |
| 4     |              | LSB             |   |   |   |   |       | LSB |  |  |
| 5     |              | Reserved        |   |   |   |   | Link  |     |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-128. WRITE Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 | 0Ah   | Operation code.   |
| 1    | 0   |       | The Fixed bit specifies both the meaning of the transfer length field and whether fixed-length or variable-length blocks are to be transferred. If the Fixed bit is zero, a single block is transferred with the bytes transferred being the lesser of the actual block length or the requested transfer length.  If the Fixed bit is one, the transfer length specifies the number of blocks to be transferred to the initiator. |
| 2-4  |     |       | The Transfer Length indicates the number of bytes or blocks to transfer. The block length used is the current block length specified in the mode parameters block descriptor (refer to the Mode Select Block Descriptor in Table 4-47 on page 4-53.)  When the transfer length is zero, no data is transferred and the current position on the logical unit is not changed. This condition is not considered an error.            |

## 4-3.31.2 WRITE CHECK CONDITION Status

This control unit implements both fixed-block and variable-block modes. Reference the Read Block Limits and Mode Select (mode parameters block descriptor) commands for more information about fixed and variable block modes. If the Fixed bit is one and the current mode is variable (as set by MODE SELECT command or default power on condition) the command is rejected with

a CHECK CONDITION and a sense key of Illegal Request. If the Fixed bit is zero, the WRITE command operates in variable block mode regardless of the current mode set by MODE SELECT.

If the Fixed bit is set to zero, a single block is transferred from the initiator and is written to the logical unit beginning at the current medium position. The transfer length specifies the length of the block to be written (in bytes). Upon successful termination, the logical position is located after the block written by this command (EOM side).

If the Fixed bit is set to one, the transfer length field specifies the number of block(s) to be transferred to the logical unit beginning at the current medium position. This form of the WRITE command is valid only if the logical unit is currently operating in fixed block mode (i.e., it has been instructed to use fixed-length blocks by a MODE SELECT command). Upon termination, the logical position is located after the block(s) written by this command (EOM side).

A successful WRITE command with the fixed bit of one, transfers the requested transfer length times the current block length in bytes from the initiator. A successful WRITE command with the fixed bit of zero, transfers the requested transfer length in bytes from the initiator.

If the transfer length specified by the WRITE command is 0, no data is transferred and the current position on the logical unit is not changed. This condition is not considered an error.

#### **Buffered Mode:**

Write data may be buffered or unbuffered, as indicated by the Buffered Mode field of the MODE SENSE command. For unbuffered operation, GOOD status is not returned until all data block(s) are successfully written to the medium. For buffered operation, GOOD status is returned as soon as all data block(s) are successfully transferred to the buffer.

If the early-warning condition is encountered while writing, an attempt to finish writing any buffered data is made depending on the value of the SEW (Synchronize at Early Warning) bit in the mode parameters (reference MODE SENSE/SELECT mode page 10h). The command terminates with a CHECK CONDITION status and the EOM and valid bits are set to one in the sense data. If all of the data has been written to tape, the sense key is set to NO SENSE. If any data that is to be written after encountering the early-warning condition cannot be written to tape due to physical EOM being encountered, the sense key is set to VOLUME OVERFLOW.

#### **Sense Data Information Bytes:**

When the valid bit is set to one in the sense data generated when CHECK CONDITION status is presented to the initiator for a WRITE command, then the information bytes in the sense data are defined as follows:

- 1) If the target is in unbuffered mode (Buffered Mode of the MODE SENSE command is 0) and the Fixed bit is one, the information bytes are set to the difference between the requested transfer length and the actual number of blocks written to the medium.
- 2) If the target is in unbuffered mode (Buffered Mode of the MODE SENSE command is 0) and the Fixed bit is zero, the information bytes are set to the requested transfer length.
- 3) If the target is in Buffered Mode (Buffered Mode of the MODE SENSE command is one or two) and the Fixed bit is one, the information bytes are set to the total number of blocks and filemarks not written (the number of blocks not transferred from the initiator plus the number of blocks and filemarks remaining in the target's buffer).
- 4) If the target is in Buffered Mode (Buffered Mode of the MODE SENSE command is one or two) and the Fixed bit is zero, the information bytes are set to the total number of bytes and filemarks not written (the number of bytes not transferred from the initiator plus the number of bytes and filemarks remaining in the target's buffer).

It is possible for the value in the information bytes of the sense data generated when a CHECK CONDITION is returned for a WRITE command to exceed the transfer length specified in the CDB of the WRITE command.

## **Early Warning Indication:**

If a WRITE command is received while the logical unit is positioned after the early-warning indication (but before physical EOM), the target continues to operate in the current Buffered Mode as indicated in the mode parameters (reference MODE SENSE/SELECT data header) using the buffer size indicated by the Buffer Size at Early-Warning mode parameter (reference MODE SENSE/SELECT page 10h). The target also returns a CHECK CONDITION status for each of these WRITE commands. If all of the data is successfully transferred into the buffer and physical EOM has not been encountered, the sense key is set to NO SENSE, the valid and EOM bits are set to one, and the information bytes are set to zero. If physical EOM is encountered, the sense key is set to VOLUME OVERFLOW, the EOM bit is set to one, the valid bit is set to one, and the value of the information bytes are as described above.

#### **Deferred Write Errors:**

A deferred write error condition occurs when the target detects an error has occurred on a buffered WRITE command that previously reported GOOD status. This condition persists until one of the following occurs:

- 1) The deferred error is reported and the buffered data is recovered by the initiator via the Recover Buffered Data command.
- 2) The deferred error is reported and the buffered data is discarded by the initiator via the Rewind or Load/Unload command.
- 3) A BUS DEVICE RESET message is received from any initiator.
- 4) A hard reset condition is detected by the target.

If a deferred write error occurs while operating in Buffered Mode 1 (data from multiple initiators can reside in the buffer at once), the deferred write error is reported to the first initiator issuing the next command if other than INQUIRY or REQUEST SENSE. If a deferred write error occurs while operating in Buffered Mode 2 (the buffer can contain data from only one initiator), the error is reported to the initiator with unwritten data in the buffer. All other initiators receive BUSY status until the deferred error condition is cleared.

#### **Additional Information:**

The target ensures that some additional data can be written to the medium (e.g. filemarks) after the first EOM indication has been returned to the initiator.

The data written to the tape is written in EDRC compressed format depending on the Select Data Compression Algorithm field in the Mode (SENSE/SELECT) parameters, Mode Page 10h. See the description of the Mode SENSE/SELECT parameters for more information on the compression mode based on these items.

This device writes all data to tape in 36-track format. Therefor, if an attempt is made to write over 18-track data away from BOT, CHECK CONDITION status is generated. The sense key is set to MEDIUM ERROR and the additional sense code is set to INCOMPATIBLE MEDIUM INSTALLED.

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# 4-3.31.3 WRITE Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 0h        | NO SENSE        | Tape is positioned between the Early-Warning position and End-of-Tape.   |
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | <ol> <li>Recovery was performed when transferring data from the initiator.</li> <li>Recovery was performed when writing data to tape.</li> </ol>   |
|           |                 | 2. Recovery was performed when writing data to tape.   |
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical Unit was not ready (tape was not loaded or wasn't ready).  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Writing data to tape failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> <li>The tape length in the cartridge is too long or too short.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Transferring data from the initiator failed due to a hardware failure</li> <li>Writing data to tape failed due to a hardware failure.</li> </ol>  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the WRITE command.</li> <li>The Fixed bit was set to one, but the current mode is variable (as set by MODE SELECT or default power on condition).</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>   |
| бh        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the WRITE command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| 7h        | DATA PROTECT    | Attempting write-type operation to a write-protected cartridge.  |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | WRITE command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the WRITE operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

#### 4-3.32 WRITE BUFFER command 3Bh

The WRITE BUFFER command is used in conjunction with the READ BUFFER command as a diagnostic function for testing target memory and the SCSI bus integrity. Additional modes are supported for downloading and saving microcode and writing data to NVRAM. All modes supported involve the transfer of data from the initiator to the target. Other than synchronizing any buffered write data to tape prior to performing the write buffer operation, this command does not alter tape medium of the target.

**Operational Note.** For initiators which do not have enough memory space from which to send the microcode image being downloaded with one WRITE BUFFER command in download microcode or download microcode and save modes, it is possible to use multiple WRITE BUFFER commands with the Mode of Write Data, incrementing the Buffer Offset appropriately, and then for the last WRITE BUFFER command, request the Mode of Download Microcode or Download Microcode and Save with the appropriate Buffer Offset and Transfer Length for the last portion of the microcode being downloaded. This requires that the microcode being downloaded always be written into the buffer starting at byte 0 (i.e. the first WRITE BUFFER command must have a Buffer Offset of zero).

## 4-3.32.1 WRITE BUFFER CDB Description

WRITE BUFFER is a ten-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-129. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       | BITS |                   |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |
|-------|------|-------------------|------|-------|---|---|------|------|--|
| BYTES | 7    | 6                 | 5    | 4     | 3 | 2 | 1    | 0    |  |
| 0     | 0    | 0                 | 1    | 1     | 1 | 0 | 1    | 1    |  |
| 1     |      | LUN Reserved Mode |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |
| 2     |      | Buffer ID         |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |
| 3     | MSB  | MSB               |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |
| 4     |      | Buffer Offset     |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |
| 5     |      | LSB               |      |       |   |   |      | LSB  |  |
| 6     | MSB  |                   |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |
| 7     |      | Transfer Length   |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |
| 8     |      | LSB               |      |       |   |   |      |      |  |
| 9     |      |                   | Rese | erved |   |   | Flag | Link |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 3Bh   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0-2 |       | The Mode field is described in Table 4-130.  |
| 2    | 0-7 |       | The Buffer ID field identifies a specific buffer within the target.  |
| 3-5  |     |       | The Buffer Offset field specifies the offset in the buffer for the beginning of the data transfer. The Buffer Offset contains a multiple of the offset boundary specified in the offset boundary field of the READ BUFFER description.   |
| 6-8  |     |       | The Transfer Length specifies the maximum number of bytes transferred during the DATA OUT phase to be stored in the specified buffer beginning at the Buffer Offset. The transfer length must not exceed the capacity of the specified buffer. The capacity of the buffer is shown in Table 4-131. |

Table 4-129. WRITE BUFFER Field Description

Table 4-130. WRITE BUFFER Modes

| M | MODE BITS |   | IMPLEMENTED  | MODES  |  |  |  |  |
|---|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | 1         | 0 | IMIT LEMENTED  | MODES  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0         | 0 | No   | Write combined header and data   |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0         | 1 | Yes  | Vendor unique  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 1         | 0 | Yes  | Write data   |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 1         | 1 | No   | Reserved   |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 0         | 0 | Yes  | Download Microcode   |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 0         | 1 | Yes  | Download Microcode and Save  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1         | 0 | Support based on bit 3 (0x08) in FT4 config. setting as described in M2488 User's Guide. | Feature in FT4 disabled: Reserved.     Feature in FT4 enabled: Download microcode with offsets.          |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1         | 1 | Support based on bit 3 (0x08) in FT4 config. setting as described in M2488 User's Guide. | Feature in FT4 disabled: Reserved.     Feature in FT4 enabled: Download microcode with offsets and save. |  |  |  |  |

**Vendor Unique Mode (001b) and Write Data Mode (010b) Description.** In these modes, the DATA OUT phase contains buffer data. The Buffer ID field identifies a specific buffer within the target. The supported buffer IDs for the vendor unique and write data modes are shown in Table 4-131. Data transfer occurs only within the buffer area indicated by the buffer ID. If an unsupported buffer ID value is selected, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of ILLEGAL FIELD IN CDB.

|           |                             | <u>.                                      </u>   |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--|
| BUFFER ID | DESCRIPTION                 | CAPACITY   |
| 0         | Read/Write Data Buffer      | Specified in the Buffer Capacity field of the Read Buffer Descriptor obtained via the Read Buffer command.             |
| 1         | Read/Write non-volatile RAM | Specified in the Buffer Capacity field of the Read Buffer Descriptor obtained via the Read Buffer command (512 bytes). |

Table 4-131. Supported Buffer ID Values for Vendor Unique and Write Data Modes

#### NOTES:

- 1. The read/write data buffer and NVRAM are wrap-around buffers. Therefore, the entire capacity specified by the Read Buffer Descriptor is available, regardless of the offset specified.
- Prior to allowing WRITE BUFFER command processing to occur for the read/write data buffer, the controller performs required positioning or synchronization. Buffered write data is written to tape and buffered read data is discarded.
- 3. There is only one 512-byte NVRAM area available. This area may be accessed by any initiator. The NVRAM is not partitioned into "per initiator" areas.
- 4. When a write buffer operation is performed in vendor unique or write data modes, a two byte CRC is appended. This CRC is handled in two ways when performing a read buffer operation depending on the Read Buffer mode. A Read Buffer in vendor unique mode reads the number of bytes requested and does not perform any CRC checking. A Read Buffer operation in data mode reads the number of bytes requested and an additional two bytes of CRC and then verifies the CRC. The CRC is then stripped away and not sent to the initiator with the other Read Buffer data.

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

When performing Write Buffer operations to the Data Buffer, the maximum Transfer Length that can be written is the Buffer Capacity of the Data Buffer minus two. The two remaining bytes in the Data Buffer are needed to store the two byte CRC which is automatically appended to the data when it is stored in the buffer

**Download Microcode Mode (100b) Description.** In this mode, vendor-specific microcode is transferred to the control store memory of the target via the data buffer and then an automatic reset is performed causing the target to run from the new microcode. The downloaded microcode is not saved into non-volatile memory (i.e. flash memory), therefore; after a power-cycle, the target reverts to the previous version of microcode. After SCSI bus or Bus Device resets, the target continues to run from the downloaded code.

In the download microcode mode, Buffer ID 0 is the only Buffer ID supported. If any other Buffer ID value is selected, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

#### NOTES:

- 1. Since an automatic reset is performed upon completing the Write Buffer command in Download Microcode mode, the MICROCODE HAS BEEN CHANGED unit attention condition is replaced with the POWER ON/RESET unit attention condition.
- 2. The microcode image that is downloaded via the WRITE BUFFER command includes the controller and servo microcode. In the Download Microcode mode, only the controller microcode is copied to control store and activated. The downloaded servo microcode is not used and the previous servo code remains active. In order to change the servo code, a WRITE BUFFER command in Download Microcode and Save mode must be performed, followed by a power-cycle.

**Download Microcode and Save Mode (101b) Description.** In this mode, vendor-specific microcode is transferred to the target and, if the WRITE BUFFER command is completed successfully, is saved into a non-volatile memory (i.e. flash memory). The downloaded code shall then be effective after each power-cycle and reset until another download microcode and save operation is performed. When the download microcode and save command has completed successfully, the target shall generate a unit attention condition for all initiators except the one that issued the WRITE BUFFER command. When reporting the unit attention condition, the target shall set the additional sense code to MICROCODE HAS BEEN CHANGED.

NOTE: The saved microcode does not become the active code load until a power on reset is performed.

In the download microcode and save mode, Buffer ID 0 is the only Buffer ID supported. If any other Buffer ID value is selected, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

#### NOTES:

- Following a successful microcode download and save operation, the target does not do an automatic reset and will continue running off of the old microcode. In order to run off of the new microcode which has been downloaded and saved, a power-cycle is required.
- 2. When a WRITE BUFFER command, with a mode of Download Microcode and Save is processed, the length of the microcode saved into flash will be calculated based on the buffer position of the last byte written into the buffer relative to buffer offset 0, byte 0. This requires that the microcode being downloaded always be written into the buffer starting at byte 0 (i.e. the first WRITE BUFFER command must have a Buffer Offset of zero).
- 3. The microcode image that is downloaded via the WRITE BUFFER command includes the controller and servo microcode. In the Download Microcode and Save mode, both the controller microcode and servo microcode are saved into flash following a successful download.

**Download Microcode With Offsets Mode (110b) Description.** In this mode, the transfer of vendor-specific microcode from the initiator to the target may be split over two or more Write Buffer commands. After the complete vendor-specific microcode image has been transferred from the initiator into the data buffer, the checksum is then verified and the microcode transferred to the control store memory of the target. After the transfer of the microcode into the control store memory is complete, an automatic reset is performed causing the target to run from the new microcode. The downloaded microcode is not saved into non-volatile memory (i.e. flash memory), therefore; after a power-cycle, the target reverts to the previous version of microcode. After SCSI bus or Bus Device resets, the target continues to run from the downloaded code.

In the download microcode with offsets mode, Buffer ID 0 is the only Buffer ID supported. If any other Buffer ID value is selected, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

The microcode is written into the data buffer starting at the location specified by the Buffer Offset. The first Write Buffer command initiating a download microcode with offsets mode operation must contain a Buffer Offset of zero. If this Buffer Offset is not zero, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB. Subsequent Write Buffer commands must contain a Buffer Offset such that the microcode is being downloaded contiguously (i.e. microcode bytes are being downloaded in sequential order with no gaps). If this Buffer Offset is incorrect, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

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#### NOTES:

- 1. Since an automatic reset is performed upon completing the Write Buffer command in Download Microcode With Offsets mode, the MICROCODE HAS BEEN CHANGED unit attention condition is replaced with the POWER ON/RESET unit attention condition.
- 2. The microcode image that is downloaded via the WRITE BUFFER command includes the controller and servo microcode. In the Download Microcode With Offsets mode, only the controller microcode is copied to control store and activated. The downloaded servo microcode is not used and the previous servo code remains active. In order to change the servo code, a WRITE BUFFER command in modes five or seven must be performed, followed by a power-cycle.

**Download Microcode With Offsets and Save Mode (111b) Description.** In this mode, the transfer of vendor-specific microcode from the initiator to the target may be split over two or more Write Buffer commands. After the complete vendor-specific microcode image has been transferred from the initiator into the data buffer, the checksum is then verified and the microcode is saved into a non-volatile memory (i.e. flash memory). The downloaded code shall then be effective after each power-cycle and reset until another download microcode and save operation is performed. When the Write Buffer command has completed successfully, the target generates a unit attention condition for all initiators except the one that issued the WRITE BUFFER command. When reporting the unit attention condition, the target shall set the additional sense code to MICROCODE HAS BEEN CHANGED.

NOTE: The saved microcode does not become the active code load until a power on reset is performed.

In the Download Microcode With Offsets and Save mode, Buffer ID 0 is the only Buffer ID supported. If any other Buffer ID value is selected, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

The microcode is written into the data buffer starting at the location specified by the Buffer Offset. The first Write Buffer command initiating a download microcode with offsets mode operation must contain a Buffer Offset of zero. If this Buffer Offset is not zero, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB. Subsequent Write Buffer commands must contain a Buffer Offset such that the microcode is being downloaded contiguously (i.e. microcode bytes are being downloaded in sequential order with no gaps). If this Buffer Offset is incorrect, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

#### NOTES:

- 1. Following a successful microcode download and save operation, the target does not do an automatic reset and will continue running off of the old microcode. In order to run off of the new microcode which has been downloaded and saved, a power-cycle is required.
- The microcode image that is downloaded via the WRITE BUFFER command includes the controller and servo microcode. In the Download Microcode With Offsets and Save mode, both the controller microcode and servo microcode are saved into flash following a successful download.

#### 4-3.32.2 WRITE BUFFER CHECK CONDITION Status

If the Transfer Length field specifies a transfer that exceeds the buffer capacity, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

Data is transferred beginning at the offset within the buffer as specified by the Buffer Offset. If the initiator fails to conform to the offset boundary requirements returned in the Read Buffer descrip-

tor, CHECK CONDITION status is returned with a sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB. If the requested buffer offset exceeds the buffer capacity, the target returns CHECK CONDITION status and sets the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST with an additional sense code of INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

# 4-3.32.3 WRITE BUFFER Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | <ol> <li>Recovery was performed when transferring data from the initiator.</li> <li>Recovery was performed when synchronizing buffered write data to tape prior to performing the WRITE BUFFER operation.</li> </ol>   |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Synchronizing buffered write data to tape failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>Transferring data from the initiator failed due to a hardware failure.</li> <li>Synchronizing buffered data to tape failed due to a hardware failure.</li> </ol>  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the WRITE BUFFER command.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> <li>Buffer ID field contains an invalid value.</li> <li>Buffer Offset field contains an invalid value.</li> <li>Parameter List Length field is contains an invalid value.</li> </ol>  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ol> <li>Indicates the WRITE BUFFER command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>The target has been reset.</li> <li>The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ol> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | WRITE BUFFER command was aborted.  |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the WRITE BUFFER operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.   |

## 4-3.33 WRITE FILEMARKS command 10h

The WRITE FILEMARKS command requests the write of zero or more filemarks to tape. The filemarks will be written at the current logical position on tape. The Filemark count field indicates the number of filemarks to be written.

With a Filemark count of 0 and the Immediate bit set to 0, the WRITE FILEMARKS command will cause any data or filemarks previously buffered for writes to be written to tape. This is the SCSI-2 recommended method of causing buffered data and filemarks to be written to tape.

#### 4-3.33.1 WRITE FILEMARKS CDB Description

WRITE FILEMARKS is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 4-132. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       | BITS         |                    |   |   |   |   |   |       |  |  |
|-------|--------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-------|--|--|
| BYTES | 7            | 6                  | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0     |  |  |
| 0     | 0            | 0                  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0     |  |  |
| 1     | LUN Reserved |                    |   |   |   |   |   | Immed |  |  |
| 2     | MSB          |                    |   |   |   |   |   |       |  |  |
| 3     |              | Filemark Count     |   |   |   |   |   |       |  |  |
| 4     | LSB          |                    |   |   |   |   |   |       |  |  |
| 5     |              | Reserved Flag Link |   |   |   |   |   |       |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 4-132. WRITE FILEMARKS Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALUE  | DESCRIPTION  |  |  |
|------|-----|--------|--|--|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 10h    | Operation code.  |  |  |
| 1    | 0   | 0 or 1 | See Table 4-133 for description of Immediate (Immed) bit operation.  |  |  |
| 2-4  |     |        | The 3 byte Filemark Count field is a 24 -bit unsigned number that indicates the number of filemarks to be written. |  |  |

byte of the mode parameter header

| BUFFER<br>MODE *       | IMMED<br>BIT   | OPERATION   |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0h (non-buffered       | 0  | Write requested filemarks to tape   |  |  |  |  |  |
| mode)                  | 1  | Illegal (ILLEGAL REQUEST) sense data will be presented  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1h, 2h (buffered modes | 0  | Buffer new filemarks for write and then write all previously buffered data and filemarks to tape. |  |  |  |  |  |
|                        | 1  | Buffer new filemarks for write  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * This is the Buffer   | * This is the Buffer Mode reported by the MODE SENSE command. It is contained in the device specific parameter |   |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4-133. WRITE FILEMARK Command Operations

#### 4-3.33.2 WRITE FILEMARKS CHECK CONDITION Status

If the Valid bit is set to 1 of Sense data for a CHECK CONDITION presented for a WRITE FILEMARKS command then the Information field in the Sense data is set as follows:

| BUFFER<br>MODE | BLOCK<br>MODE | INFORMATION FIELD  |
|----------------|---------------|--|
| non-buffered   |               | Contains the number of new filemarks that were not written.  |
| buffered       | fixed         | Contains the number of buffered blocks and buffered filemarks and new filemarks that were not written. |
| buffered       | variable      | Contains the number of buffered bytes and buffered filemarks and new filemarks that were not written.  |

When the WRITE FILEMARKS command is received, the tape unit tries to determine if there is a reason why all of the requested filemarks can't be written. The tape unit will check if the block IDs for the requested filemarks are within the tape format limits. The tape unit may also check if the requested number of filemarks will fit upon the remaining length of unwritten tape.

If the tape unit determines that the requested filemarks cannot all be written then it will not buffer any of the filemarks and will present CHECK CONDITION status. The error sense data will indicate VOLUME OVERFLOW, the Valid bit will be set to 1 and the Information field will be set as described above. Note that if the tape unit does not present this type of error, it does not necessarily mean that the requested filemarks will all fit on tape; the tape unit can only roughly estimate how many filemarks will fit upon the remaining length of unwritten tape.

# 4-3.33.3 WRITE FILEMARKS Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| Oh        | NO SENSE        | Tape is positioned between the Early-Warning position and End-<br>of-Tape with Immed=0, all buffered data and buffered filemarks<br>and new filemarks were written successfully.   |
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | <ol> <li>Recovery was performed when writing buffered data</li> <li>Retries were needed to complete the write of the new filemarks.</li> </ol>   |
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical Unit was not ready (tape was not loaded or wasn't ready).  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of data or filemarks failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> <li>The tape length in the cartridge is too long or too short.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Write of data or filemarks failed due to a hardware failure.   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the WRITE FILEMARKS command.</li> <li>Immediate bit set to 1 when not operating in buffered mode. (Immed = 1, Buffer Mode = 0h)</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the WRITE FILEMARKS command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| 7h        | DATA PROTECT    | Attempting write-type operation to a write-protected cartridge.  |
| 8h        | BLANK CHECK     |  |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | WRITE FILEMARKS command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | New filemarks or previously buffered filemarks or data could not be written to tape because End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

## 4-4 COMMAND DISCONNECTION

After receiving any command, the controller disconnects if disconnection is not inhibited by the IDEN-TIFY message and the controller requires device activity to complete the request.

The controller reconnects to perform parameter or data transfers or to present command completion status as required.

Multiple disconnect and reconnect sequences may be performed for a single READ or WRITE command as space or data becomes available in the buffer.

## 4-5 SCSI RESET

The SCSI Reset is performed in response to a SCSI BUS RESET or a BUS DEVICE RESET Message. The M2488 supports the SCSI hard reset alternative as follows:

- All SCSI I/O processes are cleared; i.e., the SCSI I/O process ends with the BUS FREE phase.
- Any back-end (tape motion or medium changer motion) operation in progress (rewind, synchronize, erase, locate, space, unload, or write filemarks, etc.) is allowed to complete after all of the SCSI I/O processes are cleared.
- Buffered write data is synchronized to tape.
- Buffered write data error is discarded.
- All SCSI device reservations are released.
- Power-on/Reset Unit Attention is generated.

# **CHAPTER 5**

# TAPE UNIT PARAMETERS

# 5-1 INTRODUCTION

This chapter describes the parameters for the M2488. The following information is located in this chapter:

- 5-2 ADDITIONAL COMMAND INFORMATION ON MTU MODE SELECT AND MODE SENSE COMMANDS
- 5-3 MTU INQUIRY/CHANGE DEFINITION VITAL PRODUCT DATA PAGES

# 5-2 ADDITIONAL COMMAND INFORMATION ON MTU MODE SELECT AND MODE SENSE COMMANDS

Table 5-1 lists the page codes supported by the MODE SELECT and MODE SENSE commands.

Table 5-1. Page Codes

| PAGE<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 00h          | Vendor Unique Parameters  |  |  |  |  |
| 01h          | Error Recovery and Reporting Parameters   |  |  |  |  |
| 02h          | Disconnect/Reconnect Control Parameters   |  |  |  |  |
| 0Ah          | Common Device-Type Control Parameters   |  |  |  |  |
| 10h          | Device Configuration Parameters   |  |  |  |  |
| 3Fh          | (MODE SENSE ONLY) Target returns all supported pages. The pages are returned in the MODE SENSE data in the following order: Page 01h, page 02h, page 0Ah, page 10h, page 00h. |  |  |  |  |

# \*\* NOTE \*\*

The current value of non-changeable Mode Parameters must be returned in MODE SELECT command data.

## 5-2.1 The Parameters Savable Bit (All pages)

When using the MODE SENSE command, a Parameters Savable (PS) bit of one indicates that the mode page can be saved by the target in a non-volatile, vendor-specific location. A PS bit of zero indicates that the supported parameters cannot be saved. When using the MODE SELECT command, the PS bit is reserved.

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# 5-2.2 Vendor Unique Parameter

Table 5-2. Page 00 - Vendor Unique Parameter

|       | BITS                   |          |          |      |      |      |       |   |                            |
|-------|------------------------|----------|----------|------|------|------|-------|---|----------------------------|
| BYTES | 7                      | 6        | 5        | 4    | 3    | 2    | 1     | 0 | SENSE<br>DEFAULT<br>VALUES |
| 0     | PS *                   | Reserved |          | 80h  |      |      |       |   |                            |
| 1     | Additional Page Length |          |          |      |      |      |       |   | 0Eh                        |
| 2     | Reserved               | WRTY     | Reserved | PAEB |      | Rese | erved |   | 00h                        |
| 3     | Reserved FRU Reserved  |          |          |      |      |      |       |   | 00h                        |
| 4     | ADTT                   |          |          |      |      |      |       |   | FEh                        |
| 5-15  |                        |          |          | Rese | rved |      |       |   | 00h                        |

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

Table 5-3. Page 00 - Vendor Unique Parameter Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 2    | 6   | 0     | When the WRTY bit is set to one, the following feature will be activated:  * if bit 7 of the Write Retry Count field in Mode Page 01h is set to zero, permanent write errors are to be reported after the retry count in bits 6-0 of the Write Retry Count field have been exhausted.  * if bit 7 of the Write Retry Count field in Mode Page 01h is set to one, write errors are not reported, and writing is continued on the next block unless the tape position is lost while attempting the write operations. CAUTION: This setting may produce unreadable tapes. When WRTY is set to zero, bits 7-0 of the Write Retry Count field all represent the retry count setting and permanent write errors will always be reported.  The WRTY bit is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.   |
| 2    | 4   | 0     | When the Position After Error Block (PAEB) bit is set to one, and there is a permanent read error on tape, the read head is positioned on the opposite side of the error block from the direction being read (i.e. EOT side for a read forward operation or BOT side for a read reverse operation). When the read error occurs during a Read (forward) operation, a Read Position command gives the BID of the block following the block in error. When the read error occurs during a Read Reverse operation, a Read Position command gives the BID of the actual block in error.  When PAEB is set to zero, everything remains the same except for the Read Position data, which would give the BID of the block to position to in order to retry the same read operation on the bad block. This allows alternate device retry by the host. The host system requests the cartridge be moved to another device, does a Locate to the block indicated in the Read Position data, followed by a read operation in the same direction as when the read data check originally occurred (Read or Read Reverse).  The PAEB bit is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command and the default value is zero. |

Table 5-3. Page 00 -Vendor Unique Parameter Field Description (Continued)

| ВҮТЕ | ВІТ | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 3    | 2   | 0     | When the FRU bit is set to one, the Diagnostic Error codes listed in Appendix F are displayed on the op panel display.  When the FRU bit is set to zero, the Diagnostic Error codes are not displayed on the op panel display.  The FRU bit is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command and the default value is zero.  |
| 4    | 0-7 | FEh   | The Automatic Data Transfer Timeout (ADTT) field indicates an automatic data transfer timeout value in 200ms increments with 00h representing an initial 200ms timeout; i.e., actual_timeout = 200ms + (selected_timeout_value*200ms). For example, a value of 01h indicates automatic data transfers will timeout in 400ms; i.e., 200ms + (1*200ms) = 400ms. The ADTT is calculated in 200ms increments for values of 00h to FEh in the ADTT field. The ADTT value of FFh indicates a timeout of 2 minutes.  If a value of 00h or 01h is set in this field (200ms or 400ms timeouts respectively), the Retry Buffer Retries is automatically disabled.  The ADTT is active only during the data phases (DATA-IN/DATA-OUT) while transferring data blocks between the initiator and the target using commands such as READ, READ REVERSE, WRITE, etc. The ADTT is not active for manual data transfers such as REQUEST SENSE DATA, LOG SENSE DATA, MODE SENSE DATA, etc. The ADTT field is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command and the default value is FEh. |

# 5-2.3 Error Recovery and Reporting Parameters

The Page 01 Error Recovery and Reporting Parameters CDB is illustrated in Table 5-4 and described in Table 5-5.

The parameters on this page specify the error recovery and reporting parameters that the target uses when transferring data between the initiator and the target. The parameters on this page do not apply to message system retries or positioning error recovery procedures.

Table 5-4. Page 01 - Error Recovery and Reporting Parameters

|       |                        | BITS                    |    |          |      |     |     |     |                            |  |
|-------|------------------------|-------------------------|----|----------|------|-----|-----|-----|----------------------------|--|
| BYTES | 7                      | 6                       | 5  | 4        | 3    | 2   | 1   | 0   | SENSE<br>DEFAULT<br>VALUES |  |
| 0     | PS *                   | PS * Reserved Page Code |    |          |      |     |     |     | 81h                        |  |
| 1     | Additional Page Length |                         |    |          |      |     |     |     | 0Eh                        |  |
| 2     | Rese                   | erved                   | TB | Reserved | EER  | PER | DTE | DCR | 08h                        |  |
| 3     | Read Retry Count       |                         |    |          |      |     |     |     | 10h                        |  |
| 4-7   | Reserved               |                         |    |          |      |     |     |     | 00000000h                  |  |
| 8     | Write Retry Count      |                         |    |          |      |     |     |     | 10h                        |  |
| 9-11  |                        |                         |    | Rese     | rved |     |     |     | 000000h                    |  |

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

Note: Changeable fields in this page are shaded.

Table 5-5. Error Recovery and Reporting Parameters Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 2    | 0   | 0     | When the Disable Correction (DCR) bit is set to one, this bit indicates error correction is not applied in the course of error recovery. Other normal error recovery operations are not affected by this bit.  When DCR is set to zero, this bit enables error correction.  The DCR bit is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.   |
| 2    | 1   | 0     | When the Disable Transfer on Error (DTE) bit set to one, and the PER bit is set to one, the target creates the CHECK CONDITION status and terminates the data transfer to the initiator immediately upon detection of an error. The transfer length is then not exhausted. The data of the block in error, which is the first erring block encountered, may not be transferred to the initiator depending upon the setting of the TB bit. The DTE bit can only be set to one if the PER bit is set to one. The target creates the CHECK CONDITION status with an ILLEGAL REQUEST sense key if PER bit is set to zero and the DTE bit set to one.  When DTE is set to zero, this bit enables data transfer for any data which is recovered within the limits of the error recovery flags. Any erring block that would be posted, which is the last recovered block encountered, is not posted until the transfer length is exhausted.  The DTE bit is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero. |

**Table 5-5.** Error Recovery and Reporting Parameters Field Description (Continued)

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 2    | 2   | 0     | When the Post Error (PER) bit is set to one, this bit indicates that the target enables reporting of CHECK CONDITION status for recovered errors, with the appropriate sense key being returned. CHECK CONDITION status occurs during the data transfer depending either on the DTE bit value or if an unrecoverable error occurred. If multiple errors occur, the REQUEST SENSE data reports the block address of either the last block on which recovered error occurred or of the first unrecovered error. If this bit is 0, the DTE bit must also be 0.  When PER is set to zero, this bit indicates that the target does not create the CHECK CONDITION status for errors recovered within the limits established by the other error recovery flags. Recovery procedures exceeding the limits established by the other error recovery flags are posted accordingly by the target. The transfer of data may terminate prior to exhausting the transfer length depending on the error and the state of the other error recovery flags.  The PER bit is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero. |
| 2    | 3   | 0     | When the Enable Early Recovery (EER) bit is set to one, this bit indicates that the target enables the use of the most expedient form of error recovery, such as error correction, before applying retries. Seek or positioning retries and the recovery procedure retries of the message system are not affected by the value of this bit. When EER is set to zero, this bit indicates that the target exhausts the defined retry limit prior to enabling error correction.  The EER bit is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command and the default value is one.  |
| 2    | 5   | 0     | When Transfer Block (TB) is set to one, this bit indicates that the failing data block (recovered or unrecovered) is transferred to the initiator.  When TB is set to zero, this bit indicates that an unrecovered failing data block is not transferred to the initiator. Recovered data blocks are always transferred, regardless of the values of the TB bit.  In both cases the block reported in the Request Sense data is the block in error, not the preceding block.  The TB bit is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.   |
| 3    | 0-7 | >0    | A non-zero value in Read Retry Count field specifies the number of times that the target attempts its recovery algorithm during a read operation before an unrecoverable error is reported.  A value of zero in this field indicates that the target shall not use its recovery algorithm during read operations.  The Read Retry Count field is reported as changeable, and the default value is 10h.   |
| 8    | 0-6 | >0    | A non-zero value in the Write Retry Count field specifies the number of times that the target attempts its recovery algorithm during a write operation before an unrecoverable error is reported.  A value of zero in this field indicates that the target shall not use its recovery algorithm during write operations.  The Write Retry Count field is reported as changeable and the default value is 10h.  |
| 8    | 7   | 0     | The meaning of this bit is dependent upon the setting of the WRTY bit in Mode Page 00. With WRTY set to 0, this bit is defined as the MSB of the Write Retry Count. Otherwise:  Report permanent error when count in bits 0-6 is exhausted.  Do not report error, continue writing next block. CAUTION: This setting may produce unreadable tapes.   |

Table 5-6 summarizes the valid modes of operation for the bits in byte 2 as described previously.

**Table 5-6. Valid Combinations of Error Recovery Parameters** 

| EER | PER | DTE | DCR | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 1   | 0   | 0   | 0   | Correction, then retries are attempted. Recovered and/or corrected data (if any) is transferred without the ending portion of the transfer. This is the default setting.  - Transfer Length is exhausted. Data transfer stops only if an unrecoverable error is encountered. The target then creates CHECK CONDITION status with the appropriate Sense Key. The data of the unrecoverable Block (if any), may not be transferred to the initiator depending on the setting of the TB bit.   |
| 1   | 0   | 1   | 0   | Invalid Request (DTE on, PER off).  |
| 1   | 1   | 0   | 0   | Correction, then retries are attempted. Report Last Data Block in error at the end of transfer. Recovered data (if any) is transferred corrected.  - The Transfer Length is exhausted if no unrecoverable error occurred (DTE off).  - The target creates CHECK CONDITION status with RECOVERED ERROR Sense Key and reports (in the Information bytes field of the Extended Sense data) the last block for which recovered error occurred, if any. (PER on). The data of the unrecoverable Block (if any), may or may not be transferred to the initiator depending on the setting of the TB bit. |
| 1   | 1   | 1   | 0   | Correction, then retries are attempted. Stop Transfer on First Recovered Error Encountered. Recovered data is transferred. Check status with Recovered Error sense key is set following transfer of the recovered or corrected block.   |

## 5-2.4 Disconnect/Reconnect Control Parameters

These parameters provide the initiator with the means to tune the SCSI bus.

Table 5-7. Page 02 - Disconnect/Reconnect Parameters

|       | BITS                     |                         |   |     |       |   |   |   |                            |  |
|-------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|-----|-------|---|---|---|----------------------------|--|
| BYTES | 7                        | 6                       | 5 | 4   | 3     | 2 | 1 | 0 | SENSE<br>DEFAULT<br>VALUES |  |
| 0     | PS *                     | PS * Reserved Page Code |   |     |       |   |   |   |                            |  |
| 1     | Additional Page Length   |                         |   |     |       |   |   |   | 0Eh                        |  |
| 2     | Read Buffer Full Ratio   |                         |   |     |       |   |   |   | 00h                        |  |
| 3     | Write Buffer Empty Ratio |                         |   |     |       |   |   |   |                            |  |
| 4-5   | Bus Inactivity Time      |                         |   |     |       |   |   |   |                            |  |
| 6-7   | Disconnect Time Limit    |                         |   |     |       |   |   |   | 0000h                      |  |
| 8-9   | Connect Time Limit       |                         |   |     |       |   |   |   | 0000h                      |  |
| 10-11 | Maximum Burst Size       |                         |   |     |       |   |   |   | 0000h                      |  |
| 12    | Reserved DTDC            |                         |   |     |       |   |   |   |                            |  |
| 13-15 |                          |                         |   | Res | erved |   | • |   | 0000h                      |  |

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

Note: Changeable fields in this page are shaded.

Table 5-8. Page 02 - Disconnect/Reconnect Parameters Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 2-3  |     | 0     | The Read Buffer Full Ratio and Write Buffer Empty Ratio fields indicate how full the buffer should be on a read command or how empty the buffer should be on a write command before the target attempts reselection.  These fields are not supported, and are reported as NOT changeable on a MODE SENSE command. The default values are zero.  |
| 4-5  |     | 0     | The Bus Inactivity Limit field indicates the maximum time, in 100 microsecond increments, that the target is allowed to maintain the bus busy without handshakes until it must disconnect. A value of zero in this field indicates that there is no Bus Inactivity Limit.  The Bus Inactivity Limit field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.                             |
| 6-7  |     | >0    | A non-zero value in the Disconnect Time Limit field indicates the minimum time, in 100 microsecond increments, that the target remains disconnected for the specified LUN until it attempts to reconnect.  A value of zero in this field indicates that the target is allowed to reconnect immediately.  The Disconnect Time Limit field is reported as changeable on a MODE SELECT command, and the default value is zero. |

Table 5-8. Page 02 - Disconnect/Reconnect Parameters Field Description (Continued)

| ВҮТЕ  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|-------|---|
| 8-9   |     | 0     | The Connect Time Limit field indicates the maximum time, in 100 microsecond increments, that the target remains connected until it attempts to disconnect. A value of zero in this field indicates that there is no Connect Time Limit.  The Connect Time Limit field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.   |
| 10-11 |     |       | The Maximum Burst Size field indicates the maximum amount of data to be transferred between SCSI bus disconnects when disconnects are allowed. The value in this field is multiplied by 512 bytes to signify the maximum amount of data. For example, a "1" in this field signifies 512 bytes and a "2" signifies 1024 bytes. A value of zero in this field indicates no limit on the amount of data transferred. The controller attempts to honor the specified value. However, in no case does the controller transfer only a portion of a record. When reading a compressed tape, the controller does not know how much uncompressed data is produced by a record about to be transferred. In this case, the compressed record length (rather than the actual bus transferred size) is used to determine if the maximum burst size is exceeded. The Maximum Burst Size field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero. |
| 12    | 0-1 |       | The Data Transfer Disconnect Control (DTDC) field defines further restrictions on when a disconnect is permitted. Table 5-9 relates the significance of different values in this field.   |

Table 5-9. Data Transfer Disconnect Control

| DTDC | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|--|
| 00b  | Data transfer disconnect control is not used. Disconnect is controlled by the other fields in this page.   |
| 01b  | A target will not disconnect once the data transfer of a command has started until all data the command is to transfer has been transferred. The connect time limit and bus inactivity limit are ignored during the data transfer. |
| 10b  | Reserved   |
| 11b  | A target will not disconnect once the data transfer of a command has started until the command is complete. The connect time limit and bus inactivity limit are ignored once data transfer has started.                            |

If the DTDC field is non-zero and the Maximum Burst Size is non-zero, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status. The sense key will be set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the additional sense code set to ILLEGAL FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST.

The DTDC field is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.

# 5-2.5 Common Device-Type Control Parameters

| <b>Table 5-10.</b> | Page 0Ah -   | Common     | <b>Device-type</b> | Control | <b>Parameters</b> |
|--------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|
| I WOIC C IV.       | I age of III | COMMISSION | Device type        | COLLEGE | I WI WIII COLL    |

|       |                        | BITS                    |            |               |             |              |        |       |                            |  |  |
|-------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|--------|-------|----------------------------|--|--|
| BYTES | 7                      | 6                       | 5          | 4             | 3           | 2            | 1      | 0     | SENSE<br>DEFAULT<br>VALUES |  |  |
| 0     | PS *                   | PS * Reserved Page Code |            |               |             |              |        |       |                            |  |  |
| 1     | Additional Page Length |                         |            |               |             |              |        |       | 06h                        |  |  |
| 2     |                        | Reserved RLEC           |            |               |             |              |        |       |                            |  |  |
| 3     | (                      | Queue Algori            | thm Modifi | er            | Rese        | erved        | QErr   | DQue  | 01h                        |  |  |
| 4     | EECA                   |                         | Rese       | erved         |             | RAENP        | UAAENP | EAENP | 00h                        |  |  |
| 5     | Reserved               |                         |            |               |             |              |        |       | 00h                        |  |  |
| 6-7   |                        | Re                      | ady AEN F  | Ioldoff Perio | d (0-0FFFFl | n microsecor | nd)    | ·     | 0000h                      |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

Note: Changeable fields in the page are shaded.

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

The only field that may be modified in this page is the RLEC bit. On a MODE SELECT command, all other fields must be zero. On a MODE SENSE command, only the RLEC field is reported as changeable.

Table 5-11. Page 0Ah - Common Device-type Control Parameters Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 2    | 1   | 0     | When set to one, the Report Log Exception Condition (RLEC) bit indicates that the target reports log overflow conditions.  When set to zero, this bit indicates that log overflow conditions are not reported. The RLEC bit is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is one. |
| 3    | 0   | 1     | When set to one, the Disable Queuing (DQUE) bit indicates that tagged queueing shall be disabled.  The default value reported for this field on a MODE SENSE command is one and not changeable.  |
| 3    | 1   | 0     | When set to zero, the Queue Error Management bit indicates that remaining suspended I/O process shall resume after the contingent allegiance condition or extended contingent allegiance condition.  The default value reported for this field on a MODE SENSE command is zero and not changeable.           |
| 3    | 4-7 | 0     | The Queue Algorithm Modifier field specifies restrictions on the algorithm used for reordering commands that are tagged with the SIMPLE QUEUE TAG message. The default value reported for this field on a MODE SENSE command is zero and not changeable.   |

Table 5-11. Page 0Ah - Common Device-type Control Parameters Field Description (Continued)

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 4    | 0-2 | 0     | The RAENP, UAAENP, and EAENP bits enable specific events to be reported via the asynchronous event notification protocol. This product does not support asynchronous event notification.  When all three bits are zero, the target shall not create asynchronous event notifications.  The default values reported for these fields on a MODE SENSE command are zeros and not changeable. |
| 4    | 7   | 0     | When set to zero, the Enable Extended Contingent Allegiance (EECA) bit indicates that the extension of the contingent allegiance condition is disabled. The default value reported for this field on a MODE SENSE command is zero and not changeable.   |
| 6-7  |     | 0     | The Ready AEN Holdoff Period field specifies the minimum time in microseconds after the target starts its initialization sequence that it shall delay before attempting to issue an asynchronous event notification.  The default value reported for this field on a MODE SENSE command is zero and not changeable.   |

# 5-2.6 Device Configuration Parameters

Table 5-12. Page 10h - Device Configuration Parameters

|       | BITS                              |          |     |              |             |              | MODE    |     |                            |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----------|-----|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------|-----|----------------------------|
| BYTES | 7                                 | 6        | 5   | 4            | 3           | 2            | 1       | 0   | SENSE<br>DEFAULT<br>VALUES |
| 0     | PS *                              | Reserved |     |              | Page        | Code         |         |     | 90h                        |
| 1     |                                   |          |     | Additional l | Page Length |              |         |     | 0Eh                        |
| 2     | Reserved                          | CAP      | CAF |              | P           | Active Forma | ıt      |     | 00h                        |
| 3     | Active Partition                  |          |     |              |             |              |         | 00h |                            |
| 4     | Write Buffer Full Ratio           |          |     |              |             |              |         | 80h |                            |
| 5     | Read Buffer Empty Ratio           |          |     |              |             |              |         | 40h |                            |
| 6-7   | Write Delay Time                  |          |     |              |             |              | 0032h   |     |                            |
| 8     | DBR BIS Reserved AVC SOCF RBO REW |          |     |              |             |              | C4h     |     |                            |
| 9     | Gap Size                          |          |     |              |             |              | 00h     |     |                            |
| 10    | EOD Defined EEG SEW Reserved      |          |     |              |             |              | 00h     |     |                            |
| 11-13 | Buffer Size at Early Warning      |          |     |              |             |              | 060000h |     |                            |
| 14    | Select Data Compression Algorithm |          |     |              |             |              | 01h     |     |                            |
| 15    | Reserved                          |          |     |              |             |              |         | 00h |                            |

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

Note: Changeable fields in the page are shaded.

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

The only fields that may be modified in this page are Read Buffer Empty Ratio, the SOCF field, Read Buffer Empty Ratio, the RBO bit and the Select Data Compression Algorithm field. On a MODE SENSE command, only these fields are reported as changeable.

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Table 5-13. Page 10h - Device Configuration Parameters Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |  |
|------|-----|-------|---|--|
| 2    | 0-4 | 0     | The Active Format field indicates the format that is to be used to record on that medium.  This field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.   |  |
| 2    | 5   | 0     | When set to one, the Change active Format (CAF) bit indicates that the active format is changed to the value specified in the active format field.  The CAF bit is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.   |  |
| 2    | 6   | 0     | When set to one, the Change Active Partition (CAP) bit indicates that the logical partition is to be changed to the one specified by the active partition field. The CAP bit is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.  |  |
| 3    | 0-7 | 0     | The Active Partition indicates the current logical partition number in use on that medium. This field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero  |  |
| 4    | 0-7 | 80h   | The Write Buffer Full Ratio field, on WRITE commands, indicates to the target how full the buffer is before writing data to the medium. This field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is 80h.   |  |
| 5    | 0-7 | 40h   | The Read Buffer Empty Ratio field, on READ commands, indicates to the target how empty the buffer is before retrieving additional data from the medium. This field is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is 40h.   |  |
| 6-7  |     | 0032h | The Write Delay Time field indicates the maximum time, in 100 millisecond increments, the target should wait before any buffered data that is to be written, is forced to the medium after the last buffered WRITE command that did not cause the buffer to exceed the buffer full ratio.  This field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is 0032h (5 seconds).  |  |
| 8    | 0   | 0     | When set to zero, the Report Early Warning (REW) bit indicates that the target will report early-warning at or before any medium defined early-warning position during write operations, but will not report the early-warning condition for read operations. The REW bit is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.   |  |
| 8    | 1   | 0     | When set to zero, the Recover Buffer Order (RBO) bit indicates that data blocks are returned from the target's buffer on a RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command in First In First Out (FIFO) order.  When set to one, the RBO bit indicates that data blocks are returned from the target's buffer on a RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command in Last In First Out (LIFO) order.  The RBO bit is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is 0b (FIFO). |  |

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Table 5-13. Page 10h - Device Configuration Parameters Field Description (Continued)

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |  |
|------|-----|-------|--|--|
| 8    | 2-3 | 01b   | When set to 00b, the Stop On Consecutive Filemarks (SOCF) field indicates the device pre-read data from the medium in Buffered Mode to the limits of the buffer capacity without regard for filemarks. This implies the device can differentiate between data blocks and filemarks in the buffer. Values 01b, 10b, and 11b specify the device terminates the pre-read operation if 1, 2, or 3 consecutive filemarks are detected, respectively.  The SOCF field is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is 01b. |  |
| 8    | 4   | 0     | When set to zero, the Automatic Velocity Control (AVC) bit indicates that the device speed chosen will be the device's internally selected speed.  The AVC bit is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.   |  |
| 8    | 6   | 1     | When set to one, the Block Identifiers Supported (BIS) bit indicates that the forma on the medium has recorded information about the logical block ID relative to a patition.  The BIS bit is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is one.  |  |
| 8    | 7   | 1     | When set to one, the Data Buffer Recovery (DBR) bit indicates that the target supports data buffer recovery using the RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command. The DBR bit is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is one.  |  |
| 9    | 0-7 | 00h   | The Gap Size field determines the size of the interblock gap when writing data. A value of 00h specifies the device's defined gap size.  This field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.  |  |
| 10   | 3   | 1     | When set to one, the Synchronize at Early Warning (SEW) bit indicates the target causes any buffered write data and filemarks to be transferred to the medium when EOM early-warning is encountered.  This field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is one.  |  |
| 10   | 4   | 0     | When set to zero, the Enable EOD Generation (EEG) bit indicates that EOD generation is disabled in the logical unit.  The EEG bit is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.  |  |
| 10   | 5-7 | 000Ь  | The End-of-Data (EOD) Defined field indicates which format type the logical unit uses to detect and generate the EOD area.  A value of 000b in this field indicates the logical unit will use its own default EOD definition.  The EOD Defined field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is zero.   |  |

BYTE BIT VALUE DESCRIPTION 11-13 060000h The Buffer Size at Early Warning field indicates the value, in bytes, to which the target reduces its logical buffer size when writing between early-warning and physical EOM. This field is reported as not changeable on a MODE SENSE command, and the default value is 60000h. 14 0-7 00h When set to 00h, the Select Data Compression Algorithm field indicates that the controller will write in EDRC uncompressed format. Uncompressed format does not encode the customer's data with the Binary Arithmetic Encoding hardware, but does combine multiple customer records into a single tape block. 01h When set to 01h, this field indicates that the controller will first encode customer data using the Binary Arithmetic Encoding hardware (compress the data), and to also combine multiple compressed customer data records into a single tape block. NOTES: 1) It is permissible to modify the data compression algorithm mode away from BOT and in between write operations; however, buffered write data is automatically synchronized to tape prior to activating the new mode. 2) For backwards compatibility reasons, the values 83h and 84h will be accepted in this field and treated as 00h and 01h, respectively.

Table 5-13. Page 10h - Device Configuration Parameters Field Description (Continued)

## 5-2.7 Density Code 28h

Until now, when sending Mode Parameters with a Mode Select command, the initiator could only set 00h, 09h or 7Fh in the Density Code field in the Block Descriptor (byte 00h). The Mode Parameter data returned by a Mode Sense command would always return the value of 09h in the Density Code field. According to the ANSI SCSI-2 standard, a Density Code value of 09h referred to 18Track format tape densities. The M2488 product tape drive is capable of reading both 18Track and 36Track format tapes, but will only write in the 36Track (36T) format. Since the ANSI SCSI-2 standard had not defined a Density Code value representing the 36T format, the M2483 and the early M2488 drives used Density Code 09h to represent both the 18T and 36T formats.

Since the ANSI SCSI-3 standard has defined a Density Code to represent the 36T format, the M2488 drive will now differentiate between 18T and 36T densities by using two different Density Code values. Configuring feature mode bit 6 (0x40) in byte FT4 (see the M2488 User's Guide) will cause the M2488 to associate Density Code 09h with the 18T format, and Density Code 28h with the 36T format. If this feature mode configuration is not performed, the M2488 will use Density Code 09h to represent both 18T and 36T formats.

For information and instructions on configuration settings, refer to the Configuration chapter in the M2488 User's Guide.

# 5-2.7.1 M2488 Operation When Density Code 28h Is Not Configured

In its default mode, the M2488 does not use Density Code 28h. The Mode Select command will accept the following settings in the Density Code field (Mode Parameter Block Descriptor Byte 00h):

Table 5-14. Density Code Settings Accepted by Mode Select Command in Default Operation

| DENSITY CODE | DESCRIPTION  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| 00h          | Write tapes in 36T format.<br>Read tapes in 18T and 36T formats. |  |  |
| 09h          | Write tapes in 36T format. Read tapes in 18T and 36T formats.    |  |  |
| 7Fh          | Retain current Density Code setting.                             |  |  |

Regardless of the Density Code setting used in the Mode Select command, the Mode Sense command will always report a Density Code value of 09h.

# 5-2.7.2 M2488 Operation When Density Code 28h Is Configured

Once the DENSITY\_CODE\_28H feature mode has been configured, the Mode Select command will accept the following settings in the Density Code field (Mode Parameter Block Descriptor Byte 00h):

Table 5-15. Density Code Settings Accepted by Mode Select Command with Density Code 28h Configured

| DENSITY CODE | DESCRIPTION  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| 00h          | Write tapes in 36T format. Read tapes in 18T and 36T formats.    |  |  |
| 09h          | Write tapes in 36T format.<br>Read tapes in 18T and 36T formats. |  |  |
| 28h          | Write tapes in 36T format.<br>Read tapes in 18T and 36T formats. |  |  |
| 7Fh          | Retain current Density Code setting.                             |  |  |

The Mode Sense command will report Density Codes in compliance with the following guidelines:

Table 5-16. Density Codes Reported by Mode Sense Command with DENSITY\_CODE\_28H Configured

| WHEN THE FOLLOWING IS TRUE  | MODE SENSE WILL REPORT  |
|---|---|
| After a Power Up sequence, while the unit is in the NOT READY state and no previous UNLOAD* has been performed.           | Density Code 28h  |
| When the unit is in the NOT READY state, and a previous UNLOAD* has been performed.                                       | Density Code as reported in the most recent Mode Sense command. |
| After a Power Up sequence, when the unit is the READY state, but the tape format has not yet been determined by the unit. | Density Code 28h  |

Table 5-16. Density Codes Reported by Mode Sense Command with DENSITY\_CODE\_28H Configured

| WHEN THE FOLLOWING IS TRUE   | MODE SENSE WILL REPORT  |
|--|---|
| After a Power Up sequence, when the unit is in the READY state, and the tape format has been determined by the unit.             | Density Code relating to the tape format as determined by the unit. |
| When the unit is in the READY state, and a successful read has been done from an 18T tape.                                       | Density Code 09h  |
| When the unit is in the READY state, and a successful read has been done from an 36T tape.                                       | Density Code 28h  |
| After a successful read or unsuccessful write at BOP, if a previous Mode Select command had been issued to set the Density Code. | Density Code as set by the Mode Select command.                     |
| After a successful read or unsuccessful write at BOP, if the unit has not identified the tape format.                            | Density Code 28h  |
| After a successful read or unsuccessful write at BOP, if the unit has identified the tape format.                                | Density Code relating to the tape format as determined by the unit. |

<sup>\*</sup> An Unload is considered to be a ready-to-not-ready transition which can result from the Unload command, the Move Medium command, or by pressing Reset on the op-panel.

# 5-3 MTU INQUIRY/CHANGE DEFINITION VITAL PRODUCT DATA PAGES

This section describes the VPD (Vital Product Data) pages and parameters used by the MTU Inquiry and Change Definition commands. The MTU VPD parameters include information such as configuration data (vendor identification, product identification, model, serial number), usage data, and other vendor or device-specific data. The supported MTU VPD pages are shown in the following table.

**USED BY VPD VENDOR PAGE UNIQUE** DESCRIPTION **CHANGE INQUIRY CODE PAGE** CMD. DEF.CMD. 00h N List of the vital product data pages supported by this target. Y N Y 80h N Unit serial number page. N Y Ν 81h N Implemented operating definition page. N Y 82h ASCII implemented operating definition page. N C0h Y Y Unit usage page. N C1h Y Y Configuration page. N C2h Y Product identification page. Y Y

Table 5-17. Supported MTU VPD Page Codes

#### 5-3.1 General VPD Page Format

The General VPD page format is shown in Table 5-18 and described in Table 5-23.

BITS **BYTES** 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 Peripheral Qualifier Peripheral Device Type 1 Page Code 2 Reserved 3 Page Length (n - 1) 4-N **VPD** Parameters

Table 5-18. VPD Page Format

Table 5-19. VPD Page Format Field Description

| BYTE | BIT        | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|------------|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-4<br>5-7 |       | The meaning of the Peripheral Qualifier and Peripheral Device Type fields depend on whether the VPD page is being sent to the initiator as INQUIRY data or is being received from the initiator as CHANGE DEFINITION data. When being sent as INQUIRY data, these fields are the same as those defined in the INQUIRY command description. When being received as CHANGE DEFINITION data, these fields are ignored.  |
| 1    | 0-7        |       | The Page Code field identifies the format and parameters defined for that VPD page.  |
| 3    | 0-7        |       | The Page Length field indicates the length in bytes of the VPD parameters that follow. For VPD pages that are permitted to be sent from an initiator via the CHANGE DEFINITION command, if the initiator does not set this value to the value that is returned for that page by the INQUIRY command, the target terminates the CHANGE DEFINITION command with CHECK CONDITION status. The sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the additional sense code is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. For VPD pages requested by an initiator via the INQUIRY command, if the allocation length in the INQUIRY CDB is too small to transfer all bytes in the VPD page, the page length is not adjusted to reflect the truncation. |
| 4-n  |            |       | The VPD parameters for each page are described in the following sections.  |

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

All Inquiry ASCII data generated in fields representing numerical values (e.g. power-on time, cleaning count, etc.) is the ASCII equivalent to the hexadecimal numerical value.

## 5-3.2 Supported VPD Pages - Page 00h

VPD page 00h returns a list of the vital product data pages supported by this target. The format for VPD Page 00h is:

Table 5-20. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page 00h - Supported VPD Pages

|         |             |              |    | BIT        | S        |           |           |   |
|---------|-------------|--------------|----|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|---|
| BYTES   | 7           | 6            | 5  | 4          | 3        | 2         | 1         | 0 |
| 0       | Periph      | eral Qualifi | er |            | Peripher | al Device | Type =01h |   |
| 1       |             |              |    | Page Code  | e = 00h  |           |           |   |
| 2       |             |              |    | Reserv     | ved      |           |           |   |
| 3       |             |              |    | Page Lengt | th = 07h |           |           |   |
| SUPPORT | ED PAGE LIS | T            |    |            |          |           |           |   |
| 4       |             |              |    | 00h        | l        |           |           |   |
| 5       |             |              |    | 801        | 1        |           |           |   |
| 6       |             |              |    | 81h        | l        |           |           |   |
| 7       |             |              |    | 821        | 1        |           |           |   |
| 8       | C0h         |              |    |            |          |           |           |   |
| 9       |             | Clh          |    |            |          |           |           |   |
| 10      |             |              |    | C21        | h        |           |           |   |

The Supported Page List contains a list of all implemented vital product data page codes for this target. The page codes are listed in ascending order beginning with page code 00h.

## 5-3.3 Unit Serial Number Page - Page 80h

VPD page 80h returns the product serial number for the target. The format for VPD page 80h is:

Table 5-21. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page 80h - Unit Serial Number Page

|       | BITS              |                 |    |             |          |           |           |  |
|-------|-------------------|-----------------|----|-------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| BYTES | 7                 | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |    |             |          |           |           |  |
| 0     | Periphe           | eral Qualifi    | er |             | Peripher | al Device | Гуре =01h |  |
| 1     |                   |                 |    | Page code   | = 80h    |           |           |  |
| 2     |                   |                 |    | Reserv      | ved .    |           |           |  |
| 3     | Page length = 10h |                 |    |             |          |           |           |  |
| 4-19  |                   |                 | Pı | oduct seria | l number |           |           |  |

The product serial number field contains 16 bytes of ASCII data that is vendor-specific. The product serial number is stored in NVRAM and is maintained across power cycles and resets. If the product serial number is not available due to a NVRAM error, then ASCII spaces (20h) are returned in this field.

## 5-3.4 Implemented Operating Definition Page - Page 81h

VPD page 81h returns the list of implemented operating definitions for the target. The format for VPD page 81h is:

Table 5-22. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page 81h - Implemented Operating Definition Page

|       |             | BITS   |    |            |             |               |           |  |  |  |
|-------|-------------|--|----|------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7           | 6  | 5  | 4 3 2 1 0  |             |               |           |  |  |  |
| 0     | Periphe     | eral Qualifi                                     | er |            | Peripher    | al Device     | Гуре =01h |  |  |  |
| 1     |             |  |    | Page code  | = 81h       |               |           |  |  |  |
| 2     |             |  |    | Reserv     | ed          |               |           |  |  |  |
| 3     |             | Page length = 06h                                |    |            |             |               |           |  |  |  |
| 4     | Reserved    |  |    | Current op | erating def | inition = 03  | Bh        |  |  |  |
| 5     | SavImp = 0b |  |    | Default op | erating def | inition = 03  | 3h        |  |  |  |
| 6     | SavImp = 0b |  | S  | upported o | perating de | efinition = ( | 00h       |  |  |  |
| 7     | SavImp = 0b | SavImp = 0b Supported operating definition = 03h |    |            |             |               |           |  |  |  |
| 8     | SavImp = 1b | b Supported operating definition = 40h           |    |            |             |               |           |  |  |  |
| 9     | SavImp = 1b |  | S  | upported o | perating de | efinition = 4 | 41h       |  |  |  |

Table 5-23. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page 81h Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 4    | 0-6 | 03h   | The current operating definition field indicates the present operating definition.  |
| 5-9  | 7   | 0     | For each of the following operating definition fields, there is a corresponding SavImp (Save Implemented) bit. A SavImp bit set to one indicates that the corresponding operating definition parameter can be saved.  A SavImp bit set to zero indicates that the corresponding operating definition parameter cannot be saved. |
| 5    | 0-6 | 03h   | The default operating definition field indicates the value of the operating definition the target uses upon power-up. The current and default operating definitions are always reported as 03h (SCSI-2 operating definition).   |
| 6-9  | 0-6 |       | Reference the Change Definition SCSI command specification (CDB byte 3) for a description of the supported operating definitions listed in this page (i.e. 00h, 03h, 40h, and 41h).   |

## 5-3.5 ASCII Implemented Operating Definition Page - Page 82h

VPD page 82h returns the target's implemented operating definitions in ASCII format. The format for VPD page 82h is:

Table 5-24. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page 82h - ASCII Implemented Operating Definition Page

|          |            |                                     |            | BIT         | S            |            |           |   |
|----------|------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|-----------|---|
| BYTES    | 7          | 6                                   | 5          | 4           | 3            | 2          | 1         | 0 |
| 0        | Periphe    | eral Qualif                         | ier        |             | Periphe      | ral Device | Type =01h |   |
| 1        |            |                                     |            | Page code   | = 82h        |            |           |   |
| 2        |            |                                     |            | Reser       | ved          |            |           |   |
| 3        |            |                                     | I          | Page lengtl | n = 9Dh      |            |           |   |
| 4        |            | ASCII                               | operating  | definition  | description  | length = 9 | 9Ch       |   |
| ASCII OP | ERATING DE | FINITION                            | DESCRI     | PTION D     | ATA          |            |           |   |
| 5-42     |            |                                     | "00h - Use | current op  | erating def  | finition"  |           |   |
| 43       |            |                                     |            | NULL (      | (00h)        |            |           |   |
| 44-81    |            |                                     | "03h - S0  | CSI-2 oper  | ating defin  | ition"     |           |   |
| 82       |            |                                     |            | NULL        | (00h)        |            |           |   |
| 83-120   |            |                                     | "40h - 0   | Change use  | er product o | data"      |           |   |
| 121      |            | NULL (00h)                          |            |             |              |            |           |   |
| 122-159  |            | "41h - Change factory product data" |            |             |              |            |           |   |
| 160      |            |                                     |            | NULL (      | (00h)        |            |           |   |

Table 5-25. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page 82h Field Description

| BYTE  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|-------|---|
| 4     | 0-7 |       | The ASCII operating definition description length field indicates the length in bytes of the ASCII operating definition description data that follows. If the allocation length is less than the length of data to be returned, the ASCII operation definition description length is not adjusted to reflect the truncation.  |
| 5-160 |     |       | The ASCII operating definition description data field contains the ASCII operating definition description data. The data in this field is formatted in lines, where each line is terminated with a NULL (00h) character. The ASCII characters in each line shown in the table above are left aligned and ASCII spaces (20h) are used to pad each line up to the NULL (00h) character. Each line has a total length of 39 (27h) bytes, including the NULL character. |

Reference the Change Definition SCSI command specification (CDB byte 3) for a description of the supported operating definitions.

### 5-3.6 Unit Usage Page - Page C0h

VPD page C0h returns usage parameters. The format for VPD page C0h is:

**BITS BYTES** 6 5 3 2 1 0 Peripheral Qualifier Peripheral Device Type =01h 1 Page code = C0h 2 Reserved 3 Page length = 18h4-11 Tape motion time 12-19 Power-on time 20-27 Cleaning count

Table 5-26. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page C0h - Unit Usage Page

The following fields defined for this page are stored in NVRAM and are maintained across power cycles and resets. If any of these fields cannot be read from NVRAM due to a NVRAM error, then the SCSI command requesting access to these fields is terminated with CHECK CONDITION status, the sense key is set to HARDWARE ERROR, and the ASC/ASCQ is set to Internal Target Failure.

Table 5-27. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page C0h Field Description

| BYTE  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|-------|-----|-------|--|
| 4-11  |     |       | The tape motion time field contains 8 bytes of ASCII data that is vendor-specific.  The tape motion time is in units of seconds and is incremented based on the speed of tape motion. For example:  This time is not incremented when there is no tape motion.  This time is incremented at a faster rate during a rewind and at a slower rate during a read operation.  The tape motion time (TMT) value can be used to calculate the total meters of tape that passed over the head, based on the speed of the MTU, using the following equation:  # of meters = (TMT seconds) * (2 meters/second) |
| 12-19 |     |       | The power-on time field contains 8 bytes of ASCII data that is vendor-specific. The power-on time indicates the total number of minutes the unit has been powered-on.  |
| 20-27 |     |       | The cleaning count field contains 8 bytes of ASCII data that is vendor-specific. The cleaning count value is in units of tape sectors processed and is used to determine when MTU head cleaning is required. After a cleaning operation is performed, the cleaning count value is automatically set to 0.  |

# 5-3.7 Configuration Page - Page C1h

VPD page C1h returns configuration information. For a description of each of the configuration fields in this VPD page, refer to the M2488 User's Guide, CHAPTER 4.

The format for VPD page C1h is:

Table 5-28. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page C1h - Configuration Page

|           |   |         |            | BIT          | S                 |                |    |   |
|-----------|---|---------|------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------|----|---|
| BYTES     | 7   | 6       | 5          | 4            | 3                 | 2              | 1  | 0 |
| 0         | Peripheral Qualifier Peripheral Device Type = 01h |         |            |              |                   |                |    |   |
| 1         | Page code = C1h                                   |         |            |              |                   |                |    |   |
| 2         |   |         |            | Reserv       | ved               |                |    |   |
| 3         |   |         | I          | Page length  | n = 3Dh           |                |    |   |
| DRIVE (MT | U) <b>CONFI</b>                                   | GURATIO | N SETTIN   | GS           |                   |                |    |   |
| 4         |   |         | MTU Log    | gical Unit l | Number (S.        | LUN)           |    |   |
| 5         |   |         |            | Reserved     | (00h)             |                |    |   |
| 6         |   |         | Disp       | lay Langua   | age (S.LNC        | <del>3</del> ) |    |   |
| 7         |   |         | Display    | BOT with     | Ready (S.F        | RDY)           |    |   |
| 8         |   |         | Display    | Target ID    | with <b>*</b> (S. | *N)            |    |   |
| 9         |   |         | Dis        | play Intens  | sity (S.ITS)      |                |    |   |
| 10        |   |         | xCL P      | ower On N    | Iode (S.AC        | CL)            |    |   |
| 11        | Feature Configuration Byte 1 (S.FT1)              |         |            |              |                   |                |    |   |
| 12        |   |         | Feature C  | onfiguratio  | on Byte 2 (       | S.FT2)         |    |   |
| 13        |   |         | Feature C  | onfiguratio  | on Byte 3 (       | S.FT3)         |    |   |
| 14        |   |         | Feature C  | onfiguratio  | on Byte 4 (       | S.FT4)         |    |   |
| 15        |   | Med     | lium Chang | er Logical   | Unit Numl         | oer (S.MCI     | _) |   |
| 16        |   |         |            | fgroup_      | code              |                |    |   |
| 17        |   |         | Feature C  | onfiguratio  | on Byte 5 (       | S.FT5)         |    |   |
| 18-24     |   |         |            | Reser        | ved               |                |    |   |
| DRIVE (MT | U) <b>FACTO</b>                                   | RY CONF | IGURATI(   | ON SETTI     | NGS               |                |    |   |
| 25        |   |         | Fa         | ctory Setti  | ng Byte 0         |                |    |   |
| 26        |   |         | Fa         | ctory Setti  | ng Byte 1         |                |    |   |
| 27        |   |         | Fa         | ctory Setti  | ng Byte 2         |                |    |   |
| 28        |   |         | Fa         | ctory Setti  | ng Byte 3         |                |    |   |
| 29        |   |         |            | factory_     | mode              |                |    |   |
| 30-44     |   |         |            | Reser        | ved               |                |    |   |

47

48-64

 BITS

 BYTES
 7
 6
 5
 4
 3
 2
 1
 0

 CONTROLLER (TARGET) CONFIGURATION SETTINGS

 45
 Target ID (S.TAR)

 46
 SDTR (S.SDT)

Table 5-28. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page C1h - Configuration Page (Continued)

## 5-3.8 Product Identification Page - Page C2h

VPD page C2h contains product identification information. The format for VPD page C2h is:

WDTR (S.WDT)

Reserved

Table 5-29. INQUIRY data format VPD Page C2h - Product Identification Page

|       | BITS                  |                 |    |              |            |             |            |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------------|-----------------|----|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7                     | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |    |              |            |             |            |  |  |  |
| 0     | Peripho               | eral Qualifi    | er |              | Peripher   | al Device T | Type = 01h |  |  |  |
| 1     |                       | Page code = C2h |    |              |            |             |            |  |  |  |
| 2     |                       |                 |    | Reserv       | red        |             |            |  |  |  |
| 3     |                       |                 |    | Page lengtl  | n = 18h    |             |            |  |  |  |
| 4-11  |                       |                 |    | Vendo        | : ID       |             |            |  |  |  |
| 12-19 | Controller Product ID |                 |    |              |            |             |            |  |  |  |
| 20-27 |                       |                 | Lo | gical Unit l | Product ID |             |            |  |  |  |

The following fields defined for this page are stored in NVRAM and are maintained across power cycles and resets. These fields correspond to bytes 8 through 31 in the MTU non-VPD INQUIRY data described in the INQUIRY command description. Reference the INQUIRY command description for additional information on these fields.

Table 5-30. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page C0h Field Description

| BYTE  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|-------|---|
| 4-11  |     |       | The Vendor ID field contains 8 bytes of ASCII data that is vendor-specific. This field corresponds to bytes 8-15 in the MTU non-VPD INQUIRY data described in the INQUIRY command description.                |
| 12-19 |     |       | The Controller Product ID field contains 8 bytes of ASCII data that is vendor-specific. This field corresponds to bytes 16-23 in the MTU non-VPD INQUIRY data described in the INQUIRY command description.   |
| 20-27 |     |       | The Logical Unit Product ID field contains 8 bytes of ASCII data that is vendor-specific. This field corresponds to bytes 24-31 in the MTU non-VPD INQUIRY data described in the INQUIRY command description. |

# **CHAPTER 6**

# MEDIA CHANGER SCSI COMMANDS

## 6-1 INTRODUCTION

This chapter describes the medium changer commands for the M2488. The following information is located in this chapter:

- 6-2 MEDIA CHANGER COMMANDS
- 6-3 ADDITIONAL COMMAND INFORMATION ON MEDIUM CHANGER MODE SELECT AND MODE SENSE COMMANDS
- 6-4 MC (Medium Changer) Inquiry/Change Definition Vital Product Data Pages

#### 6-2 MEDIA CHANGER COMMANDS

The media changer commands are described in Table 6-1. For more details on the commands, refer to the paragraph listed in the table for that command.

Table 6-1. Commands for Medium Changer Devices

| OP<br>CODE | COMMAND NAME                  | DESCRIPTION  | PARAGRAPH                                |
|------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 00h        | TEST UNIT READY               | Provides a means to check if the logical unit is ready.  | 6-2.6 on page 6-30                       |
| 03h        | REQUEST SENSE                 | Requests the target transfer sense data to the initiator.  | 4-3.23 on page 4-103                     |
| 12h        | INQUIRY                       | Provides a means for an initiator to request information regarding parameters of the target and any attached peripheral devices. | 4-3.6 on page 4-18 & 5-3 on page 5-17    |
| 15h        | MODE SELECT                   | Provides a means for the initiator to specify medium, logical unit, or peripheral device parameters to the target.               | 6-2.2 on page 6-6 & 6-3 on page 6-32     |
| 1Ah        | MODE SENSE                    | Provides a means for a target to report its medium, logical unit, or peripheral device parameters to the initiator.              | 6-2.3 on page 6-11<br>& 6-3 on page 6-32 |
| 1Ch        | RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC<br>RESULTS | Requests that analysis data generated by a previous SEND DIAGNOSTIC command be sent to the initiator.                            | 4-3.19 on page 4-83                      |
| 1Dh        | SEND DIAGNOSTIC               | Requests the target to perform diagnostic tests on itself, or on the attached peripheral devices.                                | 4-3.27 on page 4-117                     |
| 40h        | CHANGE DEFINITION             | Used to modify the operating definition of the selected target with respect to all initiators.                                   | 4-3.2 on page 4-5 & 6-4 on page 6-41     |
| A5h        | MOVE MEDIUM                   | Requests that the target move a unit of media from a source element to a destination element.                                    | 6-2.4 on page 6-16                       |
| A6h        | EXCHANGE MEDIUM               | Provides a means to exchange the medium in the source element, with the medium located at a destination element.                 | 6-2.1 on page 6-2                        |
| B8h        | READ ELEMENT STATUS           | Requests that the target report status information for the medium-changer elements.  | 6-2.5 on page 6-19                       |

#### 6-2.1 EXCHANGE MEDIUM MC command A6h

The EXCHANGE MEDIUM medium-changer command provides a means to exchange the medium in the source element, with the medium located at a destination element.

The medium in the source element is moved to the first destination element and the medium that previously occupied the first destination element is moved to the second destination element. The second destination element may or may not be the same element as the source element. In the case of a simple exchange, the source element and the second destination element are the same.

This device can emulate the capability of handling two units of media at the same time. The ACL cannot perform exchange medium operations. The FACL can perform an exchange medium operations if the tape unit is empty.

# 6-2.1.1 EXCHANGE MEDIUM CDB Description

EXCHANGE MEDIUM is a twelve-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in the following paragraphs. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|         |     | BITS                              |      |               |               |   |      |      |  |  |
|---------|-----|-----------------------------------|------|---------------|---------------|---|------|------|--|--|
| BYTES   | 7   | 6                                 | 5    | 4             | 3             | 2 | 1    | 0    |  |  |
| 0       | 1   | 0                                 | 1    | 0             | 0             | 1 | 1    | 0    |  |  |
| 1       |     | LUN Reserved                      |      |               |               |   |      |      |  |  |
| 2-<br>3 | MSB | MSB Transport Element Address —   |      |               |               |   |      |      |  |  |
| 4-      | MSB | MSB Source Address                |      |               |               |   |      |      |  |  |
| 5       |     | LSB                               |      |               |               |   |      |      |  |  |
| 6-<br>7 | MSB | MSB First Destination Address LSB |      |               |               |   |      |      |  |  |
| 8-      | MSB |                                   |      | Second Destir | ation Address | s |      |      |  |  |
| 9       |     | LSB                               |      |               |               |   |      |      |  |  |
| 10      |     | Reserved                          |      |               |               |   |      |      |  |  |
| 11      |     |                                   | Rese | erved         |               |   | Flag | Link |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

This command will only accept Transport element addresses of 0000h (default) or 000Eh (Transport Element address).

For this product, the Source address, First destination address, and Second destination addresses are storage elements.

When the Source address, First destination address, and Second destination addresses have the same value, this command performs no operation.

When the Source address and the First destination address have the same value and the second destination addresses has a different value, you are attempting to perform a simple MOVE MEDIUM and this EXCHANGE MEDIUM command is accepted.

The device capabilities page (XCL MODE parameters page 1Fh) provides a matrix which defines the supported source element type and first destination element type combinations for

EXCHANGE MEDIUM commands when the source element type is the same as second destination element type.

Send a READ ELEMENT STATUS command before sending an EXCHANGE MEDIUM command to determine if an exchange is possible.

#### 6-2.1.2 Exchange Medium Examples

The data in XCL MODE parameter pages 1Dh (Element Address Assignments) and 1Fh (Device Capabilities) define the valid MOVE MEDIUM SOURCE and DESTINATION pairs. However, that information is difficult to read.

The following tables show data inputs to and the result of an EXCHANGE MEDIUM command using the data.

Table 6-2. M2488A11 (ACL) Exchange Medium Examples

| SOURCE | FIRST<br>DESTINATION | SECOND<br>DESTINATION | RESULT  |
|--------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| 11h    | 12h                  | 11h                   | This is not valid for an ACL. It will be rejected with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST. |
| 11h    | 12h                  | 13h                   | Move cartridge in slot 02h to empty slot 03h then move cartridge from 01h to 02h  |
| X      | Y                    | X                     | This is not valid for an ACL. It will be rejected with CHECK CONDITION status and the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST. |
| X      | Y                    | Z                     | Move cartridge in slot Y-10h to empty slot Z-10h then move cartridge in slot X-10h to slot Y-10h.                       |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The magazine size can be determined by looking at XCL MODE parameter page 00h.

Table 6-3. M2488A12 (FACL) Exchange Medium Examples

| SOURCE | FIRST<br>DESTINATION | SECOND<br>DESTINATION | RESULT   |  |  |
|--------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| 17h    | 16h                  | 17h                   | Exchange cartridges in slots 06h and 07h. This will work with a full magazine.                                       |  |  |
| 16h    | 15h                  | 14h                   | Move cartridge in slot 05h to empty slot 04h then move cartridge from slot 06h to 05h                                |  |  |
| X      | Y                    | X                     | Where: X={11h,12h,,17h} and Y<>X. Exchange cartridges in slots X-10h and Y-10h. This will work with a full magazine. |  |  |
| X      | Y                    | Z                     | Move cartridge in slot Y-10h to empty slot Z-10h then move cartridge in slot X-10h to slot Y-10h.                    |  |  |

# 6-2.1.3 EXCHANGE MEDIUM Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical Unit is not ready (magazine not set or if set, then START button not pressed or magazine not loaded via host command).  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Medium exchange failed due to synchronization failure.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Medium exchange failed due to hardware failure.   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>If this command is received and the XCL (ACL or FACL) is not attached, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and set the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.</li> <li>If this command is received and the XCL (ACL or FACL) is not in SYSTEM MODE, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and set the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.</li> <li>If this command is received and the source element is empty or the first destination element is empty, or the second destination element (if different from the source element) is full, or the second destination element (if the same as the source element) is empty, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and set the sense key to ILLE-GAL REQUEST.</li> <li>The transport element address specifies the medium transport element that is to be used in executing this command. The default transport element address of zero may be used if this functionality is supported by the medium changer device. If the transport element address specified has not been assigned or has been assigned to an element other than a medium transport element, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and the set the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.</li> <li>If this command is received and the source, first destination, or second destination addresses are not valid element addresses, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and the set the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.</li> <li>If the device is an ACL and the source and second destination addresses are the same (simple exchange), the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and the set the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.</li> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol> |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ol> <li>Indicates the EXCHANGE MEDIUM command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>A NOT READY TO READY transition has occurred.</li> <li>The target has been reset.</li> <li>The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ol>   |

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION            | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|----------------------|--|
| Bh        | ABORTED COM-<br>MAND | EXCHANGE MEDIUM command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW      | Write of buffered data prior to the Read Reverse operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached. |

#### 6-2.2 MODE SELECT MC command 15h

The MODE SELECT medium-changer command provides a means for the initiator to specify medium changer device parameters to the target by sending data relevant to such parameters in a data phase following the command. Initiators should issue MODE SENSE prior to MODE SELECT to determine supported pages, page lengths, and other parameters. A single set of Mode Select parameters kept by the controller are common to all initiators for a specific LUN. Buffered write data is synchronized to tape prior to activating the new mode parameters.

Mode Select parameters remain in effect until modified by another MODE SELECT command or until reset to their saved values following a power on sequence, SCSI bus reset, or SCSI device reset. Refer to the description of the Mode Sense command for an explanation of the different types of parameters (PC field).

#### 6-2.2.1 MODE SELECT CDB Description

MODE SELECT is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in the following paragraphs. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |       | BITS                  |      |       |             |   |      |      |  |
|-------|-------|-----------------------|------|-------|-------------|---|------|------|--|
| BYTES | 7     | 6                     | 5    | 4     | 3           | 2 | 1    | 0    |  |
| 0     | 0 0 0 |                       | 1    | 0     | 0 1 0       |   | 1    |      |  |
| 1     | LUN   |                       |      | PF    | Reserved SP |   |      | SP   |  |
| 2     |       | Reserved              |      |       |             |   |      |      |  |
| 3     |       | Reserved              |      |       |             |   |      |      |  |
| 4     |       | Parameter List Length |      |       |             |   |      |      |  |
| 5     |       |                       | Rese | erved |             |   | Flag | Link |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 6-4. MODE SELECT Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 15h   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0   | 0     | A Save Pages (SP) bit of zero indicates the target shall perform the specified MODE SELECT operation, and shall not save any pages in non-volatile memory. An SP bit of one indicates that the target shall perform the specified MODE SELECT operation, and shall save to a non-volatile location all the savable pages sent during the DATA OUT phase. |
| 1    | 4   | 0, 1  | A PF bit of 0 or 1 both indicate that the Mode Select parameters are structured as pages of related parameters as defined by the ANSI standard.  |
| 4    | 0-7 | >0    | The parameter list length field specifies the length in bytes of the MODE SELECT parameter list to be transferred from the initiator to the target.  A parameter list length of zero indicates that no data is transferred. This condition is not an error.  |

For both an ACL or a FACL, the target will perform the MODE SELECT command even if the Medium Changer LUN is NOT READY.

If the target completes a MODE SELECT command successfully, it generates a Unit Attention Condition for all initiators except the one that issued the MODE SELECT command. The additional sense code reported for the Unit Attention Condition is MODE PARAMETERS CHANGED.

The Unit Attention/Mode Parameters Changed sense data will be reported to other initiators after a Mode Select command only if the setting of at least one parameter was actually changed from its previous setting. Therefore, issuing a Mode Select command with parameters that are the same as the current parameters will not result in any change or the reporting of a Unit Attention to other initiators.

To ensure that the MODE SELECT command performs the desired operations, it is strongly recommended that the initiator adhere to the following steps:

- issue a MODE SENSE command requesting the target to return all Changeable Values (PC field 01b and Page Code 3Fh in byte two of the MODE SENSE CDB) and preserve the "changeable" values,
- 2. issue a MODE SENSE command requesting the target to return all Current Values (PC field 00b and Page Code 3Fh in byte two of the MODE SENSE CDB) and preserve the "current" values,
- 3. perform a bitwise AND operation of the "current" values with the one's complement of the "changeable" values, (this step is important because the target will not accept the command if any non-changeable field is set to a value other than the "current" value)
- 4. make further desired changes to bytes which are changeable,
- 5. make sure that the PS bit in every mode page is 0 (the MODE SENSE command will report a 1 in the PS bit, but a MODE SELECT command will fail if mode pages are sent with the PS bit set to 1),
- 6. issue a MODE SELECT command, sending these parameters,

A PF bit of 0 or 1 both indicate that the Mode Select parameters are structured as pages of related parameters as defined by the ANSI standard.

Pages which can be saved are identified by the Parameter Savable (PS) bit that is returned in the page header by the MODE SENSE command. If the PS bit is set in the MODE SENSE data, the page can be saved by issuing a MODE SELECT command with the SP bit set. Once a MODE SELECT command with an SP bit of one is completed successfully, the parameters set during that command become the "saved parameters". The "saved parameters" become the active or "current parameters" until another MODE SELECT command is completed. If the new MODE SELECT command has an SP bit of 0, the newly set parameters become the "current parameters" and remain in effect until any of the following occurs:

- a) a new MODE SELECT command is successfully performed,
- b) a RESET CONDITION is detected,
- c) a power-on cycle is performed, or
- d) a BUS DEVICE RESET message is received,

in which case the "saved parameters" are restored as the active or "current parameters". If the new MODE SELECT command has an SP bit of 1, the newly set parameters become the "saved parameters" as well as the active or "current parameters". Therefore, following any of the conditions described in b) through d) above, the newly set "saved parameters" will be restored as the "current parameters".

#### 6-2.2.2 MODE SELECT CHECK CONDITION Status

For the following conditions, a MODE SELECT command will fail with a CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST, and the additional sense code set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. The requested mode settings/changes, will not be performed.

- (a) If the initiator attempts to change any field that is not changeable as reported by the target.
- (b) If the initiator sends a value for a parameter that is outside the range supported by the target and rounding is not permitted for that parameter.
- (c) If the initiator sets any field in the mode parameter header or block descriptor to an unsupported value.
- (d) If the initiator sends a mode page with a page length not equal to the page length returned by the MODE SENSE command for that page.
- (e) If the initiator sets any reserved field in the mode parameter list to a non-zero value.

Certain parameters sent to a target with the MODE SELECT command contain a range of values. The target rejects unsupported values unless rounding is permitted in the description of the parameter. If rounding is permitted, then when the target receives a value not supported, it rounds the value received to a supported value.

Rounding of MODE SELECT parameter values, when permitted, is performed as follows: A target that receives a MODE SELECT parameter value that is not an exact supported value, adjusts the value to one that it supports, and returns CHECK CONDITION status with a sense key of RECOVERED ERROR. The additional sense code is set to ROUNDED PARAMETER. The initiator is responsible to issue a MODE SENSE command to learn what value the target has rounded.

A parameter list length that results in the truncation of any header or mode page causes the target to terminate the command with a CHECK CONDITION status, with a sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST, and the additional sense code set to PARAMETER LIST LENGTH ERROR.

#### 6-2.2.3 MODE SELECT Data

The MODE SELECT data to be sent by the initiator should be in the form of a four-byte header, followed by zero or more variable length pages. The following table illustrates the format of the MODE SELECT parameter list:

Table 6-5. MODE SELECT Parameter List Format

|       |   | BITS                            |   |     |     |   |   |   |  |
|-------|---|---------------------------------|---|-----|-----|---|---|---|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                               | 5 | 4   | 3   | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
| 0 - 3 |   | Mode Parameter Header (4 bytes) |   |     |     |   |   |   |  |
| 4 - N |   |                                 |   | Pag | ges |   |   |   |  |

#### **MODE SELECT Parameter Header**

The four bytes of the Mode Parameter Header are shown in Table 6-6.

Table 6-6. MODE SELECT Mode Parameter Header

|       |   | BITS          |   |                |               |     |  |  |  |
|-------|---|---------------|---|----------------|---------------|-----|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 |   |                |               |     |  |  |  |
| 0     |   | Reserved      |   |                |               |     |  |  |  |
| 1     |   | Reserved      |   |                |               |     |  |  |  |
| 2     |   | Reserved      |   |                |               |     |  |  |  |
| 3     |   |               | В | lock Descripto | or Length (00 | Oh) |  |  |  |

The block descriptor is not supported for the Medium Changer so its length must be specified as 00h.

## **Page Descriptors**

Following the parameter list header are the MODE SELECT pages.

Table 6-7. Page Descriptors

|       |      | BITS                   |            |               |              |             |  |   |
|-------|------|------------------------|------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|--|---|
| BYTES | 7    | 6                      | 5          | 5 4 3 2 1 0   |              |             |  | 0 |
| 0     | PS=0 | Reserved               | Page Code  |               |              |             |  |   |
| 1     |      | Additional Page Length |            |               |              |             |  |   |
| 2-N   |      |                        | Page Defin | ned or Vendor | Unique Paran | neter Bytes |  |   |

Table 6-8. Page Descriptor Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-5 |       | The Page Code field identifies the format and parameters for that page. For Medium Changer LUNs, this controller supports page 1Dh (Element Address Assignments), 1Eh (Transport Geometry Parameters), 1Fh (Device Capabilities Page), and 00h (Vendor Unique Parameters) |
| 0    | 7   | 0     | When using a MODE SELECT command, the PS (Parameters Savable) bit is reserved and must be zero.   |
| 1    | 0-7 |       | The additional page length indicates the number of bytes in that page. The additional page length field value does not include bytes 0 and 1 of that page (the page code and additional page length fields, respectively).  |

If the initiator sends an incorrect length in the Page Length field or sends page fields with values that are not supported by the target or are not changeable, the target returns a CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key field set to ILLEGAL REQUEST in the sense data. In this case, no parameters are changed by this command.

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For more information on the Medium Changer Mode Parameters see section 6-3 on page 6-32.

# 6-2.2.4 MODE SELECT MC Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data before the buffered mode operation occurred in MODE SELECT command.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to hardware failure (e.g. transfer<br/>of MODE SELECT data failed due to hardware failure).</li> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> </ol>  |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the MODE SELECT command.</li> <li>Flag bit in the MODE SELECT CDB was set and Link bit was not set.</li> <li>There is a parameter list error.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the MODE SELECT command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ul> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | MODE SELECT command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the MODE SELECT operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

#### 6-2.3 MODE SENSE MC command 1Ah

The MODE SENSE medium-changer command provides a means for a target to report its medium changer device parameters to the initiator. The MODE SENSE command is a complementary command to the MODE SELECT command. Please refer to the description of the MODE SELECT command for recommendations on how to ensure that the MODE SELECT command performs the desired operations.

#### 6-2.3.1 MODE SENSE CDB Description

MODE SENSE is a six-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in the following paragraphs. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       | BITS              |          |   |  |     |          |   |   |
|-------|-------------------|----------|---|--|-----|----------|---|---|
| BYTES | 7                 | 6        | 5 | 4  | 3   | 2        | 1 | 0 |
| 0     | 0                 | 0        | 0 | 1  | 1   | 0        | 1 | 0 |
| 1     |                   | LUN      |   | 0  | DBD | Reserved |   |   |
| 2     | P                 | PC       |   | Page Code (see section 6-3 on page 6-32) |     |          |   |   |
| 3     |                   | Reserved |   |  |     |          |   |   |
| 4     | Allocation Length |          |   |  |     |          |   |   |
| 5     | Reserved Flag I   |          |   |  |     | Link     |   |   |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

For both an ACL or an FACL, the target will perform the MODE SELECT command even if the Medium Changer LUN is NOT READY.

Table 6-9. MODE SENSE Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | 1Ah   | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 3   | 0     | The Disable Block Descriptor (DBD) bit value of 1 specifies that no block descriptor is returned in the MODE SENSE data.  Since the Medium Changer does not provide a block descriptor, the Block Descriptor Length field in the MODE SENSE data read will always be set to zero independent of the setting of the DBD bit in the MODE SENSE command.                        |
| 2    | 0-5 |       | The Page Code allows the initiator to select any specific page or all of the pages supported by a target. Pages are used to set and return device parameters. If the initiator uses a Page Code value not implemented by the target, the target will return CHECK CONDITION status with sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST, and additional sense code to INVALID FIELD IN CDB. |

Table 6-9. MODE SENSE Field Description (Continued)

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 2    | 6-7 |       | The Page Control (PC) field indicates the type of page parameter values to be returned by the target. The target returns the same page length for each supported page regardless of the value in the PC. The combination of the page control field value and the page code being set causes the target to return the appropriate values for the page selected by its respective page code. A Page Code value of 3Fh indicates all pages implemented by the target are returned to the initiator with the values reported defined by the page control field. For a Page Code value of 3Fh, all pages are returned in ascending page code order, except for mode page 00h, which will always be reported last. The PC field is defined in Table 6-10.  Regardless of the setting of the PC field, the Mode Sense data header will return the current values for the fields contained in it, since the SP (Save Pages) bit only applies to the Mode Pages, and not the header. |
| 4    |     |       | The Allocation Length specifies the number of bytes the initiator has allocated for returned MODE SENSE data. An Allocation Length of zero indicates no MODE SENSE data is to be transferred. This condition is not considered as an error. Any other value indicates the maximum number of bytes transferred. The target terminates the DATA IN phase when allocation length bytes have been transferred or when all available MODE SENSE data has been transferred to the initiator, whichever is less.   |

Table 6-10. PC Field

|   | TELD<br>TS | DESCRIPTION  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 7 | 6          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0          | Report Current Values: The current values are those parameters under which the target is presently configured. The current values are defined to be the following:  1. those values set in the last successfully completed MODE SELECT command  2. saved values if a MODE SELECT hasn't successfully completed since the last power-on, hard reset condition or BUS DEVICE RESET message,  3. default values if saved values are not available.  Page fields not supported are set to zero. The additional page length field returned by the target indicates the number of bytes supported in that page.                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 1          | Report Changeable Values: The changeable values of any page indicate which parameters the initiator may change by a subsequent MODE SELECT command. Any field allowed to change is set to all ones. Fields and bits not allowed to be changed by the initiator are set to zero. Attempting to change any field, via MODE SELECT command, that is not changeable causes the target to return a CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST in the sense data. The additional page length field of each page returned by the target indicates the number of bytes which are supported for that particular page. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 0          | Report Default Values: The target returns to the initiator the field values set to the target's or device's default values. The additional pages length field of each page returned by the target indicates the number of bytes supported for that particular page.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1          | Report Saved Values: The target returns the saved values of the mode parameters. Until the first successful MODE SELECT command is completed with the SP (Save Pages) bit set to 1, the default values will be returned for this PC field setting.   |  |  |  |  |  |

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#### 6-2.3.2 MODE SENSE Data

The MODE SENSE data contains a four-byte header, followed by zero or more variable length pages.

Table 6-11. MODE SENSE Data Header

|       |   | BITS                   |   |                |               |    |   |   |
|-------|---|------------------------|---|----------------|---------------|----|---|---|
| BYTES | 7 | 6                      | 5 | 4              | 3             | 2  | 1 | 0 |
| 0     |   | Mode Sense Data Length |   |                |               |    |   |   |
| 1     |   | Reserved               |   |                |               |    |   |   |
| 2     |   | Reserved               |   |                |               |    |   |   |
| 3     |   |                        | В | lock Descripto | or Length = 0 | 0h |   |   |

Table 6-12. MODE SENSE Data Header Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    | 0-7 |       | The Mode Sense Data Length specifies the length in bytes of the following MODE SENSE data bytes after the data length field that are available to be transferred during the DATA IN phase. The sense data length does not include itself. |
| 3    | 0-7 | 00h   | A block descriptor length of zero indicates no block descriptors are included in the parameter list.  |

# **Page Descriptor**

The page formats are defined as shown in Table 6-13 and described in Table 6-4.

Table 6-13. Page Descriptors

|       | BITS |   |           |   |   |   |   |   |
|-------|------|---|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|
| BYTES | 7    | 6   | 5         | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 0     | PS   | Reserved                                      | Page Code |   |   |   |   |   |
| 1     |      | Additional Page Length                        |           |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2-N   |      | Page Defined or Vendor Unique Parameter Bytes |           |   |   |   |   |   |

VALU BYTE BIT DESCRIPTION  $\mathbf{E}$ 0 0-5 Page code identifies the meaning of the bytes in that page. 0 7 When using the MODE SENSE command, a PS (Parameters Savable) bit of one indicates that the mode page can be saved by the target in a non-volatile location. 0 A PS bit of zero indicates that the supported parameters cannot be saved. When using the MODE SELECT command, the PS bit is reserved. 1 The Additional Page length field indicates the number of bytes the target supports in each page. The additional page length value of each defined page, does not include the Page Length byte. The target may return in the pages of the MODE SENSE commands as many consecutive bytes as it supports, for each page it supports, without splitting fields of multiple bytes. The page length is set in the pages of the MODE SELECT command to the value returned by the target in the MODE SENSE Page Length bytes. Otherwise, the target creates CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST.

Table 6-14. MODE SENSE Page Descriptors Field Description

If a MODE SELECT command with SP=1 has never been successfully performed on the target, then following a power on, SCSI bus reset, BUS DEVICE RESET message, the controller reports its default mode setting whenever current, or default values are requested. If a MODE SELECT command with SP=1 was ever performed successfully, the controller will report the "saved parameters" whenever the current or saved values are requested, and it will report the default mode settings only when the default parameters are requested.

# 6-2.3.3 MODE SENSE MC Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR | Recovery was performed when writing buffered data, before the buffered mode operation occurred in MODE SENSE command.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a defective tape.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | <ol> <li>SCSI interface error occurred due to a hardware failure (e.g. transfer of MODE SENSE data failed due to a hardware failure).</li> <li>Write of buffered data failed due to a hardware failure.</li> </ol> |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the MODE SENSE command.</li> <li>Flag bit in the MODE SENSE CDB was set and the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>   |

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | Indicates the MODE SENSE command was not performed due to one of the following:  1. The tape cartridge may have been changed.  2. The target has been reset.  3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.  4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).  5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short. |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | MODE SENSE command was aborted.   |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the MODE SENSE operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.  |

#### 6-2.4 MOVE MEDIUM MC command A5h

The MOVE MEDIUM medium-changer command requests that the target move a unit of media from a source element to a destination element.

### 6-2.4.1 MOVE MEDIUM CDB Description

MOVE MEDIUM is a twelve-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in the following paragraphs. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|       |     | BITS                     |                              |       |   |          |      |      |  |
|-------|-----|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------|---|----------|------|------|--|
| BYTES | 7   | 6                        | 5                            | 4     | 3 | 2        | 1    | 0    |  |
| 0     | 1   | 0                        | 1                            | 0     | 0 | 1        | 0    | 1    |  |
| 1     |     | LUN                      |                              |       |   | Reserved |      |      |  |
| 2     | MSB |                          |                              |       |   |          |      |      |  |
| 3     |     |                          | Transport Element Address  L |       |   |          |      |      |  |
| 4     | MSB | ASB Source Address ——    |                              |       |   |          |      |      |  |
| 5     |     | Source Address LSB       |                              |       |   |          |      | LSB  |  |
| 6     | MSB |                          |                              |       |   |          |      |      |  |
| 7     |     | Destination Address  LSB |                              |       |   |          |      | LSB  |  |
| 8     |     |                          |                              |       |   |          |      |      |  |
| 9     |     | Reserved                 |                              |       |   |          |      |      |  |
| 10    |     | Reserved 0               |                              |       |   |          |      | 0    |  |
| 11    |     |                          | Rese                         | erved |   |          | Flag | Link |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 6-15. MOVE MEDIUM Field Description

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALUE             | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------------------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | A5h               | Operation code.  |
| 2-3  |     | 0000h or<br>000Eh | This command will only accept Transport element addresses of 0000h (default) or 000Eh (Transport Element address). |
| 4-5  |     |                   | The source address specifies the location that the medium is taken from.   |
| 6-7  |     |                   | The destination address specifies the location that the medium is moved to.  |

The device capabilities page (XCL MODE parameters page 1Fh) provides a matrix with the supported source element or destination element combinations for the MOVE MEDIUM command.

If the move addresses are valid and one of the addresses is the Data Transfer Element, a synchronize operation is performed before the media movement begins.

The xCL supports Storage element to Storage element moves only when no cartridges are loaded in the drive.

Send a READ ELEMENT STATUS command before sending a MOVE MEDIUM command to determine if a move operation is possible.

#### 6-2.4.2 ACL/FACL Tables of Allowed Moves

The data in XCL MODE parameter pages 1Dh (Element Address Assignments) and 1Fh (Device Capabilities) define the valid MOVE MEDIUM SOURCE and DESTINATION pairs. However, that information is difficult to read.

The following table shows valid SOURCE/DESTINATION pairs and the result of a MOVE MEDIUM command using a valid pair.

Table 6-16. XCL Allowed Moves

| SOURCE ADDRESS | DESTINATION<br>ADDRESS | RESULT  |
|----------------|------------------------|---|
| 0001h          | 0010h                  | LOAD MAGAZINE   |
| 0011h-0015h    | 000Dh                  | LOAD CTG (ACL 5 CTG MAGAZINE) <sup>1</sup>                                  |
| 0011h-0017h    | 000Dh                  | LOAD CTG (FACL 7 CTG MAGAZINE) <sup>1</sup>                                 |
| 0011h-001Ah    | 000Dh                  | LOAD CTG (ACL 10 CTG MAGAZINE) <sup>1</sup>                                 |
| 0010h          | 0001h                  | EJECT MAGAZINE  |
| 000Dh          | 0002h                  | UNLOAD CTG TO ORIGINAL POSITION   |
| 000Dh          | 001Nh                  | UNLOAD CTG TO EMPTY SLOT N  |
| 0011h-0015h    | 0011h-0015h            | MOVE FROM FULLSLOT S-10h TO EMPTY SLOT D-10h (5 CTG MAGAZINE) <sup>1</sup>  |
| 0011h-0017h    | 0011h-0017h            | MOVE FROM FULLSLOT S-10h TO EMPTY SLOT D-10h (7 CTG MAGAZINE) <sup>1</sup>  |
| 0011h-001Ah    | 0011h-001Ah            | MOVE FROM FULLSLOT S-10h TO EMPTY SLOT D-10h (10 CTG MAGAZINE) <sup>1</sup> |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The magazine size can be determined by looking at XCL MODE parameter page 1Dh, bytes 8 and 9.

# 6-2.4.3 MOVE MEDIUM Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical Unit is not ready (magazine not set or if set, then START button not pressed or magazine not loaded via host command).  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR    | <ol> <li>Medium exchange failed due to synchronization failure.</li> <li>An attempt was made to write 36-track data on 18-track formatted medium.</li> </ol>  |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Medium move failed due to hardware failure.   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>If this command is received and the XCL (ACL or FACL) is not attached, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and set the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.</li> <li>If this command is received and the XCL (ACL or FACL) is not in SYSTEM MODE, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and set the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.</li> <li>If this command is received and the source element is empty or the destination element (if different from the source element) is full, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and set the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.</li> <li>The transport element address specifies the medium transport element that is to be used in executing this command. The default medium transport element address of zero may be used if this functionality is supported by the medium changer device. If the address specified has not been assigned or has been assigned to an element other than a medium transport element, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and the set the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.</li> <li>The source address and the destination address may represent a storage element, an import export element, a data transfer element, or a medium transport element. If the address specified has not been assigned to a specific element of the medium changer, the target shall return CHECK CONDITION status and set the sense key to ILLEGAL REQUEST.</li> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol> |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul> <li>Indicates the MOVE MEDIUM command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>1. A NOT READY TO READY transition has occurred.</li> <li>2. The target has been reset.</li> <li>3. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>4. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>5. A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short</li> </ul>   |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | MOVE MEDIUM command was aborted.  |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW | Write of buffered data prior to the MOVE MEDIUM operation failed because physical End-of-Tape has been reached.   |

#### 6-2.5 READ ELEMENT STATUS MC command B8h

The READ ELEMENT STATUS medium changer command requests that the target report status information for the medium-changer elements. Status for the elements is returned in blocks of bytes called element descriptors, one descriptor per element.

This command can be used to determine which elements are defined and the state of each defined element. The READ ELEMENT STATUS command is typically used preceding a MOVE MEDIUM or EXCHANGE MEDIUM command to help determine if a move or exchange operation is possible.

## 6-2.5.1 READ ELEMENT STATUS CDB Description

READ ELEMENT STATUS is a twelve-byte command. The bytes are shown below and described in Table 6-4. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 4-4.

|         |                       | BITS                         |      |          |   |           |           |      |  |
|---------|-----------------------|------------------------------|------|----------|---|-----------|-----------|------|--|
| BYTES   | 7                     | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1                |      |          |   |           |           |      |  |
| 0       | 1                     | 0                            | 1    | 1        | 1 | 0         | 0         | 0    |  |
| 1       |                       | LUN                          |      | Reserved |   | Element 7 | Type Code |      |  |
| 2-<br>3 | MSB                   | MSB Starting Element Address |      |          |   |           | LSB       |      |  |
| 4-<br>5 | MSB                   | MSB Number of Elements       |      |          |   |           |           | LSB  |  |
| 6       |                       | Reserved                     |      |          |   |           |           |      |  |
| 7-<br>9 | MSB Allocation Length |                              |      |          |   |           | LSB       |      |  |
| 10      |                       | Reserved                     |      |          |   |           |           |      |  |
| 11      |                       |                              | Rese | erved    |   |           | Flag      | Link |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 6-17. READ ELEMENT STATUS Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALU<br>E | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-----------|--|
| 0    | 0-7 | B8h       | Operation code.  |
| 1    | 0-3 |           | The Element type code field specifies an element type; element descriptors are only returned for those elements that are of the same type as specified by this field. Table 6-18 shows the codes used for the Element type code field. The special value 0h can be used in the Element type code field when element descriptors for all element types are to be reported. If any reserved value (05h to 0Fh) is used in the Element type code field, then no data is sent and CHECK CONDITION status will be reported. The sense data for this error will contain a sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST.  |
| 2-3  |     |           | The Starting element address field specifies a minimum element address; element descriptors are only returned for those elements with addresses greater than or equal to the value in this field. The defined element addresses for the Flush-Mount Cartridge Loader (FACL) and Automatic Cartridge Loader (ACL) are shown in Table 6-19   |
| 4-5  |     |           | The Number of elements field specifies a maximum number of element descriptors to be reported. If the set of element descriptors to be reported as defined by the Element type code field and Starting element address field contains more element descriptors than are allowed to be reported by the Number of elements field then only a subset of these element descriptors will be reported. Which elements are chosen for this subset is not specified.   |
| 7-9  |     |           | The Allocation length field describes the maximum number of bytes that are to be transferred for the READ ELEMENT STATUS command. If the allocation length is not sufficient to transfer all element descriptors to be reported then the target transfers as many bytes as possible stopping at the end of a full element descriptor. It is not considered an error if the value in the Allocation length field is zero or is not sufficient to transfer all element descriptors to be reported.  Given a sufficient allocation length, element descriptors will be reported for all defined elements if the Element type code is 0h, the Starting element address is 0 and the Number of elements is FFFFh. |
|      |     |           | All reserved fields of the CDB should be set to 0. If any reserved field is set to a non-zero value then CHECK CONDITION status is reported. The sense data for this error will contain a sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST.  |

Table 6-18. Element Type Codes

| CODE  | DESCRIPTION                |
|-------|----------------------------|
| 0h    | All element types reported |
| 1h    | Medium Transport Element   |
| 2h    | Storage Element            |
| 3h    | Import Export Element      |
| 4h    | Data Transfer Element      |
| 5h-Fh | Reserved                   |

| ТҮРЕ                     | ADDRESS                    |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Medium Transport Element | 000Eh                      |
| Storage Elements         | 0011h - 002Fh <sup>a</sup> |
| Import Export Element    | 0001h                      |
| Data Transfer Element    | 000Dh                      |

Table 6-19. Element Addresses

#### 6-2.5.2 READ ELEMENT STATUS Data

The data transferred for the READ ELEMENT STATUS command is structured. The data starts with an Element status data header. This is followed by one or more Element status pages. Each Element status page consists of an Element status page header followed by one or more Element descriptor blocks.

An example block structure is shown in Table 6-20. In the example there are two Element status pages; the first page contains four Element descriptor blocks and the second page contains one Element descriptor block.

Table 6-20. Block Structure of READ ELEMENT STATUS Data

|                     | Element status data header |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Element status page | Element status page header |
|                     | Element descriptor         |
| Element status page | Element status page header |
|                     | Element descriptor         |

a. 31 storage elements are defined but only a subset will be available for use depending upon the magazine size

#### 6-2.5.2.1 Element Status Data

The Element status data header is an 8 byte block; a diagram of this block is shown in Table 6-21 and described in Table 6-22.

**BITS BYTES** 6 5 4 3 0 **MSB** 0-First Element Address Reported 1 LSB **MSB** 2-Number of Elements Available 3 LSB 4 Reserved MSB) 5-Byte Count of Report Available 7 LSB

Table 6-21. Element Status Data Header

Table 6-22. Element Status Data Header Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0-1  |     |       | The First element address reported field contains the smallest element address of those elements that meet the requirements defined in the CDB parameters. This value is not adjusted for the allocation length.  |
| 2-3  | 0   |       | The Number of elements available field indicates the number of element descriptors that meet the requirements defined in the CDB request. This value is not changed because of insufficient allocation length. By definition, the value in the Number of elements available field will always be less than or equal to the Number of elements field in the CDB. This value is not adjusted for the allocation length. |
| 5-7  | 2   |       | The Byte count of report available field indicates the total number of bytes in the element status pages based upon the requirements of the CDB request. This value is not adjusted for the allocation length.  |

None of the fields in the Element status data header are adjusted if the allocation length is insufficient to send all status data available. Note that a READ ELEMENT STATUS command can be issued with an Allocation length of 8 to determine the allocation length needed to transfer all element status page bytes specified by the command; the allocation length needed is the value reported in the Byte Count of Report Available field plus 8.

## 6-2.5.2.2 Element Status Page

Each Element status page contains one 8 byte header followed by one or more Element descriptors. A diagram of the Element Status Page header is shown in Table 6-23 and described in Table 6-24. All Element descriptors in one page are for the same type of medium-changer element and are of equal length.

Table 6-23. Element Status Page Header

|       |                               | BITS  |      |               |               |        |   |     |  |  |
|-------|-------------------------------|---|------|---------------|---------------|--------|---|-----|--|--|
| BYTES | 7                             | 6   | 5    | 4             | 3             | 2      | 1 | 0   |  |  |
| 0     |                               | Element Type Code                           |      |               |               |        |   |     |  |  |
| 1     |                               | Reserved                                    |      |               |               |        |   |     |  |  |
| 2-    | MSB Element Descriptor Length |   |      |               |               |        |   |     |  |  |
| 3     |                               | LSB   |      |               |               |        |   |     |  |  |
| 4     |                               | Reserved                                    |      |               |               |        |   |     |  |  |
| 5-    | MSB                           | MSB Byte Count of Descriptor Data Available |      |               |               |        |   |     |  |  |
| 7     |                               |   | Буюс | ount of Desci | ipioi Data AV | unuoic |   | LSB |  |  |

Table 6-24. Element Status Page Header Field Description

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0    |     |       | All element descriptors in one page are of the same type, the Element type code field indicates the medium-changer element type for the element descriptors in the page. The upper four bits of this field are always 0; the bottom four bits contain one of the code values shown in Table 6-18 on page 6- 20. |
| 2-3  | 0   |       | The Element descriptor length field indicates the number of bytes in each of the Element descriptors within the page. The value in this field is not adjusted for the allocation length.  |
| 5-7  | 2   |       | The byte count of the descriptor data available field indicates the number of bytes of element descriptor data available for elements of this element type meeting the request in the CDB. This value is not adjusted to match the allocation length available.   |

# 6-2.5.2.3 Element Descriptors

See Table 6-25 through Table 6-31 for descriptions of the Element Descriptors.

**Table 6-25.** Medium Transport Element Descriptor (Type Code = 1h)

|           |        | BITS                                |   |      |      |       |   |   |  |
|-----------|--------|-------------------------------------|---|------|------|-------|---|---|--|
| BYTES     | 7      | 6                                   | 5 | 4    | 3    | 2     | 1 | 0 |  |
| 0-        | MSB    | MSB Element Address                 |   |      |      |       |   |   |  |
| 1         |        | LSB                                 |   |      |      |       |   |   |  |
| 2         |        | Reserved Exception Reserved         |   |      |      |       |   |   |  |
| 3         |        | Reserved                            |   |      |      |       |   |   |  |
| 4         |        | Additional Sense Code               |   |      |      |       |   |   |  |
| 5         |        | Additional Sense Code Qualifier     |   |      |      |       |   |   |  |
| 6-        |        |                                     |   | Rese | rved |       |   |   |  |
| 8         |        | 10001100                            |   |      |      |       |   |   |  |
| 9         | SValid | Invert=0                            |   |      | Res  | erved |   |   |  |
| 10        | MSB    |                                     |   |      |      |       |   |   |  |
| 11        |        | Source Storage Element Address  LSB |   |      |      |       |   |   |  |
| 12-<br>15 |        |                                     |   | Rese | rved |       |   |   |  |

Table 6-26. Medium Transport Element Descriptor Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0-1  |     |       | The Element address field indicates the address of the element for which status is being reported in the descriptor.  |
| 2    | 0   | 0     | The Full bit, if one, indicates that a cartridge is present in the Medium transport element.  If the Full bit is zero then no cartridge is present in the element.  |
| 2    | 2   | 0     | The Exception bit, if one, indicates that the medium transport element is in an error condition.  If the Exception bit is zero then the medium transport element is not in an error condition. When the Exception bit is one, the Additional Sense code and Additional sense code qualifier fields give detailed information about the error condition. |
| 9    | 6   | 0     | The Invert bit is always set to 0. The cartridges for the supported tape format cannot be inverted.   |
| 9    | 7   | 0     | If the SValid bit is set to one then the Source storage element address field indicates the address of the element where the current unit of media [cartridge] in the medium transport element was previously stored.  If the SValid bit is zero then the value in the Source storage element address field is not valid.                               |

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**BITS BYTES** 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 MSB 0 Element Address 1 LSB 2 Reserved Access Exception Reserved Full 3 Reserved 4 Additional Sense Code 5 Additional Sense Code Qualifier 6-Reserved 8 9 **SValid** Invert=0 Reserved MSB 10 Source storage element address 11 LSB 12-Reserved

Table 6-27. Storage Element Descriptor (Type Code=2h)

Table 6-28. Storage Element Descriptor Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0-1  |     |       | The Element address field indicates the address of the element for which status is being reported in the descriptor.  |
| 2    | 0   | 1 0   | The Full bit, if one, indicates that a cartridge is present in the storage element.  If the Full bit is zero then no cartridge is present in the element.   |
| 2    | 2   | 1 0   | The Exception bit, if one, indicates that the element is in an error condition.  If the Exception bit is zero then the element is not in an error condition. When the Exception bit is one, the Additional Sense code and Additional sense code qualifier fields give detailed information about the error condition. |
| 2    | 3   | 0     | If the Access bit is one then the storage element is accessible to the medium transfer element.  If the Access bit is zero the storage element is not accessible to the medium transfer element.  |
| 9    | 6   | 0     | The Invert bit is always set to 0. The cartridges for the supported tape format cannot be inverted.   |
| 9    | 7   | 0     | If the SValid bit is set to one then the Source storage element address field indicates the address of the element where the current unit of media [cartridge] in the element was previously stored.  If the SValid bit is zero then the value in the Source storage element address field is not valid.              |

Table 6-29. Import Export Element Descriptor (Type Code=3h)

|           | BITS                                   |                                 |                      |                    |        |           |        |      |
|-----------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------|-----------|--------|------|
| BYTES     | 7                                      | 6                               | 5                    | 4                  | 3      | 2         | 1      | 0    |
| 0-<br>1   | MSB Element Address —                  |                                 |                      |                    |        |           |        |      |
| 1         |  |                                 |                      |                    |        |           |        | LSB  |
| 2         | Reserved                               |                                 | Import<br>Enable = 1 | Export<br>Enable=1 | Access | Exception | ImpExp | Full |
| 3         |  | Reserved                        |                      |                    |        |           |        |      |
| 4         | Additional Sense Code                  |                                 |                      |                    |        |           |        |      |
| 5         |  | Additional Sense Code Qualifier |                      |                    |        |           |        |      |
| 6-<br>8   | Reserved                               |                                 |                      |                    |        |           |        |      |
| 9         | SValid Invert=0 Reserved               |                                 | erved                |                    |        |           |        |      |
| 10-<br>11 | MSB Source storage element address LSB |                                 |                      |                    |        |           | LSB    |      |
| 12-<br>15 | Reserved                               |                                 |                      |                    |        |           |        |      |

Table 6-30. Import Export Element Descriptor Field Description

| ВҮТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 0-1  |     |       | The Element address field indicates the address of the element for which status is being reported in the descriptor.   |
| 2    | 0   | 0     | The Full bit, if one, indicates that a magazine or cartridge is present in the import export element.  If the Full bit is zero then no magazine or cartridge is present in the element.  |
| 2    | 1   | 0     | The ImpExp bit, if one, indicates that the magazine was put into the import export element by the operator.  If this bit zero then the magazine was placed into the import export element by the medium-changer's medium transfer element; immediately following a magazine unload the ImpExp bit will be zero. This bit is not defined when the import export element's Full bit is zero. |
| 2    | 2   | 1 0   | The Exception bit, if one, indicates that the element is in an error condition.  If the Exception bit is zero then the element is not in an error condition. When the Exception bit is one, the Additional Sense code and Additional sense code qualifier fields give detailed information about the error condition.  |
| 2    | 3   | 0     | If the Access bit is one then the import export element is accessible to the medium transfer element.  If the Access bit is zero the import export element is not accessible to the medium transfer element.   |

EAD ELEMENT STATIS

Table 6-30. Import Export Element Descriptor Field Description (Continued)

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| 2    | 4   | 1     | The Export Enable bit is always set to one to indicate that the medium-changer's import export element supports export operations.   |
| 2    | 5   | 1     | The Import Enable bit is always set to one to indicate that the medium-changer's import export element supports import operations.   |
| 9    | 6   | 0     | The Invert bit is always set to 0. The cartridges for the supported tape format cannot be inverted.  |
| 9    | 7   | 0     | If the SValid bit is set to one then the Source storage element address field indicates the address of the element where the current unit of media in the element was previously stored.  If the SValid bit is zero then the value in the Source storage element address field is not valid. |

Table 6-31. Data Transfer Element Descriptor (Type Code=4h)

|       | BITS   |                                       |   |    |       |   |       |   |
|-------|--|---------------------------------------|---|----|-------|---|-------|---|
| BYTES | 7  | 6                                     | 5 | 4  | 3     | 2 | 1     | 0 |
| 0     | MSB  |                                       |   | El | . 1.1 |   |       |   |
| 1     |  | Element Address LSB                   |   |    |       |   |       |   |
| 2     | Reserved Access Exception Reserved Fu                                    |                                       |   |    |       |   | Full  |   |
| 3     |  | Reserved                              |   |    |       |   |       |   |
| 4     | Additional Sense Code  |                                       |   |    |       |   |       |   |
| 5     | Additional Sense Code Qualifier  |                                       |   |    |       |   |       |   |
| 6     | Not bus=0 Reserved ID Valid=0 LUN Valid=0 Reserved Logical Unit Number=0 |                                       |   |    |       |   | per=0 |   |
| 7     | SCSI Bus Address=0   |                                       |   |    |       |   |       |   |
| 8     | Reserved   |                                       |   |    |       |   |       |   |
| 9     | SValid   | SValid Invert=0 Reserved              |   |    |       |   |       |   |
| 10    | MSB  |                                       |   |    |       |   |       |   |
| 11    |  | — Source storage element address  LSB |   |    |       |   |       |   |
| 12-15 | Reserved   |                                       |   |    |       |   |       |   |

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Table 6-32. Data Transfer Element Descriptor Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 0-1  |     |       | The Element address field indicates the address of the element for which status is being reported in the descriptor.  |
| 2    | 0   | 0     | The Full bit, if one, indicates that a cartridge is present in the data transfer element (tape unit).  If the Full bit is zero then no cartridge is present in the element.   |
| 2    | 2   | 1 0   | The Exception bit, if one, indicates that the element is in an error condition.  If the Exception bit is zero then the element is not in an error condition. When the Exception bit is one, the Additional Sense code and Additional sense code qualifier fields give detailed information about the error condition. |
| 2    | 3   | 0     | If the Access bit is one then the data transfer element is accessible to the medium transfer element.  If the Access bit is zero the data transfer element is not accessible to the medium transfer element.  |
| 6    | 4-5 | 0     | The LU valid and ID valid bits are always set to zero. The zero values indicate that the Logical unit number field (in the data transfer element descriptor) and the SCSI bus address field are invalid.  |
| 6    | 7   | 0     | The Not bus bit is always set to zero, this indicates that the medium changer is connected to the same SCSI bus as the data transfer element (i.e. the tape unit).  |
| 9    | 6   | 0     | The Invert bit is always set to 0. The cartridges for the supported tape format cannot be inverted.   |
| 9    | 7   | 0     | If the SValid bit is set to one then the Source storage element address field indicates the address of the element where the current unit of media in the element was previously stored.  If the SValid bit is zero then the value in the Source storage element address field is not valid.                          |

1

 $Y^{b}$ 

6-29

#### **6-2.5.3** Source and Destination Elements

Table 6-33 shows when an element is allowed to be source or destination for a MOVE MEDIUM or EXCHANGE MEDIUM command based upon the element's Full and Access status bits.

| ELEMENT<br>ACCESS<br>STATUS | ELEMENT<br>FULL<br>STATUS | ALLOWED<br>AS SOURCE<br>ELEMENT | ALLOWED AS<br>DESTINATION<br>ELEMENT FOR<br>MOVE MEDIUM | ALLOWED AS<br>FIRST<br>DESTINATION<br>ELEMENT FOR<br>EXCHANGE<br>MEDIUM | ALLOWED AS<br>SECOND<br>DESTINATION<br>ELEMENT FOR<br>EXCHANGE<br>MEDIUM |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 0                           | 0                         | N                               | N   | N   | N  |
| 0                           | 1                         | N                               | N   | N   | N  |
| 1                           | 0                         | N                               | V   | N   | Va   |

Table 6-33. Allowed Source and Destination Elements

Y

# 6-2.5.4 READ ELEMENT STATUS Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

N

Y

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the READ ELE-MENT STATUS command.</li> <li>Illegal value used in <b>Element type</b> code field of the CDB.</li> <li>The Flag bit was set but the Link bit was not set.</li> </ol>   |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ol> <li>Indicates the READ ELEMENT STATUS command was not performed due to one of the following:</li> <li>A NOT READY TO READY transition has occurred.</li> <li>The target has been reset.</li> <li>The Medium-changer Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li> <li>The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li> <li>A cartridge was loaded with a tape length that is too long or too short.</li> </ol> |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND | READ ELEMENT STATUS command was aborted. The READ ELEMENT STATUS command can be reissued.  |

a. Only if the Second destination element is different from the Source element.

b. Only if the Second destination element is the same as the Source element.

#### 6-2.6 TEST UNIT READY MC command 00h

The TEST UNIT READY command provides a means to check if the logical unit is ready. This is not a request for a self-test. If the logical unit would accept an appropriate medium-access command without returning CHECK CONDITION status, this command returns a GOOD status.

#### 6-2.6.1 TEST UNIT READY CDB Description

TEST UNIT READY is a six-byte command. The bytes are as shown below and described in Table 6-34. Common fields are described in paragraph 4-3.1 on page 7-4.

|       | BITS         |                 |      |       |  |   |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|--------------|-----------------|------|-------|--|---|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7            | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |      |       |  |   |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0     | 0 0 0 0 0    |                 |      |       |  | 0 | 0                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     | LUN Reserved |                 |      |       |  |   |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2     |              | Reserved        |      |       |  |   |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3     |              | Reserved        |      |       |  |   |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4     | Reserved     |                 |      |       |  |   |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5     |              |                 | Rese | erved |  |   | Reserved Flag Link |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: Changeable fields in the CDB are shaded.

Table 6-34. TEST UNIT READY Field Description

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION     |
|------|-----|-------|-----------------|
| 0    | 0-7 | 00Н   | Operation code. |

#### 6-2.6.2 TEST UNIT READY CHECK CONDITION Status

The medium-changer logical unit is Ready if the following conditions are met:

- A. the medium-changer mode is System Mode
- B. a magazine is present or a cartridge is loaded in the tape drive

If medium-changer is not Ready then CHECK CONDITION status is returned with the sense key equal to NOT READY.

# 6-2.6.3 TEST UNIT READY Sense Keys

One of the following sense keys may be returned if a CHECK CONDITION was indicated:

| SENSE KEY | CONDITION       | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 2h        | NOT READY       | Logical unit is not ready (magazine is not present).   |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR  | Medium-changer hardware is broken.   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST | <ol> <li>Reserved bit was found set in the CDB of the TEST UNIT<br/>READY command.</li> <li>Flag bit was set and link bit was not set.</li> </ol>  |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION  | <ul><li>Indicates the TEST UNIT READY command was not performed due to one of the following:</li><li>1. The target has been reset.</li><li>2. The Mode parameters have been changed by another initiator.</li><li>3. The version of the microcode has been changed (microcode downloaded).</li></ul> |

# 6-3 ADDITIONAL COMMAND INFORMATION ON MEDIUM CHANGER MODE SELECT AND MODE SENSE COMMANDS

Table 6-35 lists the page codes supported by the Medium Changer MODE SELECT and MODE SENSE commands.

Table 6-35. Page Codes

| PAGE CODE | DESCRIPTION                   |
|-----------|-------------------------------|
| 00h       | Device Unique Parameters      |
| 1Dh       | Element Address Assignments   |
| 1Eh       | Transport Geometry Parameters |
| 1Fh       | Device Capabilities           |

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

The current value of non-changeable Mode Parameters must be returned in MODE SELECT command data.

# 6-3.1 Page Code 00h, Device Unique Parameters

Table 6-36. Page Code 00 - Device Unique Parameters

|        |               | BITS                   |                 |       |       |      |       |       |                               |     |
|--------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------------|-----|
| BYTES  | 7             | 6                      | 5               | 4     | 3     | 2    | 1     | 0     | DEFAULT<br>VALUES<br>ACL FACL |     |
| 0      | PS *          | Reserved               | erved Page Code |       |       |      |       |       | 80                            | Oh  |
| 1      |               | Additional Page Length |                 |       |       |      |       | 01    | Ξh                            |     |
| 2      |               | Reserved               |                 | HltLd | Eject | Code | Mode  | Code  | 09h                           | 01h |
| 3      | Position      |                        |                 |       |       |      |       | 00    | Oh                            |     |
| 4 - 7  | Cartridge Map |                        |                 |       |       |      | 00000 | 0000h |                               |     |
| 8 - 15 |               |                        |                 | Reser | ved   |      |       |       | 00h                           |     |

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

|  | Bits are changeable | Changeable only if ACL attach | ıed. |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|------|
|  | 2 no are changement |                               |      |

Table 6-37. Page Code 00 - Device Unique Parameters Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 2    | 0-1 |       | The Mode Code field allows the host to configure the Medium Changer to operate in one of three operating modes. In the Manual Mode, a single cartridge may be inserted manually into the tape unit and removed in conjunction with the operator panel keys. This mode is not selectable by the MODE SELECT command. When in Manual Mode, the Load/Unload and Move Medium commands can be used to unload a cartridge. In the Auto Mode, when a cartridge is unloaded, the next cartridge is automatically loaded. In the System Mode, the host system is responsible for cartridge movement activity through the use of Medium Changer commands. The Mode Code is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command. The default value is 01b (Auto Mode). Modes codes are defined in Table 6-38. |
| 2    | 2-3 |       | The Eject Code is reserved and not changeable for an FACL, and will result in a CHECK CONDITION status if not set to 00b. For an ACL, the Eject Codes are specified in Table 6-39.  |
| 2    | 4   | 0     | The purpose of the HltLd bit is to facilitate Dynamic Device Reconfiguration (DDR). This function allows the host software to suspend the automatic loading of a cartridge until the operator can move the selected cartridge to another MTU. This bit is reported as changeable on a MODE SENSE command. The default value is zero. If the HltLd (Halt Load) bit is set to 1, the Medium Changer is instructed to suspend loading of the next cartridge following an unload of the currently loaded cartridge when the Medium Changer is set in Automatic Mode.  |
| 3    |     |       | The Position field describes the current location of the elevator with respect to the magazine. A value of 00h indicates that the magazine is not loaded. A value of 01h indicates the magazine position 1 is located at the Tape Load Port. This field is reported as NOT changeable on a MODE SENSE command. For an FACL, the Position field is unused, i.e. contains 00h. This field is reported as NOT changeable on a MODE SENSE command.  |
| 4-7  |     |       | The Cartridge Map field is returned in Mode Sense data to indicate which positions in the magazine contain units of media (cartridges). A one indicates a cartridge is present in that position. A zero indicates a cartridge is not present in that position. The Magazine Present bit in the Cartridge Map field indicates whether or not a magazine is present (1 indicates presence of magazine). P1 refers to magazine slot 1 which is the first slot in the magazine, located at the topmost position of the magazine. The Cartridge Map field is reported as NOT changeable on a MODE SENSE command. The cartridge map bits are shown in Table 6-41.   |

Since the Mode can also be set via the Medium Changer operator panel, the actual mode of operation (and the Mode reported via the MODE SENSE command) will be the current Mode. The current Mode is the most recent Mode set by either a MODE SELECT command from the initiator, or a Mode change reported by the Medium Changer (operator panel).

The following MODE CODES are specified:

Table 6-38. Mode Codes

| CODE | MODE SENSE         | MODE SELECT                 |
|------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| 00b  | Manual Mode is set | Leave Mode as currently set |
| 01b  | Auto Mode is set   | Set Auto Mode               |
| 10b  | System Mode Is set | Set System Mode             |
| 11b  | Reserved           | Reserved                    |

Table 6-39. Eject Codes

| CODE | ACL ACTION                      |
|------|---------------------------------|
| 00b  | No change of Eject Function     |
| 01b  | Inhibit Magazine Eject          |
| 10b  | Enable Magazine Eject (default) |
| 11b  | Reserved                        |

When the Inhibit Magazine Eject code is set, the Medium Changer does NOT eject the Magazine upon either the receipt of a MOVE MEDIUM command that specifies move Import/Export Element to Medium Transport Element (eject Magazine), or after processing the last cartridge in a Magazine while in Automatic Mode. If Inhibit Magazine Eject is set when either of these situations occur, the Magazine is moved to the first available cartridge (see Table 6-40 on page 6-34 for operation of cartridge unloading). If an ACL is attached, the Eject code is reported as changeable and defaults to a value of 10b.

For an FACL, the Eject code is not supported. If an FACL is attached, the Eject code is reported as NOT changeable on a MODE SENSE command and defaults to a value of zero. See Table 6-40 for operation of cartridge unloading.

Table 6-40. Operation of Cartridge Unload

|        |   | Is the cartridge being unloaded,   |                |               |                |  |  |  |
|--------|---|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--|--|--|
|        |   | the last cartridge in the magazine |                |               |                |  |  |  |
|        | Is Inhibit                              | with an                            | ACL?           | with an FACL? |                |  |  |  |
| Mode   | Magazine Eject set?<br>(Eject Code=01b) | Yes                                | No             | Yes           | No             |  |  |  |
| AUTO   | Yes<br>No                               | 1 & 3<br>1 & 4                     | 1 & 2<br>1 & 2 | 1<br>1        | 1 & 2<br>1 & 2 |  |  |  |
| SYSTEM | Yes<br>No                               | 1 1                                | 1 1            | 1<br>1        | 1<br>1         |  |  |  |

- 1) Move cartridge from MTU to magazine.
- 2) Load next cartridge.
- 3) Position magazine to cartridge position number 1.
- 4) Eject magazine.

If the HltLd (Halt Load) bit is set to 1, the Medium Changer is instructed to suspend loading of the next cartridge following an unload of the currently loaded cartridge when the Medium Changer is set in Automatic Mode. This function is cleared and the bit reset

- a) by depressing the START key after loading has been suspended in Automatic Mode or
- b) by depressing the RESET key followed by the START key when the Medium Changer is in Automatic Mode, or
- c) by a new Mode Select command with the HLTLD bit set to 0b.

The Cartridge Map may be returned as zeros if the Medium Changer is NOT READY.

Table 6-41. Cartridge Map

|       |     | BITS |     |     |     |     |     |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7   | 6    | 5   | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0               |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4     | P31 | P30  | P29 | P28 | P27 | P26 | P25 | P24             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5     | P23 | P22  | P21 | P20 | P19 | P18 | P17 | P16             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6     | P15 | P14  | P13 | P12 | P11 | P10 | P9  | P8              |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7     | P7  | P6   | P5  | P4  | P3P | P2  | P1  | Mag.<br>Present |  |  |  |  |  |

# 6-3.2 Page Code 1Dh, Element Address Assignments

Table 6-42. ACL Page Code 1Dh, Element Address Assignments

|       |      |      |                                       | BI           | TS          |           |   |     | MODE SENSE        |  |  |  |
|-------|------|------|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|---|-----|-------------------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7    | 6    | 5                                     | 4            | 3           | 2         | 1 | 0   | DEFAULT<br>VALUES |  |  |  |
| 0     | PS * | Rese | erved                                 |              |             | Page Code | ; |     | 9Dh               |  |  |  |
| 1     |      |      | A                                     | Additional I | Page Lengt  | h         |   |     | 12h               |  |  |  |
| 2-    | MSB  |      | Medium Transport Element Address ———— |              |             |           |   |     |                   |  |  |  |
| 3     |      |      | LSB                                   |              |             |           |   |     |                   |  |  |  |
| 4-    | MSB  |      | 0001h                                 |              |             |           |   |     |                   |  |  |  |
| 5     |      |      |                                       | of Medium    |             |           |   | LSB |                   |  |  |  |
| 6-    | MSB  |      | First                                 | Storage El   | ement Ad    | dress     |   |     | 0011h             |  |  |  |
| 7     |      |      | LSB                                   |              |             |           |   |     |                   |  |  |  |
| 8-    | MSB  |      | Nui                                   | mber of Sto  | rage Elem   | ents      |   |     | 001Fh             |  |  |  |
| 9     |      |      |                                       |              |             |           |   | LSB |                   |  |  |  |
| 10-   | MSB  |      | First Im                              | port/Expor   | t Element   | Address   |   |     | 0001h             |  |  |  |
| 11    |      |      |                                       |              |             |           |   | LSB |                   |  |  |  |
| 12-   | MSB  |      | Numbe                                 | er of Impor  | t/Export El | ements    |   |     | 0001h             |  |  |  |
| 13    |      |      |                                       |              |             |           |   | LSB |                   |  |  |  |
| 14-   | MSB  |      | First Da                              | ata Transfe  | r Element . | Address   |   |     | 000Dh             |  |  |  |
| 15    |      |      | LSB                                   |              |             |           |   |     |                   |  |  |  |
| 16-   | MSB  |      | Numbe                                 | er of Data T | Transfer El | ements    |   | -   | 0001h             |  |  |  |
| 17    |      |      |                                       |              |             |           |   | LSB |                   |  |  |  |
| 18-19 |      |      |                                       | Rese         | rved        |           |   |     | 0000h             |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

All fields in this page are reported as NOT changeable. The default values are the same as the current values shown above and described below.

Table 6-43. ACL Page Code 1Dh, Element Address Assignments Field Description

| ВҮТЕ  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|-------|---|
| 2-5   |     | 000Eh | There is one Medium Transport Element and it is referred to as address 000Eh.   |
| 6-9   |     |       | The First Storage Element Address is 0011h. Storage Elements are the "slots" that may hold tape cartridges in a Magazine. There are 31 logical storage elements. A 5-volume Magazine has five Storage Elements and a 10-volume Magazine has ten storage elements. |
| 10-13 |     | 0001h | There is one Import/Export Element address at 0001h. This is the Magazine Port.   |
| 14-17 |     | 000Dh | There is one Data Transfer Element address at 000Dh. This is the Cartridge load port in the MTU.  |

Table 6-44. FACL Page Code 1Dh, Element Address Assignments

|         |       |      |  | BI           | TS           |           |   |     | MODE SENSE        |  |  |
|---------|-------|------|--|--------------|--------------|-----------|---|-----|-------------------|--|--|
| BYTES   | 7     | 6    | 5  | 4            | 3            | 2         | 1 | 0   | DEFAULT<br>VALUES |  |  |
| 0       | PS *  | Rese | erved                                    |              |              | Page Code |   |     | 9Dh               |  |  |
| 1       |       |      | A  | Additional 1 | Page Lengt   | h         |   |     | 12h               |  |  |
| 2-      | MSB   |      | Mediu                                    |              | 000Eh        |           |   |     |                   |  |  |
| 3       |       |      |  |              |              |           |   | LSB |                   |  |  |
| 4-<br>5 | MSB   |      | Number of Medium Transport Elements      |              |              |           |   |     |                   |  |  |
|         | 1.685 |      | LSB                                      |              |              |           |   |     |                   |  |  |
| 6-<br>7 | MSB   |      | First Storage Element Address            |              |              |           |   |     |                   |  |  |
| _       | MSB   |      | LSB                                      |              |              |           |   |     |                   |  |  |
| 8-<br>9 | MSB   |      | Nu                                       | mber of Sto  | orage Elem   | ents      |   | LSB | 001Fh             |  |  |
| 10-     | MSB   |      |  |              |              |           |   | Lob | 0001h             |  |  |
| 11      |       |      | First In                                 | nport/Expo   | rt Element   | Address   |   | LSB |                   |  |  |
| 12-     | MSB   |      | NT 1                                     | C.T.         | ./E ./E      |           |   |     | 00011             |  |  |
| 13      | ,     |      | Numbe                                    | er of Impor  | t/Export E   | ements    |   | LSB | 0001h             |  |  |
| 14-     | MSB   |      | First D                                  | ata Transfe  | r Flement    | ∆ddress   |   |     | 000Dh             |  |  |
| 15      |       |      | First Data Transfer Element Address  LSB |              |              |           |   |     |                   |  |  |
| 16-     | MSB   |      | Numbe                                    | er of Data   | Fransfer El  | ements    |   |     | 0001h             |  |  |
| 17      |       |      | 1,41110                                  | or Duite     | - Langier Di |           |   | LSB | 000111            |  |  |
| 18-19   |       |      |  | Rese         | erved        |           |   |     | 0000h             |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

All fields in this page are reported as NOT changeable. The default values are the same as the current values shown above and described below.

Table 6-45. FACL Page Code 1Dh, Element Address Assignments Field Description

| BYTE  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|-------|-----|-------|--|
| 2-5   |     | 000Eh | There is one Medium Transport Element and it is referred to as address 000Eh.  |
| 6-9   |     | 0011h | The First Storage Element address is 0011h. The First Storage Element Address is 0011h. Storage Elements are the "slots" that may hold tape cartridges in a Magazine. There are 31 logical storage elements. An FACL has seven Storage Elements. |
| 10-13 |     | 0001h | There is one Import/Export Element address at 0001h. This is the Magazine Port.  |
| 14-17 |     | 000Dh | There is one Data Transfer Element address at 000Dh. This is the Cartridge load port in the MTU.   |

# 6-3.3 Page Code 1Eh, Transport Geometry Parameters

Table 6-46. Page code 1Eh, Transport Geometry Parameters

|       |      | BITS                    |           |             |             |           |   |   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|---|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7    | 6                       | 5         | 4           | 3           | 2         | 1 | 0 | 0 DEFAULT<br>VALUES |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0     | PS * | PS * Reserved Page Code |           |             |             |           |   |   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |      |                         | A         | dditional P | age Length  | 1         |   |   | 02h                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2     |      | Rotate                  | 00h       |             |             |           |   |   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3     |      | N                       | Леmber Nu | ımber in Tı | ransport El | ement Set |   |   | 00h                 |  |  |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

All fields in this page are reported as NOT changeable and default to a value of zero.

Table 6-47. Page code 1Eh, Transport Geometry Parameters Field Description

| вуте | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 2    | 0   | 0     | This Element is not able to rotate the medium so the Rotate bit is 0.   |
| 3    |     | 00h   | There can be only one Medium Transport Element (Magazine) in the system at any given time and it is defined here. |

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#### 6-3.4 Page Code 1Fh, Device Capabilities

Table 6-48. ACL Page Code 1Fh, Device Capabilities

|       |          |  |     | ]                   | BITS                |                     |                     |                     | MODE SENSE        |  |  |
|-------|----------|--|-----|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| BYTES | 7        | 6  | 5   | 4                   | 3                   | 2                   | 1                   | 0                   | DEFAULT<br>VALUES |  |  |
| 0     | PS *     | Reserved   |     | •                   | Pag                 | ge Code             |                     |                     | 9Fh               |  |  |
| 1     |          | Additional Page Length                           |     |                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |                   |  |  |
| 2     |          | Reserved StorDT 0b StorIE 0b StorST 1b StorMT 1b |     |                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |                   |  |  |
| 3     |          |  |     | Re                  | eserved             |                     |                     |                     | 00h               |  |  |
| 4     | Reserved |  |     |                     | MT→DT<br>0b         | MT→IE<br>0b         | MT→ST<br>0b         | мт→мт<br>0b         | 00h               |  |  |
| 5     | Reserved |  |     |                     | st→DT<br>1b         | st→ie<br>1b         | sr→sr<br>0b         | ST→MT<br>0b         | 0Ch               |  |  |
| 6     | Reserved |  |     |                     | IE→DT<br>1b         | іЕ→ІЕ<br>Оb         | IE→ST<br>1b         | іЕ→МТ<br>Оb         | 0Ah               |  |  |
| 7     |          | Reser  | ved |                     | DT→DT<br>0b         | DT→IE<br>1b         | DT→ST<br>1b         | рт→мт<br>0b         | 06h               |  |  |
| 8-11  |          |  |     | Re                  | eserved             |                     |                     |                     | 00h               |  |  |
| 12    |          | Reser  | ved |                     | MT↔DT<br>0          | MT <b>⇔</b> IE<br>0 | MT⇔ST<br>0          | MT↔MT<br>0          | 00h               |  |  |
| 13    | Reserved |  |     | ST↔DT<br>0          | ST <b>⇔</b> IE<br>0 | ST↔ST<br>0          | ST <b>↔</b> MT<br>0 | 02h                 |                   |  |  |
| 14    | Reserved |  |     | IE <b>⇔</b> DT<br>0 | IE <b>⇔</b> IE<br>0 | IE <b>↔</b> ST<br>0 | IE <b>↔</b> MT<br>0 | 00h                 |                   |  |  |
| 15    |          | Reser  | ved |                     | DT <b>⇔</b> DT<br>0 | DT <b>⇔</b> IE<br>0 | DT <b>⇔</b> ST<br>0 | DT <b>↔</b> MT<br>0 | 00h               |  |  |

Kev:

MT - Medium Transport Element

ST - Storage Element

IE - Import/Export Element DT

DT - Data Transfer Element

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

All fields are reported as NOT changeable. The default values are shown in the table. Reserved fields always have a default value of zero.

For more information about how the Device Capabilities page can be used for MOVE MEDIUM operations, see Table 6-16 for XCL allowed moves.

An  $XX \to YY$  bit value of one indicates that the Medium Changer supports MOVE MEDIUM commands where the source element is type XX and the destination element is type YY. The following sources and destinations are supported:

 $ST \rightarrow DT$  Select cartridge from magazine and load cartridge into tape unit.

 $ST \rightarrow IE$  Unload magazine.

 $ST \rightarrow ST$  Move cartridge in magazine to empty slot in magazine.

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

 $IE \rightarrow ST$ Load magazine.

 $DT \rightarrow IE$ Unload cartridge from tape unit and place it into magazine, then unload.

 $\mathrm{DT} \to \mathrm{ST}$ Unload cartridge from tape unit and place it into magazine.

Table 6-49. FACL Page Code 1Fh, Device Capabilities Page

|       |          |                        |      | BI   | ΓS                  |                     |                     |                         | MODE SENSE        |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|------------------------|------|------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7        | 6                      | 5    | 4    | 3                   | 2                   | 1                   | 0                       | DEFAULT<br>VALUES |  |  |  |
| 0     | PS *     | Reserved               |      |      | Page                | Code                |                     |                         | 9Fh               |  |  |  |
| 1     |          | Additional Page Length |      |      |                     |                     |                     |                         |                   |  |  |  |
| 2     |          | Resei                  | ved  |      | StorDT<br>0b        | StorIE<br>0b        | StorST<br>1b        | StorMT<br>1b            | 03h               |  |  |  |
| 3     |          |                        |      | Rese | rved                |                     |                     |                         | 00h               |  |  |  |
| 4     | Reserved |                        |      |      | MT→DT<br>0b         | мт→іЕ<br>0b         | MT→ST<br>0b         | мт→мт<br>0b             | 00h               |  |  |  |
| 5     |          | Reserved               |      |      |                     | ST→IE<br>1b         | sт→sт<br>1b         | sт→мт<br>0b             | 0Eh               |  |  |  |
| 6     |          | Rese                   | rved |      | IE→DT<br>1b         | іЕ→ІЕ               | ıE→st<br>1b         | іЕ <b>→</b> МТ          | 0Ah               |  |  |  |
| 7     |          | Rese                   | rved |      | DT→DT<br>0b         | рт→іе<br>1b         | DT→ST<br>1b         | рт→мт<br>0b             | 06h               |  |  |  |
| 8-11  |          |                        |      | Rese | rved                |                     |                     |                         | 00h               |  |  |  |
| 12    |          | Rese                   | ved  |      | MT⇔DT<br>0          | MT⇔IE<br>0          | MT⇔ST<br>0          | MT <b>←&gt;</b> MT<br>0 | 00h               |  |  |  |
| 13    |          | Reserved               |      |      |                     | ST <b>⇔</b> IE<br>0 | ST <b>⇔</b> ST<br>1 | ST <b>←</b> MT<br>0     | 02h               |  |  |  |
| 14    | Reserved |                        |      |      | IE↔DT<br>0          | IE <b>⇔</b> IE<br>0 | IE↔ST<br>0          | IE <b>←→</b> MT         | 00h               |  |  |  |
| 15    |          | Rese                   | rved |      | DT <b>⇔</b> DT<br>0 | DT <b>⇔</b> IE      | DT <b>⇔</b> ST<br>0 | DT <b>←→</b> MT         | 00h               |  |  |  |

MT - Medium Transport Element IE - Import/Export Element

ST - Storage Element

DT - Data Transfer Element

## \*\* NOTE \*\*

All fields are reported as NOT changeable. The default values are shown in the table. Reserved fields always have a default value of zero.

A StorXX bit value of one indicates that the defined elements of type XX may provide independent storage of a unit of media.

For more information about how the Device Capabilities page can be used for MOVE MEDIUM operations, see Table 6-16 for XCL allowed moves.

<sup>\*</sup> The PS bit must be set to 0 on a MODE SELECT command.

 $\mathrm{DT} \to \mathrm{ST}$ 

An  $XX \to YY$  bit value of one indicates that the Medium Changer supports MOVE MEDIUM commands where the source element is type XX and the destination element is type YY. The following sources and destinations are supported:

| $ST \rightarrow DT$           | Select cartridge from magazine and load cartridge into tape unit.        |
|-------------------------------|--|
| $ST \to IE$                   | Unload magazine.   |
| $ST \to ST$                   | Move cartridge in magazine to empty slot in magazine.                    |
| $\text{IE} \to \text{ST}$     | Load magazine.   |
| $\mathrm{DT} \to \mathrm{IE}$ | Unload cartridge from tape unit and place it into magazine, then unload. |

Unload cartridge from tape unit and place it into magazine.

# 6-4 MC (MEDIUM CHANGER) INQUIRY/CHANGE DEFINITION VITAL PRODUCT DATA PAGES

This section describes the VPD (Vital Product Data) pages and parameters used by the MC Inquiry and Change Definition commands. The MC VPD parameters include information such as configuration data (vendor identification, product identification, model). The supported MC VPD pages are shown in the following table.

Table 6-50. Supported MC VPD Page Codes

| VPD VENDOR<br>PAGE UNIQUE |      | DESCRIPTION  | USED BY THE FOLLOWING MC CMDS. |                     |  |  |
|---------------------------|------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| CODE                      | PAGE | DESCRIPTION  | INQUIRY<br>CMD.                | CHANGE<br>DEF. CMD. |  |  |
| 00                        | N    | List of the vital product data pages supported by this target. | Y                              | N                   |  |  |
| 81h                       | N    | Implemented operating definition page.                         | Y                              | N                   |  |  |
| 82h                       | N    | ASCII implemented operating definition page.                   | Y                              | N                   |  |  |
| C2h                       | Y    | Product identification page.                                   | Y                              | Y                   |  |  |

# 6-4.1 General VPD Page Format

The General VPD page format is:

Table 6-51. VPD Page Format

|       | BITS    |   |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|-------|---------|---|---|-----------|--------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7       | 6   | 5 | 4         | 3      | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 0     | Periphe | Peripheral Qualifier Peripheral Device Type |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| 1     |         | Page Code                                   |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| 2     |         |   |   | Reserv    | ed     |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| 3     |         | Page Length (n - 1)                         |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| 4-N   |         |   |   | VPD parai | meters |   |   |   |  |  |  |

**BYTE** BIT VALUE DESCRIPTION 0 0 - 7The meaning of the Peripheral Qualifier and Peripheral Device Type fields depend on whether the VPD page is being sent to the initiator as INQUIRY data or is being received from the initiator as CHANGE DEFINITION data. When being sent as INQUIRY data, these fields are the same as those defined in the INQUIRY command description. When being received as CHANGE DEFINITION data, these fields are ignored. 0-7 The Page Code field identifies the format and parameters defined for that VPD 3 0 - 7The Page Length field indicates the length in bytes of the VPD parameters that follow. For VPD pages that are permitted to be sent from an initiator via the CHANGE DEFINITION command, if the initiator does not set this value to the value that is returned for that page by the INQUIRY command, the target terminates the CHANGE DEFINITION command with CHECK CONDITION status. The sense key is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the additional sense code is set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST. For VPD pages requested by an initiator via the INQUIRY command, if the allocation length in the INQUIRY CDB is too small to transfer all bytes in the VPD page, the page length is not adjusted to reflect the truncation. 4-N The VPD parameters for each page are described in the following sections.

Table 6-52. VPD Page Format Field Description

### 6-4.2 Supported VPD Pages - Page 00h

VPD page 00h returns a list of the vital product data pages supported by this target. The format for VPD Page 00h is:

Table 6-53. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page 00h - Supported VPD Pages

|         | BITS              |  |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
|---------|-------------------|--|--|-----|---|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES   | 7                 | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0                                  |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
| 0       | Periphe           | Peripheral Qualifier Peripheral Device Type =08h |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1       |                   | Page Code = 00h                                  |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
| 2       | Reserved          |  |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
| 3       | Page Length = 04h |  |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
| SUPPORT | ED PAGE LIS       | T  |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4       |                   |  |  | 00h |   |  |  |  |  |
| 5       |                   | 81h  |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
| 6       |                   | 82h  |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
| 7       |                   |  |  | C2ł | l |  |  |  |  |

The Supported Page List contains a list of all implemented vital product data page codes for this target. The page codes are listed in ascending order beginning with page code 00h.

#### 6-4.3 Implemented Operating Definition Page 81h

VPD page 81h returns the list of implemented operating definitions for the target. The format for VPD page 81h is:

Table 6-54. INOUIRY data format VPD Page 81h - Implemented Operating Definition Page

|       |                 | BITS                                 |    |            |             |               |           |  |  |
|-------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----|------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|--|--|
| BYTES | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |                                      |    |            |             |               |           |  |  |
| 0     | Periphe         | eral Qualifi                         | er |            | Periphe     | ral Device    | Гуре =08h |  |  |
| 1     |                 |                                      |    | Page code  | = 81h       |               |           |  |  |
| 2     |                 | Reserved                             |    |            |             |               |           |  |  |
| 3     |                 | Page length = 05h                    |    |            |             |               |           |  |  |
| 4     | Reserved        |                                      |    | Current op | erating def | inition = 03  | 3h        |  |  |
| 5     | SavImp = 0b     |                                      |    | Default op | erating def | inition = 03  | 3h        |  |  |
| 6     | SavImp = 0b     |                                      | S  | upported o | perating d  | efinition = ( | 00h       |  |  |
| 7     | SavImp = 0b     | Supported operating definition = 03h |    |            |             |               |           |  |  |
| 8     | SavImp = 1b     |                                      | S  | upported o | perating de | efinition = 4 | 40h       |  |  |

The current operating definition field indicates the present operating definition.

For each of the following operating definition fields, there is a corresponding SavImp (Save Implemented) bit. A SavImp bit set to one indicates that the corresponding operating definition parameter can be saved. A SavImp bit set to zero indicates that the corresponding operating definition parameter cannot be saved.

The default operating definition field indicates the value of the operating definition the target uses upon power-up. The current and default operating definitions are always reported as 03h (SCSI-2 operating definition).

Reference the Change Definition SCSI command specification (CDB byte 3) for a description of the supported operating definitions listed in this page (i.e. 00h, 03h, and 40h).

#### 6-4.4 ASCII Implemented Operating Definition Page 82h

VPD page 82h returns the target's implemented operating definitions in ASCII format. The format for VPD page 82h is:

Table 6-55. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page 82h - ASCII Implemented Operating Definition Page

|          |   | BITS   |            |             |             |           |  |  |
|----------|---|--|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|
| BYTES    | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1                                       |  |            |             |             |           |  |  |
| 0        | Peripho   | Peripheral Qualifier Peripheral Device Type =08h |            |             |             |           |  |  |
| 1        |   | Page code = 82h                                  |            |             |             |           |  |  |
| 2        |   |  |            | Reserv      | ved .       |           |  |  |
| 3        | Page length = 76h                                   |  |            |             |             |           |  |  |
| 4        | ASCII operating definition description length = 75h |  |            |             |             |           |  |  |
| ASCII OP | ERATING DE  | FINITION   | DESCRI     | PTION DA    | ATA         |           |  |  |
| 5-42     |   |  | "00h - Use | current op  | erating det | finition" |  |  |
| 43       |   |  |            | NULL (      | 00h)        |           |  |  |
| 44-81    |   |  | "03h - S0  | CSI-2 opera | ating defin | ition"    |  |  |
| 82       |   | NULL (00h)                                       |            |             |             |           |  |  |
| 83-120   |   | "40h - Change user product data"                 |            |             |             |           |  |  |
| 121      |   |  |            | NULL (      | 00h)        |           |  |  |

The ASCII operating definition description length field indicates the length in bytes of the ASCII operating definition description data that follows. If the allocation length is less than the length of data to be returned, the ASCII operation definition description length is not adjusted to reflect the truncation.

The ASCII operating definition description data field contains the ASCII operating definition description data. The data in this field is formatted in lines, where each line is terminated with a NULL (00h) character. The ASCII characters in each line shown in the table above are left aligned and ASCII spaces (20h) are used to pad each line up to the NULL (00h) character. Each line has a total length of 39 (27h) bytes, including the NULL character.

Reference the Change Definition SCSI command specification (CDB byte 3) for a description of the supported operating definitions.

#### 6-4.5 Product Identification Page C2h

VPD page C2h contains product identification information. The format for VPD page C2h is:

Table 6-56. INQUIRY Data Format VPD Page C2h - Product Identification Page

|       | BITS     |   |    |              |            |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|---|----|--------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7        | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0                                   |    |              |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0     | Peripho  | Peripheral Qualifier Peripheral Device Type = 08h |    |              |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     |          | Page code = C2h                                   |    |              |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2     | Reserved |   |    |              |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3     |          |   |    | Page length  | n = 18h    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-11  |          |   |    | Vendor       | · ID       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-19 |          | Controller Product ID                             |    |              |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20-27 |          |   | Lo | gical Unit I | Product ID |  |  |  |  |  |

The following fields defined for this page are stored in NVRAM and are maintained across power cycles and resets. These fields correspond to bytes 8 through 31 in the MC non-VPD INQUIRY data described in the INQUIRY command description. Reference the INQUIRY command description for additional information on these fields.

The Vendor ID field contains 8 bytes of ASCII data that is vendor-specific. This field corresponds to bytes 8-15 in the non-VPD INQUIRY data described in the INQUIRY command description.

The Controller Product ID field contains 8 bytes of ASCII data that is vendor-specific. This field corresponds to bytes 16-23 in the non-VPD INQUIRY data described in the INQUIRY command description.

The Logical Unit Product ID field contains 8 bytes of ASCII data that is vendor-specific. This field corresponds to bytes 24-31 in the non-VPD INQUIRY data described in the INQUIRY command description.

# **CHAPTER 7**

# **TAPE PROCESSING**

#### 7-1 INTRODUCTION

The following information is located in this chapter:

- 7-2 CHANGING MODE PARAMETERS
- 7-3 PERMANENT ERROR HANDLING

#### 7-2 CHANGING MODE PARAMETERS

#### 7-2.1 Initiator Setup

To ensure that the MODE SELECT command performs the desired operations, it is strongly recommended that the initiator adhere to the following steps:

- Issue a MODE SENSE command requesting the target to return all Changeable Values (PC field 01b and Page Code 3Fh in byte two of the MODE SENSE CDB) and preserve the "changeable" values.
- Issue a MODE SENSE command requesting the target to return all Current Values (PC field 00b and Page Code 3Fh in byte two of the MODE SENSE CDB) and preserve the "current" values.
- 3. Perform a bitwise AND operation of the "current" values with the one's complement of the "changeable" values, (this step is important because the target will not accept the command if any non-changeable field is set to a value other than the "current" value).
- 4. Make further desired changes to bytes which are changeable.
- 5. Make sure that the PS bit in every mode page is 0 (the MODE SENSE command will report a 1 in the PS bit, but a MODE SELECT command will fail if mode pages are sent with the PS bit set to 1).
- 6. Issue a MODE SELECT command, sending these parameters:

A PF bit of 0 or 1 both indicate that the MODE SELECT parameters are structured as pages of related parameters as defined by the ANSI standard.

A Save Pages (SP) bit of zero indicates the target shall perform the specified MODE SELECT operation, and shall not save any pages in non-volatile memory. A SP bit of one indicates that the target shall perform the specified MODE SELECT operation, and shall save to a non-volatile location all the savable pages including any sent during the DATA OUT phase. Pages which are saved are identified by the Parameter Savable(PS) bit that is returned in the page header by the MODE SENSE command. If the PS bit is set in the MODE SENSE data the page shall be savable by issuing a MODE SELECT command with the SP bit set. Once a MODE SELECT command with an SP bit of one is completed successfully, the parameters set during that command become the "saved parameters". The "saved parameters" become the active or "current parameters" until another MODE SELECT command is completed. If the new MODE SELECT command has an SP bit of 0, the new parameters are kept as the "current parameters" (the "saved parameters" remain unchanged) and remain in effect until any of the following occurs:

- a) a new MODE SELECT command is successfully performed,
- b) a RESET CONDITION is detected,
- c) a power on cycle is performed, or

d) a BUS DEVICE RESET message is received,

in which case the "saved parameters" are restored as the active or "current parameters". If the new MODE SELECT command has an SP bit of 1, the new parameters are kept as the "saved parameters" and as the active or "current parameters". Therefore, following any of the conditions described in b) through d) above, the newly set "saved parameters" will be restored as the "current parameters".

Without performing the requested mode settings/changes, a MODE SELECT command will fail with a CHECK CONDITION status with the sense key set to ILLEGAL REQUEST, and the additional sense code set to INVALID FIELD IN PARAMETER LIST for the following conditions:

- 1) If the initiator attempts to change any field that is not changeable as reported by the target, if the initiator sends a value for a parameter that is outside the range supported by the target and rounding is not implemented for that parameter,
- 2) if the initiator sets any field in the mode parameter header or block descriptor to an unsupported value,
- 3) if the initiator sends a mode page with a page length not equal to the page length returned by the MODE SENSE command for that page, or
- 4) if the initiator sets any reserved field in the mode parameter list to a non-zero value.

Certain parameters sent to a target with the MODE SELECT command contain a range of values. When the target receives a value not supported, the target rounds the value received to a supported value. The target rejects unsupported values unless rounding is permitted in the description of the parameter.

Rounding of Mode Select parameter values, when permitted, is performed as follows: A target that receives a Mode Select parameter value that is not an exact supported value, adjusts the value to one that it supports, and returns CHECK CONDITION status with a sense key of RECOVERED ERROR. The additional sense code is set to ROUNDED PARAMETER. The initiator is responsible to issue a MODE SENSE command to learn what value the target has selected.

A parameter list length that results in the truncation of any descriptor, header, or mode page causes the target to terminate the command with CHECK CONDITION status, with a sense key of ILLE-GAL REQUEST, and the additional sense code set to PARAMETER LIST LENGTH ERROR.

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#### 7-3 PERMANENT ERROR HANDLING

Basic operating procedures, such as rewind and unload, are described in Chapter 5 of the User's Guide.

#### 7-3.1 PERMANENT WRITE ERROR

If a permanent write error occurs, the most common error recovery method is to attempt to re-write the data, on the failing media, with a different tape drive. Here are the steps to perform this error recovery:

- 1) Issue a READ POSITION command, with the BT bit set to 1b (34 01 ... 00), to find out the following four things:
  - First Block Location
  - Last Block Location
  - Number of Blocks in Buffer
  - Number of Bytes in Buffer
- 2) Use the RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command to retrieve and save the data from the buffer. Several RECOVER BUFFERED DATA commands may be needed to retrieve all buffered write blocks. The READ POSITION data will tell you the number of blocks and bytes in the buffer.
- 3) REWIND and UNLOAD the cartridge from this tape drive.
- 4) LOAD the cartridge into a different tape drive.
- 5) Issue a LOCATE command to position to the end of the last record on the tape. The value to use for the LOCATE blockid is the READ POSITION Last Block Location field. This field indicates the physical position of the tape. The value in this field is the block address of the next block to be transferred between the buffer and the [tape] medium.
- 6) WRITE the recovered data. If the write error occurs again, it is possible that the media in the cartridge is so badly worn, or damaged, that it is not possible to write on the tape.

#### Other things to try:

- If you determine that the tape is worn/damaged, then replace the cartridge and re-write the data on the new cartridge.
- If you only have one tape drive, you can attempt the previous procedure with a cleaning cycle performed between steps three (3) and four (4).
- The drive may need to be cleaned. If you are not sure how to clean the tape drive, then contact your product support representative for more information.
- Contact your product support representative for more information about additional recovery procedures.

#### 7-3.2 PERMANENT READ ERROR

Two common causes of permanent read errors are worn/damaged media and dirty tape drive heads and/or tape path. The procedure to recover from a permanent read error is similar to the procedure for recovery from a permanent write error:

- 1) Issue a READ POSITION command, with the BT bit set to 1b (34 01 ... 00), to find out the following four things:
  - First Block Location
  - Last Block Location
  - Number of Blocks in Buffer
  - Number of Bytes in Buffer
- 2) REWIND and UNLOAD the cartridge from this tape drive.
- 3) LOAD the cartridge into a different tape drive.

- 4) Issue a LOCATE command to position to the end of the last record successfully read from the tape. The value to use for the LOCATE blockid is the READ POSITION First Block Location field.
  - This field indicates the logical position of the tape. The value in this field is the block address of the next block to be transferred between the buffer and the initiator.
- 5) READ the tape. If the read error occurs again, it is possible that the media in the cartridge is so badly worn, or damaged, that it is not possible to read from the tape.

#### Other things to try:

- If you only have one tape drive, you can attempt the previous procedure with a cleaning cycle performed between steps two (2) and three (3).
- The drive may need to be cleaned. If you are not sure how to clean the tape drive, then contact your product support representative for more information.
- If you determine that the tape is worn/damaged, there are service bureaus that specialize in data recovery. Your product support representative may have more information about these companies.

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#### **CHAPTER 8**

# MAINTENANCE AND SERVICING

#### 8-1 INTRODUCTION

This chapter describes the maintenance and servicing information for the M2488 Tape drive. The following information is located in this chapter:

- 8-2 OPERATOR PANEL DISPLAYED ERROR MESSAGES
- 8-3 SENSE DATA
- 8-4 DIAGNOSTICS
- 8-5 FACTORY SETTINGS
- 8-6 ERROR RECOVERY PROCEDURES
- 8-7 MAINTENANCE TERMINAL
- 8-8 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE
- 8-11 REMOVE AND REPLACE PROCEDURES
- 8-10 MANUAL TAPE REMOVAL PROCEDURE

#### 8-2 OPERATOR PANEL DISPLAYED ERROR MESSAGES

When specific error types are detected by the tape subsystem, messages are displayed on the operator panel display. This section describes the various error types that may be displayed and the appropriate operator and system action required when the error is displayed. Detailed information describing the error codes is in Appendix F.

#### 8-2.1 OZONE:xxxxyyyy <text>

Ozone messages signal the operator that a non-recoverable microcode error has just occurred. The microcode controlling the tape unit operation has detected a condition that should "never" occur or a condition that may compromise data integrity. The tape unit has performed an internal reset and returns to a known state. All buffered data is discarded and tape motion is halted. Power On and Not Ready to Ready Unit Attention check conditions are returned to the SCSI host.

Ozone messages may be caused by the following:

- Incorrect and complicated SCSI operation/sequences by
  - 1) Host adaptor under abnormal conditions
  - 2) incorrect conditions of SCSI termination or cables.
- Abnormal system configuration such as a duplicated SCSI ID Setting, etc.
- During an error recovery operation for excessively damaged tape medias.
- Broken hardware in a complicated manner.

xxxxyyyy specify a unique error condition that the microcode has detected. <text> gives a short description of the condition that caused the Ozone. These error codes and text descriptions hold little information for anyone except the firmware developers.

When an Ozone message is displayed, the current job at the host computer should be aborted as data integrity is compromised. Data being written to tape is no longer valid. Read data on tape is not affected on the media.

When an Ozone message is observed, the check code and text message should be recorded as well as the current operating conditions and all data forwarded to Product Support for problem resolution. If possible a Read Buffer CDB specifying the entire 2MB data buffer as a data length and a buffer start address of zero should be issued from the host computer. This data should be made available to your maintenance provider.

A table of ozone codes is not provided in this document as they are of little use to the user of the product and are generated for the use of firmware developers only.

### 8-2.2 NVRAM Initialization Required

This message is displayed after power on if the non-volatile RAM that contains configuration and setting information is not initialized, i.e.; CRC error when reading the configuration file. It is possible that the NVRAM was previously initialized but has since failed. When this message is displayed the tape unit will not respond to SCSI selection until the configuration is performed via the operator panel. See the User's Guide, Chapter 4, SETTING MENU.

#### 8-2.3 CHK XX

CHK xx errors signal drive or ACL/FACL errors when displayed on the operator panel. xx may be any hexadecimal value from 00 to FF. When **CHK XX** is displayed, pressing the *TEST* key will cause the operator panel to scroll a short descriptive text message describing the cause of the error. Pressing the *RESET* key when a **CHK XX** message is displayed erases the message and unloads the tape cartridge and, when an autoloader is installed, ejects the magazine. A description of each check code is contained in Appendix E.

The operator should press the reset key to eject the cartridge and magazine after recording the check code and associated text. This information should be provided to the service engineer. Host jobs in progress and using the tape unit should be aborted. Write data should be considered not valid. Read data on the media is not effected.

#### 8-2.4 Diagnostic Error Codes

The diagnostic error codes, as displayed on the operator panel or the maintenance terminal display, are described in Appendix F.

#### 8-2.4.1 Operator Panel Error Code Display

If an error occurs during power-on Go/No Go testing, an error message scrolls across the operator panel display; i.e., **SELFTEST FAILED ERROR=E:04070101**. Refer to Appendix F for a list of error codes with descriptions.

|    | Routine | Test | Loop | Error Code |
|----|---------|------|------|------------|
| E: | 04      | 07   | 01   | 01         |

# 8-2.4.2 Maintenance Terminal Error Code Display

The Maintenance Terminal computer display shows error messages as follows:

RUNNING TESTS: (RETURN to abort)

TEST LIST OPTIONS: display status, display errors, stop on error

MODE RTN TEST\_TITLE LOOPS ERRORS

1 20 01 Loop write to read 0 test - 36 Track

>>> Off-Line Diagnostic Error Detected <<<

Routine = 20, Test = 01, Error Code = E0, Loop = 01

Expected= 0000 Received= 0800 Address = 00500182

Initialization ERROR - FDXS Xreg not zero prior to ADT\_RUN

Off-Line Diagnostic Failure - STOP ON ERROR

Press [RETURN] key or [RESET] switch to continue

01 1

RUN COUNT: 1 ERROR COUNT: 1 TEST TIME: 00:00:01.184

#### 8-3 SENSE DATA

The sense bytes, contained in the controller, indicate error, status, and statistical information about the controller or the drive. Error information is set in the sense bytes when the CHECK CONDITION status is reported as a completion status. The sense bytes are transmitted to an initiator by the REQUEST SENSE command.

#### 8-3.1 Error Code Sense Format

An Error Code (EC) of 70h (sense byte 0 of 70h or F0h) indicates that the CHECK CONDITION status returned is a result of an error or exception condition on the command that returned the CHECK CONDITION status.

Error code 71h (sense byte 0 of 71h or F1h) indicates the CHECK CONDITION status returned is the result of an error or exception condition not related to the command that returned the CHECK CONDITION STATUS (i.e., deferred error). After detecting a deferred error condition on a logical unit, the controller reports CHECK CONDITION status to the next initiator attempting to access that logical unit.

The following tables and text define the sense data and log data returned to the initiator in the data phase of the REQUEST SENSE command.

|       |       |   |            | BI           | TS          |              |              |    |
|-------|-------|---|------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----|
| BYTES | 7     | 6   | 5          | 4            | 3           | 2            | 1            | 0  |
| 0     | Valid | 1   | 1          | 1            | 0           | 0            | 0            | 0  |
| 1     |       |   |            | Segment Nu   | imber (00h) | )            |              |    |
| 2     | FMark | EOM   | ILI        | Rsvd         |             | Sens         | e Key        |    |
| 3-6   |       |   |            | Informati    | ion Bytes   |              |              |    |
| 7     |       |   | Add        | itional Sens | se Length = | 24h          |              |    |
| 8-11  |       | 00000000h (SCSI-2 Command Specific Information Bytes) |            |              |             |              |              |    |
| 12    |       | Additional Sense Code                                 |            |              |             |              |              |    |
| 13    |       |   | Addi       | tional Sense | e Code Qua  | lifier       |              |    |
| 14    |       |   |            | FRU Co       | de (00h)    |              |              |    |
| 15    | SKSV  | C/D   | Rsvd       | Rsvd         | BPV         |              | Bit Pointer  |    |
| 16-   | MSB   |   |            | Field l      | Pointer     |              |              |    |
| 17    |       | Field Pointer LSB                                     |            |              |             |              |              |    |
| 18    |       | Format of additional sense                            |            |              |             |              |              |    |
| 19    |       | Host ERPA   |            |              |             |              |              |    |
| 20-43 | A     | dditional S   | ense Bytes | as Defined   | by the Forn | nat Indicate | ed in Byte 1 | 8. |

Table 8-1. Error Code 70 - Sense Format (on current command)

8-5

 Table 8-2.
 Error Code 70 Sense Format Field Description

| вуте  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|-------|---|
| 0     | 7   | 1     | When the valid bit is a one, sense bytes 3 to 6 indicate the difference between the number of bytes, blocks, or filemarks requested by a command and the number of bytes, blocks, or filemarks actually executed.   |
| 1     | 0-7 | 00h   | The segment number field contains the number of the current segment descriptor, if the REQUEST SENSE command is in response to a COPY, COMPARE or COPY AND VERIFY command. Up to 256 segments are supported beginning with segment zero.  |
| 2     | 0-3 |       | Sense Key. See Appendix A for sense key descriptions.   |
| 2     | 5   |       | The Incorrect Length Indicator (ILI) bit indicates the requested logical block length did not match the logical block length of the data on the medium.   |
| 2     | 6   |       | The End-Of-Medium (EOM) bit indicates an End-Of-Tape (EOT) or Beginning-Of-Tape (BOT) condition exists. This bit indicates the unit is at or past the early-warning EOT if the direction of the tape was forward or that the command could not be completed because BOT was encountered when the direction was reverse.   |
| 2     | 7   |       | The filemark bit indicates the current command has read a filemark.   |
| 3-6   |     |       | The contents of the information field is device-type or command-specific and is defined within the appropriate section for the device type or command of interest.  The information bytes contain the difference (residue) of the requested length minus the actual length in either bytes or blocks, as determined by the command.  When operating in the buffered mode and an unrecoverable write error occurs, the information bytes contain the number of unwritten data blocks and/or filemarks remaining in the buffer. |
| 7     | 0-7 | 24h   | The additional sense length specifies the number of additional sense bytes to follow. If the allocation length of the Command Descriptor Block is too small to transfer all of the additional sense bytes, the additional sense length is not adjusted to reflect the truncation.   |
| 8-11  |     |       | The command-specific information field contains information that depends on the command which was executed. For this device, bytes 8-11 are zero.   |
| 12-13 |     |       | The Additional Sense Code (ASC) byte 12 and Additional Sense Code Qualifier (ASCQ) byte 13 provide additional error information. The additional sense codes and qualifiers are listed in Appendix B.  |
| 14    |     |       | Nonzero values in the FRU field are used to define a specific FRU or FRU-pair that has failed. The FRU byte contains two nibbles of information. The low order nibble indicates the highest probability FRU. The high-order nibble indicates a secondary FRU that may also be responsible for the reported failure. This field is not used.   |
| 15    | 3   | 0     | A bit pointer valid (BPV) bit of zero indicates that the value in the bit pointer field is not valid.  A BPV of one indicates that the bit pointer field specifies which bit of the byte, designated by the field pointer field, is in error. When a multiple-bit field is in error, the bit pointer field points to the most significant bit (left most) of the field.   |
| 15    | 6   | 1 0   | A command data (C/D) bit of one indicates that the illegal parameter is in the CDB. A C/D of zero indicates that the illegal parameter is in the data parameters sent by the initiator during the DATA OUT phase.   |

Table 8-2. Error Code 70 Sense Format Field Description (Continued)

| ВҮТЕ  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|-------|---|
| 15    | 7   | 0     | The meaning of the sense-key specific field depends on which sense key is returned and whether the Sense-Key Specific Valid (SKSV) bit is a one. If the sense key field is set to ILLEGAL REQUEST and the SKSV bit is one, the sense-key specific field is defined as shown in bytes 15 through 17.  If the SKSV bit is a zero, the field is not defined. |
| 16-17 |     |       | The field pointer field indicates which byte of the CDB or of the parameter data was in error. Bytes are numbered starting from zero as shown in the tables describing the commands and parameters. When a multiple-byte field is in error, the pointer points to the most significant byte of the field.   |
| 18    | 0-7 |       | The format byte defines the format of bytes 20 - 43. See Table 8-15 on page 8-15 to identify the format of additional sense.  |
| 19    | 0-7 |       | Byte 19 identifies the error recovery procedure action (ERPA) code. The codes are described in Appendix C.  |
| 20-43 |     |       | The format of sense bytes 20-43 varies depending on whether the sense information is from the SIC, FMT, drive, or hardware registers. See Table 8-15 on page 8-15 to identify the format of its additional sense.   |

 Table 8-3. Error Code 71 - Sense Format (deferred error reporting)

| ĺ         |       |   |            | DI         | TC         |           |            |        |
|-----------|-------|---|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|--------|
|           |       |   |            | BI         | 15         |           |            |        |
| BYTES     | 7     | 7   6   5   4   3   2   1   0                         |            |            |            |           |            | 0      |
| 0         | Valid | 1   | 1          | 1          | 0          | 0         | 0          | 1      |
| 1         |       |   | S          | egment Nu  | mber (00)  | h)        |            |        |
| 2         | FMark | EOM   | ILI        | Rsvd       |            | Sense     | e Key      |        |
| 3-6       |       | Information Bytes                                     |            |            |            |           |            |        |
| 7         |       | Additional Sense Length = 24h                         |            |            |            |           |            |        |
| 8-11      |       | 00000000h (SCSI-2 Command Specific Information Bytes) |            |            |            |           |            |        |
| 12        |       |   | A          | dditional  | Sense Cod  | le        |            |        |
| 13        |       |   | Additi     | onal Sense | e Code Qu  | ıalifier  |            |        |
| 14        |       |   |            | FRU Co     | de (00h)   |           |            |        |
| 15-<br>17 | SKSV  | SKSV 000000h (SCSI-2 Sense-Key Specific)              |            |            |            |           |            |        |
| 18        |       | Format of additional sense                            |            |            |            |           |            |        |
| 19        |       | Host ERPA   |            |            |            |           |            |        |
| 20-43     | Addi  | tional Sens   | se Bytes a | s Defined  | by the For | mat Indic | ated in By | te 18. |

Table 8-4. Error Code 71 Sense Format Field Description

| BYTE  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|-------|---|
| 0     | 7   | 1     | When the valid bit is a one, sense bytes 3 to 6 indicate the difference between the number of bytes, blocks, or filemarks requested by a command and the number of bytes, blocks, or filemarks actually executed.   |
| 1     | 0-7 | 00h   | The segment number field contains the number of the current segment descriptor, if the REQUEST SENSE command is in response to a COPY, COMPARE or COPY AND VERIFY command. Up to 256 segments are supported beginning with segment zero.  |
| 2     | 0-3 |       | Sense Key. See Appendix A for sense key descriptions.   |
| 2     | 5   |       | The Incorrect Length Indicator (ILI) bit indicates the requested logical block length did not match the logical block length of the data on the medium.   |
| 2     | 6   |       | The End-Of-Medium (EOM) bit indicates an End-Of-Tape (EOT) or Beginning-Of-Tape (BOT) condition exists. This bit indicates the unit is at or past the early-warning EOT if the direction of the tape was forward or that the command could not be completed because BOT was encountered when the direction was reverse.   |
| 2     | 7   |       | The filemark bit indicates the current command has read a filemark.   |
| 3-6   |     |       | The contents of the information field is device-type or command-specific and is defined within the appropriate section for the device type or command of interest.  The information bytes contain the difference (residue) of the requested length minus the actual length in either bytes or blocks, as determined by the command.  When operating in the buffered mode and an unrecoverable write error occurs, the information bytes contain the number of unwritten data blocks and/or filemarks remaining in the buffer. |
| 7     | 0-7 | 24h   | The additional sense length specifies the number of additional sense bytes to follow. If the allocation length of the Command Descriptor Block is too small to transfer all of the additional sense bytes, the additional sense length is not adjusted to reflect the truncation.   |
| 8-11  |     |       | The command-specific information field contains information that depends on the command which was executed. For this device, bytes 8-11 are zero.   |
| 12-13 |     |       | The Additional Sense Code (ASC) byte 12 and Additional Sense Code Qualifier (ASCQ) byte 13 provide additional error information. The additional sense codes and qualifiers are listed in Appendix B.  |
| 14    |     |       | Nonzero values in the FRU field are used to define a specific FRU or FRU-pair that has failed. The FRU byte contains two nibbles of information. The low order nibble indicates the highest probability FRU. The high-order nibble indicates a secondary FRU that may also be responsible for the reported failure. This field is not used.   |
| 15-17 |     |       | The meaning of the sense-key specific field depends on which sense key is returned and whether the Sense-Key Specific Valid (SKSV) bit is a one. If the SKSV bit is a zero, the field is not defined.   |
| 18    | 0-7 |       | The format byte defines the format of bytes 20 - 43. See Table 8-15 on page 8-15 to identify the format of additional sense.  |

Table 8-4. Error Code 71 Sense Format Field Description (Continued)

| BYTE  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|-------|---|
| 19    | 0-7 |       | Byte 19 identifies the error recovery procedure action (ERPA) code. The codes are described in Appendix C.  |
| 20-43 |     |       | The format of sense bytes 20-43 varies depending on whether the sense information is from the SIC, FMT, drive, or hardware registers. See Table 8-15 on page 8-15 to identify the format of its additional sense. |

**Table 8-5. Additional Sense Formats** 

| BYTE 18 | MOST SIG. NIBBLE OF<br>BYTE 21 | BYTE 21 SENSE           |                         |
|---------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 00h     | N/A                            | SCSI firmware registers | Currently reserved      |
| 01h     | xx01b                          | FMT                     | Table 8-6 on page 8-9   |
| 01h     | xx10b                          | Drive                   | Table 8-9 on page 8-11  |
| 02h     | N/A                            | SCSI hardware registers | Table 8-12 on page 8-13 |
| 03h     | N/A                            | EDRC hardware registers | Table 8-13 on page 8-14 |
| 04h     | N/A                            | Send Diagnostic Error   | Table 8-14 on page 8-15 |

# 8-3.2 Sense Information Bytes 20-43

Refer to the correct sense information format in the following paragraphs.

## 8-3.2.1 Format 0 Sense Information Description for SIC

All bytes are 00h.

# 8-3.2.2 Format 01h Sense Information for FMT

The Format 01h Sense Information for FMT is shown in Table 8-6 and described in Table 8-7 and Table 8-8.

Table 8-6. Format 01h Sense Information, FMT

|       |          |  |   | BITS      | S      |   |   |   |  |  |
|-------|----------|--|---|-----------|--------|---|---|---|--|--|
| BYTES | 7        | 6  | 5 | 4         | 3      | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| 20    |          | FMT ERPA Code                            |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |
| 21    | MC error | MC error MTU error 0 1 Retry Count       |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |
| 22-23 |          | First Fault Symptom Code                 |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |
| 24-25 |          | Second Fault Symptom Code                |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |
| 26-27 |          | Last Fault Symptom Code                  |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |
| 28    |          | Error Command Code                       |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |
| 29-39 |          | Additional Format Error Information Type |   |           |        |   |   |   |  |  |
| 40-43 |          |  |   | RBID (Blo | ck ID) |   |   |   |  |  |

Table 8-7. Format 01h Sense Information, FMT Field Description

| BYTE  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|-----|-------|---|
| 20    | 0-7 |       | The FMT ERPA codes are the same as the ERPA codes defined for sense byte 19 in Appendix C.  |
| 21    | 0-3 |       | The Retry Count is incremented by one each time a re-read or re-write is performed in the original direction of the command being processed.  |
| 21    | 6   |       | The MTU Error bit is set when the error is known to be in the MTU.  |
| 21    | 7   |       | The MC Error bit is set when the error is know to be in the Medium Changer.   |
| 22-27 |     |       | The first symptom code represents the initial error condition detected, the second symptom code represents the secondary error condition detected, and the third symptom code represents the last error condition detected. See Appendix D for the fault symptom codes. |
| 28    | 0-7 |       | This is the command code of the command being processed when the error was detected.  |
| 29-39 |     |       | The value in byte 29 determines the register for bytes 30-39. See Table 8-8.  |
| 40-43 |     |       | The tape position at which the error was detected as expressed in the physical (byte 40) and logical (bytes 41-43) Block ID.  |

Table 8-8. Additional Format Error Information Type

| BYTE<br># | RD/RB<br>ON DATA<br>BLOCK | RD SDDP<br>ERROR | WR SDDP<br>ERROR | WRONG<br>RSVP<br>MESSAGE     | RD/RB ON<br>MARK | SERVO<br>ERROR | BID<br>MISCO<br>MPARE      | SEARCH<br>MISSED   |
|-----------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| 29        | 01                        | 02               | 03               | 04                           | 05               | 06             | 07                         | 08                 |
| 30        | RDC<br>register           | RDC<br>register  | WCT<br>register  | SNDA<br>register             | RDC<br>register  |                | RDC<br>register            | Interrupt<br>flags |
| 31        | RDE<br>register           | FDXC             | FDXC             | RSVP<br>expected<br>response |                  |                | FDXC                       | Target<br>BID      |
| 32        | RBE<br>register           | register         | register         | RSVP<br>actual<br>response   |                  |                | register                   |                    |
| 33        | CRS<br>register           | FDXS             | FDXS             | FMT_RD.<br>TONE<br>register  |                  |                | FDXS                       |                    |
| 34        | CRRZ<br>register          | register         | register         | WCT<br>register              |                  |                | register                   |                    |
| 35        | WES<br>register           | PCT              | PCT              | RDC<br>register              |                  |                | PCT                        |                    |
| 36        | ETPA<br>register          | register         | register         | RDE<br>register              |                  |                | register                   |                    |
| 37        | ETPB<br>register          |                  | WER<br>register  | RBE<br>register              |                  |                | Bottom 3                   |                    |
| 38        | WRE<br>register           |                  |                  | VFC<br>register              |                  |                | bytes of the               |                    |
| 39        | WEL<br>register           |                  |                  |                              |                  |                | actual<br>read<br>block ID |                    |

# 8-3.2.3 Description of Format 01h Sense Information for Drive

Table 8-9. Format 01h Sense Information, Drive

|       |              | BITS                     |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|-------|--------------|--------------------------|---|---------|-----|----------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7            | 6                        | 5 | 4       | 3   | 2        | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 20    |              | Drive ERPA Code          |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 21    | MC error     | MTU error                | 1 |         |     | Reserved |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 22    |              | -                        |   | 00h     |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 23    |              |                          |   | Error C | ode |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 24-27 |              |                          |   | 0000000 | 00h |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 28    |              | Physical Block ID        |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 29    |              | Error Command Code       |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 30    | Drive Status |                          |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 31    |              | Drive Model Number (03h) |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 32    |              | DRV ERR CMD Code 1       |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 33    |              | DRV ERR Code 1           |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 34    |              | WTERR1                   |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 35    |              |                          |   | WTER    | R2  |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 36    |              | Shared RAM erqst1        |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 37    |              | Shared RAM ersvrt        |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 38    |              | Shared RAM ersvcm        |   |         |     |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 39    |              |                          |   | Reserv  | ed  |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 40-43 |              |                          |   | Block   | ID  |          |   |   |  |  |  |  |

Table 8-10. Format 01h Sense Information, Drive Field Description

| BYTE | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 20   | 0-7 |       | The MTC performs error recovery on the basis of the drive ERPA code. The drive ERPA codes are internal to the MTC.  |
| 21   | 0-4 |       | Reserved  |
| 21   | 6   |       | The MTU Error bit is set when the error is known to be in the MTU.  |
| 21   | 7   |       | The MC Error bit is set when the error is know to be in the Medium Changer.   |
| 23   | 0-7 |       | The error code indicates the error encountered. A description of error codes can be found in Appendix E. When a CHK XX message is displayed on the operators panel the xx portion of the message will be found as the error code in the sense data. |
| 28   | 0-7 |       | The Physical Block ID is the approximate current physical location on tape. It is set to one when at BOT and is incremented by one for approximately each 2 m of tape moved across the read/write heads.  |

Table 8-10. Format 01h Sense Information, Drive Field Description (Continued)

| ВУТЕ | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----|-------|---|
| 29   | 0-7 |       | This is the command code of the command being processed when the error was detected.                      |
| 30   | 0-7 |       | Drive status at the time the error was detected.  |
| 31   | 0-7 |       | The Drive Model Number is 03h.  |
| 32   | 0-7 |       | The DRV ERR CMD Code 1 indicates the command being executed by the MTU when the first error was detected. |
| 33   | 0-7 |       | The DRV ERR Code 1 is the error code of the first MTU error encountered.                                  |
| 34   | 0-7 |       | Write error hardware register 1   |
| 35   | 0-7 |       | Write error hardware register 2   |
| 36   | 0-7 |       | Sequence status set when an error has occurred.   |
| 37   | 0-7 |       | Servo status code is set when an error has occurred.  |
| 38   | 0-7 |       | Command code is set when command has occurred.  |

Table 8-11. MTC to MTU Commands

| COMMAND             | CODE |
|---------------------|------|
| STOP                | 00   |
| CLEAR ERROR         | 01   |
| DOOR SOLENOID       | 02   |
| SERVO DIAGNOSTIC    | 03   |
| LOAD CARTRIDGE      | 04   |
| REWIND              | 05   |
| REWIND AND UNLOAD   | 06   |
| SEARCH SECTOR       | 07   |
| MOVE FORWARD READ   | 08   |
| MOVE BACKWARD READ  | 09   |
| MOVE FOR WRITE      | 0C   |
| DATA SECURITY ERASE | 0E   |
| MOVE MAGAZINE       | 0F   |
| WRITE ALL ZERO      | 10   |
| SHUFFLE             | 11   |
| MICROCODE DOWNLOAD  | D0   |
| MICROCODE START     | DF   |

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# 8-3.2.4 Format 2 and 3 Sense Information, Hardware Registers

Format 2 and 3 provides a listing of controller hardware registers. Bytes 22 and 23 of Format 2 and Format 3 sense data, however, provide fault symptom codes.

Table 8-12. Format 02h Sense Information, SCSI Hardware Registers

|            |  | BITS  |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|--|---|------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES      | 7  | 6   | 5          | 4            | 3            | 2          | 1          | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20-21      | Companion chip's interrupt request mask  |   |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22-23      | Fault Symptom Code   |   |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SPC Regist | ters (reference the SPC User Manual for a detailed description of these registers) |   |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24         |  | Secondary Interrupt Status (or FFh if none stacked) |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25         |  | Sec   | condary Co | mmand Ste    | p (or FFh if | none stack | ted)       |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26         |  |   | ;          | SPC Comm     | and Registe  | r          |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27         |  | Status (FF  | h = SPC re | egisters not | captured du  | e to SPC b | eing busy) |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28         |  |   |            | Nexus        | Status       |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29         |  |   |            | Primary Int  | errupt Statu | s          |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30         |  | Primary Command Step                                |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31         |  | Data/MC Byte (MSB)                                  |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32         |  |   |            | Data/N       | IC Byte      |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33         |  | Data/MC Byte (LSB)                                  |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34         |  |   | S          | CSI Control  | Signal Stat  | us         |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35         |  | Transfer Mode                                       |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36         |  |   |            | Transfe      | r Period     |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37         |  |   |            | Transfe      | er Offset    |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38         |  | Modified Byte                                       |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39         |  | Self ID Setting                                     |            |              |              |            |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40         |  |   |            | Response N   | Iode Setting | 5          |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41         |  |   | Sel        | lect/Reselec | t Mode Sett  | ing        |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42         |  |   | Par        | rity Error D | etection Set | ting       |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43         |  |   |            | Interrupt Er | able Setting | g          |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8-13. Format 03h Sense Information, EDRC Hardware Registers

|       | BITS |              |   |           |           |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|-------|------|--------------|---|-----------|-----------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| BYTES | 7    | 6            | 5 | 4         | 3         | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 20    |      | SDDP_HI.rev  |   |           |           |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 21    |      |              |   | 0         | Oh        |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 22-23 |      |              |   | Fault Sym | ptom Code |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 24-27 |      |              |   | SDDP_     | HI.hdxc   |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 28-31 |      |              |   | SDDP_     | _HI.hdxs  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 32    |      | SDDP_HI.ph00 |   |           |           |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 33    |      |              |   | SDDP_     | HI.ph01   |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 34    |      | SDDP_HI.ph02 |   |           |           |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 35    |      | SDDP_HI.ph03 |   |           |           |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 36    |      |              |   | SDDP_     | HI.pho4   |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 37    |      | SDDP_HI.ph05 |   |           |           |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 38    |      | SDDP_HI.ph06 |   |           |           |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 39    |      | SDDP_HI.ph07 |   |           |           |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 40    |      |              |   | SDDP_     | HI.ph08   |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 41    |      |              |   | SDDP_     | HI.ph09   |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 42    |      |              |   | SDDP_     | HI.ph10   |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 43    |      |              |   | SDDP_     | HI.ph11   |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |

# 8-3.2.5 Format 4 Sense Information for Diagnostic Errors

The Format 4 Sense Information for SCSI SEND DIAGNOSTIC command with SELFTEST bit set is shown in Table 8-14 and described in Table 8-15.

Table 8-14. Format 04h Sense Information, Diagnostic Errors

| Γ     |   | BITS                                     |      |                 |             |    |   |   |  |
|-------|---|--|------|-----------------|-------------|----|---|---|--|
| BYTES | 7 | 6  | 5    | 4               | 3           | 2  | 1 | 0 |  |
| 20-21 |   | Interrupt Request Controller Mask (IRCM) |      |                 |             |    |   |   |  |
| 22-23 |   |  | F    | ault Symptom    | Code (FSC)  |    |   |   |  |
| 24    |   |  | Diag | nostic Test Lis | t Node Numb | er |   |   |  |
| 25    |   | Diagnostic Routine Number                |      |                 |             |    |   |   |  |
| 26    |   | Diagnostic Test Number                   |      |                 |             |    |   |   |  |
| 27    |   | Diagnostic Error Code                    |      |                 |             |    |   |   |  |
| 28-31 |   | Expected Value                           |      |                 |             |    |   |   |  |
| 32-35 |   | Received Value                           |      |                 |             |    |   |   |  |
| 36-39 |   | Address                                  |      |                 |             |    |   |   |  |
| 40-43 |   |  |      | Reserved (00    | 000000h)    |    |   |   |  |

Table 8-15. Format 04h Sense Information, Diagnostic Errors Field Description

| ВУТЕ  | BIT | VALUE | DESCRIPTION  |
|-------|-----|-------|--|
| 20-21 |     |       | The current state of the Interrupt Request Controller Mask (IRCM) in the Processor Companion Chip (PCC) at the time the diagnostic error was detected.                   |
| 22-23 |     | 91A0h | The Fault Symptom Code (FSC) indicating an error was detected while executing diagnostic tests invoked through a SCSI SEND DIAGNOSTIC command with the SELFTEST bit set. |
| 24    | 0-7 |       | The test list node number of the diagnostic test that detected an error from the list of diagnostic tests that were executing.   |
| 25    | 0-7 |       | The Diagnostic Routine number of the test that failed.   |
| 26    | 0-7 |       | The Diagnostic Test number of the test that failed.  |
| 27    | 0-7 |       | The Diagnostic Error Code number of the test that failed.  |
| 28-32 |     |       | The value the diagnostic test expected (if applicable) at the time the error was detected.   |
| 33-36 |     |       | The value the diagnostic test received at the time the error was detected (if applicable.)   |
| 37-40 |     |       | The address that was accessed to obtain the received value at the time the error was detected (if applicable.)   |

#### 8-4 DIAGNOSTICS

The M2488 tape drive supports three operational modes for diagnostics. The first mode is the Go/No-Go diagnostics that are invoked automatically each time power is applied to the tape drive. The second mode of diagnostics, called Off-Line diagnostics, may be invoked from the Operator Control Panel on the front panel of the tape drive or medium changer, or from an RS-232 terminal or computer running terminal emulation software attached to the RS-232 Maintenance Interface. The third mode of diagnostics are called In-Line diagnostics, and are invoked through the SCSI interface using the SCSI SEND DIAGNOSTIC command sent from a host.

# Diagnostic Organization

Diagnostics are arranged by routine number and test number. Each routine is designed to verify a particular hardware function of the M2488 Tape Drive. Routines are comprised of individual tests which are designed to focus on a specific area of a hardware function. This organization allows for finer resolution in diagnostic testing which may be helpful in fault isolation. A list of all the diagnostic tests in the Diagnostic Test Registry for all diagnostic modes (except the Boot Go/No-Go mode) is presented in Appendix F.

#### Diagnostic Execution

Diagnostic execution is accomplished through the use of a list processing architecture. Each diagnostic routine and test to be executed must first be placed in an ordered list, and then this list is executed sequentially. The ordered list is referred to as a "test list" and each individual routine and test placed in the ordered list is referred to as a "test list node" or, simply a "node". Therefore, a "test list" is a sequence of "test list nodes" which are individual routines and tests. Test list nodes are numbered in ascending order beginning with node number one.

#### 8-4.1 Go/No-Go Diagnostics

The Go/No-Go diagnostics are performed every time power is initially applied to the M2488 tape drive. These tests are designed to verify the integrity of the tape drive hardware at power-on. No user intervention is required for these tests, however Tasked Go/No-Go diagnostics can be aborted by pressing the <ENTER> key at any time after they begin to execute. In the event of a Go/No-Go test failure, diagnostic error information will be sent to the Remote Maintenance (RS-232) interface, as well as the Operator Control Panel (if possible).

#### 8-4.2 Off-Line Diagnostics

The preferred interface for Off-Line diagnostic operation is the RS-232 Maintenance interface. However, tests in this mode can also be performed from the Operator Control Panel, in which case no RS-232 connection is necessary. The following criteria must be met before Off-Line diagnostic mode can be entered:

No media loaded or obstructing the load slot (if an ACL/FACL is attached, the magazine must be removed).

Data buffer must be empty.

No pending SCSI operations.

Refer to the following drawing for instructions to invoke the off-line diagnostics via the operator panel menu:

#### 8-4.3 MTU Diagnostics

The MTU Diagnostic Specifications are presented in APPENDIX H.

\* TEST and UNLOAD pressed **OFFLINE** TEST and UNLOAD released **DIAGMODE SETTING LOADCODE INQUIRY MODE PGS FACTORY TEST** Selection and Access and Copy new firm-View M2488 Display or Change factory execution of configure user ware from a Information change mode settings, off-line diagsettable options code image tape selected Tape enable factory nostics cartridge into Unit or mode, or non-volatile Mediumenable factory diagnostics. memory of Changer Mode M2488. Pages User Guide Product Guide User Guide User Guide User Guide Product Guide Section 8-4 Section 4-2 Section 4-3 Section 4-4 Section 4-5 Section 8-5 **TEST** OFF-LINE TEST RS-232 Run MTC Run MTU Run ACL List Err Options W/O CART W/ CART STOP ERR CONT ERR ALL

Table 8-16. Operator Panel Top Level Menus - Diagnostics Mode

#### **Navigation keys:**

To navigate through the options, settings, and to make changes from the Operator Panel:

Press START to move forward through the options or settings. It will also increment the settings numbers.

Press *SHIFT* and *START* to move backward through the options or settings. It will also decrement the settings numbers.

Press *RESET* to move from settings to option or to leave setting mode.

Press *TEST* to move from the option to settings.

Press UNLOAD to select a number field for multiple digit numbers.

#### **Setting Procedure:**

- Step 1. At the \*\*, press and hold the *TEST* and *UNLOAD* pushbuttons simultaneously until **DIAG-MODE** is displayed.
- Step 2. Press the *TEST* pushbutton.
- Step 3. The first option, **OFFLINE**, is displayed. Press *TEST* again to enter the Off-Line Diagnostic mode. The display will now indicate **RUN MTC**.
- Step 4. Press the *TEST* push-button to select MTC (controller) diagnostics.
- Step 5. The Operator Panel display indicates **CNT0001**. To accept the default run count of 1, press *TEST* once more. The controller diagnostics will execute one time. The *START* or *SHIFT* + *START* keys may be used to change the run count or select other diagnostic menu items as described in section 8-4.3.1.

# 8-4.3.1 Off-Line Diagnostic Menu on the Operator Panel

Table 8-17. Operator Panel Off-Line Diagnostics

| COMMAND                               | SELECTION<br>OR RESPONSE           | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| *Run<br>Run MTC<br>Run MTU<br>Run ACL | R:#####                            | This command begins execution of all diagnostic tests in the current test list. The display will indicate which test is currently being executed. In the following example, routine 0x06, test 0x03, is executing loop 0x0A.  Example: R: 0 6 0 3 0 A  R: 0 6 0 3 0 A  Loop count  Test Number  "Running"  Run MTC - runs tests on the controller Run MTU - runs tests on the drive Run ACL - runs tests on the ACL |
| List Err                              | #######                            | Lists up to the first 16 errors generated during the last Run/Continue of the current diagnostic test list. The following example shows an error which occurred while running routine 0x03, test 0x02 which happened to be the 5th test (node) in the current test list:  Example: 05030102   O 5 0 3 0 1 0 2  Error Code  Routine Number   |
| *Continue                             | R:#####                            | Continue running the list of test(s) previously selected. The display is the same as for the Run command.   |
| RS-232                                | RS-232?                            | When RS-232 is selected, all diagnostic tests are run from the Remote Maintenance (RS-232) interface. Typing "quit <enter>" or pressing the RESET switch on the Operator Control Panel will exit this mode.</enter>   |
| *List Reg                             | LR: ####                           | Lists all of the tests that can be selected from the registry of diagnostic tests for a particular diagnostic mode. The following example shows how to display the first test of every routine in the Diagnostic Test Registry:  Example: LR: 0001  LR: 0 0 0 1  Test Number  |
|                                       | ☐ Routine Number ☐ "List Registry" |   |

| COMMAND | SELECTION<br>OR RESPONSE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|--------------------------|--|
| *Add    | A: ####                  | Add a test to the end of the test list. The following example shows how to add Routine 0x09, Test 0x02:  Example: A: 0902  A: 0 9 0 2  Test Number  Routine Number   |
| Options | STOP ERR<br>CONT ERR     | Select STOP ERR for stop on error or CONT ERR for continue on error.   |
| *Delete | D: ####                  | Delete the test at node number n in the current test list. The following example shows how to delete node 8 through the end of the current test list:  Example: D: 0800  D: 0 0  Ending node  Beginning node |
| *List   | L: ####                  | List the tests in the current test list. The following example shows how to list nodes 5 through 10 of the current test list:  Example: L: 050A  L: 0 5 0 A  Ending node  Beginning node                     |

Table 8-17. Operator Panel Off-Line Diagnostics (Continued)

#### 8-4.3.2 Off-Line Diagnostic Menu through the Remote Maintenance (RS-232) Interface

Off-Line diagnostic tests may be invoked and run through the RS-232 interface as well as the Operator Control Panel interface. Diagnostic tests are selected and executed in the same manner regardless of which interface is used, however the RS-232 interface is easier to use, more flexible, and provides more detailed error information.

The RS-232 user interface is a command-set driven architecture. A basic set of commands is provided to facilitate the selection and execution of diagnostic tests. The Diagnostic Microcode architecture is a list processing architecture. The RS-232 user interface command set enables the creation, modification, and deletion of tests to build a test list. The command set also includes the capability to begin test execution, provide user help information, and exit the Off-Line diagnostic mode. Multiple commands may be entered on the same line using a semicolon ";" as a separator.

The usual sequence of operations would be to first create a list of tests to be executed. Then, modify any test options as desired. Finally, begin test execution. A description of the commands to accomplish these steps are outlined in section .

<sup>\*</sup> This command is available only if FACTORY MODE is enabled.

8-21

# RS-232 User Interface Commands

Upon entering the Off-Line diagnostic mode, the command prompt

# **OFF-LINE DIAGNOSTIC COMMAND:**

will appear. At the command prompt, the following commands are available.

a) Conventions used in this session:

All commands are case insensitive and may be abbreviated by entering only the first letter of the command. The lower case letters immediately following the first letter are optional.

| Bold   | Commands, options, variables, arguments, and user input appear in bold type-face.  |
|--------|--|
| Italic | Names of variables to which values must be assigned are in italics.  |
| <>     | Input typed in a command line that does not appear on the screen (for example, the return key) is shown within angle brackets. |
| []     | Optional input, such as command options, variables, and arguments, are enclosed in square brackets.                            |

# b) RS-232 command set:

| COMMAND                                  | DESCRIPTION  | VARIABLES/ARGUMENTS   |
|--|--|---|
| Add r t [l]                              | Add a new test to the end of the test list.  | <ul> <li>r -Routine number to be added. This number must be a valid routine number from the routines listed in the test registry (see List command for more details).</li> <li>t -Test number of the routine to be added. If an asterisk "*" is entered, all tests for the given routine will be added.</li> <li>l -Loop count, number of times to repeat this test. This number must be in the range between 1 and 254. If 0 is entered, the test will loop forever.</li> </ul>  |
| Delete n [x]                             | Delete a test from the list of tests.  | n -Delete node number $n$ from list. The node number must be a number in the range of node numbers in the current list. If an asterisk "*" is entered, then the entire list is deleted. $x$ - Delete to this end node. (Default is "*"; to the end of the list.)  |
| Help (or ?)<br>Help notes<br>Help macros | Display RS-232 user interface command help. Entering this command displays the help information shown in Figure 8-1. |   |
| Insert n r t [l]                         | Insert a new test in the test list.  | n -Node number to insert. This number must be in the range of node numbers in the current list.  r -Routine number to be added. This number must be a valid routine number from the routines listed in the test registry (see List command for more details).  t -Test number of the routine to be added. If an asterisk "*" is entered, all tests for the given routine will be added.  l -Loop count, number of times to repeat this test. This number must be in the range between 1 and 254. If 0 is entered, the test will loop forever. |

| COMMAND   | DESCRIPTION  | VARIABLES/ARGUMENTS   |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| List List [n] [e] List [Registry] [r] [t]                   | List current tests in test list or list test registry. Entering "List" will display all of the tests in the current test list. Entering "List Registry" will display the registry of all of the tests available for use in the current diagnostic mode. The list command may be aborted by pressing <return> before all tests are displayed.</return>    | List arguments: <i>n</i> -Node number in current test list to list, or being listing from. If <i>n</i> is not specified or is an asterisk "*", then the entire test list will be displayed. If only <i>n</i> is specified, then only the test at that node number will be displayed. <i>e</i> -End node number in current list to stop listing at. If an asterisk "*" is entered, all tests beginning with <i>n</i> will be displayed.  List Registry arguments: <i>r</i> -Routine number in test registry to be displayed. If an asterisk "*" is entered, then all routines in the current diagnostic mode will be displayed. <i>t</i> -Test number of routine <i>r</i> in test registry to be displayed. If an asterisk "*" is entered, all tests for routine <i>r</i> will be displayed. |  |  |
| Options <i>o</i> : [+/-] [ <i>c</i> : <i>e</i> : <i>s</i> ] | Set test options for all tests in the current test list.   | <i>o</i> -Options byte for this list of tests. The options byte is arranged into bit fields as illustrated in the Table 8-18.   |  |  |
| Quit  | Quit Off-Line diagnostics<br>mode. (Entering this command<br>will cause a return to the previ-<br>ous operating mode.)   |   |  |  |
| Run [macro]<br>[#]  | Run tests in current test list. This command is used to begin test execution. Tests are executed in sequential order beginning with the first node. The test options byte for each test may modify execution behavior. At any point during test list execution, the operator may abort execution of the test list at the conclusion of the current test. | # - The number of times to execute the entire list of tests. By default, the list will only execute one time. To loop forever, enter 0.  macro - One of several predetermined test lists. Macro names are listed when entering "help macros" at the command line prompt.  |  |  |
| Node n l  | Set loop count for test at node # n in the current test list   | n - Node number to change loop count for. This number must be in the range of node numbers in the current list.  1 - Loop count, the number of times to repeat the test at the specified mode.  |  |  |

```
Off-Line diagnostic command: help
- Diagnostic Help: Overview -----
COMMANDS:
 Add r t [1] -----> Add to test list
 Continue -----> Continue running the current test list
 Delete n [x] -----> Delete a test, n="*" clears the entire list
 Help|? [notes|macros] -> Diagnostic help information
 Insert n r t [1] -----> Insert test at node 'n' in list
 List [n] [x] -----> List tests in Test List
 List Registry [r] [t] ---> List tests in Test Registry
 List Errors -----> List Error history
 Node [n] [l] -----> Set loop count to 'l' at 'n'
 Options [o]|[+|-][c|e|s]--->Options for all tests, or loop count at node 'n'
 Quit ----> Quit Diagnostics
 Run [#] -----> Run entire test list # times [1=default, 0=forever]
 KEY:
 r = routine number (HEX) t = test number (HEX)
 1 = loop count byte, 1 (default) to 254 times, or 0 to loop test forever
 n = node number
                         x = end node number
 +c = continue on error
                          -c = stop on error
 +e = display errors -e = suppress error display
+s = display status -s = suppress status
Off-Line diagnostic command: help macros
- Diagnostic Help: Macros -----
 Macros are an easy way to build and run a list of diagnostics routines and
 tests. Macros are executed by entering "RUN" [macro name] [run count]
VALID MACRO NAMES:
 ACL = ACL/FACL test without magazine
 ACL_MAG = ACL/FACL test with magazine
 ACL_ALL = ACL/FACL test list - both with and without magazine
 COMB = All LWR "In-line" tests
 MTC = Controller test list
 MTU = Drive test without cartridge
 MTU_CART = Drive test with cartridge
 MTU_ALL = Drive test list - both with and without cartridge
 LOAD = Load cartridge
 UNLOAD = Unload cartridge
Off-Line diagnostic command: help notes
- Diagnostic Help: Notes -----
 NOTES:
 1. Only the first letter (case insensitive) of each command is required
 2. Routine, Test, and Options numbers are always entered in hexadecimal
 3. Loop counts and Node numbers are decimal by default (prefix '0x' for Hex)
 4. The wildcard "*" may be used to select all routines, tests, etc.
 5. Multiple commands per line may be entered using a semicolon (;) separator
 6. To abort running tests, enter [RETURN] or press and hold the RESET button
 7. The test list Options may also be entered as a hexadecimal number:
   Options [o]
   where, o = options byte (HEX): bit 0 = 0x01 -> continue on error
   (NOTE: These settings are bit bit 5 = 0x20 \rightarrow \text{suppress errors}
   significant)
                                   bit 6 = 0x40 \rightarrow \text{suppress status}
```

Figure 8-1. Help Information Display

BINARY HEX DESCRIPTION 00000001 0x01 Continue on error If an error occurs, the next test in the test list is executed. 00000010 0x02Reserved Not used at this time. 00000100 0x04 Reserved Not used at this time. 00001000 0x08 Loop all Tests Forever Loop all tests in the current test list until the operator aborts test execution. 00010000 0x10Reserved Not used at this time. 00100000 0x20 Suppress Errors Do not display errors when they occur. 01000000 0x40 Suppress Status Do not display status as tests are executing. 10000000 0x80 Reserved Not used at this time.

Table 8-18. Options Byte Field Descriptions

#### 8-4.4 Types of Diagnostic Procedures

The Diagnostic Microcode architecture is a list based architecture. Therefore, the basic sequence of operations for any diagnostic procedure is as follows:

1. Create or modify a test list - (optional, FACTORY MODE only)

Building a list of diagnostic tests to execute is an optional task because every mode of diagnostic operation includes a default list of tests to be executed. Therefore this step is not required.

#### 2. Execute the test list

Through the use of the "RUN" command, individual nodes in a test list are sequentially executed until the end of the list is encountered. Options are available to allow the ability to loop individual nodes of a test list or loop the entire list.

#### 3. Examine the results

At the end of each test list execution, the number of times the test list was executed is displayed along with the number of errors encountered. Errors are displayed at the time they occur, and the first 16 errors that occur are captured in an error log. Based on the results obtained from executing a test list, the test list may be modified and executed again to obtain additional information.

Although these steps apply mainly to the Off-Line diagnostic mode, the same sequence of operations is performed for every mode.

#### 8-4.4.1 Tasked Go/No-Go Diagnostics

Diagnostics executed in this mode are done automatically at M2488 power on. The nodes in the default test list are executed in sequence until the end of the test list is encountered. If an error occurs in this mode of operation, an error message will be scrolled on the operator control panel and the SCSI interface to the M2488 Tape Drive *will not* be enabled. However, controller firmware will attempt to continue in order to provide the ability to invoke the Off-Line diagnostics to allow further trouble-shooting of the problem.

Tests may be aborted in this mode if the <ENTER> key is pressed while the test list is executing. The current test list node will continue executing to completion (or until an error is encountered) and the test list will be aborted prior to execution of the next node.

#### 8-4.4.2 Off-Line Diagnostics

Off-Line diagnostics may be invoked through the RS-232 user interface by simultaneously pressing the START and UNLOAD keys on the operator control panel. Then select the main menu item DIAGMODE by pressing START. The next level of menus begin with run. Press the UNLOAD key once. The operator control panel should now display RS-232. Press the START key to select the RS-232 menu item. At this point, the Operator Control Panel will flash the message "RS-232?" and input will only be accepted from the RS-232 port by entering commands at the Off-Line diagnostic command prompt. All of the commands discussed in section will be available. Entering the "Quit" command will return control to the Operator Control Panel keys.

#### 8-4.4.3 In-line Diagnostics

The types of tests performed are determined by the Selftest bit of the SEND DIAGNOSTICS command. A selftest bit of 1 performs the default selftest, as described in paragraph a. A selftest bit of 0 directs the target to perform tests defined by the bytes in the parameter list, as described in paragraph b.

#### a. Selftest

The default selftest consists of the tests described in Table 8-19.

Table 8-19. Selftest Description.

| TEST                                    | DESCRIPTION   |
|---|---|
| PCC Timers Timer 0-2 Tests              | Test each timer in PCC Function and verify that it operates at 5% of normal value.  |
| CP Bus Tests                            | Parity checking: Force parity errors on the CP bus and verify that an interrupt is generated  |
| Cr dus lesis                            | Invalid Address Detection: Attempt to access an address beyond the known address space and verify that an interrupt is generated.   |
| PCC Tests                               | External Register Tests: Write/verify to all writable registers and read all readable registers. Verify RSVP counters and microcode timers in the PCC chip.   |
|   | External Register Tests: Write/verify to all writable registers and read all readable registers.  |
| SDDP Tests                              | Data buffer DRAM Verification: Write/verify entire SDDP data buffer DRAM (256 bytes at a time).   |
|   | Host Packet Processor: Verify that packet headers are built correctly for EDRC write and read operations.   |
| EDRC Tests                              | Verify data compression capability with "canned" data patterns  |
| Formatter Tests                         | Registers for RSVP Interface, Read, Write and Test Jump. Verify formatter counters and interrupts.  |
| Loop Write/Read LVL1 -<br>Digital Tests | Data is written into the data buffer and passed from the data buffer to the MTU. The MTU returns the data to the formatter through both the analog and digital check circuitry. No tape motion is required. |
| Loop Write/Read LVL2 -<br>Analog Tests  | Data is written into the data buffer and passed from the data buffer through the formatter.   |

# b. Page Code 80h Tests

Table 8-20. Page Code 80h Test Description

| TEST   | ONLINE<br>ROUTINE | DESCRIPTION  | OPERATOR<br>INTERVENTION   |
|--|-------------------|--|--|
| Self Test                                      | 01h               | The same tests as described in Table 8-19. The self test is also SCSI Routine 01h.   |  |
| Loop Write/<br>Read LVL1 -<br>Digital Tests    | 50h               | Data is written into the data buffer and passed from the data buffer to the MTU. The MTU returns the data to the formatter through both the analog and digital check circuitry. No tape motion is required.  |  |
| Loop Write/<br>Read LVL2 -<br>Analog Tests     | 51h               | Data is written into the data buffer and passed from the data buffer through the formatter. No tape motion is required.  |  |
| Write Data Tests                               | 52h               | Tape is positioned at Load Point and 4 tones are written. They are each 4 meters in length and written with the order of Erase Tone, IBG Tone, Tape Mark (TM) Tone, and Density ID (DID) Tone.   | A scratch tape must be loaded prior to running this Online routine.  |
| Read Date Tests                                | 53h               | Tape is positioned at Load Point and 4 meters of Erase Tone, IBG Tone, TM Tone and DID Tone are written. The tones are read back in reverse direction and a rewind is performed.   | A scratch tape must be loaded prior to running this Online routine.  |
| Combination<br>Tests 1                         | 54h               | Tape is positioned at Load Point and 4 tones of 4 meters each is written. The tones are; Erase Tone, IBG Tone, TM Tone and DID Tone. The tape is then rewound. At Load Point, another 4 tones are written (same as above), but this time instead of just rewinding, the tones are read in the reverse direction. | A scratch tape must be loaded prior to running this Online routine.  |
| Combination<br>Tests 2                         | 57h               | An 'all zeroes' data pattern is replicated in the data buffer and blocks are written to tape until Logical EOM is detected. The first block written is 255 bytes in length. Each succeeding block length is incremented by one. All data is read in both the forward and reverse directions.                     | A scratch tape must be loaded prior to running this Online routine.  |
| Medium<br>Changer - No<br>Cartridge<br>Present | C0h               | Tests the drive logic, photo sensors, loader mechanism, and the tachometer pulse generation.   | Before running this diagnostic, the xCL magazine must be removed.  |
| Medium<br>Changer - No<br>Magazine Set         | C2h               | Tests the ACL/FACL loader mechanism and photo sensors.   | Before running this diagnostic, the xCL magazine must be removed. For a FACL, after this diagnostic has been requested, the TEST button on the FACL operator panel must be pressed for this diagnostic to begin. |

# 8-4.5 Diagnostic Test Registry

Refer to Appendix F, Table F-2 for a list of all of the diagnostic tests in the Diagnostic Test Registry for the Tasked Go/No-Go mode, the OnLine mode, and the Off-Line mode.

# 8-4.6 Diagnostic Microcode Specifications

Table 8-21 lists some Diagnostic Microcode specifications:

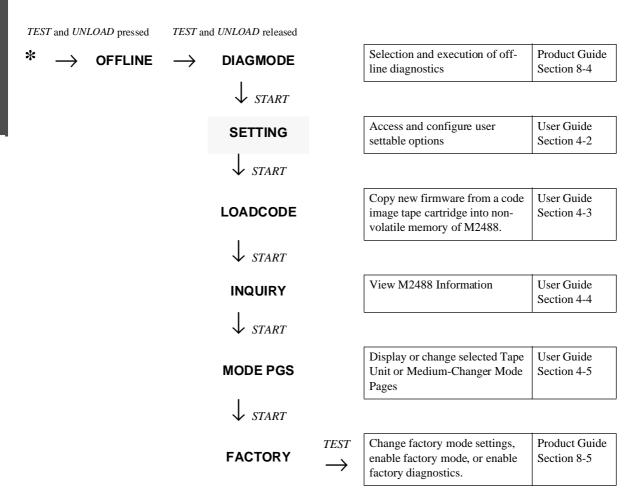
Table 8-21. Diagnostic Microcode Specifications

| PARAMETER   | LIMIT |
|---|-------|
| Maximum number of tests in Diagnostic Test Registry | 255   |
| Maximum number of tests (TLN's) in test list        | 254   |
| Maximum number of characters per command line       | 255   |
| Maximum extended error message length (characters)  | 1024  |

#### 8-5 FACTORY SETTINGS

The factory menu is used to set options during manufacturing and can be used to view M2488 information such as serial number, tape motion time, and power-on time. This menu is also used to enable factory mode. The factory settings can only be changed when in factory mode. Entry and use of the factory menu is described in the following paragraphs.

Table 8-22. Operator Panel Top Level Menus - Factory Option



#### **Navigation keys:**

To navigate through the options, settings, and to make changes from the Operator Panel:

Press START to move forward through the options or settings. It will also increment the setting numbers.

Press *SHIFT* and *START* to move backward through the options or settings. It will also decrement the setting numbers.

Press *RESET* to move from settings to option or to leave setting mode.

Press *TEST* to move from the option to settings.

Press UNLOAD to select a number field for multiple digit numbers.

#### **Setting Procedure:**

- Step 1. At the \*\*, press and hold the *TEST* and *UNLOAD* push-button simultaneously until **DIAG-MODE** is displayed.
- Step 2. Press the *START* push-button until **FACTORY** is displayed. Note: *SHIFT* + *START* may be pushed one time.
- Step 2. Press the *TEST* pushbutton.
- Step 3. The first option, **F0:FACT0**, is displayed. Press *TEST* will allow changing this setting if the unit is in factory mode.
- Step 4. Press the *START* push-button or *SHIFT+START* keys to select other factory options described as follows:.

Table 8-23 describes the factory menu options and settings.

Table 8-23. Factory Menu Options and Settings Description

| OPTION    | SETTINGS          | DESCRIPTION  | DEFAULT/<br>INITIAL<br>SETTINGS |
|-----------|-------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| F0:FMODE0 | N/A               | Factory mode setting 0 - presently not used.   | 00h                             |
| F1:FMODE1 | N/A               | Factory mode setting 1 - presently not used.   | 00h                             |
| F2:FMODE2 | N/A               | Factory mode setting 2 - presently not used.   | 00h                             |
| F3:FMODE3 | N/A               | Factory mode setting 3 - presently not used.   | 00h                             |
| F4:MTIME  | MTIME             | Tape motion time in seconds. Eight digit hexadecimal number.   | 00h                             |
| F5:PTIME  | PTIME             | Number of minutes the M2488 has been powered on. Eight digit hexadecimal number.   | 00h                             |
| F6:SRNUM  | SRNUM             | Serial number of M2488 represented by 16 ASCII character string.   | SRNUM                           |
| F7:****   | N/A               | Unused factory setting menu item.  |                                 |
| G8:FMODE  | DISABLE<br>ENABLE | Factory mode is disabled. Press <i>START</i> key to move to ENABLE. Press <i>TEST</i> , <b>PW="?????" &lt;-?</b> is displayed. | N/A                             |
| G9: xxxxx | N/A               | Unused factory setting menu item.  | N/A                             |
| G10:WTROM | N/A               | Write to NVRAM the settings as changed. This menu item only appears when Factory mode is enabled.                              | N/A                             |

#### 8-6 ERROR RECOVERY PROCEDURES

The IDENTIFY message is used by the initiator or target to establish the physical path between the initiator and target for a specific logical unit. Bit 6 of the IDENTIFY message is defined as follows:

Bit 6: When the initiator sets this bit to a one, the initiator allows disconnect. If the initiator sets this bit to a zero, the initiator does not allow disconnect. When the target performs a disconnect/reconnect sequence, an implied RESTORE POINTERS operation is performed by the initiator. This results in all data for the command being retransmitted from the initiator unless the target has issued a SAVE DATA POINTER message prior to disconnection.

The target always sets bit 6 to zero during reconnection.

If an error occurs during data transfer, the target is automatically restored to the beginning of data.

#### 8-6.1 EDRC Error Recovery

Certain errors during EDRC operation are recoverable. This category of errors occurs during data transfer and requires the data to be re-transmitted in order to record the data on tape. Included in this category are the following related errors:

Initiator record expands past 451 KB during compaction process.

Initiator record expanded past the available buffer space.

Hardware error occurred. (e.g. timeouts, compression/decompression errors, etc.)

#### 8-6.2 Retry Methods

There are four retry methods the target is capable of using to recover the above errors:

- 1. Automatic retry from the internal retry buffer for blocks up to 64 kB (65,536 bytes)
- 2. Explicit Restore Pointers
- 3. Disconnect/reconnect with an implied Restore Pointers
- 4. Aborted Command

The above methods are tried in order as determined by the initiator (MESSAGE REJECT message or IDENTIFY message).

The error recovery for the first method is performed internally within the target. This retry method can be disabled via feature mode 1, bit 0 (0x01), using the CHANGE DEFINITION command, or from the operator panel SETTING menu, option 77:S.FT1 (refer to the User's Guide, Chapter 4).

The error recovery for the second and third methods is completed when the host restores the data pointers and retransmits the data.

The error recovery following an aborted command is completed when the host reissues the WRITE command for the failing data.

For all four retry methods, the target performs the first retry in the same data compression mode as the original data transfer. For any additional retries, the target automatically switches to reblocking in non-compacted mode. The target automatically switches back to the mode defined prior to the error after the retry is successful or after the third retry has failed and a permanent error has been reported to the initiator.

If the initiator does not support the restore pointers mechanism for error recovery, the initiator must reject the RESTORE POINTERS message with the MESSAGE REJECT message.

If the initiator does not support the disconnect/reconnect mechanism for error recovery, the initiator must not allow the target to disconnect via the IDENTIFY message.

If the initiator does not support both the RESTORE POINTERS message and disconnect/reconnect, the target can be configured to not perform these retry methods. The target is configured by setting

feature mode 1, bit 1 (0x02) to one via the CHANGE DEFINITION command (VPD page C1h, fm1 field) or by the operator panel, SETTING menu, option 77:S.FT1 (see Chapter 4 of User's Guide).

It is important to note that when bits 0 and 1 of feature mode 1 are both set to one, only the fourth retry method (Aborted Command) is supported.

The following EDRC retry method may be used by the initiator to determine if the EDRC error is retryable. Refer to Figure 8-2:

- a. SENSE KEY byte 2 has a value of 0Bh,
- b. Additional Sense Code byte 12 and Additional Sense Code Qualifier byte 13 have a value of 44h and 00h respectively,
- c. Host ERPA byte 19 has a value of 4Ch.

After the initiator has verified bytes 2, 12, 13, and 19 are of the correct value, the initiator can reissue the WRITE command.

#### \*\* NOTE \*\*

It is possible for the target to generate SENSE KEY 0Bh (Aborted Command) with sense data bytes 12, 13, and 19 containing values other than those shown in Figure 8-2. This indicates that more specific data transfer errors occurred (e.g. SPC Parity error on data received) and the initiator can still reissue the WRITE command.

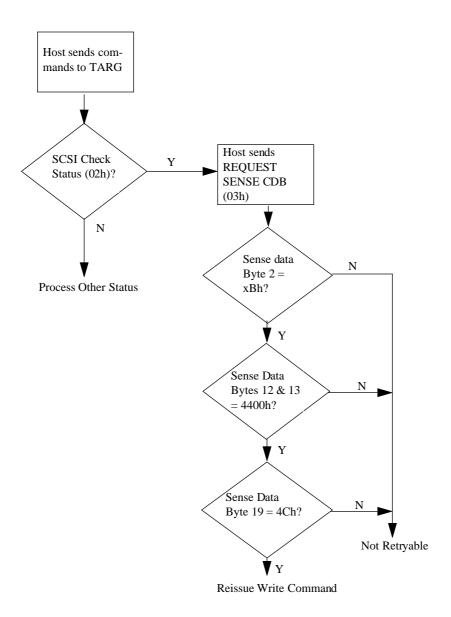


Figure 8-2. EDRC Retry

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#### 8-7 MAINTENANCE TERMINAL

The maintenance terminal is attached to the rear of the M2488 via the 9-pin DIN connector. It has two functions, use as a terminal to run diagnostics using keyboard input and as a debug port for use with special tools that can be accessed by remote attach with a modem.

#### 8-7.1 Maintenance Interface

A 9-pin (DB-9) maintenance interface (DTE device) is provided on the rear panel of the tape drive which is used for maintenance and diagnostic operation. Nearly all maintenance and all diagnostic capabilities are accessible through this interface. The maintenance interface connector is shown in Figure 8-3 and the pin assignments are indicated in Table 8-24.

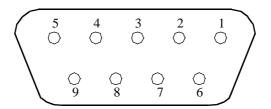


Figure 8-3. Maintenance Connector (M2488)

|                                | M2488               | PC           |           |        |        |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------|--------|--------|
| CONNECTOR<br>CONTACT<br>NUMBER | SIGNAL NAME         | ABBREVIATION | DIRECTION | 25-PIN | SIGNAL |
| 1                              | DATA CARRIER DETECT | DCD          | IN        | 2      | TX     |
| 2                              | RECEIVE DATA        | RX           | IN        | 3      | RX     |
| 3                              | TRANSMIT DATA       | TX           | OUT       | 6      | DSR    |
| 4                              | DATA TERMINAL READY | DTR          | OUT       | 7      | GND    |
| 5                              | SIGNAL GROUND       | GND          |           | 20     | DTR    |
| 6                              | DATA SET READY      | DSR          | IN        | 5      | CTS    |
| 7                              | REQUEST TO SEND     | RTS          | OUT       | 4      | RTS    |
| 8                              | CLEAR TO SEND       | CTS          | IN        |        |        |
| 9                              | RING INDICATOR      | RI           | IN        |        |        |

**Table 8-24.** Maintenance Interface Connector Pin Assignments

To establish communications with this interface, host configuration settings for maintenance operations are provided in Table 8-25.

**Table 8-25.** Maintenance Interface Communications Settings

| COMMUNICATIONS SETTING | VALUE |
|------------------------|-------|
| BAUD rate              | 19200 |
| Parity                 | None  |
| Data bits              | 8     |
| Stop bits              | 1     |
| Duplex                 | FULL  |

#### 8-7.2 Remote Debug for JDB

These procedures describe how to establish a debug session between a local workstation and a remote M2488.

# 8-7.2.1 M2488 Side (Remote)

#### 8-7.2.1.1 Equipment Required

1 US Robotics Sportster 28,800 FAX Modem

1 RS-232 cable, 9-pin female to 25-pin male

1 M2488 Cartridge Tape Drive

#### 8-7.2.1.2 **Procedure**

- 1 Switch M2488 power on. Wait for self-test diagnostics to complete. (The M2488 may already be powered-on in which case you don't need to perform this step.)
- 2 Prepare modem DIP switch settings. Important settings are:
  - 1 down (DTR override)
  - 2 up (verbal results code)
  - 3 up (suppress result codes)
  - 4 up (echo off-line commands)
  - 5 up (auto answer)
  - 6 up (carrier detect normal)
  - 7 down (load factory defaults)
  - 8 down (smart modem)
- 3 Attach phone line to modem (telephone wall socket to modem connection.)
- 4 Attach line between phone and modem if desired.
- 5 Connect power cord to modem.
- 6 Connect RS-232 cable between modem and M2488.
- 7 Switch modem power on.
- Press *SHIFT* and *TEST* keys at same time. Hold keys for 5 seconds. (If the modem has a Receive Data (RD) lamp, this lamp will blink a few times.)

#### 8-8 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Refer to the User's Manual, Chapter 6, for a description of preventive maintenance procedures.

# 8-9 TAPE PATH CLEANING PROCEDURE

If the media created excessive debris buildup on the head or head guide, then manually wet clean the head or head guide as follows:

<u>STEP</u> <u>ACTION</u>

- 1 Turn the tape drive power switch to off. Disconnect SCSI cables and power cord.
- 2 See Figure 8-1. Remove the two screws from the fan cover. Open the fan cover.
- Without allowing hands to contact the head or guides, clean the tape path (head) and head guides using a cotton swab and 98% isopropyl alcohol. Do NOT use Freon solvent.

NOTE: Under normal conditions, this procedure is unnecessary. Only service personnel should perform this procedure.

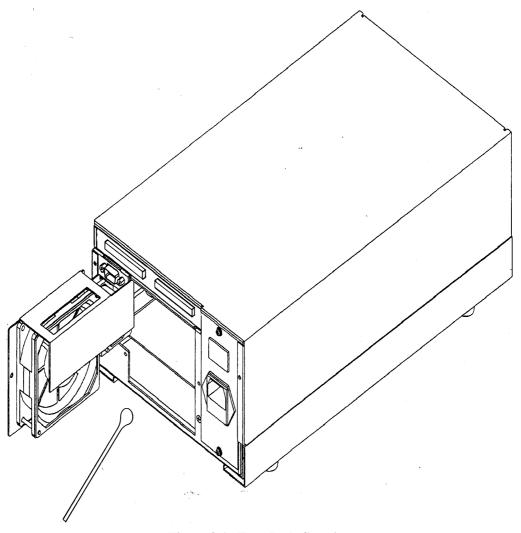


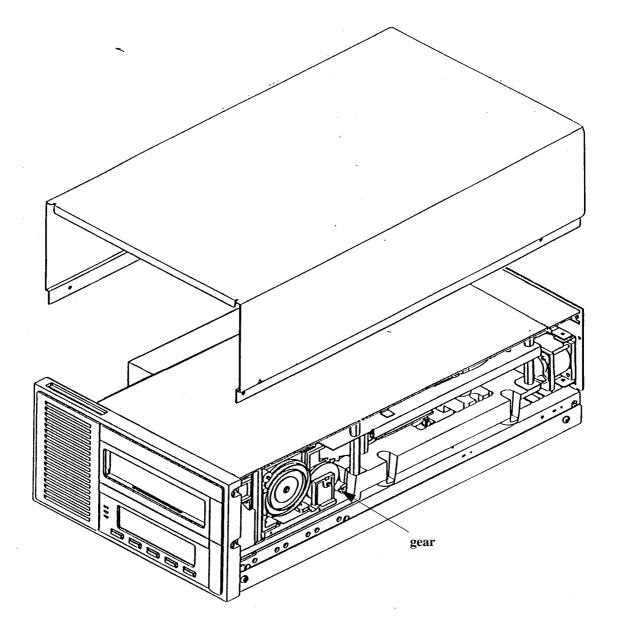
Figure 8-1. Tape Path Cleaning

# 8-10 MANUAL TAPE REMOVAL PROCEDURE

When the cartridge tape cannot be ejected automatically, use the procedure that applies to your situation.

# 8-10.1 Cartridge Tape Stopped During Loading

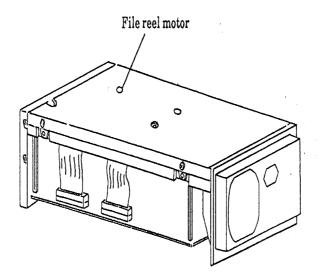
- 1 Remove the top cover as described in paragraph 8-11.4.
- 2 Confirm that the tape is completely wound into the cartridge.
- 3 On the Loader Assembly (shown below), turn the gear counterclockwise with a phillips screwdriver.



# 8-10.2 Tape Stopped During Threading

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Remove the DTC as described in paragraph 8-11.6.
- 2 Confirm that the tape is not wound into the machine reel.
- 3 Remove the Threader Assembly as described in paragraph 8-11.7
- 4 Remove the leader block from the threader pin.
- 5 Lay the drive on its left side (when viewed from front).
- 6 Store the leader block into the cartridge by turning the file reel motor (on bottom as shown below) with a phillips screwdriver.



# 8-10.3 Tape Wound on Take-up Reel

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Remove the DTC as described in paragraph 8-11.6.
- 2 Lay the drive on its left side (when viewed from front).
- 3 Turn the file reel motor (on bottom as shown above) counterclockwise with a phillips screwdriver.
- 4 Do **not** exceed 1.25 kg-cm torque equal to 250 g for tape). Rewind the tape slowly and carefully until the leader block is exposed on the take-up reel.
- Move back threader by pushing bearing, following the groove until the leader block comes out of the take-up reel.
- Rewind the tape by turning the file reel motor counterclockwise with a phillips screwdriver.
- 7 Push the threader bearing so that the leader block seats in the tape cartridge.

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DTC-IPM I/F

**IPM** 

**IPM** 

DVL

DVL

#### 8-11 REMOVE AND REPLACE PROCEDURES





Prior to performing the repair and replace procedures, power off the drive. Disconnect the power cord by pulling on the plug to remove from the electrical outlet. Disconnect all cables from the M2488 Tape Drive.

The M2488 cable and connector interconnects are listed in Table 8-1. See the PCBAs in Chapter 9 for actual connector locations.

The procedures listed in Table 8-2 describe the removal and replacement of Field Replacement Units (FRUs). Follow each procedure in the order presented to insure proper disassembly and reassembly. Remove the drive from its rack-mount or desktop support base, if applicable, prior to performing the removal procedures.

After replacements are complete, install the drive in the rack-mount or support base, if applicable. Then connect all cables and power cords. See the Installation Instructions in CHAPTER 1. Power on drive.

CABLE/ **FROM** TO CONNECTOR DESCRIPTION **TYPE** DTC CNJ21 DVL CNP21 120 pin, direct DTC-DVL I/F connect DTC CNJ03 **RDL** CNJ14 68 pin, FPC DTC-RDL I/F#2 DTC CNJ02 **RDL** CNJ13 68 pin, FPC DTC-RDL I/F#1 DTC CNP05 **PSU** CNP92 6 pin power DTC CNJ07 **IPM** CNP07 direct connect DTC-IPM I/F DTC CN<sub>6</sub> DTC-Seismic I/F (optional connection) DTC CNP04 RS232C 10 pin RS-232 I/F

Table 8-1. M2488 Interconnects

CNJ07

CNP62

direct connect

8 pin

4 pin

DVL

**SCSI** 

Fan Assembly

Machine Reel Sensor

CNP07

IN/OUT

CNP29

CNP41

**Table 8-1. M2488 Interconnects (Continued)** 

| FROM         | [      | то                    |        | CABLE/<br>CONNECTOR<br>TYPE | DESCRIPTION                     |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| DVL          | CNP42  | File Reel Sensor      |        | 4 pin                       |                                 |
| DVL          | CNJ43  | Threader Sensor       |        | 7 pin FPC                   |                                 |
| DVL          | CNJ44  | Loader Sensor 1 and 2 |        | 12 pin FPC                  |                                 |
| DVL          | CNP21  | DTC                   | CNJ21  | 120 pin, direct connect     |                                 |
| DVL          | CNP22  | RDL                   | CNJ15  | 20 pin FPC                  |                                 |
| DVL          | CNP23  | WTL                   | CNJ31  | 30 pin x2 FPC               |                                 |
| DVL          | CNP28  | ACL/FACL              |        | 34 pin                      | optional medium changer connect |
| DVL          | CNP27  | not used              |        | 8 pin                       |                                 |
| DVL          | CNP24  | OP                    | CNP41  | 10 pin                      |                                 |
| DVL          | CNJ51  | SVL                   | CNP51  | 48 pin, direct connect      |                                 |
| OP           | CNP41  | DVL                   | CNP24  | 10 pin                      |                                 |
| Fan Assembly | CNP62  | DVL                   | CNP29  | 8 pin                       |                                 |
| SVL          | CNP52  | File Reel Motor       |        | 8 pin                       |                                 |
| SVL          | CNP53  | Machine Reel Motor    |        | 8 pin                       |                                 |
| SVL          | CNP54  | Loader Motor          | CNJ61  | 2 pin                       |                                 |
| SVL          | CNP55  | Threader Motor        |        | 2 pin                       |                                 |
| SVL          | CNP51  | DVL                   | CNJ51  | 48 pin                      |                                 |
| SVL          | CNP50  | PSU                   | CNP91  | 12 pin                      |                                 |
| Loader Motor | CNJ61  | SVL                   | CNP54  | 2 pin                       |                                 |
| PSU          | CNP94  | RDL                   | CNP16  | 5 pin                       |                                 |
| PSU          | CNP93  | WTL                   | CNP30  | 4 pin                       |                                 |
| PSU          | CNP92  | DTC                   | CNP05  | 6 pin                       |                                 |
| PSU          | CNP91  | PSU                   | CNP91  | 12 pin                      |                                 |
| PSU          |        | AC Input              |        |                             |                                 |
| RDL          | CNP16  | PSU                   | CNP94  | 5 pin                       |                                 |
| RDL          | CNJ13  | DTC                   | CNJ02  | 68 pin                      |                                 |
| RDL          | CNJ14  | DTC                   | CNJ03  | 68 pin                      |                                 |
| RDL          | CHK01  | not used              |        | 50 pin                      |                                 |
| RDL          | CNJ12A | Head                  | CNJ90A | 40 pin FPC                  |                                 |

Table 8-1. M2488 Interconnects (Continued)

| FROM |        | то   |        | CABLE/<br>CONNECTOR<br>TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------|------|--------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| RDL  | CNJ12B | Head | CNJ90B | 40 pin FPC                  |             |
| RDL  | CNJ15  | DVL  | CNJ22  | 20 pin FPC                  |             |
| WTL  | CNP30  | PSU  | CNP93  | 4 pin                       |             |
| WTL  | CNJ31  | DVL  | CNP23  | 30 pin x2 FPC               |             |
| WTL  | CNJ32A | Head | CNJ91A | 40 pin FPC                  |             |
| WTL  | CNJ32B | Head | CNJ91B | 40 pin FPC                  |             |
| Head | CNJ90A | RDL  | CNJ12A | 40 pin FPC                  |             |
| Head | CNJ90B | RDL  | CNJ12B | 40 pin FPC                  |             |
| Head | CNJ91A | WTL  | CNJ32A | 40 pin FPC                  |             |
| Head | CNJ91B | WTL  | CNJ32B | 40 pin FPC                  |             |

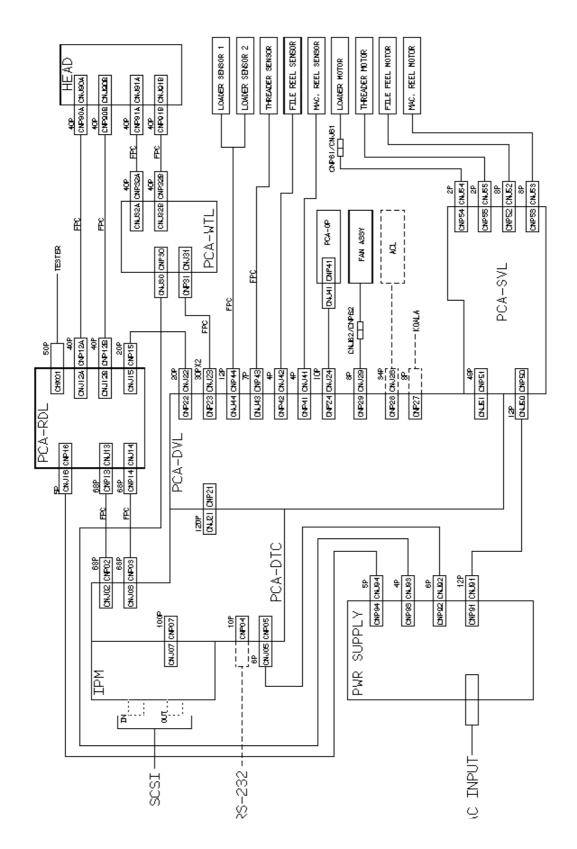


Figure 8-2. Interconnect Diagram

Table 8-2. FRUs Remove and Replace Procedures

| FRU                | TOOLS                                       | PARAGRAPH            |  |
|--------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Air Filter         | screwdriver                                 | 8-11.1 on page 8-43  |  |
| Fan Assembly       | #2 phillips screwdriver                     | 8-11.2 on page 8-44  |  |
| IPM (all types)    | #2 phillips screwdriver                     | 8-11.3 on page 8-45  |  |
| DTC PCBA           | #2 phillips screwdriver                     | 8-11.6 on page 8-48  |  |
| Threader Assembly  | #2 phillips screwdriver<br>9/32" nut driver | 8-11.7 on page 8-50  |  |
| Loader Assembly    | #2 phillips screwdriver<br>9/32" nut driver | 8-11.8 on page 8-51  |  |
| OP PCBA            | #2 phillips screwdriver                     | 8-11.9 on page 8-52  |  |
| Power Supply (PSU) | #2 phillips screwdriver                     | 8-11.10 on page 8-53 |  |
| SVL PCBA           | #2 phillips screwdriver                     | 8-11.11 on page 8-54 |  |
| RDL PCBA           | #2 phillips screwdriver                     | 8-11.12 on page 8-54 |  |
| WTL PCBA           | #2 phillips screwdriver                     | 8-11.13 on page 8-55 |  |

# 8-11.1 Air Filter Remove and Replace Procedures

Refer to Figure 8-3 for location of the air filter.

#### 8-11.1.1 Air Filter Removal

This procedure takes approximately five minutes to perform.

# STEP ACTION

- 1 Insert a screwdriver into the bottom left of the front panel under the air filter.
- 2 Push up with screwdriver, then remove air filter from top of front panel.

# 8-11.1.2 Air Filter Replacement

# STEP ACTION

1 Insert clean air filter though the top left of the front panel.

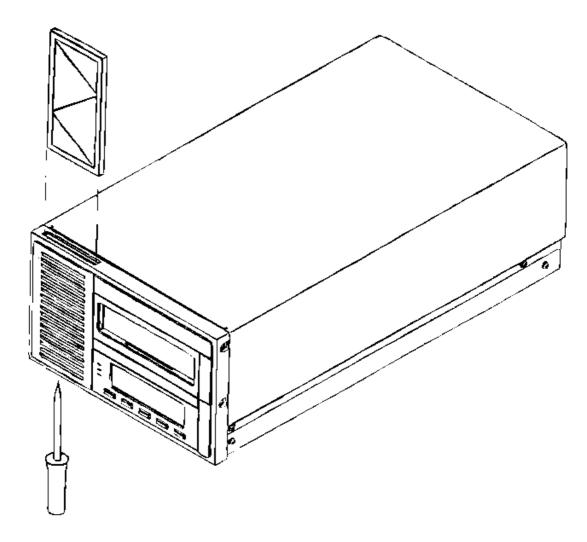


Figure 8-3. Air Filter Removal

# 8-11.2 Fan Assembly Remove and Replace Procedures

Refer to Figure 8-4 for location of the fan assembly.



Ensure that the power has been turned off and that the fan is no longer rotating prior to removing the fan assembly.

#### 8-11.2.1 Fan Assembly Removal

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Remove the two exterior screws from the fan cover.
- 2 Swing out the fan cover plate to the left.
- 3 Disconnect CNP62.
- 4 Remove the four screws from the fan assembly.
- 5 Remove the fans.

#### 8-11.2.2 Fan Assembly Replacement

- 1 Replace the fans.
- 2 Insert the four screws into fan corners.
- 3 Connect CNP62 to CNJ62.
- 4 Close the fan cover.
- 5 Insert the two fan cover screws and tighten.

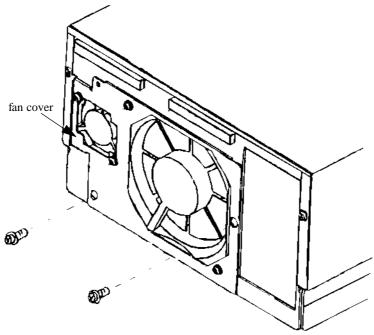


Figure 8-4. Fan Assembly

# 8-11.3 IPM Remove and Replace Procedures

Refer to Figure 8-5 for location of the PCA-IPM.

# **8-11.3.1 IPM Removal**

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Disconnect cables and, if applicable, terminator from the two connectors on the IPM.
- 2 Remove the two screws from the IPM.
- 3 Pull out the IPM.

# 8-11.3.2 IPM Replacement

- 1 Insert the IPM into the rear of the drive.
- 2 Tighten two screws on the IPM.
- 3 Connect cables and, if applicable, terminator to the connectors.

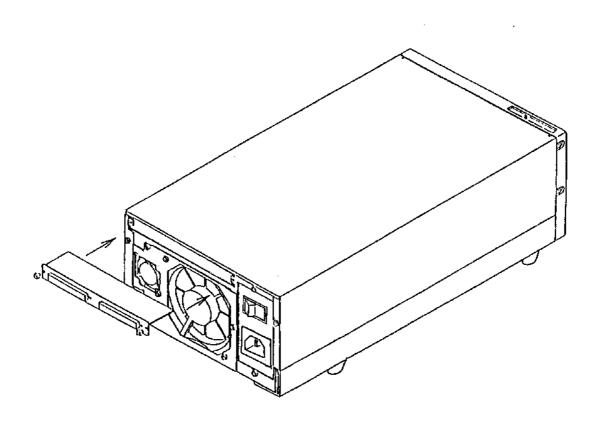


Figure 8-5. IPM

# 8-11.4 Top Cover Remove and Replace Procedures

Refer to Figure 8-6 for location of the top cover. Remove the IPM, if installed, prior to removing the top cover.

# 8-11.4.1 Top Cover Removal

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Remove four screws from foot rails, if attached, and remove.
- 2 Remove six screws from sides and back of top cover.
- 3 Lift off top cover.

# 8-11.4.2 Top Cover Replacement

- 1 Replace top cover on drive.
- 2 Screw in the six screws on the cover's sides and back.
- 3 Attach foot rails with the four screws.

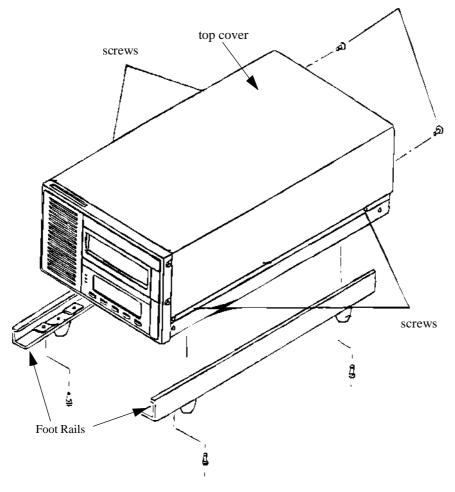


Figure 8-6. Top Cover

# 8-11.5 Bottom Cover Remove and Replace Procedures

Refer to Figure 8-7 for location of the bottom cover.

# 8-11.5.1 Bottom Cover Removal

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Lay drive on its top cover.
- 2 Remove four screws from foot rails, if attached, and remove.
- 3 Remove four screws from bottom cover.
- 4 Lift off cover.

#### 8-11.5.2 Bottom Cover Replacement

- 1 Replace bottom cover on drive.
- 2 Screw in the four screws on the cover.
- 3 Attach foot rails with the four screws.

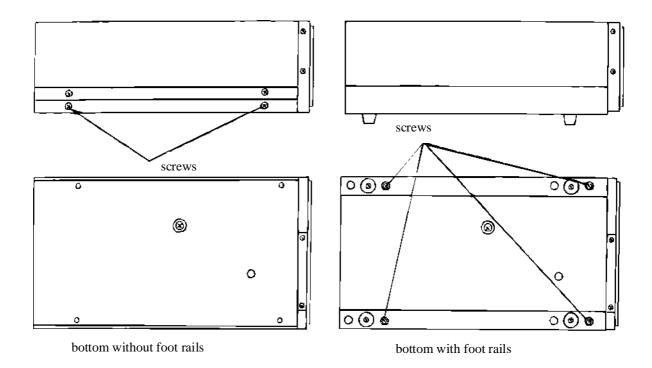


Figure 8-7. Bottom Cover

#### 8-11.6 DTC PCBA Remove and Replace Procedures

Refer to Figure 8-8 for location of the DTC PCBA.



Do not exchange the lithium battery on the DTC PCBA.

#### 8-11.6.1 DTC PCBA Removal

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Remove the IPM as described in paragraph 8-11.3.1 on page 8-45.
- 2 Remove the top cover as described in paragraph 8-11.4.1 on page 8-46.
- 3 Remove the five screws from the controller.
- 4 Disconnect the connectors CNP05, CNJ02, and CNJ03 on the DTC PCBA. CNJ02 and CNJ03 are on the underside of the board.
- 5 Remove the DTC board.

# 8-11.6.2 DTC PCBA Replacement

- 1 Place the DTC PCBA component side down on the drive.
- 2 Connect the connectors CNP05, CNJ02, and CNJ03 on the DTC PCBA. CNJ02 and CNJ03 are on the underside of the board and should be gently pushed onto the mating plugs.
- Place the five screws into the board, aligning the board with all screw holes. Tighten the five screws into the board. Be careful not to bow the board while tightening the screws.
- 4 Replace top cover as described in paragraph 8-11.4.2 on page 8-46.
- 5 Replace the IPM as described in paragraph 8-11.3.2 on page 8-45.

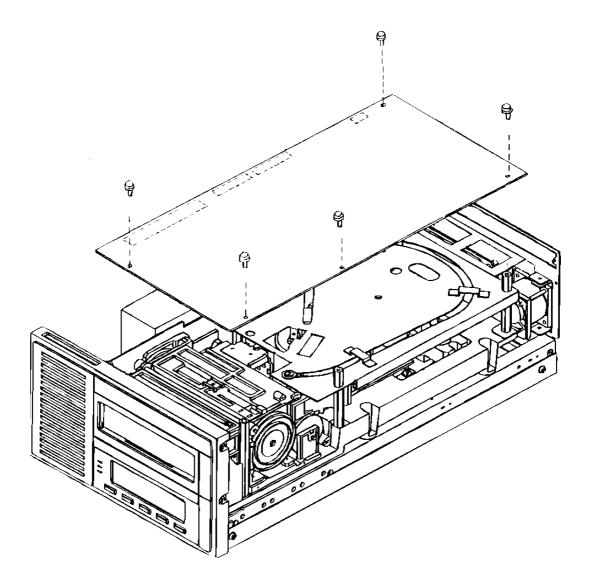


Figure 8-8. DTC PCBA

# 8-11.7 Threader Assembly Remove and Replace Procedures

Refer to Figure 8-9 for location of the Threader Assembly.

# 8-11.7.1 Threader Assembly Removal

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Perform the DTC PCBA removal procedure in paragraph 8-11.6.1 on page 8-48.
- 2 Disconnect ribbon cable CNP43 from the PCBA DVL CNJ43. Lift up on connector top to remove.
- 3 Remove one stud and three screws from the Threader Assembly.
- 4 Lift up on Threader Assembly to remove.

#### 8-11.7.2 Threader Assembly Replacement

- 1 Position the Threader Assembly.
- 2 Replace one stud and three screws on the Threader Assembly.
- 3 Connect connector CNP43 to the PCBA DVL CNJ43. Push down on connector top to hold ribbon cable in place.
- 4 Perform the DTC PCBA replacement procedure in paragraph 8-11.6.2 on page 8-48.

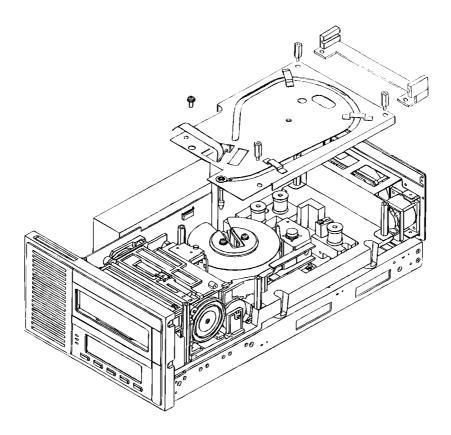


Figure 8-9. Threader Assembly

# 8-11.8 Loader Assembly Remove and Replace Procedures

Refer to Figure 8-10 for location of the Loader Assembly.

# 8-11.8.1 Loader Assembly Removal

### STEP ACTION

- 1 Perform the Threader Assembly removal procedure in paragraph 8-11.7.1 on page 8-50.
- 2 Disconnect ribbon cable CNP44 from the PCBA DVL CNJ44.
- Remove one stud and three screws from the Loader Assembly.
- 4 Slowly lift up on Loader Assembly to remove.
- 5 Disconnect motor cable CNJ61.

# 8-11.8.2 Loader Assembly Replacement

- 1 Connect motor cable CNJ61 to connector in casting panel.
- 2 Insert the Loader Assembly into position. Secure with one stud and three screws.
- 3 Connect ribbon cable CNP44 to the PCBA DVL CNJ44. Push down on the top of the connector to secure the connection.
- 4 Perform the Threader Assembly replacement procedure in paragraph 8-11.7.2 on page 8-50.

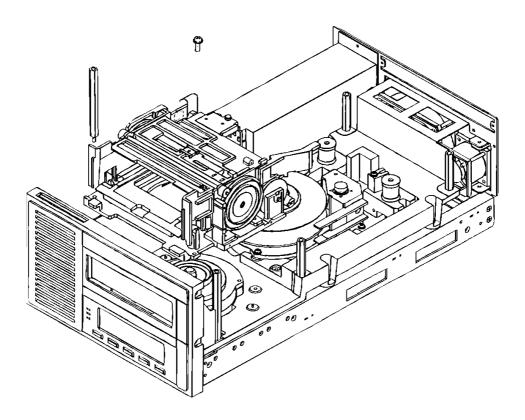


Figure 8-10. Loader Assembly

# 8-11.9 OP PCA Remove and Replace Procedures

Refer to Figure 8-11 for location of the OP PCBA.

### 8-11.9.1 OP PCA Removal

### STEP ACTION

- 1 Remove the four screws from the sides of the front panel.
- 2 Pull front panel forward and disconnect connector CNJ41.
- 3 Remove two screws from front panel.
- 4 Remove retaining plate and screw plate.
- 5 Remove two screws securing the OP PCA and remove the OP.
- 6 Remove the five switch buttons from the OP PCA.

### 8-11.9.2 OP PCA Replacement

- 1 Insert the five switch buttons into the OP PCA.
- 2 Secure the OP PCA to the front panel with two screws.
- 3 Insert screw plate and retaining plate.
- 4 Insert two screws into bottom of front panel.
- 5 Connect CNJ41. Push front panel onto drive.
- 6 Insert four side screws to secure front panel to drive.

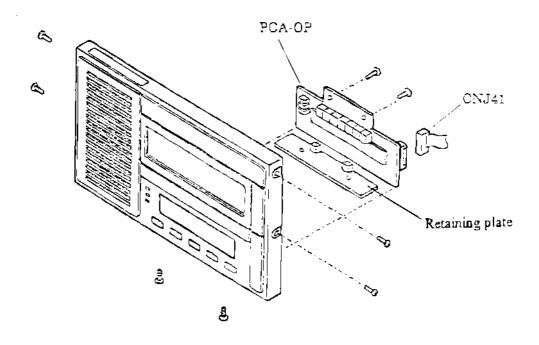


Figure 8-11. OP PCBA

# 8-11.10 Power Supply (PSU) Remove and Replace Procedures.

Refer to Figure 8-12 for location of the PSU.

# 8-11.10.1 Power Supply Removal

### STEP ACTION

- 1 Perform the DTC PCBA removal procedure in paragraph 8-11.6.1 on page 8-48.
- 2 Remove the three screws securing the power supply.
- 3 Disconnect connectors CNP91, CNP92, CNP93, and CNP94.
- 4 Lift out power supply to remove.

### 8-11.10.2 Power Supply Replacement

- 1 Insert power supply into the tape drive.
- 2 Use the three screws to secure power supply.
- 3 Connect connectors CNP91, CNP92, CNP93, and CNP94.
- 4 Perform the DTC PCBA replacement procedure in paragraph 8-11.6.2 on page 8-48.

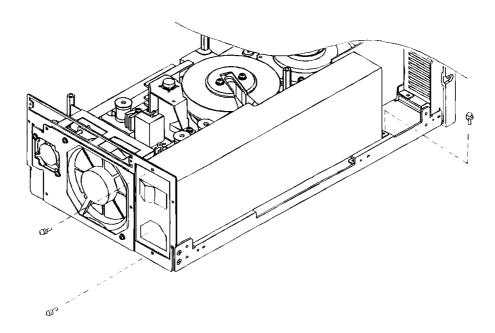


Figure 8-12. PSU

#### 8-11.11 SVL PCBA Remove and Replace Procedures

#### 8-11.11.1 SVL PCBA Removal

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Perform the top cover removal procedure in paragraph 8-11.4.1 on page 8-46.
- 2 Perform the bottom cover removal procedure in paragraph 8-11.5.1 on page 8-47.
- 3 Remove the four screws securing the SVL.
- 4 Lift up the SVL and disconnect connectors CNP50, CNP52, CNP53, CNP54, and CNP55.
- 5 Remove the SVL PCBA.

#### 8-11.11.2 SVL PCBA Replacement

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Insert the SVL PCBA into the bottom of the drive.
- 2 Align connectors CNP50, CNP52, CNP53, CNP54, and CNP55, then gently press on each connector to mate.
- 3 Align screws holes, then insert four screws and tighten.
- 4 Perform the bottom cover replacement procedure in paragraph 8-11.5.2 on page 8-47.
- 5 Perform the top cover replacement procedure in paragraph 8-11.4.2 on page 8-46.

#### 8-11.12 RDL PCBA Remove and Replace Procedures

### 8-11.12.1 RDL PCBA Removal

#### STEP ACTION

- 1 Perform the top cover removal procedure in paragraph 8-11.4.1 on page 8-46.
- 2 Perform the bottom cover removal procedure in paragraph 8-11.5.1 on page 8-47.
- 3 Remove the four screws securing the RDL.
- 4 Lift up the RDL and disconnect connectors CNP12, CNP13, CNP14, CNP15, and CNP16.
- 5 Remove the RDL PCBA.

### 8-11.12.2 RDL PCBA Replacement

- 1 Insert the RDL PCBA into the bottom of the drive.
- 2 Align connectors CNP12, CNP13, CNP14, CNP15, and CNP16, then gently press on each connector to mate.
- 3 Align screws holes, then insert four screws and tighten.
- 4 Perform the bottom cover replacement procedure in paragraph 8-11.5.2 on page 8-47.
- 5 Perform the top cover replacement procedure in paragraph 8-11.4.2 on page 8-46.

# 8-11.13 WTL PCBA Remove and Replace Procedures

Refer to Figure 8-13 for location of the WTL PCBA.

# 8-11.13.1 WTL PCBA Removal

### STEP ACTION

- 1 Perform the RDL PCBA removal procedure in paragraph 8-11.12.1 on page 8-54.
- 2 Remove the three screws securing the WTL.
- 3 Disconnect connectors CNJ30 and CNJ31.
- 4 Remove the WTL PCBA.

### 8-11.13.2 WTL PCBA Replacement

- 1 Insert the WTL PCBA into the bottom of the drive.
- 2 Connect connectors CNJ30 and CNJ31.
- 3 Align screws holes, then insert three screws and tighten.
- 4 Perform the RDL PCBA replacement procedure in paragraph 8-11.12.2 on page 8-54.

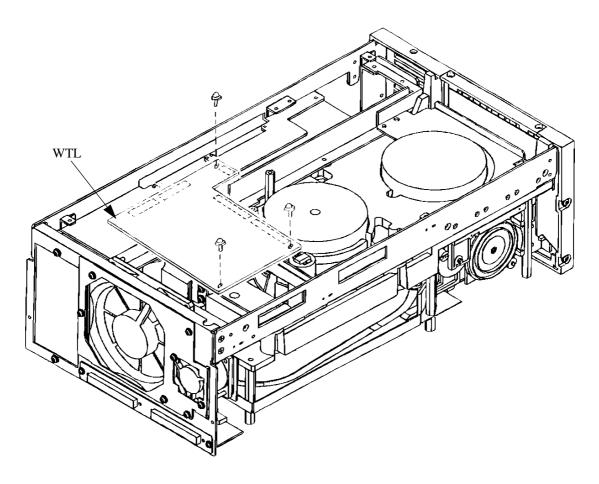


Figure 8-13. WTL PCBA

# **CHAPTER 9**

# PARTS REPLACEMENT CATALOG

# 9-1 INTRODUCTION

This chapter provides parts information on the M2488 Cartridge Tape Drive field replaceable units as described in the following paragraphs:

9-2 FIELD REPLACEABLE UNITS

# 9-2 FIELD REPLACEABLE UNITS

Table 9-1 describes the Field Replaceable Units (FRUs) for the M2488 Cartridge Tape Drive. For location of the FRUs, refer to the drawing figure(s) and index listed in the table.

**Table 9-1. Field Replaceable Units** 

| FIGURE<br>& INDEX | NAME              | PART NUMBER  | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|---|
| 9-1, 5            | Air Filter        | B90L-1155-0021A  | Air Filter  |
| 9-2, 4            | Fan Assembly      | CA01311-D016   | Fan Assembly  |
| Not Shown         | AC Fuse           |  | 120 ACV, 15 Watts   |
| 9-1, 2<br>9-4     | PCA - IPM         | CA20312-B45X<br>CA20312-B46X<br>CA20312-B47X<br>CA20312-B48X | Fast/Wide Single-ended SCSI Fast/Wide Differential SCSI Narrow Single-ended SCSI Narrow Differential SCSI |
| 9-1, 4            | Loader Assembly   | CA01311-F200   | Loader Assembly   |
| 9-1, 1<br>9-3     | PCBA - DTC        | CA20312-B44X   | Controller Printed Circuit Board Assembly   |
| 9-2, 3            | PCBA - OP         | B17B-1540-0140A  | Control Panel Printed Circuit Board Assembly  |
| 9-2, 2<br>9-6     | PCBA -SVL         | CA20116-B81X   | Servo Printed Circuit Board Assembly  |
| 9-2, 1<br>9-5     | PCBA - RDL        | CA20116-B79X   | Read Circuit Printed Circuit Board Assembly   |
| 9-2, 5<br>9-7     | PCBA -WTL         | CA20116-B82X   | Write Circuit Printed Circuit Board Assembly  |
| 9-1, 6            | Power Supply Unit | CA01311-D901   | Power Supply  |
| 9-1, 3            | Threader Assembly | CA01311-F300   | Threader Assembly   |

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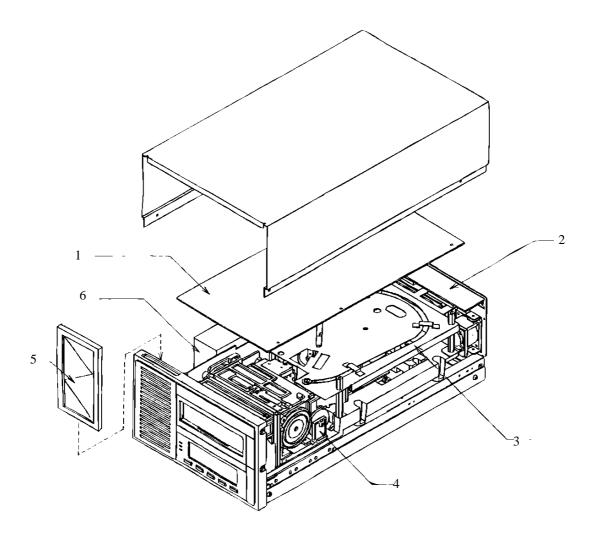


Figure 9-1. M2488 Tape Drive FRUs (Top Side)

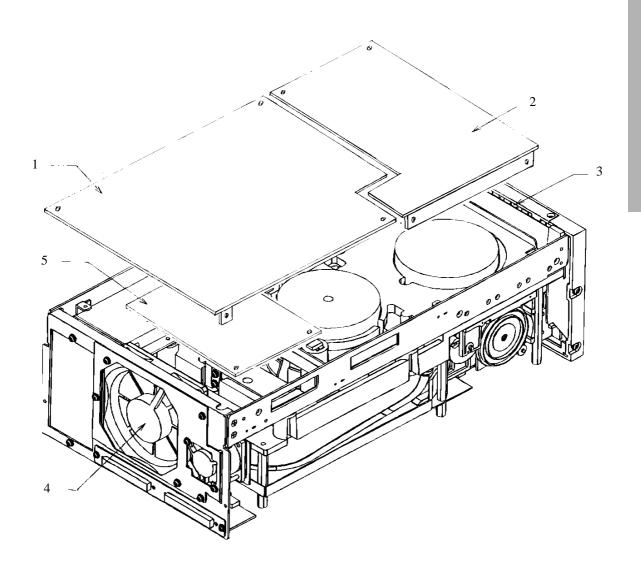


Figure 9-2. M2488 Tape Drive FRUs (Bottom Side)

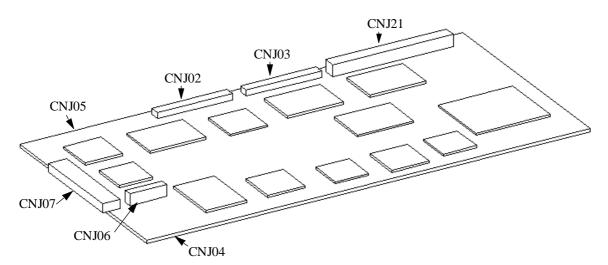


Figure 9-3. DTC PCBA

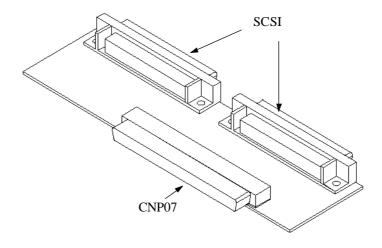


Figure 9-4. IPM PCBA

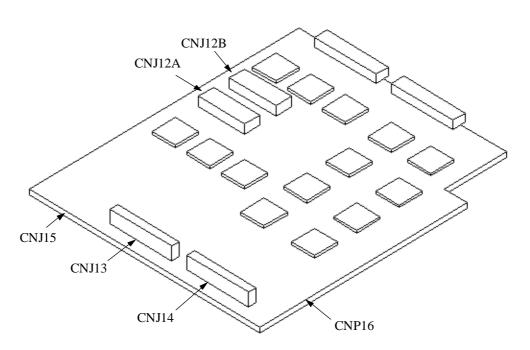


Figure 9-5. RDL PCBA

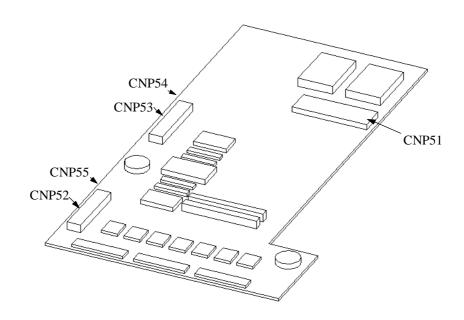


Figure 9-6. SVL PCBA

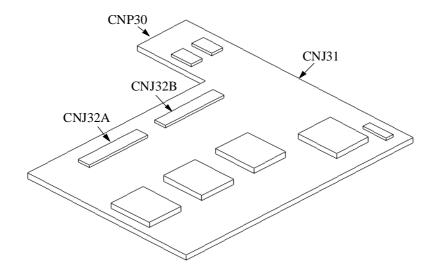


Figure 9-7. WTL PCBA

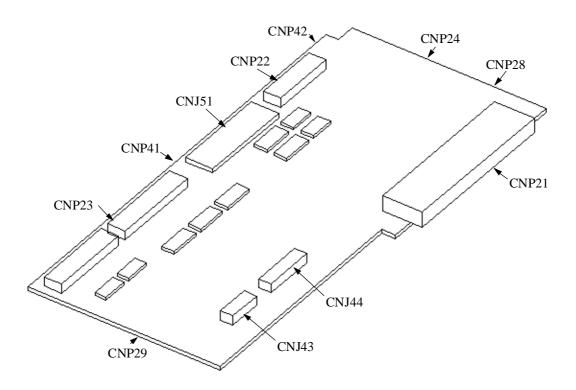


Figure 9-8. DVL PCBA (Reference Only)

M2488 PRODUCT GUIDE SENSE KEYS

# **APPENDIX A**

# **SENSE KEYS**

The Sense Keys are described in Table A-1. These are the sense keys returned in byte 2, bits 0-3 of the error code sense formats described in paragraph 8-3.1 on page 8-4.

Table A-1. Sense Key Descriptions

| SENSE KEY | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----------|---|
| Oh        | NO SENSE. Indicates there is no specific sense key information to be reported for the designated logical unit. This sense key indicates a successful command or a command that received a CHECK CONDITION status because a filemark, EOM, or ILI bits is set.   |
| 1h        | RECOVERED ERROR. Indicates the last command completed successfully with some recovery action performed by the target. Details are obtained by examining the additional sense bytes and the information bytes.   |
| 2h        | NOT READY. Indicates the logical unit addressed cannot be accessed. Operator intervention may be required to correct this condition.  |
| 3h        | MEDIUM ERROR. Indicates the command terminated with a nonrecoverable error condition that was probably caused by a flaw in the medium or an error in the recorded data. This sense key may also be returned if the target is unable to distinguish between a flaw in the medium and a specific hardware failure.                          |
| 4h        | HARDWARE ERROR. Indicates the target detected a nonrecoverable hardware failure (for example, controller failure, device failure, parity error, etc.) while performing the command or during a self test.   |
| 5h        | ILLEGAL REQUEST. Indicates there was an illegal parameter in the command descriptor block or in the additional parameters supplied as data for some commands (FORMAT UNIT, SEARCH DATA, etc.). If the target detects an invalid parameter in the command descriptor block, the target terminates the command without altering the medium. |
| 6h        | UNIT ATTENTION. Indicates the removable medium may have been changed or the target has been reset.  |
| 7h        | DATA PROTECT. Indicates a command that writes the medium was attempted on a device that is protected from this operation. The write operation is not performed.   |
| 8h        | BLANK CHECK. Indicates the device encountered blank medium indication while reading.  |
| Ah        | COPY ABORTED. Indicates a COPY command was aborted due to an error condition on the source device, the destination device, or both.   |
| Bh        | ABORTED COMMAND. Indicates the target aborted the command. The initiator may be able to recover by trying the command again.  |
| Dh        | VOLUME OVERFLOW. Indicates EOM was reached and data remains in the buffer that has not been written to the medium. A RECOVER BUFFERED DATA command(s) may be issued to read the unwritten data from the buffer.   |

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M2488 PRODUCT GUIDE ASC/ASCQ

# **APPENDIX B**

# **ASC/ASCQ**

The Additional Sense Code (ASC) and the Additional Sense Code Qualifier (ASCQ) are described in Table B-1 by Sense Key and in Table B-3 by ASC/ASCQ. These are the ASC and ASCQs returned in bytes 12 and 13 of the error code sense formats described in paragraph 8-3.1 on page 8-4. The sense keys, which are mapped to the ASC/ASCQs, are described in Appendix A. The Advised Action column indicates action codes which are described in Table B-2.

Table B-1. ASC and ASCQ Description (by Sense Key)

| SENSE<br>KEY | ASC/ASCQ |    | DESCRIPTION  |     |
|--------------|----------|----|--|-----|
| 0            | 00       | 00 | No additional sense available  | 7   |
|              | 00       | 01 | Filemark detected  | 7   |
|              | 00       | 02 | End-of-Medium detected   | 7   |
|              | 00       | 04 | Beginning-of-Medium detected   | 7   |
|              | A0       | xx | Internal Software Error: Unsupported ERPA code xx encountered by error processing software. Report ERPA code to Product Support Engineer.  | 9   |
| 1            | 00       | 17 | Clean Requested. NOTE: This ASC/ASCQ can only be generated when feature mode FT5, bit 5 (0x20) is set to one as described in the configuration settings in the M2488 User's Guide.                         | 3   |
|              | 0C       | 00 | Recovered write error  | 3   |
|              | 17       | 01 | Recovered read data with retries   | 3   |
|              | 44       | 00 | Recovered internal hardware error  | 3   |
|              | 5B       | 02 | Log counter at maximum   | 6,3 |
|              | A0       | xx | Internal Software Error: Unsupported ERPA code xx encountered by error processing software. Report ERPA code to Product Support Engineer.  | 9   |
| 2            | 04       | 00 | Logical unit not ready, cause not reportable   | 5,4 |
|              | 04       | 01 | Not ready, in process of becoming ready. NOTE: This ASC/ASCQ can only be generated when feature mode FT4, bit 5 (0x20) is set to one as described in the configuration settings in the M2488 User's Guide. | 4   |
|              | 04       | 03 | Load assistance required   | 5   |
|              | 3A       | 00 | Not ready, medium not present. NOTE: This ASC/ASCQ can only be generated when feature mode FT5, bit 4 (0x10) is set to one as described in the configuration settings in the M2488 User's Guide.           | 5   |
|              | 53       | 00 | Unload failure   | 5   |
|              | 53       | 01 | Unload failure   | 5   |
| 3            | 00       | 00 | No additional information  | 7   |
|              | 00       | 02 | End-of-Medium detected   | 1   |
|              | 04       | 00 | Manual unload and buffered write data exists   | 5,2 |
|              | 04       | 03 | Load assistance required and buffered write data exists  | 5,2 |
|              | 0C       | 00 | Write error  | 2   |
|              | 11       | 00 | Unrecovered read error   | 2   |
|              | 14       | 04 | Block sequence error   | 2   |
|              | 30       | 00 | Incompatible medium installed - attempting 36-track writes over 18-track data away from BOT  | 1   |
|              | 30       | 02 | Incompatible format  | 1   |
|              | 33       | 00 | Tape length error  | 1   |
|              | 53       | 00 | Load failure occurred and buffered write data exists   | 5,2 |
|              | 53       | 01 | Manual unload failure occurred and buffered write data exists  | 5,2 |

Table B-1. ASC and ASCQ Description (by Sense Key) (Continued)

| SENSE<br>KEY |    |    | DESCRIPTION   |     |
|--------------|----|----|---|-----|
| 4            | 44 | 00 | Hardware error  | 1   |
| 5            | 1A | 00 | Parameter list length error   | 1   |
|              | 20 | 00 | Invalid command operation code  | 1   |
|              | 21 | 01 | Invalid medium changer element address  | 1   |
|              | 24 | 00 | Invalid field in CDB  | 1   |
|              | 25 | 00 | Logical unit not supported  | 1   |
|              | 26 | 00 | Invalid field in parameter list   | 1   |
|              | 30 | 02 | Incompatible format   | 8   |
|              | 3B | 0D | Destination medium changer element full   | 1   |
|              | 3B | 0E | No cartridge or magazine at specified medium changer source element position          | 1   |
|              | 3B | 8F | First destination medium changer element empty  | 1   |
|              | 3B | 90 | Second destination medium changer element full  | 1   |
|              | 3B | 91 | Second destination medium changer element empty                                       | 1   |
|              | 3B | 92 | Medium changer transport element full   | 1   |
|              | 3B | 93 | Medium changer element is not accessible  | 1   |
|              | 3B | 94 | Drive is full, operation cannot be performed  | 1   |
|              | 3D | 00 | Invalid bits in IDENTIFY message  | 1   |
| 6            | 28 | 00 | Not ready to ready transition (Priority 2)  | 7   |
|              | 29 | 00 | Power on, reset, or BUS DEVICE RESET occurred (Priority 1)                            | 7   |
|              | 2A | 01 | Mode parameters changed (Priority 5)  | 7   |
|              | 33 | 00 | Tape length error (Priority 3)  | 7   |
|              | 3F | 01 | Microcode has been changed (Priority 4)   | 7   |
| 7            | 27 | 00 | Write protected   | 5,4 |
| 8            | 00 | 05 | Tape void   | 1   |
|              | 30 | 01 | Cannot read medium - unknown format   | 1   |
| В            | 43 | 00 | Message reject error  | 1   |
|              | 44 | 00 | Internal target failure   | 4   |
|              | 45 | 00 | No initiator response to reselection  | 1   |
|              | 47 | 00 | SCSI parity error   | 1   |
|              | 48 | 00 | Active SCSI command aborted due to an Initiator detected error message being received | 1   |
|              | 49 | 00 | Invalid message error   | 1   |
|              | 4B | 00 | SPC transfer offset error or transfer period error                                    | 4   |
|              | 4E | 00 | Overlapped commands attempted   | 1   |
| D            | 00 | 02 | End-of-Medium detected  | 1   |

Table B-2. Action Advised Codes

| ADVISED<br>ACTION CODE | DESCRIPTION                                   |
|------------------------|---|
| 1                      | Treat the error as a permanent error.         |
| 2                      | Execute Dynamic Device Reconfiguration (DDR). |
| 3                      | Continue processing.                          |

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Table B-2. Action Advised Codes (Continued)

| ADVISED<br>ACTION CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------------------------|---|
| 4                      | Reissue the same command.   |
| 5                      | Request manual assistance.  |
| 6                      | Issue log sense commands to read counter pages. Refer to Chapter 4 for information on the log sense commands.   |
| 7                      | The Host operating system must analyze the condition to see if it is acceptable for the processing currently being performed. If acceptable, additional action is required prior to continuing processing, e.g.; cause a new tape to be mounted for multi-volume operation. |
| 8                      | In the event of a READ REVERSE command, issue a READ command to read forward, then issue a SPACE command to space back one block. Otherwise treat as a permanent error.   |
| 9                      | Report all 44 bytes of SCSI sense data to the Product Support Engineer.   |

Table B-3. ASC and ASCQ Description (by ASC/ASCQ)

| ASC/ASCQ |    | SENSE<br>KEY | DESCRIPTION  |
|----------|----|--------------|--|
| 00       | 00 | 0            | No additional sense available  |
|          |    | 3            | No additional information  |
| 00       | 01 | 0            | Filemark detected  |
| 00       | 17 | 1            | Clean Requested. NOTE: This ASC/ASCQ can only be generated when feature mode FT5, bit 5 (0x20) is set to one as described in the configuration settings in the M2488 User's Guide.                         |
| 00       | 02 | 0            | End-of-Medium detected   |
|          | 1  | 3            | End-of-Medium detected   |
|          |    | D            | End-of-Medium detected   |
| 00       | 04 | 0            | Beginning-of-Medium detected   |
| 00       | 05 | 8            | Tape void  |
| 04       | 00 | 2            | Logical unit not ready, cause not reportable   |
|          | 1  | 3            | Manual unload and buffered write data exists   |
| 04       | 01 | 2            | Not ready, in process of becoming ready. NOTE: This ASC/ASCQ can only be generated when feature mode FT4, bit 5 (0x20) is set to one as described in the configuration settings in the M2488 User's Guide. |
| 04       | 03 | 2            | Load assistance required   |
|          |    | 3            | Load assistance required and buffered write data exists  |
| 0C       | 00 | 1            | Recovered write error  |
|          |    | 3            | Write error  |
| 11       | 00 | 3            | Unrecovered read error   |
| 14       | 04 | 3            | Block sequence error   |
| 17       | 01 | 1            | Recovered read data with retries   |
| 1A       | 00 | 5            | Parameter list length error  |
| 20       | 00 | 5            | Invalid command operation code   |
| 21       | 01 | 5            | Invalid medium changer element address   |
| 24       | 00 | 5            | Invalid field in CDB   |
| 25       | 00 | 5            | Logical unit not supported   |
| 26       | 00 | 5            | Invalid field in parameter list  |
| 27       | 00 | 7            | Write protected  |

Table B-3. ASC and ASCQ Description (by ASC/ASCQ) (Continued)

| ASC/ | ASCQ | SENSE<br>KEY              | DESCRIPTION  |  |
|------|------|---------------------------|--|--|
| 28   | 00   | 6                         | Not ready to ready transition (Priority 2)   |  |
| 29   | 00   | 6                         | Power on, reset, or BUS DEVICE RESET occurred (Priority 1)   |  |
| 2A   | 01   | 6                         | Mode parameters changed (Priority 5)   |  |
| 30   | 00   | 3                         | Incompatible medium installed - attempting 36-track writes over 18-track data away from BOT  |  |
| 30   | 01   | 8                         | Cannot read medium - unknown format  |  |
| 30   | 02   | 3                         | Incompatible format  |  |
|      |      | 5                         | Incompatible format  |  |
| 33   | 00   | 3                         | Tape length error  |  |
|      | ,    | 6                         | Tape length error (Priority 3)   |  |
| 3A   | 00   | 2                         | Not ready, medium not present. NOTE: This ASC/ASCQ can only be generated when feature mode FT5, bit 4 (0x10) is set to one as described in the configuration settings in the M2488 User's Guide. |  |
| 3B   | 0D   | 5                         | Destination medium changer element full  |  |
| 3B   | 0E   | 5                         | No cartridge or magazine at specified medium changer source element position   |  |
| 3B   | 8F   | 5                         | First destination medium changer element empty   |  |
| 3B   | 90   | 5                         | Second destination medium changer element full   |  |
| 3B   | 91   | 5                         | Second destination medium changer element empty  |  |
| 3B   | 92   | 5                         | Medium changer transport element full  |  |
| 3B   | 93   | 5                         | Medium changer element is not accessible   |  |
| 3B   | 94   | 5                         | Drive is full, operation cannot be performed   |  |
| 3D   | 00   | 5                         | Invalid bits in IDENTIFY message   |  |
| 3F   | 01   | 6                         | Microcode has been changed (Priority 4)  |  |
| 43   | 00   | В                         | Message reject error   |  |
| 44   | 00   | 1                         | Recovered internal hardware error  |  |
|      |      | 4                         | Hardware error   |  |
|      |      | B Internal target failure |  |  |
| 45   | 00   | В                         | No initiator response to reselection   |  |
| 47   | 00   | В                         | SCSI parity error  |  |
| 48   | 00   | В                         | Active SCSI command aborted due to an Initiator detected error message being received  |  |
| 49   | 00   | В                         | Invalid message error  |  |
| 4B   | 00   | В                         | SPC transfer offset error or transfer period error   |  |
| 4E   | 00   | В                         | Overlapped commands attempted  |  |
| 53   | 00   | 2                         | Unload failure   |  |
|      |      | 3                         | Load failure occurred and buffered write data exists   |  |
| 53   | 01   | 2                         | Unload failure   |  |
|      |      | 3                         | Manual unload failure occurred and buffered write data exists  |  |
| 5B   | 02   | 1                         | Log counter at maximum   |  |
| A0   | xx   | 0                         | Internal Software Error: Unsupported ERPA code xx encountered by error processing software. Report ERPA code to Product Support Engineer.  |  |
|      | XX   | 1                         | Internal Software Error: Unsupported ERPA code xx encountered by error processing software. Report ERPA code to Product Support Engineer.  |  |

# **APPENDIX C**

# **ERPA CODES**

The ERPA codes are described in Table C-1. These are the ERPA codes returned in byte 19 of the error code sense formats or described in paragraph 8-3.1 on page 8-4.

Table C-1. ERPA Codes

| ERPA<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION                             | ERROR  |
|--------------|---|--|
| 22           | Path Equipment<br>Check                 | Drive adapter error occurred.  Could not recover from a buffer error on the lower interface.  Could not recover from an error detected during a cartridge index/load cycle on the Automatic Cartridge Loader. The cartridge is manually retrievable by the operator.   |
| 23           | Read Data Check                         | A permanent read error has occurred.   |
| 24           | Display Check                           | A Display command was received while a drive check message is displayed.   |
| 25           | Write Data Check                        | Buffered data could not be written on the tape successfully. ERP has tried to erase gaps and rewrites but could not complete the write operation.  A permanent error occurred when trying to write data, an IBG or a tape mark on the tape. All attempts to retry the operation have been completed, but unsuccessfully. |
| 26           | Attempt to read backward an EDRC packet | Host recovery should perform a read forward followed by a backspace block command.   |
| 27           | Command Reject                          | An undefined command op code has been issued. Control information is improper.   |
| 28           | Write ID Mark Check                     | The ID mark could not be written successfully at the BOT. Any data to be written to the drive is still in the buffer.  |
| 2A           | Buffered Log Data<br>Present            | The statistical counters have overflowed and a Request log command should be issued  |
| 2C           | Permanent Equip-<br>ment Check          | Either the control unit cannot recover because an error occurred in the subsystem hardware or microprogram, or the control unit recovery action was unsuccessful.  |
| 2D           | Data Security Erase<br>Command Failure  | The drive became not ready after the command was issued, or an error occurred while the command was processing.  |
| 2E           | Not Capable (BOT error)                 | Either a density mark could not be read correctly or the Block ID read by the control unit is invalid (Bit 0 or bits 8-11 are not zero).  If a density mark could not be read correctly, likely causes are:  1. a void occurred at BOT, or  2. a timeout occurred before the density separator was detected.             |
| 30           | File Protected                          | A write type operation was attempted on a tape cartridge that is file protected.   |
| 31           | Tape Void                               | No patterns or data were found on the tape during a read operation. The tape could be positioned after the last data block or tape mark that was written on the tape.  |
| 32           | Load Assistance                         | An error caused the drive to lose tape tension.  |
| 33           | Load/Unload Failure                     | The cartridge is not inserted or threaded correctly.   |
| 34           | Manual Unloaded                         | The drive cannot maintain tape tension and control tape movement during an unload operation.   |

Table C-1. ERPA Codes (Continued)

| ERPA<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION                         | ERROR  |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 35           | Drive Equipment<br>Check            | One of the following has occurred:  1. The control unit cannot recover from a drive-detected error.  2. A check code message is displayed on the drive message display.  3. The automatic cartridge loader does not respond across the interconnection to the tape drive.  4. A failure occurred during an index/load or unload cycle. The tape cartridge is not manually retrievable by the operator. |
| 36           | End-of-Data<br>Detected on Read     | An End-of-Data (EOD) mark was detected on the tape during a read operation.  |
| 37           | Tape Length Error                   | The tape length in the cartridge is too short. The error could occur when the leader block is replaced (the length of tape ahead of the BOT has been trimmed).   |
| 38           | Physical End of Tape                | A read or write operation was in process when the physical end-of-tape was reached. The drive does not pull the tape out of the cartridge.   |
| 39           | Backward at BOT                     | While the tape was moving backwards, the beginning of tape was reached.  |
| 3B           | Volume Removed by<br>Operator       | The Rewind Unload switch on the drive has been activated and the cartridge is unloaded.  |
| 41           | Block ID Sequence<br>Error          | The control unit detected an incorrect Block ID sequence.  |
| 43           | Intervention Required               | A CDB was issued to a drive that is not ready.   |
| 44           | Locate Block Unsuccessful           | The control unit cannot find the block preceding the desired block.  |
| 47           | Control Unit Error                  | The SCSI error processing microcode received an unrecognized ERPA code. Processing continues.  |
| 49           | Bus Out Parity                      | The bus out parity error was detected on the command or parameter transfer.  |
| 4A           | Control Unit ERP<br>Failed          | The control unit could not recover from a data handling failure.   |
| 4C           | Recovered Hardware<br>Error         | The control unit recovered from a hardware error.  |
| 5B           | Tape Extension Error                | An attempt was made to write 36-Track format data on 18-Track formatted medium.  |
| 5C           | Medium Changer<br>Command           | A Medium Changer command was given to a device that does not have the Medium Changer feature.  |
| 5D           | Tape Length Error                   | The tape length in the cartridge is too long.  |
| 5E           | Compaction Algorithm Incompatible   | An attempt was made to read an unsupported data compaction algorithm.  |
| 6F           | No Cartridge                        | No cartridge at selected location; or selected location not within the magazine size; or no magazine was present when an attempt was made to load a cartridge from the magazine.   |
| 77           | Reel Diameter<br>Greater than ECCST | Reel Diameter Greater than ECCST   |

# **APPENDIX D**

# **FAULT SYMPTOM CODES**

The Fault Symptom Codes (FSCs) are described in Table D-1 and Table D-2. Refer to Table 8-14 on page 8-15 for the FSCs listed in Table D-1. The FSCs listed in Table D-2 are the FSCs returned in bytes 22-27 of the Format 01h Sense Information described in paragraph 8-3.2 on page 8-9.

Table D-1. Error Recovery

| F.S.C # | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|--|
| 3C80    | Diagnostic Test Failure  |
| 3CA0    | SCSI DMA XFER poll timeout   |
| 3CA1    | SPC DMA data send (e.g. Read) parity error reported to SCSI manager  |
| 3CA2    | SPC DMA data receive (e.g. Write) parity error reported to SCSI manager                                    |
| 3CA3    | SPC manager reported to SCSI manager that an initiator detected error message was received on DMA transfer |
| 3CA4    | SPC manager reported to SCSI manager that a data xfer error occurred during DMA data transfer              |
| 3CA5    | SPC manager reported to SCSI manager that a REQ/ACK timeout occurred during DMA data transfer              |
| 3CA6    | SPC manager reported to SCSI manager that an SPC command timed-out during DMA data transfer                |
| 3CAE    | SPC manager reported to SCSI manager that an unknown SPC error occurred during DMA data transfer           |
| 3CAF    | SCSI manager encountered an unknown error occurred during DMA data transfer                                |
| 3CB0    | Write buffer copy to flash failed  |
| 3CB1    | NVRAM read failure   |
| 3CB2    | NVRAM write failure  |
| 3CB3    | NVRAM allocate failure   |
| 3CB4    | RM and SPC residual mismatch on read long  |
| 3CC0    | Sense built after retries done for IDE message   |
| 3CC1    | Initiator's message reject message didn't make sense   |
| 3CC2    | Initiator's message didn't make sense  |
| 3CC3    | Overlapped commands were attempted   |
| 3CC4    | REQ/ACK timed-out in MSGIN, retries failed   |
| 3CC5    | Parity error in MSGOUT, retries failed   |
| 3CC6    | REQ/ACK timed-out in MSGOUT, retries failed  |
| 3CC7    | REQ/ACK timed-out in CMD, retries failed   |
| 3CC8    | Parity error in CMD phase, retries failed  |
| 3CC9    | Parity error in DATA phase, retries failed   |

Table D-1. Error Recovery (Continued)

| F.S.C # | DESCRIPTION                                 |
|---------|---|
| 3CCA    | REQ/ACK error in DATA phase, retries failed |
| 3ССВ    | REQ/ACK timed-out in DATA, retries failed   |
| 3CE0    | Buffer error reported                       |
| 3CE1    | Compression error reported                  |
| 3CE2    | ADT timeout                                 |
| 3CE3    | Packet Processor error                      |
| 3CE4    | Packet expanded greater than maximum        |
| 3CE5    | Bid not found in packet group               |
| 3CE6    | Unable to read packet header                |
| 3CE7    | Unable to read block forward                |
| 3CE8    | Unable to rewrite packet header             |
| 3CF0    | ADT error                                   |
| 3CF1    | Buffer detected error                       |
| 3CF2    | Compression error                           |

**Table D-2. Formatter Error Recovery** 

| F.S.C. # | DESCRIPTION   | E.R.P.A. | BYTES<br>29-39<br>GROUP |
|----------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| 8004     | Unknown cause write trap  | 47       | 03                      |
| 8170     | Byte count not zero   | 47       | 03                      |
| 83xx     | Write FMT error reg (WER not zero), xx bit 0 - Don't care bit 1 - Customer data CRC error bit 2 - CRC write error bit 3 - DRC write error bit 4 - VRC write error bit 5 - Write formatter path error bit 6 - Write trigger VRC error bit 7 - Don't care | 22       | 03                      |
| 8400     | Can't reset RBE   | 25       | 01                      |
| 8420     | Can't detect RDEND  | 25       | 01                      |
| 8440     | Can't reset WER register  | 25       | 03                      |
| 8600     | Can't reset RDE, CRS or WES register  | 25       | 01                      |
| 8700     | PHOK time-out after DBOB (WRITE)  | 25       | 04                      |

Table D-2. Formatter Error Recovery (Continued)

| F.S.C. # | DESCRIPTION   | E.R.P.A. | BYTES<br>29-39<br>GROUP |
|----------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| 8710     | PHOK not reset after RDEND                              | 25       | 04                      |
| 8720     | Invalid TM, WRAP or ERS<br>RSVP reports unexpected mark | 25       | 04                      |
| 8730     | ERASE error recovery failure                            | 25       | 04                      |
| 8780     | PHOK time-out after DBOB                                | 23       | 01                      |
| 8810     | Block not found (error block)                           | 44       | 08                      |
| 8820     | Backward search Retry Count expired                     | 44       | 08                      |
| 8830     | Forward search Retry Count expired                      | 44       | 08                      |
| 8841     | Wrap signal lost on Read                                | 23       | 04                      |
| 8842     | No continuous found on Read wrap                        | 23       | 04                      |
| 8843     | Not enough total wrap mark detected on Read             | 23       | 04                      |
| 8900     | Can't reset timer carry signal                          | 25       | 03                      |
| 8910     | Can't reset WBEND                                       | 25       | 03                      |
| 8920     | Can't reset WCNE  | 25       | 03                      |
| 8940     | WBEND not on before prescribed time at WIDS             | 25       | 03                      |
| 8950     | WBEND time-out  | 25       | 03                      |
| 8A30     | Back into BOT   | 39       | 08                      |
| 8A40     | Invalid command   | 2E       | 08                      |
| 8E00     | End of Data Mark  | 36       | 04                      |
| 8E2F     | Slow or no GAP OUT acknowledge                          | 47       | 03                      |
| 8E30     | GAP OUT up before setting                               | 47       | 03                      |
| 8E31     | GAP OUT did not reset                                   | 47       | 03                      |
| 8E80     | Locate Parm error                                       | 44       | 08                      |
| 9000     | Slow begin  | 25       | 04                      |
| 9001     | Slow end before DPOST (WRITE)                           | 25       | 04                      |
| 9002     | Slow end before IBG                                     | 25       | 04                      |
| 9004     | Can't detect DBOB at IDS write                          | 25       | 04                      |
| 9005     | Can't detect DIBG at IDS write                          | 25       | 04                      |
| 9006     | 4 Meter Tones - Erase Gap tone dropout                  | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 9007     | 4 Meter Tones - IBG tone dropout                        | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 9008     | 4 Meter Tones - Tape Mark tone dropout                  | 23/25    | 04                      |

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**Table D-2. Formatter Error Recovery (Continued)** 

| F.S.C. # | DESCRIPTION   | E.R.P.A. | BYTES<br>29-39<br>GROUP |
|----------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| 9009     | 4 Meter Tones - 18 Track DID tone dropout                 | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 900A     | 4 Meter Tones - Too many total tone dropouts              | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 900B     | 4 Meter Tones - Too many continuous tone dropouts         | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 900C     | 4 Meter Tones - Continuous ERG tone not met               | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 900D     | 4 Meter Tones - Continuous IBG tone not met               | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 900E     | 4 Meter Tones - Continuous TM tone not met                | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 900F     | 4 Meter Tones - Continuous 18 Track DID tone not met      | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 9010     | 4 Meter Tones - Total not met on Wrap Mark                | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 9011     | 4 Meter Tones - Continues not met on Wrap Mark            | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 9012     | 4 Meter Tones - Continues not met on 36 Track DID         | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 9013     | 4 Meter Tones - Total not met on 36 Track DID             | 23/25    | 04                      |
| 9061     | Too many total drops on Read DID                          | 23       | 01                      |
| 9062     | Continuous not met on Read DID                            | 23       | 01                      |
| 9063     | Continuous not met on Read TM                             | 23       | 01                      |
| 9064     | DID too long on Read                                      | 23       | 01                      |
| 9180     | Hardware error on readback at end of IBG                  | 25       | 04                      |
| 9181     | DBOB off between HBOB and DPRE                            | 25       | 04                      |
| 9182     | DPRE time-out after PHOK on                               | 25       | 04                      |
| 9183     | DBOB off before DPOST is detected                         | 25       | 04                      |
| 9184     | RDEND on before DPOST is detected                         | 25       | 04                      |
| 9185     | RDEND time-out after DPOST is detected                    | 25       | 04                      |
| 9188     | Long IBG detected   | 25       | 04                      |
| 918A     | RECA dropped at DID write                                 | 28       | 04                      |
| 918B     | Can't set RECA at DID write                               | 28       | 04                      |
| 918C     | Dropout detected at IDS write                             | 28       | 04                      |
| 918D     | Dropout detected at IBG after IDS write                   | 25       | 04                      |
| 918E     | Misposition by servo, started too late into IBG           | 23       | 04                      |
| 918F     | Misposition by servo, started over previous block or mark | 23       | 04                      |
| 9190     | Can't detect regular DTM length                           | 25       | 04                      |
| 9191     | Can't detect regular length IBG after DTM                 | 25       | 04                      |

Table D-2. Formatter Error Recovery (Continued)

| F.S.C. # | DESCRIPTION   | E.R.P.A. | BYTES<br>29-39<br>GROUP |
|----------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| 9192     | Drop-out length over after DTM and IBG  | 25       | 04                      |
| 9194     | Can't detect regular DERS length  | 25       | 04                      |
| 9196     | BOB or DTM length over after DERS and IBG ???   | 25       | 04                      |
| 9198     | DBOB off after BOB detected   | 25       | 04                      |
| 919A     | Abnormal TM format (No continuous)  | 25       | 04                      |
| 919B     | Abnormal ERS format   | 25       | 04                      |
| 91B0     | Can't detect regular WRAP length  | 25       | 04                      |
| 91BA     | Write Wrap Marks failed   | 25       | 04                      |
| 92xx     | Detect SRCK after DPRE: xx = Bit 0 - Uncorrectable error Bit 1 - Multiple track error Bit 2 - Skew error Bit 3 - Drop out error Bit 4 - CRC error Bit 5 - Postamble error Bit 6 - Start read check Bit 7 - End of data check (Bit 0 = MSB, Bit 7 = LSB) | 25       | 01                      |
| 9400     | EFME and RSYE detected at RBE   | 25       | 01                      |
| 9500     | Can't start RSVP  | 47       | 04                      |
| 9600     | Can't detect (I-1) block at WR, WTM, and ERS  | 25       | 04                      |
| 9610     | Slow end after I-1 block  | 25       | 04                      |
| 9620     | BID Miscompare on write   | 25       | 07                      |
| 9630     | WRE and FWRE not equal at   | 25       | 01                      |
| 9802     | Tape Mark found on Space Block  | C0       | 08                      |
| 9803     | File Protected Tape   | 30       | 01                      |
| 9900     | Out of data block sequence  | 23       | 07                      |
| 9910     | RDEND time-out after DPOST is detected  | 23       | 04                      |
| 9921     | Invalid WRAP Mark   | 25       | 04                      |
| 9922     | WRAP Mark detected on 18 track tape   | 2E       | 04                      |
| 9930     | Not capable   | 2E       | 04                      |
| 9940     | IBG not detected  | 25       | 01                      |
| 9960     | IBG not detected  | 41       | 01                      |
| 9970     | Data block not found  | 44       | 08                      |

**Table D-2. Formatter Error Recovery (Continued)** 

| F.S.C. # | DESCRIPTION  | E.R.P.A. | BYTES<br>29-39<br>GROUP |
|----------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| 9Axx     | RDE is not equal to 0 at RD operation in which xx = Bit 0 - Uncorrectable error Bit 1 - Multiple track error Bit 2 - Skew error Bit 3 - Drop out error Bit 4 - CRC error Bit 5 - Postamble error Bit 6 - Start read check Bit 7 - End of data check (Bit 0 = MSB, Bit 7 = LSB) | 23       | 01                      |
| 9C00     | Detected RBE on READ   | 23       | 01                      |
| 9D00     | RSVP time-out waiting for block or mark  | 31       | 01                      |
| 9D05     | No IBG after good RDEND during readback  | 25       | 04                      |
| 9D10     | Time-out waiting for RSVP response   | 47       | 04                      |
| 9D11     | RSVP time-out during readback  | 25       | 04                      |
| 9E00     | DID detected while block read  | 23       | 04                      |
| 9E10     | BID Miscompare on read   | 41       | 07                      |
| BC1D     | Invalid command sent to RSVP   | 47       | 03                      |
| E003     | Read overflow detected in fdxs   | 47       | 03                      |
| E005     | fdxs errors  | 47       | 03                      |
| E006     | Formatter Packet Processor detected error at end of read transfer  | 23       | 02                      |
| E010     | End of Transfer not detected   | 47       | 03                      |
| E100     | Read sddp, fdxs err, crc, ovrn, par  | 47       | 03                      |
| ED00     | Read clear block on 36trk edrc tape  | 23       | 02                      |
| ED02     | Not a multiple of 32 bytes   | 2C       | 02                      |

# **APPENDIX E**

# **CHK XX ERROR CODES**

# E-1 CHK XX ERROR CODE DESCRIPTIONS

Table E-1 lists the error codes and a brief description of each one. Refer to Chapter 8 for a an explanation of this type of error message.

Table E-1. CHK xx Error Code Descriptions

| CHK XX<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION                                  |
|----------------|--|
| 00             | MICRO PROCESSOR ERROR                        |
| 01             | RAM ERROR                                    |
| 02             | REGISTER ERROR                               |
| 03             | TIMER ERROR                                  |
| 04             | INTERRUPT ERROR (WRONG IRQ TO SERVO)         |
| 05             | TOO MANY FTP INTERRUPTS                      |
| 06             | TOO FEW FTP INTERRUPTS                       |
| 09             | MACHINE REEL TACHOMETER PHASE ERROR          |
| 0A             | MACHINE REEL ROTATION COUNTER OVERFLOW       |
| 0B             | RRC COUNTER OVERFLOW                         |
| 0C             | GAP COUNTER PHASE ERROR                      |
| 15             | TOO SHORT LENGTH TAPE LOADED                 |
| 17             | BOT TIGHT UP ERROR                           |
| 18             | MACHINE REEL RUN AWAY IN LOADING             |
| 19             | INVALID GAP OUT TIME                         |
| 1B             | WRITE VELOCITY CHECK                         |
| 1C             | OVER GAP IN POSITION                         |
| 1D             | GAP IN HARDWARE ERROR                        |
| 1F             | FILE OR MACHINE REEL TACHO METER ERROR       |
| 20             | CARRIER MOVE UPWARD TIMEOUT ERROR            |
| 21             | CARRIER MOVE DOWNWARD TIMEOUT ERROR          |
| 24             | THREADER SENSORS COMBINATION ERROR           |
| 25             | THREADER ARM IS NOT HOME WHEN LOADING STARTS |
| 26             | CARRIER POSITION SENSOR ALWAYS ON            |
| 28             | CATCH ARM CLOSE TIMEOUT ERROR                |

Table E-1. CHK xx Error Code Descriptions (Continued)

| CHK XX<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|----------------|--|
| 29             | CLEANING CARTRIDGE SENSOR FAILURE IN POWER UP                |
| 2A             | CATCH ARM OPEN TIMEOUT ERROR                                 |
| 2B             | CATCH ARM CLOSE RETRIES EXHAUSTED                            |
| 2C             | CATCH ARM OPEN RETRIES EXHAUSTED                             |
| 2D             | CATCH ARM OPEN AND CLOSE SENSOR BOTH ON                      |
| 2F             | UNDEFINED INTERNAL COMMAND                                   |
| 30             | FEEDER MOVE FORWARD RETRIES EXHAUSTED                        |
| 31             | FEEDER MOVE BACKWARD RETRIES EXHAUSTED                       |
| 32             | CARTRIDGE POSITIONED ON CARRIER INCORRECTLY                  |
| 33             | MOTION COMMAND DURING SERVO OFF                              |
| 34             | TOO LONG LENGTH TAPE LOADED                                  |
| 36             | CARRIER SENSORS: FRONT/REAR AND UNFEED ALL ON                |
| 37             | OUT OF RANGE IN EOT LOCATION TABLE                           |
| 38             | CARRIER SENSORS: FRONT/UNFEED SENSORS BOTH ON                |
| 39             | TOO LOOSE WRAP TAPE CTG IS LOADED OR ABNORMAL REEL CLUTCHING |
| 3A             | REAR CARRIER SENSOR ALWAYS ON                                |
| 3B             | UNFEED SENSOR ALWAYS ON                                      |
| 3D             | WRITE TYPE COMMAND WITH FILEPROTECT                          |
| 3E             | FRONT CARRIER SENSOR ALWAYS ON                               |
| 3F             | UNFEED SENSOR NOT ON   |
| 40             | LOADER MOTION TIME OUT                                       |
| 41             | TAPE PATH SENSOR <ct> &amp; <mr> BOTH ON</mr></ct>           |
| 43             | LEADER BLOCK CANNOT BE PULLED OUT FROM CART.                 |
| 44             | CARTRIDGE LOAD RETRY EXHAUSTED                               |
| 45             | TAPE THREAD RETRY EXHAUSTED                                  |
| 46             | TAPE PATH HOME SENSOR ALWAYS ON ERROR                        |
| 47             | THREADER ARM CANNOT MOVE TO HOME POSITION AT POWER UP        |
| 48             | CARTRIDGE NOT EJECTED  |
| 49             | TOO LOOSE OR BROKEN TAPE IS LOADED                           |
| 4A             | THREADING TIMEOUT  |
| 4B             | UNTHREAD TIME OUT  |

Table E-1. CHK xx Error Code Descriptions (Continued)

| CHK XX<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|----------------|--|
| 4C             | CARTRIDGE UNLOAD TIME OUT                                  |
| 4D             | TAPE UNLOAD TIME OUT                                       |
| 4E             | THREADING TIME WAS TOO FAST                                |
| 4F             | UNTHREADING TIME WAS TOO FAST                              |
| 50             | THREADER ARM IS NOT HOME DURING CART. LOADING              |
| 51             | FILE PROTECT SENSOR IS ALWAYS OFF (WRITE ENABLE)           |
| 52             | FILE REEL DIRECTION ERROR DUE TO LOOSE TAPE WRAP           |
| 53             | FILE REEL TURNS TOO FAST DUE TO LOOSE TAPE WRAP            |
| 54             | TAPE PATH SENSOR <ct> IS NOT OFF DURING THREADING</ct>     |
| 55             | FILE REEL DIRECTION ERROR DURING THREADING                 |
| 56             | FILE REEL TURNS TOO SLOW DURING UNTHREADING                |
| 57             | FILE REEL DIRECTION ERROR DURING UNTHREADING               |
| 58             | CARTRIDGE \ IN\ OR \ MOUNT\ SENSOR FAILURE                 |
| 59             | MACHINE REEL TACHOMETER FAILURE IN UNLOAD                  |
| 5A             | ABNORMAL REEL CLUTCHING DURING LOAD OR TOO LOOSE WRAP      |
| 5B             | NO CARTRIDGE OR FILE PROTECT SENSOR ERROR (LD.)            |
| 5C             | CARTRIDGE IS NOT LOADING POSITION AT START OF LOAD         |
| 5D             | FILE REEL TURNS TOO FAST AFTER UNTHREADING                 |
| 5E             | MACHINE REEL TURNS TOO SLOW DURING CLEANING                |
| 5F             | FILE REEL TURNS TOO FAST DURING CLEANING                   |
| 60             | MACHINE REEL TACHOMETER PHASE ERROR DURING THREAD/UNTHREAD |
| 62             | MACHINE REEL STOP LOCK ERROR DURING THREAD/UNTHREAD        |
| 63             | FILE REEL DIRECTION ERROR WHEN CLEANING                    |
| 64             | MACHINE REEL DOES NOT TURN DURING POWER UP                 |
| 65             | MACHINE REEL TACHOMETER OR DIRECTION ERR                   |
| 66             | FILE REEL DOES NOT TURN IN POWER UP                        |
| 67             | FILE REEL TACHOMETER OR DIRECTION ERR                      |
| 68             | FRONT/REAR CARRIER SENSORS BOTH ON                         |
| 6A             | BACKWARD AT BOT DETECTED BY SERVO                          |
| 6B             | FORWARD AT EOT DETECTED BY SERVO                           |
| 6C             | STOP LOCK ERROR CAUSED BY LOOSE WRAP                       |

Table E-1. CHK xx Error Code Descriptions (Continued)

| CHK XX<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|----------------|--|
| 6D             | RRC CAN NOT BE DETERMINED                              |
| 6E             | FILE PROTECT SENSOR FAILURE DURING POWER UP            |
| 70             | BACKWARD COMMAND AT BOT                                |
| 71             | FORWARD COMMAND AT PEOT                                |
| 72             | TIME OUT ERROR IN DECELERATION                         |
| 73             | NOT READY BY OPERATOR                                  |
| 74             | TIME OUT ERROR IN FIRST MACHINE REEL WRAP              |
| 75             | TIME OUT ERROR IN ACCELERATION                         |
| 76             | OVER SPEED IN ACCELERATION                             |
| 77             | REVERSE ROTATION IN CONSTANT SPEED SERVO               |
| 78             | IN STOP LOCK SERVO FILE REEL TURNS TOO MUCH            |
| 79             | IN STOP LOCK SERVO MACHINE REEL TURNS TOO MUCH         |
| 7A             | RRC CHANGED BY TOO MANY COUNTS                         |
| 7B             | TOO MANY MACHINE REEL INTERRUPTS                       |
| 7C             | FILE REEL DIRECTION ERROR DURING UNLOADING             |
| 7D             | FILE REEL TURNS TOO FAST DURING UNLOADING              |
| 7E             | MACHINE REEL DIRECTION ERROR DURING UNLOADING          |
| 7F             | MACHINE REEL TURNS TOO FAST DURING UNLOADING           |
| 82             | MOUNT ARM MOVE FORWARD TIMEOUT ERROR DURING POWER UP   |
| 83             | MOUNT ARM MOVE BACKWARD TIMEOUT ERROR DURING POWER UP  |
| 8E             | MOUNT ARM MOVE FORWARD RETRY EXHAUSTED                 |
| 8F             | MOUNT ARM MOVE BACKWARD RETRY EXHAUSTED                |
| 90             | MOUNT ARM HOME/DRIVE END & MAGAZINE END SENSORS ALL ON |
| 92             | MOUNT ARM HOME/DRIVE END SENSORS BOTH ON               |
| 93             | MOUNT ARM HOME/MAGAZINE END SENSORS BOTH ON            |
| 94             | MOUNT ARM HOME SENSOR ALWAYS ON                        |
| 95             | MOUNT ARM DRIVE END SENSOR ALWAYS ON                   |
| 96             | MOUNT ARM MAGAZINE END SENSOR ALWAYS ON                |
| 97             | MOUNT ARM DRIVE & MAGAZINE END SENSORS BOT ON          |
| 99             | DOOR SOLENOID LOCK TIMEOUT ERROR                       |
| 9A             | DOOR SOLENOID UNLOCK TIMEOUT ERROR                     |

Table E-1. CHK xx Error Code Descriptions (Continued)

| CHK XX<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|----------------|---|
| 9B             | DOOR SOLENOID LOCK SENSOR ALWAYS ON                     |
| 9C             | DOOR SOLENOID LOCK SENSOR OFF                           |
| 9D             | SERVO PROGRAM ERROR                                     |
| 9E             | FACL OVER CURRENT DETECTED                              |
| A1             | MISSING GAP IN INTERRUPT ON MOTION COMMAND              |
| A2             | SERVO COMMAND FAILED TO COMPLETE IN ALLOTTED TIME       |
| A3             | MOTION COMMAND TO NOT READY DEVICE                      |
| A4             | WRITE OR D.S.E. COMMAND TO FILE PROTECTED DEVICE        |
| A5             | NO RESPONSE FROM SERVO MPU SENDING COMMAND              |
| A9             | WRITE FPC CABLE CHECK WRAP 1                            |
| AA             | WRITE FPC CABLE CHECK WRAP 2                            |
| AE             | PROGRAM DOWN LOAD FAILURE                               |
| AF             | CANNOT EXECUTE PROGRAM DOWN LOAD                        |
| В0             | TRANSFER DATA COUNT ERROR                               |
| B1             | WRAP DIRECTION ERROR                                    |
| B2             | INVALID SECTOR  |
| В3             | UNEXPECTED COMMAND END INTERRUPT                        |
| B4             | AUTOLOADER COMMAND RECEIVED TO NONEXISTENT DEVICE       |
| В6             | UNACCEPTABLE AUTOLOADER PARAMETER                       |
| В9             | RESET KEY PRESSED BY OPERATOR                           |
| C0             | LOAD MAGAZINE COMMAND CAN NOT EXECUTE                   |
| C1             | MOVE MAGAZINE COMMAND PARAMETER ERROR                   |
| C2             | MOVE MAGAZINE COMMAND CAN NOT EXECUTE                   |
| C3             | NO MAGAZINE AT CTG UNLOAD                               |
| C4             | ACL OVER CURRENT  |
| C5             | PINION PHASE ADJUST TIMEOUT                             |
| C6             | BOTTOM STOPPER-ARM MOVING RETRIES EXHAUSTED             |
| C7             | BOTTOM STOPPER SENSOR <up> &amp; <dw> BOTH ON</dw></up> |
| C8             | DOWNWARD MOVE MAGAZINE TIMEOUT                          |
| C9             | UPWARD MOVE MAGAZINE TIMEOUT                            |
| CA             | MAGAZINE POSITION MISCALCULATION                        |

Table E-1. CHK xx Error Code Descriptions (Continued)

| CHK XX<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|----------------|--|
| СВ             | MAGAZINE TOP DETECTED DURING MOVING UP OR UNLOADING      |
| D0             | ACL SENSOR CABLE CHECK                                   |
| D1             | MAGAZINE MISPOSITION CORRECTION ERROR                    |
| D2             | FEEDER ARM SENSOR OP/CL BOTH ON                          |
| D3             | MOUNT ARM HOME SENSOR FAILURE                            |
| D4             | FEED IN TOO FAST   |
| D5             | FEED IN RETRIES EXHAUSTED                                |
| D6             | CARTRIDGE IN MAGAZINE ALWAYS ON                          |
| D7             | CARTRIDGE CATCH TIMEOUT                                  |
| D8             | MOUNT ARM DOES NOT RETURN BACK TO HOME                   |
| D9             | MOUNT CARTRIDGE RETRIES EXHAUSTED                        |
| DA             | UNFEED RETRIES EXHAUSTED                                 |
| DB             | UNFEED TOO FAST OR CTG IN MAG SENSOR ALWAYS ON           |
| DC             | INTERLOCK SW DETECT ERROR                                |
| DD             | CARTRIDGE INSTALLED INCORRECTLY                          |
| DF             | UNFEED SENSOR IS ON OR UNFEED COMPLETE                   |
| E0             | FILE PROTECTED DURING WRITE OR DSE                       |
| E5             | READ HEAD BIAS ERROR                                     |
| E9             | WRITE HEAD CIRCUIT HARDWARE ERROR                        |
| EC             | NOVRAM DATA ERROR  |
| ED             | DOWN LOAD COMMAND CAN NOT EXECUTE                        |
| EE             | EJECT CLEANING CELL SENSOR ON                            |
| EF             | SERVO PROGRAM DOWN LOAD ERROR                            |
| F1             | FAN ONE STOP OR SLOW ROTATION ERROR                      |
| F2             | FAN TWO STOP OR SLOW ROTATION ERROR                      |
| F7             | UNDEFINED SERVO OFFLINE ERROR                            |
| F8             | NO CLEANING CARTRIDGE OR CANNOT EJECT CLEANING CARTRIDGE |
| F9             | CLEANING CARTRIDGE IS NOT INSERTED IN CLEANING CELL      |
| FA             | CLEANING CARTRIDGE IS NOT KEPT IN CLEANING CELL          |
| FB             | DOOR OPEN ERROR DURING POWER UP                          |
| FC             | DOOR OPEN ERROR  |

| CHK XX<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION                                  |
|----------------|--|
| FD             | LOADED CARTRIDGE IS NOT A CLEANING CARTRIDGE |
| FE             | ABNORMAL CARTRIDGE IN CLEANING CELL          |
| FF             | POWER ON                                     |

**Table E-1. CHK xx Error Code Descriptions (Continued)** 

# E-2 CHK XX ERROR CODE REPLACEMENT ACTIONS

Table E-2 describes which items should be replaced when a particular CHK xx is displayed. The Replacement Action 1 column lists the item most likely to have caused the error, the next column lists less likely items, etc. If the error is not corrected by this item, replace or correct the item listed in the next column and so on. More than one item may be listed in the Replacement Action column, replace one of these items at a time.

Table E-3 on page E-13 describes the codes for the items listed in the Replacement Action columns.

Table E-2. CHK xx Error Code Replacement Actions

| CHK XX<br>CODE | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 1 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 2 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 3 |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 00             | 2,15                    | 6                       | 10                      |
| 01             | 15                      |                         |                         |
| 02             | 15                      |                         |                         |
| 03             | 15                      |                         |                         |
| 04             | 15                      | 13                      |                         |
| 05             | 13                      | 3,15                    |                         |
| 06             | 13                      | 3, 14, 15               | 16                      |
| 09             | 14                      | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 0A             | 14                      | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 0B             | 14                      | 3, 15                   | 16                      |
| 0C             | 13                      | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 15             | 16                      | 13, 14                  | 3, 15                   |
| 17             | 3, 14                   | 13, 15, 16              |                         |
| 18             | 3                       | 13, 14, 16              | 15                      |
| 19             | 3, 15                   | 3, 14                   | 16                      |
| 1B             | 3                       | 3,16                    |                         |
| 1C             | 3, 15                   | 13, 14                  | 16                      |
| 1D             | 15                      | 13                      | 3, 14                   |

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Table E-2. CHK xx Error Code Replacement Actions (Continued)

| CITIT 3737     | DEDI A CIDATENE         | DEDI A CIDATENE         | DEDI A CIER SERVICE     |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| CHK XX<br>CODE | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 1 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 2 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 3 |
| 1F             | 13, 14                  | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 20             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 21             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 24             | 8                       | 15                      |                         |
| 25             | 8                       | 15                      | 19                      |
| 26             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 28             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 29             | 7                       | 15                      |                         |
| 2A             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 2B             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 2C             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 2D             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 2F             | 15                      | 2                       |                         |
| 30             | 22                      |                         | 16                      |
| 31             | 22                      |                         | 16                      |
| 32             | 22                      |                         | 16                      |
| 33             | 15                      | 2                       |                         |
| 34             | 16                      | 13, 15                  |                         |
| 36             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 37             | 16                      | 13, 15, 19              |                         |
| 38             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 39             | 16                      | 7, 13, 14               |                         |
| 3A             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 3B             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 3D             |                         | 2                       |                         |
| 3E             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 3F             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 40             | 7                       | 15                      |                         |
| 41             | 8                       | 15                      |                         |
| 43             | 16                      | 8                       |                         |
| 44             | 7                       | 15                      |                         |

Table E-2. CHK xx Error Code Replacement Actions (Continued)

| CHK XX<br>CODE | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 1 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 2 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 3 |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 45             | 8                       | 15                      |                         |
| 46             | 8                       | 15                      |                         |
| 47             | 8                       | 3                       | 15                      |
| 48             | 7                       | 15                      |                         |
| 49             | 16                      | 13                      | 19                      |
| 4A             | 8                       | 3                       | 15                      |
| 4B             | 8                       | 3                       | 15                      |
| 4C             | 7                       | 3                       |                         |
| 4D             | 13                      | 3, 14                   | 15                      |
| 4E             | 8                       | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 4F             | 8                       | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 50             | 8                       | 15                      |                         |
| 51             | 7                       | 15                      |                         |
| 52             | 14                      | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 53             | 16                      | 13                      |                         |
| 54             | 8                       | 15                      |                         |
| 55             | 8                       | 13                      | 3, 15                   |
| 56             | 8                       | 13                      | 3, 15                   |
| 57             | 8                       | 13                      | 3, 15                   |
| 58             | 7                       | 15                      | 16                      |
| 59             | 14                      | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 5A             | 16                      | 7, 13                   |                         |
| 5B             | 7                       | 15                      |                         |
| 5C             | 7                       | 15                      | 19                      |
| 5D             | 8, 16                   | 13, 15                  |                         |
| 5E             | 14                      | 3, 13, 16               |                         |
| 5F             | 3                       | 13, 16                  |                         |
| 60             | 14                      | 15                      |                         |
| 62             | 14                      | 3, 15                   | 7                       |
| 63             | 16                      | 3, 13                   | 15                      |
| 64             | 14                      | 3, 15                   |                         |

Table E-2. CHK xx Error Code Replacement Actions (Continued)

| CHK XX<br>CODE | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 1 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 2 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 3 |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 65             | 14                      | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 66             | 14                      | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 67             | 14                      | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 68             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 6A             | 2                       | 13                      | 15                      |
| 6B             | 2                       | 13                      | 15                      |
| 6C             | 16                      | 3, 14, 15               |                         |
| 6D             | 15                      | 14                      |                         |
| 6E             | 7                       | 15                      |                         |
| 70             | 2                       |                         | 15                      |
| 71             | 2                       |                         | 15                      |
| 72             |                         | 13                      | 14, 15                  |
| 73             | 2                       |                         | 15                      |
| 74             | 13, 14                  |                         | 16                      |
| 75             | 13, 14                  |                         |                         |
| 76             | 3                       | 13, 14, 15              |                         |
| 77             | 13                      | 15                      | 16                      |
| 78             | 3                       | 13                      |                         |
| 79             | 3                       | 14                      |                         |
| 7A             | 14                      | 3, 13, 15               | 16                      |
| 7B             | 14                      | 3, 14                   | 16                      |
| 7C             | 13                      | 3, 15, 16               |                         |
| 7D             | 13                      | 2, 15                   |                         |
| 7E             | 14                      | 3, 15, 16               |                         |
| 7F             | 14                      | 3, 15                   |                         |
| 82             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 83             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 8E             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 8F             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 90             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 92             | 22                      |                         |                         |

Table E-2. CHK xx Error Code Replacement Actions (Continued)

| CHK XX<br>CODE | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 1 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 2 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 3 |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 93             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 94             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 95             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 96             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 97             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 99             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 9A             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 9B             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 9C             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| 9D             | 15                      |                         |                         |
| 9E             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| A1             | 15                      | 2                       |                         |
| A2             | 15                      | 2                       |                         |
| A3             | 2                       | 20                      |                         |
| A4             | 20                      | 2                       |                         |
| A5             | 15                      | 2                       |                         |
| A9             | 4                       | 2                       |                         |
| AA             | 4                       | 2                       |                         |
| AE             | 2                       | 15                      |                         |
| AF             | 2                       | 15                      |                         |
| В0             | 2                       |                         |                         |
| B1             | 2                       |                         |                         |
| B2             | 2                       | 15                      |                         |
| В3             | 15                      | 2                       |                         |
| B4             | 20                      | 2                       |                         |
| В6             | 20                      | 2                       |                         |
| В9             | 19                      | 6                       |                         |
| C0             | 2                       | 15                      |                         |
| C1             | 2                       | 15                      |                         |
| C2             | 2                       | 15                      |                         |
| C3             | 22                      |                         |                         |

Table E-2. CHK xx Error Code Replacement Actions (Continued)

| CHK XX<br>CODE | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 1 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 2 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 3 |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| C4             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| C5             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| C6             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| C7             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| C8             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| C9             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| CA             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| СВ             | 22                      |                         | 19                      |
| D0             | 22                      |                         | 19                      |
| D1             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| D2             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| D3             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| D4             | 22                      |                         | 19                      |
| D5             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| D6             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| D7             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| D8             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| D9             | 22                      | 7                       | 15                      |
| DA             | 22                      |                         | 7                       |
| DB             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| DC             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| DD             | 19                      | 22                      |                         |
| DF             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| E0             | 2                       | 19                      |                         |
| E5             | 5, 22                   |                         |                         |
| E9             | 4, 12                   |                         |                         |
| EC             | 2                       |                         |                         |
| ED             | 2                       | 15                      |                         |
| EE             | 22                      |                         | 19                      |
| EF             | 15                      |                         |                         |
| F1             | 10                      |                         |                         |

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Table E-2. CHK xx Error Code Replacement Actions (Continued)

| CHK XX<br>CODE | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 1 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 2 | REPLACEMENT<br>ACTION 3 |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| F2             | 10                      |                         |                         |
| F7             | 15                      |                         |                         |
| F8             | 22                      | 19                      |                         |
| F9             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| FA             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| FB             | 22                      |                         |                         |
| FC             | 22                      | 19                      |                         |
| FD             | 22                      |                         | 19                      |
| FE             | 22                      | 16                      |                         |
| FF             |                         |                         |                         |

Table E-3. Replacement Action Codes

| CODE           | DESCRIPTION  |
|----------------|--|
| For codes 1 th | hrough 11, exchange the item indicated or replace the drive. |
| 1              | PCA-IPM  |
| 2              | PCA-DTC  |
| 3              | PCA-SVL  |
| 4              | PCA-WTL  |
| 5              | PCA-RDL  |
| 6              | PCA-OP   |
| 7              | Loader Assembly  |
| 8              | Threader Assembly  |
| 9              | Fan Assembly   |
| 10             | PSU  |
| 11             | Air Filter   |
| For codes 12   | through 15, replace the drive.                               |
| 12             | Head Assembly  |
| 13             | File Motor   |

Table E-3. Replacement Action Codes (Continued)

| CODE         | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 14           | Machine Motor                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15           | PCA-DVL   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For codes 16 | through 21, exchange or correct the item indicated. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16           | Cartridge Tape                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17           | Dirty head and tape running surface                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18           | Setting error                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19           | Operation error                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20           | Interface cable/terminator                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21           | Servo code  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22           | FACL  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## **APPENDIX F**

## DIAGNOSTIC TESTS AND ERROR CODES

Table F-1 lists all of the diagnostic tests in the Diagnostic Test Registry for the Tasked Go/No-Go mode, the On-Line mode, and the Off-Line mode. An 'x' indicates in which diagnostic modes the test may be run The 'MFG' column indicates tests available when FACTORY MODE is enabled. Table F-3 through Table F-25 list and describe the diagnostic error codes by the routine and test numbers.

Table F-1. Diagnostic Test Registry for all Diagnostic Modes

| ROUTINE   | TEST | 1        | DIAGNOS1 | FIC MODES | 1   | TITLE                                   |
|-----------|------|----------|----------|-----------|-----|---|
| ACCITIVE. | 1501 | OFF-LINE | ON-LINE  | GO/NO-GO  | MFG |   |
| 01        | 01   |          |          | X         |     | Control store data bus test             |
| 01        | 02   |          |          | X         |     | Control store byte boundary test        |
| 01        | 03   |          |          | X         |     | Control store half word boundary test   |
| 01        | 04   |          |          | X         |     | Control store address bus test          |
| 01        | 05   |          |          | X         |     | Control store incrementing pattern test |
| 01        | 06   |          |          | X         |     | Control store data pattern 0xAA test    |
| 01        | 07   |          |          | X         |     | Control store data pattern 0x55 test    |
| 01        | 08   |          |          | X         |     | Control store walking 0xFFs test        |
| 02        | 01   |          |          | X         |     | IRC initialization                      |
| 02        | 02   |          |          | X         |     | IRC to PCC interrupt test               |
| 02        | 03   |          |          | X         |     | Timer 0 interrupt test                  |
| 02        | 04   |          |          | X         |     | Timer 1 interrupt test                  |
| 02        | 05   |          |          | X         |     | Check 1 interrupt test                  |
| 02        | 06   |          |          | X         |     | IRC test cleanup/exit                   |
| 03        | 01   | Х        | Х        | X         | Х   | CP Bus parity - Control Store           |
| 03        | 02   | Х        | X        | X         | Х   | CP Bus parity - SDDP                    |
| 03        | 03   | Х        |          | X         | Х   | CP Bus parity - SPC                     |
| 04        | 01   | Х        | X        | X         | Х   | RSVP Internal registers test            |
| 04        | 02   | Х        | X        | X         | Х   | RSVP External registers test            |
| 04        | 03   | Х        | X        | X         | X   | RSVP Counters test - 2 frame            |
| 04        | 04   | х        | X        | X         | Х   | RSVP Counters test - 4 frame            |
| 04        | 05   | х        | Х        | Х         | Х   | RSVP Counters test - 8 frame            |
| 04        | 06   | х        | Х        | Х         | Х   | RSVP Counters test - 16 frame           |
| 04        | 07   | х        | X        | X         | Х   | RSVP Counters test - single byte mode   |

Table F-1. Diagnostic Test Registry for all Diagnostic Modes (Continued)

| DOLUMNE MEGA |      | ]        | DIAGNOST | TIC MODES | S   | WANT D                                 |
|--------------|------|----------|----------|-----------|-----|--|
| ROUTINE      | TEST | OFF-LINE | ON-LINE  | GO/NO-GO  | MFG | _ TITLE                                |
| 04           | 08   | X        | X        | X         | х   | RSVP Counters test - 2 byte mode       |
| 04           | 09   | Х        | X        | х         | х   | RSVP DBOB interrupt test               |
| 05           | 01   | X        | Х        | х         | Х   | SDDP Host I/F Buffer Page Xreg test    |
| 05           | 02   | X        | х        | Х         | Х   | SDDP Host I/F Buffer Refresh Xreg test |
| 05           | 03   | X        | х        | х         | Х   | SDDP Host I/F Packet Header Xregs test |
| 06           | 01   | X        | х        | х         | Х   | Buffer RAM data bus bit test           |
| 06           | 02   | х        | х        | х         | х   | Buffer byte, half, word boundary test  |
| 06           | 03   | х        | х        | х         | х   | Buffer paging test                     |
| 06           | 04   | х        | Х        | х         | Х   | Buffer RAM address bus bit test        |
| 06           | 05   | х        | х        | x         | Х   | Buffer RAM 0xAA data pattern test      |
| 06           | 06   | х        | х        | х         | х   | Buffer RAM 0x55 data pattern test      |
| 06           | 07   | х        | х        | X         | Х   | Buffer RAM walking one's test          |
| 06           | 08   | х        | х        | x         | Х   | Buffer RAM incremental pattern test    |
| 07           | 01   | х        |          | х         | х   | SPC CP Bus Bit test                    |
| 07           | 02   | х        |          | X         | Х   | SPC User Program Memory test           |
| 07           | 03   | х        |          | x         | Х   | SPC MCS Buffer test                    |
| 07           | 04   | х        |          | х         | Х   | SPC to Data Buffer DMA test            |
| 07           | 05   | х        |          | X         | Х   | SPC MPU bus parity test                |
| 08           | 01   | х        | х        | X         | Х   | Formatter Counter 0 test               |
| 08           | 02   | х        | х        | х         | Х   | Formatter Counter 1 test               |
| 08           | 03   | х        | х        | X         | Х   | Formatter Counter 2 test               |
| 09           | 01   | х        | х        | X         | Х   | PCC Timers Timer 0 test                |
| 09           | 02   | х        | х        | х         | Х   | PCC Timers Timer 1 test                |
| 09           | 03   | х        | Х        | х         | Х   | PCC Timers Timer 2 test                |
| 10           | 01   | х        |          | x         | Х   | Write clear 3 bytes 00, mode 1Eh       |
| 10           | 02   | х        |          | х         | Х   | Read clear 3 bytes 00, mode 0Eh        |
| 10           | 03   | X        |          | х         | Х   | Write EDRC-NC 3 bytes 00, mode 18h     |
| 10           | 04   | х        |          | x         | Х   | Read EDRC-NC 3 bytes 00, mode 08h      |
| 10           | 05   | X        |          | х         | Х   | Write clear 3 bytes 00, mode 1Ah       |
| 10           | 06   | х        |          | x         | Х   | Read clear 3 bytes 00, mode 0Ah        |

Table F-1. Diagnostic Test Registry for all Diagnostic Modes (Continued)

| ROUTINE TES |      | ]        | DIAGNOST | TIC MODES | 5   | TITLE                                   |
|-------------|------|----------|----------|-----------|-----|---|
| MOOTHLE     | 1101 | OFF-LINE | ON-LINE  | GO/NO-GO  | MFG | TILLE                                   |
| 10          | 07   | X        |          | X         | X   | Write EDRC-NC 3 bytes 00, mode 14h      |
| 10          | 08   | Х        |          | X         | Х   | Read EDRC-NC 3 bytes 00, mode 04h       |
| 10          | 09   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | Read EDRC 3 bytes 00, mode 00h          |
| 10          | 0A   | X        |          | x         | Х   | Write EDRC 3 bytes 00, mode 10h         |
| 11          | 01   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | Write clear 32 bytes walk 1, mode 1Eh   |
| 11          | 02   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | Read clear 32 bytes walk 0, mode 0Eh    |
| 11          | 03   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | Write EDRC-NC 32 bytes walk 1, mode 18h |
| 11          | 04   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | Read EDRC-NC 32 bytes walk 0, mode 08h  |
| 11          | 05   | X        |          | x         | Х   | Write clear 32 bytes walk 1, mode 1Ah   |
| 11          | 06   | X        |          | x         | Х   | Read clear 32 bytes walk 0, mode 0Ah    |
| 11          | 07   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | Write EDRC-NC 32 bytes walk 1, mode 14h |
| 11          | 08   | X        |          | x         | X   | Read EDRC-NC 32 bytes walk 0, mode 04h  |
| 11          | 09   | X        |          | x         | Х   | Read EDRC 32 bytes walk 0, mode 00h     |
| 11          | 0A   | X        |          | x         | Х   | Write EDRC 32 bytes walk 1, mode 10h    |
| 12          | 01   | X        |          | x         | X   | SDDP-R20 buffer flush signal test, 14h  |
| 12          | 02   | X        |          | x         | Х   | SDDP-R20 testing 64k sgc-i-mem, 14h     |
| 12          | 03   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | SDDP-R20 testing 16k sgd-i-mem, 04h     |
| 12          | 04   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | SDDP-R20 testing sgd-de controls, 00h   |
| 12          | 05   | X        |          | x         | Х   | SDDP-R20 testing sgc-ce controls, 10h   |
| 12          | 06   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | SDDP-R20 testing expansion sgd-de, 00h  |
| 12          | 07   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | SDDP-R20 testing expansion sgc-ce, 10h  |
| 12          | 08   | X        |          | x         | Х   | SDDP-R20 read flush test, 00h           |
| 13          | 01   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | Write Hi_data parity error check        |
| 13          | 02   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | Read Hi_data parity error check         |
| 13          | 03   | X        |          | x         | Х   | Read Sync host crc error check          |
| 13          | 04   | Х        |          | х         | Х   | Write Buffer overflow error check       |
| 13          | 05   | Х        |          | x         | Х   | Read Crc-b error check                  |
| 13          | 06   | X        |          | x         | Х   | Read Header crc error check             |
| 13          | 07   | X        |          | x         | Х   | Write PPh host crc error check          |
| 13          | 08   | X        |          | X         | Х   | Write PPh host count error check        |

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Table F-1. Diagnostic Test Registry for all Diagnostic Modes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | INE TEST DIAGNOSTIC MODES |          | TITLE   |          |     |  |
|---------|---------------------------|----------|---------|----------|-----|--|
| ROUTINE | IESI                      | OFF-LINE | ON-LINE | GO/NO-GO | MFG | IIILE                                  |
| 13      | 09                        | X        |         | X        | X   | Read Compression err/sgd crc-a errors  |
| 13      | 0A                        | x        |         | x        | Х   | Read Sync h_cnt/comp/sgd h_cnt-h errs  |
| 13      | 0B                        | х        |         | х        | Х   | Read Sync h_cnt/comp/sgd h_cnt-l errs  |
| 13      | 0C                        | х        |         | х        | Х   | Read Sync h_crc/comp/sgd h_crc errors  |
| 20      | 01                        | х        | х       | х        | Х   | Loop write to read 0 test - 36 Track   |
| 20      | 02                        | х        | х       | х        | Х   | Loop write to read 0 test - 18 Track   |
| 20      | 03                        | x        | х       | X        | Х   | LWR0 - EDRC Data - 36 Track            |
| 20      | 04                        | х        | х       | х        | Х   | Loop write to read 2 test - 36 Track   |
| 20      | 05                        | х        | х       | х        | Х   | LWR2 - ETPs - Skew Error - 36 Track    |
| 20      | 06                        | x        | х       | x        | Х   | LWR2 - ETPs - Skew Error - 18 Track    |
| 20      | 07                        | x        | х       | x        | Х   | LWR2 - ETPs - Invalid Error - 18 Track |
| 20      | 08                        | x        | х       | x        | Х   | LWR2 - ETPs - Disorder Error - 36 Trk  |
| 20      | 09                        | x        | x       | x        | Х   | LWR2 - ETPs - Format Control Error -36 |
| 20      | 0A                        | х        | х       | x        | Х   | LWR2 - ETPs - Unknown Error - 36 Track |
| 20      | 0B                        | x        | х       | x        | Х   | LWR2 - ETPs - Unknown Error - 18 Track |
| 20      | 0C                        | x        | х       | x        | Х   | LWR2 - Ignore Invalid ETP - 4 good fms |
| 20      | 0D                        | х        | х       | х        | Х   | LWR2 - Reset Invalid ETP - 8 good frms |
| 20      | 0E                        | X        | х       | X        | Х   | LWR2 - Reset Invalid ETP at Resync     |
| 20      | 0F                        | x        | х       | x        | Х   | LWR2 - Reset Persistence ETP at Resync |
| 20      | 10                        | х        | х       | х        | Х   | LWR2 - Multi-Track Error - 36 Track    |
| 20      | 11                        | X        | х       | X        | Х   | LWR2 - Multi-Track Error - 18 Track    |
| 20      | 12                        | x        | х       | x        | Х   | LWR2 - Uncorrectable Error - 36 Track  |
| 20      | 13                        | х        | х       | х        | Х   | LWR2 - Detect Hard Error - 36 Track    |
| 20      | 14                        | x        | х       | x        | Х   | No Signal Test                         |
| 20      | 15                        | х        | x       |          | Х   | LWR3 - External Loop Write to Read     |
| 20      | 16                        | х        | х       | x        | Х   | LWR0 - Seismic CRCA Error Detection    |
| 20      | 17                        |          |         |          | Х   | LWR2 - Seismic SDFT Data Pattern       |
| 20      | 18                        | X        | х       | x        | Х   | LWR2 - Seismic CRCA EDRC Transfer      |
| 50      | 01                        |          | х       | x        | Х   | Write 4M tones test                    |
| 50      | 02                        |          | X       | x        | Х   | Read-backward 4M tones test            |

Table F-1. Diagnostic Test Registry for all Diagnostic Modes (Continued)

| DOLUMINE MEGA |      | ]        | DIAGNOST | TIC MODES | ;   | WANT D                                |
|---------------|------|----------|----------|-----------|-----|---------------------------------------|
| ROUTINE       | TEST | OFF-LINE | ON-LINE  | GO/NO-GO  | MFG | TITLE                                 |
| 50            | 03   |          | X        | X         | X   | Read 4M tones test                    |
| 51            | 01   |          | Х        | Х         | х   | Write incrementing block lengths      |
| 51            | 02   |          | Х        | х         | х   | Rewind                                |
| 51            | 03   |          | Х        | х         | х   | Read incrementing block lengths       |
| 80            | 01   | X        | X        |           | X   | Servo Diag: Logic test                |
| 80            | 02   | X        | X        |           | Х   | Servo Diag: Photo sensors test        |
| 80            | 03   | X        | X        |           | X   | Servo Diag: Loader test               |
| 80            | 04   | X        | X        |           | X   | Servo Diag: Threader test             |
| 80            | 05   | X        | X        |           | X   | Servo Diag: Tachometer test           |
| 80            | 06   | X        | X        |           | Х   | Servo Diag: ACL/FACL test             |
| 80            | 07   | X        |          |           | X   | Servo Diag: Manual Sensor test        |
| 80            | 08   | X        |          |           | X   | Servo Diag: Manual ACL test           |
| 81            | 01   |          | X        |           | Х   | MFG diagnostic load execute table     |
| 81            | 02   |          | Х        |           | Х   | MFG diagnostic display execute table  |
| 81            | 03   |          | X        |           | Х   | Clear Log Counters                    |
| 81            | 04   |          | X        |           | Х   | Write BOT - EOT test                  |
| 81            | 05   |          | X        |           | Х   | Read BOT - EOT test                   |
| 81            | 06   |          | X        |           | X   | Rewinding tape                        |
| 81            | 07   |          | X        |           | Х   | Locate Block                          |
| 81            | 08   |          | X        |           | Х   | Space Block                           |
| 81            | 09   |          | X        |           | Х   | Write Filemarks                       |
| 81            | 0A   |          | X        |           | Х   | Space File                            |
| 81            | 0B   |          | X        |           | X   | MFG diagnostic display results table  |
| 82            | 01   |          | Х        |           | х   | MTU diagnostic load execute table     |
| 82            | 02   |          | Х        |           | х   | MTU diagnostic send execute table     |
| 82            | 03   |          | Х        |           | х   | MTU diagnostic run                    |
| 82            | 04   |          | X        |           | Х   | MTU diagnostic retrieve results table |
| 83            | 01   |          |          |           | Х   | Operator Control Panel keys test      |
| 83            | 02   |          |          |           | Х   | Operator Control Panel display test   |
| 83            | 03   |          |          |           | Х   | Operator Control Panel tape LED test  |

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Table F-1. Diagnostic Test Registry for all Diagnostic Modes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | ]        | DIAGNOST | TIC MODES | 3   | TITLE                                 |
|---------|------|----------|----------|-----------|-----|---------------------------------------|
| ROUTHVE | ILSI | OFF-LINE | ON-LINE  | GO/NO-GO  | MFG | 11122                                 |
| 83      | 04   |          |          |           | X   | Operator Control Panel drive LED test |
| 84      | 01   |          |          |           | Х   | Library I/F Port output test          |
| 84      | 02   |          |          |           | Х   | Library I/F Port input test           |
| 90      | 01   | X        | X        |           | Х   | Drive Diag: LOAD test                 |
| 90      | 02   | х        | х        |           | Х   | Drive Diag: AC/PS, MODCH tests        |
| 90      | 03   | X        | X        |           | X   | Drive Diag: TPPFM test                |
| 90      | 04   | X        | X        |           | X   | Drive Diag: LOCAT test                |
| 90      | 05   | х        | х        |           | Х   | Drive Diag: D.S.E. test               |
| 90      | 06   | x        | X        |           | X   | Drive Diag: REWND test                |
| 90      | 07   | Х        | X        |           | X   | Drive Diag: UNLOD test                |
| 90      | 08   | X        | X        |           | Х   | Drive Diag: ACL LDUL test             |

Refer to Chapter 8 for Diagnostics information and displays. Table F-3 through Table F-25 lists and describes the Diagnostic Error Codes. Refer to Table F-1 for the Diagnostic Test Registry.

Table F-2. Error Codes Common to all Routines/Tests

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|--|---------------|---|
| *       | *    | Error Codes common to all tests of routines greater than 0x02. | 0xFA          | A Check 1 condition was left pending, which was able to be cleared. |
|         |      |  | 0xFE          | A Check 1 condition was left pending, which could not be cleared.   |
|         |      |  | 0xFC          | The RSVP code download to the PCC LSI failed.                       |
|         |      |  | 0xFD          | Real Time Clock initialization in the PCC LSI failed.               |

Table F-3. Routine 1 - Control Store Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                   | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x01    | 0x01 | Control store data bus test             | 0x01          | Data miscompare clearing control store address 0         |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | Data bus bit miscompare                                  |
| 0x01    | 0x02 | Control store byte boundary test        | 0x01          | Control store address 0 not set to 0xFFFFFFF             |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | Control store address 0x04 couldn't be set to 0          |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | Read/verify of control store byte write failed           |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | Read/verify of control store data word failed            |
| 0x01    | 0x03 | Control store half word boundary test   | 0x01          | Data miscompare clearing control store address 0         |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | Control store address 0x04 couldn't be set to 0xFFFFFFF  |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | Read/verify of control store half-word write failed      |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | Read/verify of control store data word failed            |
| 0x01    | 0x04 | Control store address bus test          | 0x01          | Read/verify of control store address bus bit failed      |
| 0x01    | 0x05 | Control store incrementing pattern test | 0x01          | Read/verify of control store incrementing pattern failed |
| 0x01    | 0x06 | Control store data pattern AA test      | 0x01          | Control store data word miscompare                       |
| 0x01    | 0x07 | Control store data pattern 55 test      | 0x01          | Control store data word miscompare                       |
| 0x01    | 0x08 | Control store walking FFs test          | 0x01          | Control store data miscompare                            |

Table F-4. Routine 2 - Interrupt Request Controller Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                     | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION                                  |
|---------|------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x02    | 0x01 | IRC initialization        | 0x01          | Processor in invalid register window         |
|         |      |                           | 0x02          | Pending interrupt detected at IRC input      |
|         |      |                           | 0x03          | Pending interrupt latched in IRC             |
| 0x02    | 0x02 | IRC to PCC interrupt test | 0x01          | Expected interrupt(s) not detected in IRC    |
|         |      |                           | 0x02          | No interrupt detected by processor           |
|         |      |                           | 0x03          | Expected interrupt not detected in processor |
| 0x02    | 0x03 | Timer 0 interrupt test    | 0x01          | Timer 0 interrupt not detected               |
|         |      |                           | 0x02          | Incorrect interrupt detected                 |
| 0x02    | 0x04 | Timer 1 interrupt test    | 0x01          | Timer 1 interrupt not detected               |
|         |      |                           | 0x02          | Incorrect interrupt detected                 |
| 0x02    | 0x05 | Check 1 interrupt test    | 0x01          | Pending interrupt detected                   |
|         |      |                           | 0x02          | CP bus timeout not detected                  |
|         |      |                           | 0x03          | Check 1 interrupt not detected               |
|         |      |                           | 0x04          | Incorrect interrupt detected                 |
|         |      |                           | 0x05          | Interrupt(s) could not be cleared            |

Table F-5. Routine 3 - CP Bus Parity Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                         | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |  |      |
|---------|------|-------------------------------|---------------|---|--|------|
| 0x03    | 0x01 | CP Bus parity - Control Store | 0x01          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was prematurely detected at the beginning of this test  |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x02          | CP Bus parity error was not set as expected after attempting a read a Control Store location previously written with bad parity   |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x03          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after it should have been cleared   |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x04          | A CP bus parity error was not detected as expected after a write/read operation on a word of control store with forced bad parity |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x05          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made   |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x06          | A CP bus parity error was not detected as expected after reading a word previously written with bad parity                        |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x07          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made   |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x10          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after writing byte 0 of a word with bad parity   |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x11          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made   |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x12          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after reading byte 0 of a word which was previously written with bad parity                |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x13          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made   |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x20          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after writing byte 1 of a word with bad parity   |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x21          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made   |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x22          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after reading byte 1 of a word which was previously written with bad parity                |  |      |
|         |      |                               | 0x23          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made   |  |      |
|         |      |                               |               |   |  | 0x30 |
|         |      |                               | 0x31          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made   |  |      |

Table F-5. Routine 3 - CP Bus Parity Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                         | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |   |
|---------|------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|---|
| 0x03    | 0x01 | CP Bus parity - Control Store | 0x32          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after reading byte2 of a word which was previously written with bad parity  |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x33          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                                  |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x40          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after writing byte 3 of a word with bad parity                              |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x41          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                                  |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x42          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after reading byte 3 of a word which was previously written with bad parity |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x43          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                                  |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x50          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was detected after attempting to write a word with good parity to control store    |   |
| 0x03    | 0x02 | 02 CP Bus parity - SDDP       | 0x01          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was prematurely detected at the beginning of this test                             |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x02          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was detected after reading the HDXC register in the SDDP                           |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x03          | A CP bus parity error was not detected as expected after a SDDP register write operation with forced bad parity    |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x04          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                                  |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x05          | A data miscompare was detected reading an SDDP register previously written with bad parity                         |   |
|         |      |                               |               | 0x06   | An unexpected Check 1 condition was detected after reading an SDDP register |
|         |      |                               | 0x07          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was detected after attempting to restore the contents of the HDXC register         |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x08          | A data miscompare was detected when verifying the contents of the HDXC register previously restored                |   |
|         |      |                               | 0x09          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after read verification of the HDXC register was completed             |   |

 Table F-5.
 Routine 3 - CP Bus Parity Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x03    | 0x02 | 2 CP Bus parity - SDDP | 0x0A          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was detected after setting a bit to force bad parity on writes to the SDDP      |
|         |      |                        | 0x0B          | A Check 1 condition was not detected after reading a register in the SDDP with the SDDP set to cause bad parity |
|         |      |                        | 0x0C          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                               |
|         |      |                        | 0x10          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after writing byte 0 of an SDDP register word with force bad parity set  |
|         |      |                        | 0x11          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                               |
|         |      |                        | 0x12          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after writing byte 1 of an SDDP register word with force bad parity set  |
|         |      |                        | 0x13          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                               |
|         |      |                        | 0x14          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after writing byte 2 of an SDDP register word with force bad parity set  |
|         |      |                        | 0x15          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                               |
|         |      |                        | 0x16          | A CP bus parity error was not detected after writing byte 3 of an SDDP register word with force bad parity set  |
|         |      |                        | 0x17          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                               |
|         |      |                        | 0x18          | A data miscompare was detected during a read verify of the SDDP register used to test parity error detection    |
|         |      |                        | 0x19          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was detected after completing a successful read verify of an SDDP register      |
| 0x03    | 0x03 | CP Bus parity - SPC    | 0x01          | An expected CP Bus parity error was not detected  |
|         |      |                        | 0x02          | An unexpected Check 1 condition was detected after an attempt was made to clear it                              |
|         |      |                        | 0x03          | An expected CP bus parity error was not detected after attempting to force bad SPC parity                       |

Table F-5. Routine 3 - CP Bus Parity Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE               | ERROR<br>CODE  | DESCRIPTION  |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|---------|------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|------|---|--|--|---|
| 0x03    | 0x03 | CP Bus parity - SPC | 0x04   | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                                |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x05   | An expected CP bus parity was not detected after attempting to read an SPC register with SPC parity inverted     |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x06   | An unexpected Check 1 condition was pending after an attempt to clear it was made                                |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x07   | An unexpected Check 1 condition was detected   |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x10   | Initialization of the SPC chip failed  |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x20   | SPC interrupt request was not generated during SPC Diagnostic initialization                                     |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      | 0x21                | An SPC interrupt was not detected in the Interrupt Request Controller (IRC) during SPC Diagnostic initialization |  |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0x22 | The SPC interrupt was inadvertently cleared when the Interrupt Request Controller was cleared |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x23   | The SPC interrupt/step code did not report command complete as expected  |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x24   | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x30   | An SPC interrupt request was not generated by the SPC during diagnostic test                                     |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x31   | An SPC interrupt was not detected in the Interrupt Request Controller (IRC) during SPC Diagnostic initialization |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x32   | The SPC interrupt was inadvertently cleared when the Interrupt Request Controller was cleared                    |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  | The SPC interrupt/step code did not report a<br>Register Parity error as expected |
|         |      |                     | 0x34   | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x40   | An SPC interrupt request was not generated by the SPC during diagnostic test                                     |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x41   | An expected SPC interrupt was not detected in the Interrupt Request Controller (IRC)                             |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |
|         |      |                     | 0x42   | The SPC interrupt was inadvertently cleared when the Interrupt Request Controller was cleared                    |  |  |  |  |      |   |  |  |   |

 Table F-5.
 Routine 3 - CP Bus Parity Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE   | TEST | TITLE                    | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |
|-----------|------|--------------------------|---------------|---|--|--|
| 0x03 0x03 | 0x03 | 0x03 CP Bus parity - SPC | 0x43          | The SPC interrupt/step code did not report a<br>Register Parity error as expected after chang-<br>ing the SPC parity from odd to even |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x44          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared  |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x50          | An SPC interrupt request was not generated by the SPC during diagnostic test  |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x51          | An expected SPC interrupt was not detected in the Interrupt Request Controller (IRC)  |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x52          | The SPC interrupt was inadvertently cleared when the Interrupt Request Controller was cleared   |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x53          | The SPC interrupt/step code did not report a<br>Register Parity error as expected after chang-<br>ing the SPC parity from odd to even |  |  |
|           |      | 0x54                     | 0x54          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared  |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x60          | An expected SPC interrupt request was not generated by the SPC  |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x61          | An expected SPC interrupt was not detected in the Interrupt Request Controller (IRC)  |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x62          | The SPC interrupt was inadvertently cleared when the Interrupt Request Controller was cleared   |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x63          | The SPC interrupt/step code did not report a Command Complete as expected   |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x64          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared  |  |  |
|           |      |                          |               |   | 0x80   | An SPC interrupt request was not generated by the SPC during SPC setup restoration |
|           |      |                          |               | 0x81  | An expected SPC interrupt was not detected in the Interrupt Request Controller (IRC) |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x82          | The SPC interrupt was inadvertently cleared when the Interrupt Request Controller was cleared   |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x83          | The SPC interrupt/step code did not report a<br>Command Complete as expected after restor-<br>ing SPC setup                           |  |  |
|           |      |                          | 0x84          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared  |  |  |

Table F-6. Routine 4 - Read Signal Verification Processor Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                         | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|-------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x04    | *    | * RSVP Routine Initialization | 0xE0          | Initialization timeout waiting for RSVP to reach the RSVP idle loop |
|         |      |                               | 0xE1          | RSVP reported incorrect status after being reset                    |
|         |      |                               | 0xE2          | RSVP failed to clear Response Available in the allocated time       |
|         |      |                               | 0xE3          | RSVP failed to set Response Available in the allocated time         |
|         |      |                               | 0xE4          | RSVP Alert Interrupt not set as expected                            |
|         |      |                               | 0xE5          | RSVP failed to set data transfer or timer registers as expected     |
| 0x04    | 0x01 | RSVP Internal Registers test  | 0x01          | RSVP failed to set control register RCTL as expected                |
|         |      |                               | 0x02          | RSVP failed to clear control register RCTL as expected              |
|         |      |                               | 0x03          | Data miscompare attempting to set RSVP register RDME                |
|         |      |                               | 0x04          | Data miscompare attempting to clear RSVP register RDME              |
|         |      |                               | 0x05          | Data miscompare attempting to set RSVP register SNDA to 0x55        |
|         |      |                               | 0x06          | Data miscompare attempting to set RSVP register SNDA to 0xAA        |
|         |      |                               | 0x07          | Data miscompare attempting to clear RSVP register SNDA              |
|         |      |                               | 0x08          | Data miscompare attempting to set RSVP register SNDB to 0x55        |
|         |      |                               | 0x09          | Data miscompare attempting to set RSVP register SNDB to 0xAA        |
|         |      |                               | 0x0A          | Data miscompare attempting to clear RSVP register SNDB              |
|         |      |                               | 0x0B          | Data miscompare attempting to set RSVP register SNDC to 0x55        |
|         |      |                               | 0x0C          | Data miscompare attempting to set RSVP register SNDC to 0xAA        |
|         |      |                               | 0x0D          | Data miscompare attempting to clear RSVP register SNDC              |

Table F-6. Routine 4 - Read Signal Verification Processor Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                        | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x04    | 0x01 | RSVP Internal Registers test | 0x0E          | Data miscompare attempting to set RSVP register TIMR to 0x55                     |
|         |      |                              | 0x01          | Timeout waiting for RSVP Response Available after setting DSG0 Order Available   |
|         |      |                              | 0x02          | RSVP Alert Interrupt not set as expected after setting DSG0 Order Available      |
|         |      |                              | 0x03          | Timeout waiting for RSVP Response Available after setting DSG1 Order Available   |
|         |      |                              | 0x04          | RSVP Alert Interrupt not set as expected after setting DSG1 Order Available      |
| 0x04    | 0x02 | RSVP External Registers test | 0x05          | Timeout waiting for RSVP Response Available after setting RDOP Order Available   |
|         |      |                              | 0x06          | RSVP Alert Interrupt not set as expected after setting RDOP Order Available      |
|         |      |                              | 0x07          | Timeout waiting for RSVP Response Available after setting FCNT Order Available   |
|         |      |                              | 0x08          | RSVP Alert Interrupt not set as expected after setting FCNT Order Available      |
|         |      |                              | 0x09          | Timeout waiting for RSVP Response Available after setting FCNT.B Order Available |
|         |      |                              | 0x0A          | RSVP Alert Interrupt not set as expected after setting FCNT.B Order Available    |
|         |      |                              | 0x0B          | Unable to reset all register FCNT bits   |
|         |      |                              | 0x0C          | Timeout waiting for RSVP Response Available after setting CECC Order Available   |
|         |      |                              | 0x0D          | RSVP Alert Interrupt not set as expected after setting CECC Order Available      |
| 0x04    | 0x03 | RSVP Counters test -2 frame  | 0x01          | Carry counter error  |
|         |      |                              | 0x02          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available        |
|         |      |                              | 0x03          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected  |
|         |      |                              | 0x04          | Register CECC data miscompare after clearing Response Available                  |
| 0x04    | 0x04 | RSVP Counters test -4 frame  | 0x01          | Carry counter error  |
|         |      |                              | 0x02          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available        |
|         |      |                              | 0x03          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected  |

Table F-6. Routine 4 - Read Signal Verification Processor Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                 | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|---------------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x04    | 0x04 | RSVP Counters test -4 frame           | 0x04          | Register CECC data miscompare after clearing Response Available   |
| 0x04    | 0x05 | RSVP Counters test -8 frame           | 0x01          | Carry counter error   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x02          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available                                       |
|         |      |                                       | 0x03          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x04          | Register CECC data miscompare after clearing Response Available   |
| 0x04    | 0x06 | RSVP Counters test - 16 frame         | 0x01          | Carry counter error   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x02          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available                                       |
|         |      |                                       | 0x03          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x04          | Register CECC data miscompare after clearing Response Available   |
| 0x04    | 0x07 | RSVP Counters test - single byte mode | 0x01          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available testing counter 2, low byte carry out |
|         |      |                                       | 0x02          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected testing counter 2, low byte carry out                                       |
|         |      |                                       | 0x03          | Register CECC data miscompare after resetting Response Available testing counter 2, low byte carry out          |
|         |      |                                       | 0x04          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available testing counter 1, low byte carry out |
|         |      |                                       | 0x05          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected testing counter 1, low byte carry out                                       |
|         |      |                                       | 0x06          | Register CECC data miscompare after resetting Response Available testing counter 1, low byte carry out          |
|         |      |                                       | 0x07          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available testing counter 0, low byte carry out |
|         |      |                                       | 0x08          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected testing counter 0, low byte carry out                                       |
|         |      |                                       | 0x09          | Register CECC data miscompare after resetting Response Available testing counter 0, low byte carry out          |

Table F-6. Routine 4 - Read Signal Verification Processor Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                 | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x04    | 0x07 | RSVP Counters test - single byte mode | 0x0A          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available testing counter 2, high byte carry out |
|         |      |                                       | 0x0B          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected testing counter 2, high byte carry out                                       |
|         |      |                                       | 0x0C          | Register CECC data miscompare after reset-<br>ting Response Available testing counter 2,<br>high byte carry out  |
|         |      |                                       | 0x0D          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available testing counter 1, high byte carry out |
|         |      |                                       | 0x0E          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected testing counter 1, high byte carry out                                       |
|         |      |                                       | 0x0F          | Register CECC data miscompare after reset-<br>ting Response Available testing counter 1,<br>high byte carry out  |
|         |      |                                       | 0x10          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available testing counter 0, high byte carry out |
|         |      |                                       | 0x11          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected testing counter 0, high byte carry out                                       |
|         |      |                                       | 0x12          | Register CECC data miscompare after reset-<br>ting Response Available testing counter 0,<br>high byte carry out  |
| 0x04    | 0x08 | RSVP Counters test - 2 byte mode      | 0x01          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available testing counter 2                      |
|         |      |                                       | 0x02          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected testing counter 2  |
|         |      |                                       | 0x03          | Register CECC data miscompare after reset-<br>ting Response Available testing counter 2                          |
|         |      |                                       | 0x04          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available testing counter 1                      |
|         |      |                                       | 0x05          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected testing counter 1  |
|         |      |                                       | 0x06          | Register CECC data miscompare after reset-<br>ting Response Available testing counter 1                          |
|         |      |                                       | 0x07          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting CECC Order Available testing counter 0                      |

Table F-6. Routine 4 - Read Signal Verification Processor Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                            | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x04    | 0x08 | RSVP Counters test - 2 byte mode | 0x08          | RSVP Interrupts not set as expected testing counter 0                              |
|         |      |                                  | 0x09          | Register CECC data miscompare after resetting Response Available testing counter 0 |
| 0x04    | 0x09 | RSVP DBOB Interrupt test         | 0x01          | Timeout waiting for Response Available after setting DBOB Order Available          |
|         |      |                                  | 0x02          | DBOB and RSVP Interrupt not set as expected  |

Table F-7. Routine 5 - SDDP External Register Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                               | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x05    | 0x01 | SDDP Host I/F Buffer Page Xreg test | 0x01          | Buffer page register data miscompare                     |
| 0x05    | 0x02 | SDDP Host I/F Buffer Refresh        | 0x01          | Buffer refresh register data miscompare                  |
|         |      | Xreg test                           | 0x02          | Error restoring buffer refresh register to initial state |
| 0x05    | 0x03 | SDDP Host I/F Packet Header         | 0x01          | Packet header register data miscompare                   |
|         |      | Xregs test                          | 0x02          | Error restoring packet header registers to initial state |

Table F-8. Routine 6 - Data Buffer Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                            | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION                    |
|---------|------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| 0x06    | 0x01 | Buffer RAM data bus bit test     | 0x01          | Data bus bit miscompare        |
| 0x06    | 0x02 | Buffer byte, half, word boundary | 0x01          | Full word read data miscompare |
|         |      | test                             | 0x02          | Half word read data miscompare |
|         |      |                                  | 0x03          | Byte read data miscompare      |
| 0x06    | 0x03 | Buffer paging test               | 0x01          | Buffer page data miscompare    |

Table F-8. Routine 6 - Data Buffer Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                               | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x06    | 0x04 | Buffer RAM address bus bit test     | 0x01          | Address bus bit miscompare, possible open address bit(s)           |
|         |      |                                     | 0x02          | Address bus bit miscompare, possible short/<br>tied address bit(s) |
| 0x06    | 0x05 | Buffer RAM 0xAA data pattern test   | 0x01          | Data miscompare error  |
| 0x06    | 0x06 | Buffer RAM 0x55 data pattern test   | 0x01          | Data miscompare error  |
| 0x06    | 0x07 | Buffer RAM walking one's test       | 0x01          | Data miscompare error  |
| 0x06    | 0x08 | Buffer RAM incremental pattern test | 0x01          | Data miscompare error  |

Table F-9. Routine 7 - SCSI Protocol Controller Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                      | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |   |
|---------|------|----------------------------|---------------|--|---|
| 0x07    | *    | SPC Routine Initialization | 0xD0          | SPC register initialization failed   |   |
|         |      |                            | 0xE0          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |   |
|         |      |                            | 0xE1          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller                           |   |
|         |      |                            | 0xE2          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.               |   |
|         |      |                            |               | 0xE3   | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Command Complete |
|         |      |                            |               | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |   |
|         |      |                            | 0xE5          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |   |
|         |      |                            | 0xE6          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller                           |   |
|         |      |                            | 0xE7          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.               |   |
|         |      |                            | 0xE8          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Diagnostic Self-Test passed                           |   |
|         |      |                            | 0xE9          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |   |
|         |      |                            | 0xEF          | SPC interrupt request or interrupt/step register could not be cleared at the end of the test |   |

Table F-9. Routine 7 - SCSI Protocol Controller Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                        | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x07    | 0x01 | SPC CP Bus Bit test          | 0x01          | SPC data bus bit test failed, data miscompare in walking one's test                              |
| 0x07    | 0x02 | SPC User Program Memory test | 0x01          | SPC data miscompare during incremental data pattern test of User Program Memory                  |
|         |      |                              | 0x02          | SPC data miscompare during address bus bit test in SPC User Program Memory                       |
|         |      |                              | 0x03          | SPC data miscompare during read of SPC<br>User Program Memory after all bits were<br>inverted    |
| 0x07    | 0x03 | SPC MCS Buffer test          | 0x01          | Incorrect SPC status detected after issuing a diagnostic n-byte message command                  |
|         |      |                              | 0x02          | Incorrect SCSI bus status during diagnostic data transfer while expecting REQ assertion          |
|         |      |                              | 0x03          | Incorrect SCSI bus status during diagnostic data transfer while expecting REQ de-assertion       |
|         |      |                              | 0x04          | SPC reported an incorrect data transfer length   |
|         |      |                              | 0x05          | Data miscompare detected in SPC low MCS buffer after diagnostic message transfer                 |
|         |      |                              | 0x06          | Data miscompare error detected in SPC high MCS buffer after diagnostic message transfer          |
| 0x07    | 0x04 | SPC to Data Buffer DMA test  | 0x01          | Incorrect SPC status detected after issuing a diagnostic data transfer to buffer command         |
|         |      |                              | 0x02          | Bad SCSI bus status detected waiting for REQ assertion during diagnostic data transfer           |
|         |      |                              | 0x03          | Bad SCSI bus status detected waiting for REQ de-assertion during diagnostic data transfer        |
|         |      |                              | 0x04          | SPC reported an incorrect transfer length after completion of a diagnostic data transfer command |
|         |      |                              | 0x05          | Error reported by Record/Buffer manager in attempting to setup SDDP for a DMA transfer           |
|         |      |                              | 0x06          | Unexpected status returned by Record/Buffer manager after DMA transfer                           |
|         |      |                              | 0x07          | Data miscompare detected in SPC MCS buffer   |
|         |      |                              | 0x08          | Bad SCSI bus status detected waiting for REQ assertion during diagnostic data transfer           |

Table F-9. Routine 7 - SCSI Protocol Controller Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                         | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |      |  |
|---------|------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|------|--|
| 0x07    | 0x04 | 4 SPC to Data Buffer DMA test | 0x09          | Incorrect SCSI bus status during diagnostic data transfer while expecting REQ de-assertion |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x0A          | SPC reported an incorrect data transfer length   |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x0B          | Record/Buffer manager did not report successful completion for the DMA transfer            |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x0C          | Data miscompare detected in SPC MSC buffer after DMA data transfer completed               |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x10          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x11          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt<br>Request Controller                      |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x12          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.             |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x13          | An incorrect SPC interrupt/step code was reported  |      |  |
|         |      |                               |               |  | 0x14 | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared |
|         |      |                               | 0x20          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x21          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt<br>Request Controller                      |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x22          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.             |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x23          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Command Complete                                    |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x24          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |      |  |
| 0x07    | 0x05 | SPC MPU bus parity test       | 0x01          | SPC reported incorrect status  |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x02          | Bad SCSI bus status detected waiting for REQ assertion during diagnostic data transfer     |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x03          | Incorrect SCSI bus status during diagnostic data transfer while expecting REQ de-assertion |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x04          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x05          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt<br>Request Controller                      |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x06          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.             |      |  |
|         |      |                               | 0x07          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report MPU<br>Parity Error as expected                     |      |  |

Table F-9. Routine 7 - SCSI Protocol Controller Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                   | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|-------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x07    | 0x05 | SPC MPU bus parity test | 0x08          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared  |
|         |      |                         | 0x09          | CP bus parity error was not reported as expected  |
|         |      |                         | 0x0A          | Unexpected Check 1 condition was reported after attempting to clear the Check 1 CP bus parity error |

**Table F-10. Routine 8 - Formatter Counters Diagnostic Error Codes** 

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                    | ERROR<br>CODE   | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--------------------------|---|--|
| 0x08    | 0x01 | Formatter Counter 0 test | 0x01  | The Formatter Counter 0 count enable register could not be cleared   |
|         |      |                          | 0x02  | A data miscompare occurred walking a one through the Formatter Counter 0 high byte count register                              |
|         |      |                          | 0x03  | A data miscompare occurred walking a one through the Formatter Counter 0 low byte count register                               |
|         |      |                          | 0x04  | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the high byte count of Formatter Counter 0 was set prematurely before counter was started          |
|         |      |                          | 0x05  | An unexpected value was read in the count enable register for Formatter Counter 0 after the high byte counter finished running |
|         |      |                          | 0x06  | The high byte count for Formatter Counter 0 did not contain the expected value after the counter finished running              |
|         |      | 0x07                     | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the high byte count of Formatter Counter 0 was not set as expected after the counter finished running |  |
|         |      |                          | 0x08  | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the low byte count of Formatter Counter 0 was set prematurely before counter was started           |
|         |      |                          | 0x09  | An unexpected value was read in the count enable register for Formatter Counter 0 after the low byte counter finished running  |

 Table F-10.
 Routine 8 - Formatter Counters Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                    | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|--------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x08 0: | 0x01 | Formatter Counter 0 test | 0x0A          | The low byte count for Formatter Counter 0 did not contain the expected value after the counter finished running                  |
|         |      |                          | 0x0B          | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the low byte count of Formatter Counter 0 was not set as expected after the counter finished running  |
|         |      |                          | 0x0C          | WBEND_CNEH0 Interrupt not set as expected   |
| 0x08    | 0x02 | Formatter Counter 1 test | 0x01          | The Formatter Counter 1 count enable register could not be cleared  |
|         |      |                          | 0x02          | A data miscompare occurred walking a one through the Formatter Counter 1 high byte count register                                 |
|         |      |                          | 0x03          | A data miscompare occurred walking a one through the Formatter Counter 1 low byte count register                                  |
|         |      |                          | 0x04          | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the high byte count of Formatter Counter 1 was set prematurely before counter was started             |
|         |      |                          | 0x05          | An unexpected value was read in the count enable register for Formatter Counter 1 after the high byte counter finished running    |
|         |      |                          | 0x06          | The high byte count for Formatter Counter 1 did not contain the expected value after the counter finished running                 |
|         |      |                          | 0x07          | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the high byte count of Formatter Counter 1 was not set as expected after the counter finished running |
|         |      |                          | 0x08          | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the low byte count of Formatter Counter 1 was set prematurely before counter was started              |
|         |      |                          | 0x09          | An unexpected value was read in the count enable register for Formatter Counter 1 after the low byte counter finished running     |
|         |      |                          | 0x0A          | The low byte count for Formatter Counter 1 did not contain the expected value after the counter finished running                  |
|         |      |                          | 0x0B          | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the low byte count of Formatter Counter 1 was not set as expected after the counter finished running  |
| 0x08    | 0x03 | Formatter Counter 2 test | 0x01          | The Formatter Counter 2 count enable register could not be cleared  |

 Table F-10.
 Routine 8 - Formatter Counters Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST          | TITLE                    | ERROR<br>CODE  | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|---------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| 0x08    | 0x03          | Formatter Counter 2 test | 0x02   | A data miscompare occurred walking a one through the Formatter Counter 2 high byte count register                                 |
|         |               |                          | 0x03   | A data miscompare occurred walking a one through the Formatter Counter 2 low byte count register                                  |
|         |               |                          | 0x04   | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the high byte count of Formatter Counter 2 was set prematurely before counter was started             |
|         |               |                          | 0x05   | An unexpected value was read in the count enable register for Formatter Counter 2 after the high byte counter finished running    |
|         | 0x0  0x0  0x0 | 0x06                     | The high byte count for Formatter Counter 2 did not contain the expected value after the counter finished running    |   |
|         |               |                          | 0x07   | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the high byte count of Formatter Counter 2 was not set as expected after the counter finished running |
|         |               | 0x08                     | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the low byte count of Formatter Counter 2 was set prematurely before counter was started |   |
|         |               | Ox                       | 0x09   | An unexpected value was read in the count enable register for Formatter Counter 2 after the low byte counter finished running     |
|         |               |                          | 0x0A   | The low byte count for Formatter Counter 2 did not contain the expected value after the counter finished running                  |
|         |               |                          | 0x0B   | Test Jump Carry Out bit for the low byte count of Formatter Counter 2 was not set as expected after the counter finished running  |

Table F-11. Routine 9 - PCC Timers Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                   | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|-------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x09    | 0x01 | PCC Timers Timer 0 test | 0x01          | 10ms Timer (timer 0) interrupt was not detected    |
| 0x09    | 0x02 | PCC Timers Timer 1 test | 0x01          | Deadman Timer (timer 1) interrupt was not detected |
| 0x09    | 0x03 | PCC Timers Timer 2 test | 0x01          | Real Time Clock (timer 2) not incrementing         |

Table F-11. Routine 9 - PCC Timers Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                   | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|-------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x09    | 0x03 | PCC Timers Timer 2 test | 0x02          | FMT counter 2 low count carry-out bit not set            |
|         |      |                         | 0x03          | Timer 2 running too FAST compared against FMT counter 2. |
|         |      |                         | 0x04          | Timer 2 running too SLOW compared against FMT counter 2. |

Table F-12. Routine 10 - EDRC Control Signals Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                             | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x10    | *    | All R20 Control Check Diagnostics | 0xD0          | SPC register initialization failed   |
|         |      |                                   | 0xE0          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |
|         |      |                                   | 0xE1          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller                             |
|         |      |                                   | 0xE2          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.                 |
|         |      |                                   | 0xE3          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Command Complete  |
|         |      |                                   | 0xE4          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |
|         |      |                                   | 0xE5          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |
|         |      |                                   | 0xE6          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller                             |
|         |      |                                   | 0xE7          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.                 |
|         |      |                                   | 0xE8          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Diagnostic Self-Test passed                             |
|         |      |                                   | 0xE9          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |
|         |      |                                   | 0x10          | At end of test, SPC did not generate an interrupt request.                                     |
|         |      |                                   | 0x11          | At end of test, SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller.            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x12          | At end of test, the SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller. |

 Table F-12.
 Routine 10 - EDRC Control Signals Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                             | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x10    | *    | All R20 Control Check Diagnostics | 0x13          | At end of test, SPC interrupt/step code did not report Command Complete.   |
|         |      |                                   | 0x14          | At end of test, the SPC interrupt request could not be cleared.  |
|         |      |                                   | 0xEF          | SPC interrupt request or interrupt/step register could not be cleared at the end of the test   |
| 0x10    | 0x01 | Write clear 3 bytes 00, mode 1Eh  | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |                                   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |                                   | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |                                   | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |                                   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x10    | 0x02 | Read clear 3 bytes 00, mode 0Eh   | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |                                   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |

 Table F-12.
 Routine 10 - EDRC Control Signals Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                              | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x10    | 0x02 | Read clear 3 bytes 00, mode 0Eh    | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |                                    | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x10    | 0x03 | Write EDRC-NC 3 bytes 00, mode 18h | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.            |
|         |      |                                    | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |                                    | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |                                    | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |                                    | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |                                    | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |                                    | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x10    | 0x04 | Read EDRC-NC 3 bytes 00, mode 08h  | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |
|         |      |                                    | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |                                    | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set:  ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.           |
|         |      |                                    | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |

 Table F-12.
 Routine 10 - EDRC Control Signals Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                             | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x10    | 0x04 | Read EDRC-NC 3 bytes 00, mode 08h | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |                                   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x10    | 0x05 | Write clear 3 bytes 00, mode 1Ah  | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |                                   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |                                   | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |                                   | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |                                   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x10    | 0x06 | Read clear 3 bytes 00, mode 0Ah   | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |                                   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |

 Table F-12.
 Routine 10 - EDRC Control Signals Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                   | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x10    | 0x06 | Read clear 3 bytes 00, mode 0Ah         | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x10    | 0x07 | 0x07 Write EDRC-NC 3 bytes 00, mode 14h | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.            |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |   | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x10    | 0x08 | Read EDRC-NC 3 bytes 00, mode 04h       | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.            |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |

 Table F-12.
 Routine 10 - EDRC Control Signals Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                             | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x10    | 0x08 | Read EDRC-NC 3 bytes 00, mode 04h | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |                                   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x10    | 0x09 | Read EDRC 3 bytes 00, mode 00h    | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |                                   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |                                   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x10    | 0x0A | Write EDRC 3 bytes 00, mode 10h   | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |                                   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |                                   | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |

 Table F-12.
 Routine 10 - EDRC Control Signals Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                           | ERROR<br>CODE  | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 0x10    | 0x0A | Write EDRC 3 bytes 00, mode 10h | 0x05   | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.                              |
|         |      |                                 | 0x06   | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register. |
|         |      |                                 | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer. |  |

Table F-13. Routine 11 - EDRC Data Buffers Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                    | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|--|---------------|---|
| 0x11    | *    | All R20 Data Check Diagnostics           | 0xD0          | SPC register initialization failed  |
|         |      |  | 0xE0          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request   |
|         |      |  | 0xE1          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller  |
|         |      |  | 0xE2          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.  |
|         |      |  | 0xE3          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Command Complete   |
|         |      |  | 0xE4          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared  |
|         |      |  | 0xE5          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request   |
|         |      |  | 0xE6          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller  |
|         |      |  | 0xE7          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.  |
|         |      |  | 0xE8          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Diagnostic Self-Test passed  |
|         |      |  | 0xE9          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared  |
|         |      |  | 0x10          | At end of test, SPC did not generate an interrupt request.  |
|         |      |  | 0x11          | At end of test, SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller.   |
|         |      |  | 0x12          | At end of test, the SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.  |
|         |      |  | 0x13          | At end of test, SPC interrupt/step code did not report Command Complete.  |
|         |      |  | 0x14          | At end of test, the SPC interrupt request could not be cleared.   |
|         |      |  | 0xEF          | SPC interrupt request or interrupt/step register could not be cleared at the end of the test  |
| 0x11    | 0x01 | Write clear 32 bytes walking 1, mode 1Eh | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty. |

Table F-13. Routine 11 - EDRC Data Buffers Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--|---------------|--|
| 0x11    | 0x01 | Write clear 32 bytes walking 1, mode 1Eh     | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |  | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x11    | 0x02 | 0x02 Read clear 32 bytes walking 0, mode 0Eh | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |
|         |      |  | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.            |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x11    | 0x03 | Write EDRC-NC 32 bytes walking 1, mode 18h   | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.            |

Table F-13. Routine 11 - EDRC Data Buffers Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--|---------------|--|
| 0x11    | 0x03 | Write EDRC-NC 32 bytes walking 1, mode 18h     | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |  | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x11    | 0x04 | 0x04 Read EDRC-NC 32 bytes walking 0, mode 08h | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |
|         |      |  | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.            |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x11    | 0x05 | Write clear 32 bytes walking 1, mode 1Ah       | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.            |

Table F-13. Routine 11 - EDRC Data Buffers Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                      | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--|---------------|--|
| 0x11    | 0x05 | Write clear 32 bytes walking 1, mode 1Ah   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |  | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x11    | 0x06 | Read clear 32 bytes walking 0, mode 0Ah    | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |
|         |      |  | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.            |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x11    | 0x07 | Write EDRC-NC 32 bytes walking 1, mode 14h | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following:  SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.           |

Table F-13. Routine 11 - EDRC Data Buffers Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                      | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--|---------------|--|
| 0x11    | 0x07 | Write EDRC-NC 32 bytes walking 1, mode 14h | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |  | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x11    | 0x08 | Read, EDRC-NC 32 bytes walking 0, mode 04h | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |
|         |      |  | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.            |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x11    | 0x09 | Read EDRC32 bytes walking 0, mode 00h      | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |

Table F-13. Routine 11 - EDRC Data Buffers Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                       | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x11    | 0x09 | Read EDRC32 bytes walking 0, mode 00h       | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.            |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x11    | 0x0A | Ox0A Write EDRC32 bytes walking 1, mode 10h | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.            |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |   | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |

Table F-14. Routine 12 - EDRC Address Bus Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                       | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|---|---------------|---|
| 0x12    | *    | All R20 Address Check Diagnostics           | 0xD0          | SPC register initialization failed  |
|         |      |   | 0xE0          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request   |
|         |      |   | 0xE1          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller  |
|         |      |   | 0xE2          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.  |
|         |      |   | 0xE3          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Command Complete   |
|         |      |   | 0xE4          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared  |
|         |      |   | 0xE5          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request   |
|         |      |   | 0xE6          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller  |
|         |      |   | 0xE7          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.  |
|         |      |   | 0xE8          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Diagnostic Self-Test passed  |
|         |      |   | 0xE9          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared  |
|         |      |   | 0x10          | At end of test, SPC did not generate an interrupt request.  |
|         |      |   | 0x11          | At end of test, SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller.   |
|         |      |   | 0x12          | At end of test, the SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.  |
|         |      |   | 0x13          | At end of test, SPC interrupt/step code did not report Command Complete.  |
|         |      |   | 0x14          | At end of test, the SPC interrupt request could not be cleared.   |
|         |      |   | 0xEF          | SPC interrupt request or interrupt/step register could not be cleared at the end of the test  |
| 0x12    | 0x01 | SDDP-R20 buffer flush signal test, mode 14h | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty. |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.  |

Table F-14. Routine 12 - EDRC Address Bus Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--|---------------|--|
| 0x12    | 0x01 | SDDP-R20 buffer flush signal test, mode 14h  | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | host data transfer end of transfer was received when not expected, check to see if flush is tied high to some other signal.  |
|         |      |  | 0x06          | host data transfer end of transfer was not received when expected, check to see if flush is tied low to some other signal.   |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
| 0x12    | 0x02 | Ox02 SDDP-R20 testing 64k sgc-imem, mode 14h | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.            |
|         |      |  | 0x02          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |  | 0x06          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |

Table F-14. Routine 12 - EDRC Address Bus Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--|---------------|--|
| 0x12    | 0x02 | SDDP-R20 testing 64k sgc-i-<br>mem, mode 14h | 0x07          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |  | 0x08          | host data transfer end of transfer was received when not expected, check to see if flush is tied high to some other signal.  |
|         |      |  | 0x09          | host data transfer end of transfer was not received when expected, check to see if flush is tied low to some other signal.   |
|         |      |  | 0x0A          | Host data transfer error detected on the retry mode of this test.  |
|         |      |  | 0x0B          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x12    | 0x03 | SDDP-R20 testing 16k sgd-i-<br>mem, mode 04h | 0x01          | After start of read operation, SPC-status did not have SPC-busy and data_ready, possible sddp did not send data to spc.  |
|         |      |  | 0x02          | Once read operation had started, slow microcode was able to pull data out of spc_data fifo faster then sddp could put into data fifo. Possible that the data pipe is broken. |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | At end of read operation, the SPC-status should be not busy, not data_ready, and data_fifo empty.  |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x12    | 0x04 | SDDP-R20 testing sgd-de controls, mode 00h   | 0x01          | After start of read operation, SPC-status did not have SPC-busy and data_ready, possible sddp did not send data to spc.  |
|         |      |  | 0x02          | Once read operation had started, slow microcode was able to pull data out of spc_data fifo faster then sddp could put into data fifo. Possible that the data pipe is broken. |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | At end of read operation, the SPC-status should be not busy, not data_ready, and data_fifo empty.  |

Table F-14. Routine 12 - EDRC Address Bus Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                       | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x12    | 0x04 | SDDP-R20 testing sgd-de controls, mode 00h  | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x12    | 0x05 | SDDP-R20 testing sgc-ce controls, mode 10h  | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following: SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.            |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |   | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x12    | 0x06 | SDDP-R20 testing expansion sgd-de, mode 00h | 0x01          | After start of read operation, SPC-status did not have SPC-busy and data_ready, possible sddp did not send data to spc.  |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | Once read operation had started, slow microcode was able to pull data out of spc_data fifo faster then sddp could put into data fifo. Possible that the data pipe is broken.             |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | At end of read operation, the SPC-status should be not busy, not data_ready, and data_fifo empty.  |

Table F-14. Routine 12 - EDRC Address Bus Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE   | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x12    | 0x06 | 6 SDDP-R20 testing expansion sgd-<br>de, mode 00h | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.  |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the SPC receive buffer.  |
| 0x12    | 0x07 | SDDP-R20 testing expansion sgc-<br>ce, mode 10h   | 0x01          | after a write diag operation was initialized in the spc chip, the SPC-status register did not have one of the following:  SPC_data_trans_rdy, SPC_busy, or SPC_data_reg_empty.           |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.               |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC send<br>buffer to the SPC data fifo, the SPC-ssig regis-<br>ter did not have the expected bits set:<br>~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY,<br>xfer_phase. |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_request_wrtbuffer.   |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | All the data expected to be transferred out of the SPC data fifo was not transferred to the SDDP.  |
|         |      |   | 0x06          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_wrt_cmplt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register.   |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | A byte for byte miscompare was detected on the data bytes stored in the data_buffer.   |
| 0x12    | 0x08 | SDDP-R20 Read flush testing,<br>mode 00h          | 0x01          | A host data path end of transfer was not detected in the allotted time.  |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: SCSI_REQ, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.                       |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | when transferring data from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer, the SPC-ssig register did not have the expected bits set: ~SCSI_REQ, SCSI_ACK, SCSI_BSY, xfer_phase.            |

Table F-14. Routine 12 - EDRC Address Bus Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                 | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x12    | 0x08 | SDDP-R20 Read flush testing, mode 00h | 0x04          | All the data expected to be transferred from the SPC data_fifo to the SPC receive_buffer was not transferred.                  |
|         |      |                                       | 0x05          | A non SUCCESS status was returned from the function call rm_host_rd_complt. A error was detected in the SDDP_HI-hdxs register. |
|         |      |                                       | 0x06          | Incorrect residual data count in SDDP.   |

Table F-15. Routine 13 - EDRC Error Detection Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                            | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x13    | *    | All R20 Error Check Diagnostics  | 0xD0          | SPC register initialization failed   |
|         |      |                                  | 0xE0          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |
|         |      |                                  | 0xE1          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt<br>Request Controller                          |
|         |      |                                  | 0xE2          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.                 |
|         |      |                                  | 0xE3          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Command Complete  |
|         |      |                                  | 0xE4          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |
|         |      |                                  | 0xE5          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |
|         |      |                                  | 0xE6          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt<br>Request Controller                          |
|         |      |                                  | 0xE7          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.                 |
|         |      |                                  | 0xE8          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Diagnostic Self-Test passed                             |
|         |      |                                  | 0xE9          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |
|         |      |                                  | 0x10          | At end of test, SPC did not generate an interrupt request.                                     |
|         |      |                                  | 0x11          | At end of test, SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller.            |
|         |      |                                  | 0x12          | At end of test, the SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller. |
|         |      |                                  | 0x13          | At end of test, SPC interrupt/step code did not report Command Complete.                       |
|         |      |                                  | 0x14          | At end of test, the SPC interrupt request could not be cleared.                                |
|         |      |                                  | 0xEF          | SPC interrupt request or interrupt/step register could not be cleared at the end of the test   |
| 0x13    | 0x01 | Write Hi_data parity error check | 0xA0          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |
|         |      |                                  | 0xA1          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt<br>Request Controller                          |
|         |      |                                  | 0xA2          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.                 |

 Table F-15.
 Routine 13 - EDRC Error Detection Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                 | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x13    | 0x01 | 0x01 Write Hi_data parity error check | 0xA3          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Diagnostic Self-Test passed                             |
|         |      |                                       | 0xA4          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x01          | Bad SPC write initialization status.   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x02          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.                     |
|         |      |                                       | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion.                   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x04          | Error reported by record manager attempting to request buffer for write clear SG-bypass.       |
|         |      |                                       | 0x05          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC.  |
|         |      |                                       | 0x06          | Expected data parity error on high byte of the DMA bus from SPC failed to be reported by SDDP. |
|         |      |                                       | 0xB0          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |
|         |      |                                       | 0xB1          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller                             |
|         |      |                                       | 0xB2          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.                 |
|         |      |                                       | 0xB3          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Diagnostic Self-Test passed                             |
|         |      |                                       | 0xB4          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared   |
| 0x13    | 0x02 | Read Hi_data parity error check       | 0x01          | Failed to receive data end-of-transfer signal in SDDP hdxs register.                           |
|         |      |                                       | 0x02          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.                     |
|         |      |                                       | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion.                   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x04          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x05          | SPC did not generate an interrupt request  |
|         |      |                                       | 0x06          | SPC interrupt was not detected at the Interrupt Request Controller                             |
|         |      |                                       | 0x07          | The SPC interrupt was cleared while clearing the Interrupt Request Controller.                 |
|         | _    |                                       | 0x08          | SPC interrupt/step code did not report Diagnostic Self-Test passed                             |

Table F-15. Routine 13 - EDRC Error Detection Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                             | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x13    | 0x02 | Read Hi_data parity error check   | 0x09          | The SPC interrupt request could not be cleared  |
| 0x13    | 0x03 | Read Sync host crc error check    | 0x01          | Failed to receive data end-of-transfer signal in SDDP hdxs register.                                    |
|         |      |                                   | 0x02          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.                              |
|         |      |                                   | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion.                            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x04          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x05          | SDDP failed to report expected CRC error.   |
| 0x13    | 0x04 | Write Buffer overflow error check | 0x01          | Initial SPC write status is incorrect.  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x02          | Error reported by Record Manager Write<br>Buffer function while attempting to write<br>clear SG-bypass. |
|         |      |                                   | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.                              |
|         |      |                                   | 0x04          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion.                            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x05          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x06          | SDDP failed to report expected buffer over-flow.  |
| 0x13    | 0x05 | Read crc-b error check            | 0x01          | Failed to receive data end-of-transfer signal in SDDP hdxs register.                                    |
|         |      |                                   | 0x02          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.                              |
|         |      |                                   | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion.                            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x04          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x05          | SDDP failed to report expected CRC-B error.   |
| 0x13    | 0x06 | Read header crc error check       | 0x01          | Failed to receive data end-of-transfer signal in SDDP hdxs register.                                    |
|         |      |                                   | 0x02          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.                              |
|         |      |                                   | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion.                            |
|         |      |                                   | 0x04          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC  |
|         |      |                                   | 0x05          | SDDP failed to report expected header CRC error.  |

**Table F-15. Routine 13 - EDRC Error Detection Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)** 

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                       | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|---|---------------|---|
| 0x13    | 0x07 | Write PPh host crc error check              | 0x01          | Initial SPC write status is incorrect.  |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | Error reported by Record Manager Write<br>Buffer function while attempting to write<br>EDRC non-compacted.    |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.                                    |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion.                                  |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC  |
|         |      |   | 0x06          | SDDP failed to report expected host Packet Processor CRC error.   |
| 0x13    | 0x08 | Write PPh host count error check            | 0x01          | Initial SPC write status is incorrect.  |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | Error reported by Record Manager Write<br>Buffer function while attempting to write SG<br>EDRC non-compacted. |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.                                    |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion.                                  |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC  |
|         |      |   | 0x06          | SDDP failed to report expected host Packet Processor error count.   |
| 0x13    | 0x09 | Read Compression error/sgd crc-<br>a errors | 0x01          | Failed to receive data end-of-transfer signal in SDDP hdxs register.  |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.                                    |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion.                                  |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC  |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression error.  |
|         |      |   | 0x06          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression host count error.   |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression host CRC error.   |
|         |      |   | 0x08          | SDDP failed to report expected CRCA error.  |

**Table F-15. Routine 13 - EDRC Error Detection Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)** 

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE   | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x13    | 0x0A | Read Sync host_count-high /<br>compression error / sgd<br>host_count-high errs  | 0x01          | Failed to receive data end-of-transfer signal in SDDP hdxs register.         |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.   |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion. |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression and sync host count error.   |
|         |      |   | 0x06          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression host count error.            |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression host CRC error.              |
|         |      |   | 0x08          | SDDP failed to report expected CRCA error.                                   |
| 0x13    | 0x0B | Read Sync host_count-low / com-<br>pression error / sgd host_count-<br>low errs | 0x01          | Failed to receive data end-of-transfer signal in SDDP hdxs register.         |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.   |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion. |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression and sync host count error.   |
|         |      |   | 0x06          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression host count error.            |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression host CRC error.              |
|         |      |   | 0x08          | SDDP failed to report expected CRCA error.                                   |
| 0x13    | 0x0C | Read Sync host_crc / compression<br>error / sgd host_crc errors                 | 0x01          | Failed to receive data end-of-transfer signal in SDDP hdxs register.         |
|         |      |   | 0x02          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal assertion.   |
|         |      |   | 0x03          | Incorrect SPC SCSI control signal status waiting for REQ signal deassertion. |
|         |      |   | 0x04          | Data transfer length error reported by SPC                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x05          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression and sync host CRC error.     |

**Table F-15. Routine 13 - EDRC Error Detection Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)** 

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE   | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|---|---------------|---|
| 0x13    | 0x0C | Read Sync host_crc / compression<br>error / sgd host_crc errors | 0x06          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression host count error. |
|         |      |   | 0x07          | SDDP failed to report expected data compression host CRC error.   |
|         |      |   | 0x08          | SDDP failed to report expected CRCA error.                        |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                        | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x20    | *    | All Loop Write to Read tests | 0xA0          | FDXS Xreg - expected data not equal to received data    |
|         |      |                              | 0xA1          | FBPP Xreg - expected data not equal to received data    |
|         |      |                              | 0xA2          | FBBC Xreg - expected data not equal to received data    |
|         |      |                              | 0xA3          | WES Xreg - expected data not equal to received data     |
|         |      |                              | 0xA4          | WER Xreg - expected data not equal to received data     |
|         |      |                              | 0xA5          | RBE Xreg - expected data not equal to received data     |
|         |      |                              | 0xA6          | RB0 Xreg - expected data not equal to received data     |
|         |      |                              | 0xA7          | RB1 Xreg - expected data not equal to received data     |
|         |      |                              | 0xA8          | RB2 Xreg - expected data not equal to received data     |
|         |      |                              | 0xA9          | RB3 Xreg - expected data not equal to received data     |
|         |      |                              | 0xAA          | RESI Xreg - expected data not equal to received data    |
|         |      |                              | 0xAB          | RDE Xreg - expected data not equal to received data     |
|         |      |                              | 0xAC          | CRS Xreg - expected data not equal to received data     |
|         |      |                              | 0xAD          | ETPA Xreg - expected data not equal to received data    |
|         |      |                              | 0xAE          | ETPB Xreg - expected data not equal to received data    |
|         |      |                              | 0xAF          | VODA Xreg - expected data not equal to received data    |
|         |      |                              | 0xB0          | VODB Xreg - expected data not equal to received data    |
|         |      |                              |               | 0xB1  |
|         |      |                              | 0xB2          | TJ_HERR Xreg - expected data not equal to received data |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | *    | All Loop Write to Read tests         | 0xB3          | CRRZ Xreg - expected data not equal to received data               |
|         |      |                                      | 0xE0          | Initialization Error - FDXS Xreg not zero following Transfer Cycle |
|         |      |                                      | 0xE1          | Initialization Error - TJ_WBEN Xreg not zero following Write Clear |
|         |      |                                      | 0xE2          | Initialization Error - RBE Xreg not zero following Read Clear      |
|         |      |                                      | 0xE3          | Initialization Error - RDE Xreg not zero following Read Clear      |
|         |      |                                      | 0xE4          | Initialization Error - ETPA Xreg not zero following Read Clear     |
|         |      |                                      | 0xE5          | Initialization Error - ETPB Xreg not zero following Read Clear     |
|         |      |                                      | 0xE6          | Initialization Error - CRS Xreg not zero following Read Clear      |
|         |      |                                      | 0xE7          | Initialization Error - WER Xreg not zero following Write Clear     |
|         |      |                                      | 0xE8          | Initialization Error - TJ_PHOK Xreg not zero following Read Clear  |
|         |      |                                      | 0xE9          | Initialization Error -TJ_PRE Xreg not zero following Read Clear    |
|         |      |                                      | 0xEA          | Initialization Error -TJ_POST Xreg not zero following Read Clear   |
|         |      |                                      | 0xEB          | Initialization Error -TJ_REND Xreg not zero following Read Clear   |
| 0x20    | 0x01 | Loop Write to Read 0 test - 36 track | 0x01          | Failed to Detect IBG - check INLWR or DBLK                         |
|         |      |                                      | 0x02          | Failed to Detect DBOB - check DBLK                                 |
|         |      |                                      | 0x03          | Failed to Detect Phase OK  |
|         |      |                                      | 0x04          | Failed to Detect Preamble - check RDSTT                            |
|         |      |                                      | 0x05          | Failed to Detect Postamble   |
|         |      |                                      | 0x06          | Failed to Detect Read End  |
|         |      |                                      | 0x07          | Phase OK not reset   |
|         |      |                                      | 0x08          | Failed to Detect Write Block End                                   |
| 0x20    | 0x02 | Loop Write to Read 0 test - 18 track | 0x01          | Failed to Detect IBG - check INLWR or DBLK                         |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x02 | 2 Loop Write to Read 0 test - 18 track | 0x02          | Failed to Detect DBOB - check DBLK                       |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | Failed to Detect Phase OK                                |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | Failed to Detect Preamble - check RDSTT                  |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | Failed to Detect Postamble                               |
|         |      |  | 0x06          | Failed to Detect Read End                                |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | Phase OK not reset                                       |
|         |      |  | 0x08          | Failed to Detect Write Block End                         |
| 0x20    | 0x03 | LWR0 - EDRC Data - 36 track            | 0x01          | Failed to Detect IBG - check INLWR or DBLK               |
|         |      |  | 0x02          | Failed to Detect DBOB - check DBLK                       |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | Failed to Detect Phase OK                                |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | Failed to Detect Preamble - check RDSTT                  |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | Failed to Detect Postamble                               |
|         |      |  | 0x06          | Failed to Detect Read End                                |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | Phase OK not reset                                       |
|         |      |  | 0x08          | Failed to Detect Write Block End                         |
|         |      |  | 0xB4          | PF_BID Xreg - expected data not equal to received data   |
|         |      |  | 0xB5          | PF_PSCT Xreg - expected data not equal to received data  |
|         |      |  | 0xB6          | PFHD_ID Xreg - expected data not equal to received data  |
|         |      |  | 0xB7          | PFOFST Xreg - expected data not equal to received data   |
|         |      |  | 0xB8          | PFTRL_LN Xreg - expected data not equal to received data |
|         |      |  | 0xB9          | PF_FLAG Xreg - expected data not equal to received data  |
|         |      |  | 0xBA          | PF_ALG Xreg - expected data not equal to received data   |
|         |      |  | 0xBB          | PF13 Xreg - expected data not equal to received data     |
|         |      |  | 0xBC          | PF14_15 Xreg - expected data not equal to received data  |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x20    | 0x03 | LWR0 - EDRC Data - 36 track          | 0xBD          | PF_EOD Xreg - expected data not equal to received data    |
|         |      |                                      | 0xBE          | PF_EODSEC Xreg - expected data not equal to received data |
|         |      |                                      | 0xBF          | PF_EOD_ID Xreg - expected data not equal to received data |
|         |      |                                      | 0xC0          | PF22_25 Xreg - expected data not equal to received data   |
|         |      |                                      | 0xC1          | PF26_29 Xreg - expected data not equal to received data   |
|         |      |                                      | 0xC2          | MOD_32 Xreg - expected data not equal to received data    |
|         |      |                                      | 0xC3          | HRL Xreg - expected data not equal to received data       |
| 0x20    | 0x04 | Loop Write to Read 2 test - 36 track | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                                    |
|         |      |                                      | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                     |
|         |      |                                      | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                     |
|         |      |                                      | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP                 |
|         |      |                                      | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG                    |
|         |      |                                      | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block         |
|         |      |                                      | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST        |
|         |      |                                      | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                     |
|         |      |                                      | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                                 |
|         |      |                                      | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                                |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                                |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                                    |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                                    |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found  |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown                   |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high.      |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x04 | Loop Write to Read 2 test - 36 track   | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x05 | LWR2 - ETPs - Skew Error - 36<br>Track | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |  | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |  | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |  | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |  | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |  | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |  | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |  | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |  | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |  | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |  | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |  | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |  | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |  | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |  | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |  | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |  | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x06 | LWR2 - ETPs - Skew Error - 18<br>Track | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |  | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |  | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |  | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |  | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |  | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |  | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                     | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x06 | LWR2 - ETPs - Skew Error - 18<br>Track    | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |   | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x07 | LWR2 - ETPs - Invalid Error - 18<br>Track | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |   | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |   | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |   | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |   | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |   | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                     | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x07 | LWR2 - ETPs - Invalid Error - 18<br>Track | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x08 | LWR2 - ETPs - Disorder Error - 36 Trk     | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |   | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |   | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |   | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |   | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |   | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |   | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x09 | LWR2 - ETPs - Format Control<br>Error -36 | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |   | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |   | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |   | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |   | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                     | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x09 | LWR2 - ETPs - Format Control<br>Error -36 | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |   | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x0A | LWR2 - ETPs - Unknown Error - 36 Track    | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |   | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |   | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |   | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |   | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |   | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                     | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x0A | LWR2 - ETPs - Unknown Error - 36 Track    | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x0B | LWR2 - ETPs - Unknown Error -<br>18 Track | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |   | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |   | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |   | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |   | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |   | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |   | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x0C | LWR2 - Ignore Invalid ETP - 4 good fms    | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |   | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |   | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |   | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |   | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                     | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x0C | LWR2 - Ignore Invalid ETP - 4<br>good fms | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |   | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x0D | LWR2 - Reset Invalid ETP - 8<br>good frms | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |   | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |   | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |   | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |   | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |   | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                     | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x0D | LWR2 - Reset Invalid ETP - 8<br>good frms | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x0E | LWR2 - Reset Invalid ETP at<br>Resync     | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |   | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |   | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |   | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |   | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |   | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |   | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x0F | LWR2 - Reset Persistence ETP at<br>Resync | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |   | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |   | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |   | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |   | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                     | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x0F | LWR2 - Reset Persistence ETP at<br>Resync | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |   | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x10 | LWR2 - Multi-Track Error - 36<br>Track    | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |   | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |   | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |   | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |   | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |   | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |   | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |   | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |   | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |   | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |   | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |   | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |   | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                    | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x10 | LWR2 - Multi-Track Error - 36<br>Track   | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x11 | LWR2 - Multi-Track Error - 18<br>Track   | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |  | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |  | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |  | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |  | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |  | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |  | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |  | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |  | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |  | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |  | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |  | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |  | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |  | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |  | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |  | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |  | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x12 | LWR2 - Uncorrectable Error - 36<br>Track | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |  | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |  | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |  | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |  | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |  | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |  | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                    | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x12 | LWR2 - Uncorrectable Error - 36<br>Track | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |  | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |  | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |  | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |  | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |  | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |  | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |  | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |  | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |  | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x13 | LWR2 - Detect Hard Error - 36<br>Track   | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |  | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |  | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |  | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |  | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |  | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |  | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |  | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |  | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |  | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |  | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |  | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |  | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |  | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |  | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |  | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|--|---------------|---|
| 0x20    | 0x13 | LWR2 - Detect Hard Error - 36<br>Track | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG. |
| 0x20    | 0x14 | No Signal Test                         | 0xC4          | Failed to Detect No Sig TJ                          |
|         |      |  | 0xC5          | Failed to Detect Write Error TJ                     |
| 0x20    | 0x15 | LWR3 - External Loop Write to<br>Read  | 0x30          | Wrap Mark not detected                              |
|         |      |  | 0x32          | DBOB TJ not active                                  |
| 0x20    | 0x16 | LWR0 - Seismic CRCA Error<br>Detection | 0x01          | Failed to Detect IBG - check INLWR or DBLK          |
|         |      |  | 0x02          | Failed to Detect DBOB - check DBLK                  |
|         |      |  | 0x03          | Failed to Detect Phase OK                           |
|         |      |  | 0x04          | Failed to Detect Preamble - check RDSTT             |
|         |      |  | 0x05          | Failed to Detect Postamble                          |
|         |      |  | 0x06          | Failed to Detect Read End                           |
|         |      |  | 0x07          | Phase OK not reset                                  |
|         |      |  | 0x08          | Failed to Detect Write Block End                    |
| 0x20    | 0x17 | LWR2 - Seismic SDFT Data Pattern       | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                              |
|         |      |  | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready               |
|         |      |  | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready               |
|         |      |  | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP           |
|         |      |  | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG              |
|         |      |  | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block   |
|         |      |  | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST  |
|         |      |  | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                               |
|         |      |  | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |  | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                          |
|         |      |  | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                          |
|         |      |  | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                              |
|         |      |  | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                              |

Table F-16. Routine 20 - Loop Write to Read Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x20    | 0x17 | LWR2 - Seismic SDFT Data Pattern     | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |                                      | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |
| 0x20    | 0x18 | LWR2 - Seismic Good EDRC<br>Transfer | 0x20          | RSVP failed to Respond                               |
|         |      |                                      | 0x21          | DATA Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |                                      | 0x22          | DATB Xreg Miscompare - RSVP not Ready                |
|         |      |                                      | 0x23          | FHC1 time-out - DBOB not detected by RSVP            |
|         |      |                                      | 0x24          | FLC0 time-out - RSVP detected Long IBG               |
|         |      |                                      | 0x25          | FHC2 or FLC2 Time Out - Slow End of Data<br>Block    |
|         |      |                                      | 0x26          | Lost DBOB prior to PHOK or while waiting for DPOST   |
|         |      |                                      | 0x27          | PHOK not seen in time                                |
|         |      |                                      | 0x28          | Time-out waiting for DPRE                            |
|         |      |                                      | 0x29          | Lost DBOB waiting for DPRE                           |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2A          | Time-out waiting for DPOST                           |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2B          | PHOK on after Read End                               |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2C          | RSVP Dead Man time-out                               |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2D          | Last Blk not Found                                   |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2E          | RSVP error - RSVP failed, cause unknown              |
|         |      |                                      | 0x2F          | IBG active, should not be - check INLWR pulled high. |
|         |      |                                      | 0x40          | RSVP did not respond while looking for DBOB or IBG.  |

Table F-17. Routine 50 - 4M Tones Test Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                       | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|-----------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x50    | *    | 4M Tones Tests              | 0xE0          | DVL card connection was not detected by the DTC.                                      |
|         |      |                             | 0xE1          | A working tape was not loaded, or the tape drive was not READY when the test started. |
|         |      |                             | 0xE2          | The tape drive is not READY.  |
| 0x50    | 0x01 | Write 4M tones test         | 0xE3          | The tape (or magazine) is FILE PRO-<br>TECTED.  |
|         |      |                             | 0x01          | Formatter command not accepted error.   |
|         |      |                             | 0x02          | Timeout waiting for Formatter Command Complete.                                       |
|         |      |                             | 0x03          | Formatter error during command execution.   |
| 0x50    | 0x02 | Read-backward 4M tones test | 0x01          | Formatter command not accepted error.   |
|         |      |                             | 0x02          | Timeout waiting for Formatter Command Complete.                                       |
|         |      |                             | 0x03          | Formatter error during command execution.   |
| 0x50    | 0x03 | Read 4M tones test          | 0x01          | Formatter command not accepted error.   |
|         |      |                             | 0x02          | Timeout waiting for Formatter Command Complete.                                       |
|         |      |                             | 0x03          | Formatter error during command execution.   |

Table F-18. Routine 51 - Incrementing Block Length Test Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                           | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x51    | *    | Incrementing block length tests | 0xE0          | DVL card connection was not detected by the DTC.   |
|         |      |                                 | 0xE1          | A working tape was not loaded, or the tape drive was not READY when the test started.                          |
|         |      |                                 | 0xE2          | The tape drive is not READY.   |
| 0x51    | 0x01 | Write incrementing blocks test  | 0xE3          | The tape (or magazine) is FILE PROTECTED.  |
|         |      |                                 | 0x01          | Cartridge not installed or drive NOT READY error. A tape cartridge must be loaded before this test can be run. |
|         |      |                                 | 0x02          | Cartridge WRITE PROTECT error. The cartridge must not be write protected for this test.                        |
|         |      |                                 | 0x03          | Buffer space request not granted for data transfer.  |
|         |      |                                 | 0x04          | Data transfer timed out.   |
|         |      |                                 | 0x05          | Fatal error detected during data transfer.   |
|         |      |                                 | 0x06          | Bad status reported on data transfer complete.   |
|         |      |                                 | 0x07          | Logical EOT encountered during data transfer.  |
|         |      |                                 | 0x08          | Buffer flush timeout. Write from data buffer to tape was not completed in the allocated time.                  |
|         |      |                                 | 0x09          | Write data in error reported at end of data transfer.  |
| 0x51    | 0x02 | Rewind test                     | 0x01          | Cartridge not installed or drive NOT READY error. A tape cartridge must be loaded before this test can be run. |
|         |      |                                 | 0x02          | Timeout waiting for Servo Command Complete during rewind operation.  |
|         |      |                                 | 0x03          | Timeout waiting for Formatter Action Complete during rewind operation.   |
|         |      |                                 | 0x04          | Record Manager or Servo error reported during rewind operation.  |
| 0x51    | 0x03 | Read incrementing blocks test   | 0x01          | Cartridge not installed or drive NOT READY error. A tape cartridge must be loaded before this test can be run. |
|         |      |                                 | 0x02          | Error detected while requesting buffer space for data transfer.  |

Table F-18. Routine 51 - Incrementing Block Length Test Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                         | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x51    | 0x03 | Read incrementing blocks test | 0x03          | Data transfer timeout error.   |
|         |      |                               | 0x04          | Error reported during data transfer.   |
|         |      |                               | 0x05          | Fatal error reported at completion of data transfer.   |
|         |      |                               | 0x06          | Incorrect transfer length, retry required, or recovered error and incorrect length reported at end of data transfer. |

Table F-19. Routine 80 - Servo Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                          | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x80    | *    | Servo Diagnostic Tests         | 0xE0          | Test initialization error, the controller could not sense the presence of a DVL card. The DTC card must be connected to a DVL card in order to run this test. |
|         |      |                                | 0xE1          | Test initialization error, a servo unload command failed while attempting to eject a cartridge.   |
|         |      |                                | 0xE2          | Servo reported error while attempting to unload a cartridge during test initialization.   |
| 0x80    | 0x01 | Servo Diag: Logic test         | 0x41          | Dummy signal of the file reel tachometer is wrong   |
|         |      |                                | 0x42          | GAP counter is wrong  |
|         |      |                                | 0x43          | RRC counter is wrong  |
|         |      |                                | 0x44          | Forward direction of the file reel tachometer is wrong  |
|         |      |                                | 0x45          | Backward direction of the file reel tachometer is wrong   |
|         |      |                                | 0x46          | Dummy signal of the machine reel tachometer is wrong  |
|         |      |                                | 0x47          | Forward direction of the machine reel tachometer is wrong   |
|         |      |                                | 0x48          | Backward direction of the machine reel tachometer is wrong  |
|         |      |                                | 0xE3          | Servo command was not accepted; sense information was built   |
|         |      |                                | 0xE4          | Servo command was accepted but failed to complete within 60 seconds   |
|         |      |                                | 0xE5          | Servo error occurred that was not reported as a diagnostic error.   |
| 0x80    | 0x02 | Servo Diag: Photo sensors test | 0x02          | The tape path home sensor is off  |
|         |      |                                | 0x03          | The cartridge in sensor is on   |
|         |      |                                | 0x04          | The tape path "CT" sensor is off  |
|         |      |                                | 0x05          | The tape path "MR" sensor is on   |
|         |      |                                | 0x06          | The cartridge in sensor in on   |
|         |      |                                | 0x07          | The file protect sensor is off  |
|         |      |                                | 0x08          | The cleaning cartridge sensor is on   |

Table F-19. Routine 80 - Servo Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                          | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x80    | 0x02 | Servo Diag: Photo sensors test | 0x09          | The cartridge mount sensor is on                                    |
|         |      |                                | 0xE3          | Servo command was not accepted; sense information was built         |
|         |      |                                | 0xE4          | Servo command was accepted but failed to complete within 60 seconds |
|         |      |                                | 0xE5          | Servo error occurred that was not reported as a diagnostic error.   |
| 0x80    | 0x03 | Servo Diag: Loader test        | 0x01          | Loader downward motion is too slow                                  |
|         |      |                                | 0x02          | Loader downward motion is too fast                                  |
|         |      |                                | 0x03          | Loader upward motion is too slow                                    |
|         |      |                                | 0x04          | Loader upward motion is too fast                                    |
|         |      |                                | 0xE3          | Servo command was not accepted; sense information was built         |
|         |      |                                | 0xE4          | Servo command was accepted but failed to complete within 60 seconds |
|         |      |                                | 0xE5          | Servo error occurred that was not reported as a diagnostic error.   |
| 0x80    | 0x04 | Servo Diag: Threader test      | 0x01          | Threader forward motion is too slow                                 |
|         |      |                                | 0x02          | Threader forward motion is too fast                                 |
|         |      |                                | 0x03          | Threader backward motion is too slow                                |
|         |      |                                | 0x04          | Threader backward motion is too fast                                |
|         |      |                                | 0xE3          | Servo command was not accepted; sense information was built         |
|         |      |                                | 0xE4          | Servo command was accepted but failed to complete within 60 seconds |
|         |      |                                | 0xE5          | Servo error occurred that was not reported as a diagnostic error.   |
| 0x80    | 0x05 | Servo Diag: Tachometer test    | 0x01          | The machine reel tachometer "A" is always "1"                       |
|         |      |                                | 0x02          | The machine reel tachometer "A" is always "0"                       |
|         |      |                                | 0x03          | The machine reel tachometer "B" is always "1"                       |
|         |      |                                | 0x04          | The machine reel tachometer "B" is always "0"                       |
|         |      |                                | 0x05          | The machine reel tachometer "A" and "B" changed at the same time    |

Table F-19. Routine 80 - Servo Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

|         |      |                                |               | ·  |
|---------|------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|
| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                          | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
| 0x80    | 0x05 | Servo Diag: Tachometer test    | 0x06          | The machine reel turns too slow  |
|         |      |                                | 0x08          | File reel tachometer phase error in forward direction  |
|         |      |                                | 0x0A          | File reel tachometer phase error in backward direction   |
|         |      |                                | 0x0D          | File reel turns too slow   |
|         |      |                                | 0xE3          | Servo command was not accepted; sense information was built  |
|         |      |                                | 0xE4          | Servo command was accepted but failed to complete within 60 seconds  |
|         |      |                                | 0xE5          | Servo error occurred that was not reported as a diagnostic error.  |
| 0x80    | 0x06 | Servo Diag: ACL/FACL test      | 0x01          | The servo command completed in error and valid sense information was built. Byte 19 of the sense information, which can be found in Table (ACL) or Table (FACL), gives a more detailed description of the error. |
|         |      |                                | 0xE3          | Medium changer not detected; this test cannot be run without a medium changer attached.  |
|         |      |                                | 0xE4          | Magazine eject failed.   |
|         |      |                                | 0xE5          | Servo reported error occurred during ACL/FACL test initialization.   |
| 0x80    | 0x07 | Servo Diag: Manual Sensor test | 0x80          | Servo error reported during Manual Sensor test execution.  |
|         |      |                                | 0xE3          | Medium changer not detected; this test cannot be run without a medium changer attached.  |
| 0x80    | 0x08 | Servo Diag: Manual ACL test    | 0x01          | Servo error reported during Manual ACL test execution.   |
|         |      |                                | 0xE3          | Medium changer not detected; this test cannot be run without a medium changer attached.  |

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Table F-20. Routine 80 Test 06 - Servo ACL Error Codes in Sense Byte 19

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                 | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION                                     |
|---------|------|-----------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x80    | 0x06 | Sense Byte 19 for ACL | 0x01          | Bottom stopper up and down sensors both on      |
|         |      |                       | 0x02          | Bottom stopper up too fast                      |
|         |      |                       | 0x03          | Bottom stopper up too slow (or not move)        |
|         |      |                       | 0x04          | Bottom stopper down too fast                    |
|         |      |                       | 0x05          | Bottom stopper down too slow (or not move)      |
|         |      |                       | 0x10          | Pinion phase sensor always on                   |
|         |      |                       | 0x11          | Magazine motor move up too fast                 |
|         |      |                       | 0x12          | Magazine motor move up too slow (or not move)   |
|         |      |                       | 0x13          | Magazine motor move down too fast               |
|         |      |                       | 0x14          | Magazine motor move down too slow (or not move) |
|         |      |                       | 0x20          | Feeder arm open and close sensors both on       |
|         |      |                       | 0x21          | Catcher open too fast                           |
|         |      |                       | 0x22          | Catcher open too slow (or not move)             |
|         |      |                       | 0x23          | Catcher close too fast                          |
|         |      |                       | 0x24          | Catcher close too slow (or not move)            |
|         |      |                       | 0x30          | Mount arm home sensor always on                 |
|         |      |                       | 0x31          | Mount arm move forward too slow                 |
|         |      |                       | 0x40          | Magazine is detected                            |
|         |      |                       | 0x50          | Cartridge inverse check                         |
|         |      |                       | 0x60          | Pushed interlock check                          |
|         |      |                       | 0x70          | Cartridge is detected                           |

Table F-21. Routine 80 Test 06 - Servo FACL Error Codes in Sense Byte 19

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |   |
|---------|------|------------------------|---------------|--|---|
| 0x80    | 0x06 | Sense byte 19 for FACL | 0x01          | Door close sensor or door solenoid lock sensor off error |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x02          | Door solenoid lock timeout error                         |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x03          | Door solenoid unlock timeout error                       |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x10          | Carrier move up timeout error                            |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x11          | Carrier move down timeout error                          |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x12          | Carrier position sensor on too fast error                |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x13          | Carrier position sensor off too fast error               |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x14          | Carrier stopped at fault position                        |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x20          | Catch arm open timeout error                             |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x21          | Catch arm open sensor on too fast error                  |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x22          | Catch arm close timeout error                            |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x23          | Catch arm close sensor on too fast error                 |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x24          | Catch arm open and close sensors both on error           |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x30          | Mount arm move drive side timeout error                  |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x31          | Mount arm drive end sensor on too fast error             |   |
|         |      |                        | 0x32          | Mount arm move magazine side timeout error               |   |
|         |      |                        |               | 0x33   | Mount arm magazine end sensor on too fast error   |
|         |      |                        | 0x34          | Mount arm home and drive end sensors both on error       |   |
|         |      |                        |               | 0x35   | Mount arm home and magazine sensors both on error |
|         |      |                        | 0x40          | No cleaning cartridge or not out of cleaning cell        |   |

Table F-22. Routine 81 - Manufacturing Test Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                  | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x81    | *    | MFG tests              | 0xE0          | DVL card not detected. This test cannot be run without a DVL card connected to the DTC card                          |
|         |      |                        | 0xE1          | Drive NOT READY error. A working tape must be loaded to run this test.   |
| 0x81    | 0x01 | Get MFG Parameters     | -             | No error codes specific to this test   |
| 0x81    | 0x02 | Display MFG Parameters | -             | No error codes specific to this test   |
| 0x81    | 0x03 | Clear Log Counters     | -             | No error codes specific to this test   |
| 0x81    | 0x04 | Write BOT - EOT test   | 0x01          | Cartridge not installed or drive NOT READY error. A tape cartridge must be loaded before this test can be run.       |
|         |      |                        | 0x02          | Cartridge WRITE PROTECT error. The cartridge must not be write protected for this test.                              |
|         |      |                        | 0x03          | Buffer space request not granted for data transfer.  |
|         |      |                        | 0x04          | Data transfer timed out.   |
|         |      |                        | 0x05          | Fatal error detected during data transfer.   |
|         |      |                        | 0x06          | Bad status reported on data transfer complete.   |
|         |      |                        | 0x07          | Logical EOT encountered during data transfer.  |
|         |      |                        | 0x08          | Buffer flush timeout. Write from data buffer to tape was not completed in the allocated time.                        |
|         |      |                        | 0x09          | Write data in error reported at end of data transfer.  |
| 0x81    | 0x05 | Read BOT - EOT test    | 0x01          | Cartridge not installed or drive NOT READY error. A tape cartridge must be loaded before this test can be run.       |
|         |      |                        | 0x02          | Error detected while requesting buffer space for data transfer.  |
|         |      |                        | 0x03          | Data transfer timeout error.   |
|         |      |                        | 0x04          | Error reported during data transfer.   |
|         |      |                        | 0x05          | Fatal error reported at completion of data transfer.   |
|         |      |                        | 0x06          | Incorrect transfer length, retry required, or recovered error and incorrect length reported at end of data transfer. |

Table F-22. Routine 81 - Manufacturing Test Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE               | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x81    | 0x06 | Rewind              | 0x01          | Cartridge not installed or drive NOT READY error. A tape cartridge must be loaded before this test can be run. |
|         |      |                     | 0x02          | Timeout waiting for Servo Command Complete during rewind operation.  |
|         |      |                     | 0x03          | Timeout waiting for Formatter Action Complete during rewind operation.   |
|         |      |                     | 0x04          | Record Manager or Servo error reported during rewind operation.  |
| 0x81    | 0x07 | Locate Block        | 0x01          | Error while attempting to locate block.  |
| 0x81    | 0x08 | Space Block         | 0x01          | Error while attempting to space block.   |
| 0x81    | 0x09 | Write Filemarks     | 0x01          | Cartridge not installed or drive NOT READY error. A tape cartridge must be loaded before this test can be run. |
|         |      |                     | 0x02          | Cartridge WRITE PROTECT error. The cartridge must not be write protected for this test.                        |
|         |      |                     | 0x03          | Buffer space request not granted for data transfer.  |
|         |      |                     | 0x04          | Logical EOT encountered before all filemarks had been written.   |
|         |      |                     | 0x05          | Timeout during write filemarks.  |
|         |      |                     | 0x06          | Error reported at completion of write filemarks.   |
| 0x81    | 0x0A | Space File          | 0x01          | Error while attempting to space file.  |
| 0x81    | 0x0B | Display MFG Results | -             | (No error codes specific to this test)   |

Table F-23. Routine 82 - Magnetic Tape Unit Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                 | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|---------------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x82    | *    | MTU diagnostics routine               | 0xE0          | A DVL card was not detected. This routine requires that the DTC card be properly connected to a DVL card.                 |
| 0x82    | 0x01 | MTU diagnostic load execute table     | -             | (No error codes specific to this test)  |
| 0x82    | 0x02 | MTU diagnostic send execute table     | 0x01          | The MTU diagnostic parameters were not successfully downloaded through the Servo Shared RAM Interface.                    |
| 0x82    | 0x03 | MTU diagnostic run                    | 0x01          | Servo Interface indicated that a servo command was not accepted   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x02          | Servo Interface indicated that an error occurred while processing the current Servo Command. Sense information was built. |
|         |      |                                       | 0x03          | The current servo command failed to complete in the allocated time.   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x04          | An error occurred during execution of the current servo command. Sense information was built.                             |
|         |      |                                       | 0x05          | No valid test groups were found.  |
| 0x82    | 0x04 | MTU diagnostic retrieve results table | 0x01          | An error occurred attempting to retrieve the MTU diagnostic results through the Servo Shared RAM Interface.               |

Table F-24. Routine 83 - Operator Control Panel Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                            | ERROR<br>CODE                                       | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 0x83    | *    | All Operator Control Panel tests | 0xE0  | Operator Control Panel interface to the DTC card not detected. |
| 0x83    | 0x01 | Operator Control Panel keys test | 0x01  | RESET switch press not detected in allotted time.              |
|         |      | 0x02                             | RESET switch release not detected in allotted time. |  |
|         |      |                                  | 0x03  | UNLOAD switch press not detected in allotted time.             |
|         |      |                                  | 0x04  | UNLOAD switch release not detected in allotted time.           |
|         |      |                                  | 0x05  | START switch press not detected in allotted time.              |

 Table F-24.
 Routine 83 - Operator Control Panel Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

|         |      |                                       | ERROR |   |
|---------|------|---------------------------------------|-------|---|
| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                                 | CODE  | DESCRIPTION   |
| 0x83    | 0x01 | Operator Control Panel keys test      | 0x06  | START switch release not detected in allotted time.                                 |
|         |      |                                       | 0x07  | TEST switch press not detected in allotted time.                                    |
|         |      |                                       | 0x08  | TEST switch release not detected in allotted time.                                  |
|         |      |                                       | 0x09  | SHIFT switch press not detected in allotted time.                                   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x0A  | SHIFT switch release not detected in allotted time.                                 |
| 0x83    | 0x02 | Operator Control Panel display test   | 0x01  | Scrolling message not acknowledged within allotted time.                            |
|         |      |                                       | 0x02  | General message, first half not acknowledged within allotted time.                  |
|         |      |                                       | 0x03  | General message, flash first half not acknowledged within allotted time.            |
|         |      |                                       | 0x04  | General message, last half not acknowledged within allotted time.                   |
|         |      |                                       | 0x05  | General message, flash last half not acknowledged within allotted time.             |
|         |      |                                       | 0x06  | General message, alternating first/last half not acknowledged within allotted time. |
|         |      |                                       | 0x07  | Blinking character message not acknowledged within allotted time.                   |
| 0x83    | 0x03 | Operator Control Panel tape LED test  | 0x01  | Correct tape position LED sequence not acknowledged within allotted time.           |
| 0x83    | 0x04 | Operator Control Panel drive LED test | 0x01  | Correct operation of SELECT LED not acknowledged within allotted time.              |
|         |      |                                       | 0x02  | Correct operation of COMPRESSION LED not acknowledged within allotted time.         |

Table F-25. Routine 90 - Tape Drive Diagnostic Error Codes

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                          | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------|------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 0x90    | *    | All Drive Diag tests           | 0xE0          | A DVL card was not detected. This routine requires that the DTC card be properly connected to a DVL card. |
|         |      |                                | 0x01          | Error transferring diagnostic parameters through the Shared RAM interface.                                |
|         |      |                                | 0x05          | Error receiving diagnostic results through the Shared RAM interface. (MFG mode only)                      |
| x90     | 0x01 | Drive Diag: LOAD test          | 0x02          | Servo error reported during drive diagnostic cartridge load test.   |
| 0x90    | 0x02 | Drive Diag: AC/PS, MODCH tests | 0x02          | Servo error reported during drive diagnostic access/positioning test or mode change test.                 |
| 0x90    | 0x03 | Drive Diag: TPPFM test         | 0x02          | Servo error reported during drive diagnostic tape acceleration/decleration test.                          |
| 0x90    | 0x04 | Drive Diag: LOCAT test         | 0x02          | Servo error reported during drive diagnostic tape locate test.  |
| 0x90    | 0x05 | Drive Diag: D.S.E test         | 0x02          | Servo error reported during drive diagnostic<br>Data Security Erase test.                                 |
| 0x90    | 0x06 | Drive Diag: REWND test         | 0x02          | Servo error reported during drive diagnostic rewind test.   |
| 0x90    | 0x07 | Drive Diag: UNLOD test         | 0x02          | Servo error reported during drive diagnostic cartridge unload test.                                       |
| 0x90    | 0x08 | Drive Diag: ACL LDUL test      | 0xE0          | A DVL card was not detected. This routine requires that the DTC card be properly connected to a DVL card. |
|         |      |                                | 0xE1          | Autoloader not detected. Must have an autoloader attached to run this test.                               |
|         |      |                                | 0xE2          | Servo error reported during tape removal.   |
|         |      |                                | 0xE3          | Servo error reported during magazine removal.   |
|         |      |                                | 0xE4          | Servo error reported during magazine insertion.   |
|         |      |                                | 0xE5          | Servo error reported while waiting for FACL door to be closed.  |
|         |      |                                | 0xE6          | Servo error reported while waiting for START switch to be pressed to load a tape.                         |
|         |      |                                | 0xE7          | Servo error reported during magazine load.  |
|         |      |                                | 0xE8          | Servo error detected during magazine operation.   |

Table F-25. Routine 90 - Tape Drive Diagnostic Error Codes (Continued)

| ROUTINE | TEST | TITLE                     | ERROR<br>CODE | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------|------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0x90    | 0x08 | Drive Diag: ACL LDUL test | 0xE9          | Magazine or magazine type not detected.  |
|         |      |                           | 0xEA          | No cartridges detected in magazine. Must have at least one working cartridge installed in a magazine to run this test. |
|         |      |                           | 0x02          | Error reported during Autoloader load/unload test.   |

G-1

# **APPENDIX G**

# SUPPORTED SCSI TRANSFER RATES

The SCSI transfer rates that will be supported are determined by the available oscillator frequency,  $20\,$  MHz.

Table G-1. SCSI Transfer Rates for 20 MHz

| XFR REG<br>VALUE (DEC) | TRANSFER RATE (MB/S) FAST/NARROW DATA PHASE (ROUNDED TO 2 POSITIONS) | TRANSFER RATE (MB/S) FAST/WIDE DATA PHASE (ROUNDED TO 2 POSITIONS) |
|------------------------|--|--|
| 2                      | 10.0   | 20.0   |
| 3                      | 6.67   | 13.33  |
| 4                      | 5.0  | 10.0   |
| 5                      | 4.0  | 8.0  |
| 6                      | 3.33   | 6.67   |
| 7                      | 2.86   | 5.71   |
| 8                      | 2.5  | 5.0  |
| 9                      | 2.22   | 4.44   |
| 10                     | 2.0  | 4.0  |
| 11                     | 1.82   | 3.64   |
| 12                     | 1.67   | 3.33   |
| 13                     | 1.54   | 3.08   |
| 14                     | 1.43   | 2.86   |
| 15                     | 1.33   | 2.67   |
| 16                     | 1.25   | 2.5  |
| 17                     | 1.18   | 2.35   |
| 18                     | 1.11   | 2.22   |
| 19                     | 1.05   | 2.1  |
| 20                     | 1.0  | 2.0  |
| 21                     | 0.95   | 1.90   |
| 22                     | 0.91   | 1.82   |
| 23                     | 0.87   | 1.74   |
| 24                     | 0.83   | 1.67   |
| 25                     | 0.80   | 1.60   |
| 26                     | 0.77   | 1.54   |

Table G-1. SCSI Transfer Rates for 20 MHz (Continued)

| XFR REG<br>VALUE (DEC) | TRANSFER RATE (MB/S) FAST/NARROW DATA PHASE (ROUNDED TO 2 POSITIONS) | TRANSFER RATE (MB/S) FAST/WIDE DATA PHASE (ROUNDED TO 2 POSITIONS) |
|------------------------|--|--|
| 27                     | 0.74   | 1.48   |
| 28                     | 0.71   | 1.43   |
| 29                     | 0.69   | 1.38   |
| 30                     | 0.67   | 1.33   |
| 31                     | 0.65   | 1.29   |
| 00                     | 0.62   | 1.25   |

### **APPENDIX H**

## MTU DIAGNOSTIC SPECIFICATIONS

This appendix contains the Magnetic Tape Unit (MTU) DIAG Specifications (SCSI/RS-232C).

### H-1 OUTLINE

For the M2488 test routines, such as DIAGs for the life test and evaluation, are provided in the servo microcode. Some routines that are used for factory automatic testing are provided as DIAGs.

This specifications describes how to activate the routines through SCSI or RS-232C interfaces, and how to output the execution result.

### H-2 HOW TO EXECUTE THE DIAG

### H-2.1 SCSI interface

Activate the MTU DIAG from the SCSI interface using the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command. Output the DIAG execution result data using the RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command. The parameter for activating the MTU DIAG requires 480 bytes. When the DIAG has been completed, 512 bytes of data are transferred as the execution result.

#### H-2.2 RS-232C interface

The MTU DIAG is activated from the RS-232C interface using an exclusive command. The DIAG execution result data is also output to the RS-232C using the exclusive command. The MTU DIAG activation parameter requires 480 bytes. After the DIAG has been completed, 512 bytes of data is transferred with the results.

#### H-2.3 How to execute the DIAG for the MTU

The CP executes the DIAG for the MTU as follows:

- 1) Transfers the DIAG parameter to the servo microprocessor unit. (480 byte)
- 2) Activates the MTU DIAG.
- 3) Receives the DIAG result data.(512 byte)

For these commands, refer to the Drive Controller-Drive Firmware Interface Specification.

### H-3 M2488 DIAG STRUCTURE

The M2488 diagnostic tests can be classified into five types:

- 1. RD/WRT: Ten diagnostic tests to check read and write
- 2. LD/UNLD: Two diagnostic tests to check loading and unloading
- 3. ACL TEST: Two diagnostic tests to check the autoloader
- 4. TESTMODE: Diagnostic test to measure operations
- 5. COMBINATION: Running test by combining up to ten commands

These tests are presented in the following tables.

| READ/WRITE test |          |                         |              |
|-----------------|----------|-------------------------|--------------|
| Read/write test | FWD READ | Forward read test       | CMD CD: 0x11 |
|                 | BWD READ | Backward read test      | CMD CD: 0x12 |
|                 | WRITE    | Write test              | CMD CD: 0x13 |
|                 | FRD/BRD  | FRD<->BRD test          | CMD CD: 0x14 |
|                 | L.W.R.   | loop write to read test | CMD CD: 0x15 |
|                 | FEED THR | feed through test       | CMD CD: 0x16 |
|                 | D.S.E.   | D.S.E                   | CMD CD: 0x17 |
|                 | WRP1 BOT | goto Wrap 1 BOT(Rewind) | CMD CD: 0x18 |
|                 | WRP1 EOT | goto Wrap 1 EOT(Locate) | CMD CD: 0x19 |
|                 | LOCATE   | locate                  | CMD CD: 0x1A |
|                 | TP PATH  | tape path test          | CMD CD: 0x1B |

| LOAD/UNLOAD test |          |                      |              |  |  |
|------------------|----------|----------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Load/Unload test | NO CTG   | LOADER/THREADER test | CMD CD: 0x20 |  |  |
|                  | WITH CTG | load/unload test     | CMD CD: 0x21 |  |  |

| ACL test         |          |                       |              |
|------------------|----------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Auto loader test | ACL LDUL | Load/unload test      | CMD CD: 0x90 |
|                  | MAG UPDW | Magazine Up/Down test | CMD CD: 0x91 |

| TESTMODE     |           |   |               |  |
|--------------|-----------|---|---------------|--|
| measure diag | M1:LOAD   | Measure the cartridge loading time.               | CMD CD : 0x41 |  |
|              | M2:TPPFM  | Measure the tape acceleration/ deceleration time. | CMD CD : 0x42 |  |
|              | M3:AC/PS  | Measure the tape access/positioning time.         | CMD CD : 0x43 |  |
|              | M4:MODCH  | Measure the mode change time.                     | CMD CD: 0x44  |  |
|              | M5:LOCAT. | Measure the tape locating time.                   | CMD CD: 0x45  |  |
|              | M6:REWND  | Measure the tape rewinding time.                  | CMD CD : 0x46 |  |
|              | M7:D.S.E  | Measure the DSE time.                             | CMD CD: 0x47  |  |
|              | M8:UNLD   | Measure the cartridge unloading time.             | CMD CD : 0x48 |  |
|              | M9:CLEAN  | Measure the cleaning time.                        | CMD CD : 0x49 |  |

| COMBINATION test |             |  |                       |
|------------------|-------------|--|-----------------------|
| Combination test | FWD READ    | Forward read test                            | CMD CD: 0x01          |
|                  | BWD READ    | BACKWARD READ test.                          | CMD CD: 0x02          |
|                  | WRITE       | Write test.                                  | CMD CD: 0x03          |
|                  | D.S.E       | D.S.E.test                                   | CMD CD: 0x04          |
|                  | LOCATE      | Locating                                     | CMD CD : 0x05         |
|                  | REWIND      | Rewinding to wrap1-BOT                       | CMD CD : 0x06         |
|                  | LOAD        | Load   | CMD CD: 0x07          |
|                  | UNLOAD      | Unload                                       | CMD CD : 0x08         |
|                  | EJECT       | Eject  | CMD CD: 0x80          |
|                  | TP PATH     | tape path test                               | CMD CD: 0x0B          |
|                  | REPEAT      | Set next execution group and repeat counter. | CMD CD : 0x0A         |
|                  | RUNNING     | END TEST.                                    | CMD CD : 0x0C or 0xFF |
|                  | ERROR RESET |  | CMD CD : 0x70 or 0xF0 |

### H-4 MTU DIAG PARAMETER

### H-4.1 DIAG activation parameter

The total data requirement for the MTU DIAG activation is 480 bytes.

### H-4.2 Explanation

The parameter for the DIAG activation is composed of 16 groups. Each group requires 30 bytes. After the DIAG test of group 1 has been completed, the test of group 2 is executed and so on. If data 0xff or 0x0C is specified for the DIAG command code, the DIAGs of subsequent groups are not executed and all DIAGs are terminated. If an error is detected during a DIAG execution, that test is terminated.

DIAG command code:

Specifies the command code of the DIAG to be executed.

```
DIAG parameter 1 to 9:
```

Selects the mode according to the DIAG to be executed.

```
diag_parameter 1 ----- For the read/write DIAG, set the operation mode.
----- For the locate DIAG, specify a sector.

diag_parameter 2 ----- For the read/write DIAG, specify a test wrap.
----- For the load/unload DIAG, specify "LOADER" or "THREADER".
```

| **_ | >                | <br>For user diag flag   |
|-----|------------------|--|
|     | diag_parameter 3 | <br>For the load/unload DIAG, specify a loading start position.  |
|     |                  | <br>For the ACL DIAG, specify a magazine up start position.      |
| **_ | >                | <br>no eject magazine mode (after diagnostic test for user diag) |
|     | diag_parameter 4 | <br>For the write DIAG, select a write data pattern.             |
|     |                  | <br>For the load/unload DIAG, Specify a unloading end position.  |
|     |                  | <br>For the ACL DIAG, specify a magazine down start position.    |
|     | diag_parameter 5 | <br>Select a path for the Loop Write To Read command.            |
|     | diag_parameter 6 | <br>Set a level of the Loop Write To Read command.               |
|     |                  | <br>Specify a repeat start position.                             |
|     | diag_parameter 7 | <br>reserve  |
|     | diag_parameter 8 | <br>reserve  |
|     | diag_parameter 9 | <br>reserve  |

#### execution time:

For the read/write DIAG, specifies the execution time of the read/write.

For the path test, specifies start position.

For the ACL DIAG, specifies a cleaning count (FACL only).

### stop time:

For the read/write DIAG, specifies the stop time of the read/write.

For the path test, specifies end position.

### execute count:

Specifies the number of DIAG executions.

```
DIAG reserve 1 to 8:
```

```
diag_reserve 1 ----- For drive local flag
```

diag\_reserve 2 ----- For 232C/SCSI mode flag

Details of each parameter are specified elsewhere.

### H-4.3 DIAG

# H-4.3.1 READ/WRITE: Ten diagnostic tests to check read and write

(Set the tests in detail using the given parameters.)

| 1)  | FWD READ:  | Forward read  | <br>CMD CD: $0x11$ |
|-----|------------|---|--------------------|
| 2)  | BWD READ:  | Backward read   | <br>CMD CD: $0x12$ |
| 3)  | WRITE:     | Write   | <br>CMD CD: $0x13$ |
| 4)  | FRD/BRD:   | Forward and backward read alternately                       | <br>CMD CD: $0x14$ |
| 5)  | L.W.R.:    | Loop write to read  | <br>CMD CD: $0x15$ |
| 6)  | FEED THR:  | Feedthrough write   | <br>CMD CD: $0x16$ |
| 7)  | D.S.E.:    | DSE operation   | <br>CMD CD: $0x17$ |
| 8)  | WRP1 BOT:  | High-speed tape run to wrap-1 BOT (Rewinding)               | <br>CMD CD: $0x18$ |
| 9)  | WRP1 EOT:  | High-speed tape run to wrap-1 EOT                           | <br>CMD CD : 0x19  |
| 10) | LOCATE:    | High-speed tape run to specified sector (Locating)          | <br>CMD CD : 0x1A  |
| 11) | TAPE PATH: | Tape run between the specified start position and end posi- | <br>CMD CD : 0x1B  |
|     |            | tion.   |                    |

The tests can be set using the following parameters:

DIAG parameter 1: For "FRD READ", "BWD READ" or "WRITE", set the operation mode.

0x00 - STREAMING : Set a continuous read (or write) operation.

0x01 - START/STOP : Set the start/stop operation.

: For "LOCATE", specify a sector. Specify a location sector from 1 to 99.

DIAG parameter 2: For "FWD READ", "BWD READ", "WRITE", "FRD/BRD", "L.W.R." and "FEED

THR", specify a test wrap.

0x00 - WRAP 1 : Wrap-1 test 0x01 - WRAP 2 : Wrap-2 test

DIAG parameter 4: For "WRITE", select a write data pattern from the following:

0x00 - D.S.E. PT : D.S.E. pattern 0x01 - 2 F PT : 2F pattern 0x02 - 1/6 FPT: 1/6F pattern 0x03 - 1/5 F PT : 1/5F pattern 0x04 - 1/4 FPT: 1/4F pattern 0x05 - 1/3 FPT: 1/3F pattern 0x06 - 1/2 F PT : 1/2F pattern 0x07 - 1 F PT : 1F pattern 0x08 - 1/12 F PT : 1/12F pattern 0x09 - 1.5 F PT : 1.5F pattern

DIAG parameter 5: For "L.W.R.", select a path of the Loop Write To Read command from the following:

0x00 - PATH:A : Path A 0x01 - PATH:B : Path B

DIAG parameter 6: For "L.W.R.", set a level of the Loop Write To Read command from the following:

0x00 - LEVEL LO : Low level 0x01 - LEVEL HI : High level

execution time: When diag parameter 1 is START/STOP, set the GO ON time (time when the tape is

running).1 count is 10msec.

If this parameter is set to "0," the GO ON time becomes 10 ms.

: For the path test, specifies start position by the machine reel counter.

stop time: When diag parameter 1 is START/STOP, set the GO OFF time (time when the tape is

not running). 1 count is 10msec.

If this parameter is set to "0," the GO OFF time becomes 0 ms.

: For the path test, specifies end position by the machine reel counter.

execute count: Specify an execution count. Specify a command execution count from 1 to 99,999.

When 0 is set, the command execution continues with no stop.

### H-4.3.2 LOAD/UNLOAD: Two diagnostic tests to check loading and unloading

(Set the tests in detail using the given parameters.)

NO CTG: Loader and Threader test not using cartridge ------ CMD CD: 0x20
 WITH CTG: Loader and Threader test using cartridge. ----- CMD CD: 0x21

The tests can be set using the following parameters:

DIAG parameter 2: For NO CTG, select a test type from the following:

0x00 - LOADER : Loader test 0x01 - THREADER : Threader test.

DIAG parameter 3: For WITH CTG, select a loading position from the following:

0x00 - S:LD HM
 0x01 - S:CTG IN
 Start loading from the loader home position.
 0x02 - S:CAR DW
 Start loading from the cartridge-in position.

DIAG parameter 4: For WITH CTG only, select an unloading position from the following:

0x00 - E:TH END : Start unloading from the thread end.

0x01 - E:CAR DW : Start unloading from the carrier-down position. 0x02 - 1/6 F PT : Start unloading from the cartridge-in position.

execute count: Specify an execution count. Specify a command execution count from 1 to 99,999. When 0 is set, the command execution continues with no stop.

## H-4.3.3 ACL TEST: Two diagnostic tests to check the autoloader

(Set the tests in detail using the given parameters.)

1) ACL LDUL: Load and unload cartridges sequentially from the top posi- ----- CMD CD: 0x90

tion of the magazine.

2) MAG UPDW: Move the magazine between two position. ----- CMD CD: 0x91

The tests can be set using the following parameters:

DIAG parameter 3: For MAGAZINE UP/DOWN test, set the following:

0xXX- STRT Position : Magazine up-down start position

ACL type: 0x00 - 0x09 (10 slot type)

0x00 - 0x04 (5 slot type)

FACL type: 0x00 - 0x06

DIAG parameter 4: For MAGAZINE UP/DOWN test, set the following:

0xXX- END Position : Magazine up-down end position.

ACL type: 0x00 - 0x09 (10 slot type)

0x00 - 0x04 (5 slot type)

FACL type: 0x00 - 0x06

execution time: For ACL LOAD/UNLOAD test, set the frequency in use of cleaning cartridge. Cleaning

cartridge in cleaning cell is loaded every setting counter. (from 1 to 99,999) Only FACL. If DIAG command code is set "0x90" and execution time is set "999", cleaning cartridge

is loaded one time.

execute count: Specify an execution count. Specify a command execution count from 1 to 99,999.

When 0 is set, the command execution continues with no stop.

## H-4.3.4 TESTMODE: Diagnostic test to measure operations

(This test has no parameter.)

| 1) | M1:LOAD:  | Measure the cartridge loading time               | <br>CMD CD: 0x41  |
|----|-----------|--|-------------------|
| 2) | M2:TPPFM: | Measure the tape acceleration/deceleration time. | <br>CMD CD: 0x42  |
| 3) | M3:AC/PS: | Measure the tape access/positioning time.        | <br>CMD CD: 0x43  |
| 4) | M4:MODCH: | Measure the mode change time.                    | <br>CMD CD: 0x44  |
| 5) | M5:LOCAT: | Measure the tape locating time.                  | <br>CMD CD: 0x45  |
| 6) | M6:REWND: | Measure the tape rewinding time.                 | <br>CMD CD : 0x46 |
| 7) | M7:D.S.E: | Measure the DSE time.                            | <br>CMD CD: 0x47  |
| 8) | M8:UNLD:  | Measure the cartridge unloading time.            | <br>CMD CD : 0x48 |
| 9) | M9:CLEAN: | Measure the cleaning time.                       | <br>CMD CD: 0x49  |

### H-4.3.4.1 M1:LOAD: Cartridge loading time measurement

Load a cartridge and measure the following operation time during loading. The cartridge type may be normal or E.

Loading time Measure the time from when the loader starts moving and reaches the down posi-

tion. (Unit: 1/10 sec)

Clutch winding time Measure the time from when the loader reaches the down position until clutch

winding finishes. (Unit: 1/10 sec)

Threading time Measure the time from when the threader starts working until the leader block

enters the machine reel. (Unit: 1/10 sec)

BOT shaking time Measure the time from when the leader block enters the machine reel until the

tape stops at wrap-1 EOT after shaking. (Unit: 1/10 sec)

Depending on the loaded cartridge, measured data is stored in either of two areas

reserved for normal and E cartridges.

### H-4.3.4.2 M2:TPPFM: Measure the tape acceleration/deceleration time.

Tape acceleration or deceleration time

Measure the tape acceleration or deceleration time in a read-write operation.

- Measuring command: Forward Read, Back Read, or Write
- Measuring tape position: Wrap-1 sector 5 (A sector is able to be changed by "CHK SECT")
- Unit of measurement: 1 msec

### H-4.3.4.3 M3:AC/PS: Measure the tape access/positioning time.

Access time

Measure the time from a run command starts until gap-in is output.

- Measuring command: Forward Read, Back Read, or Write
- Measuring tape position: Wrap-1 sector 5 (A sector is changed by "CHK SECT")
- Unit of measurement: 1 msec

### Positioning time

Measure the positioning time.

- Measuring command: Forward Read, Back Read, or Write
- Measuring tape position: Wrap-1 sector 5 (A sector is changed by "CHK SECT")
- Unit of measurement: 1 msec

### H-4.3.4.4 M4:MODCH: Mode change time measurement

Measure the mode change time in the following command combinations:

Wrap 1 FRD -> Wrap 1 BRD

Wrap 1 FRD -> Wrap 1 WRT

Wrap 1 BRD -> Wrap 1 FRD

Wrap 1 BRD -> Wrap 1 WRT

Wrap 1 WRT -> Wrap 1 BRD

Wrap 2 FRD -> Wrap 2 BRD

Wrap 2 FRD -> Wrap 2 WRT

Wrap 2 BRD -> Wrap 2 FRD

Wrap 2 BRD -> Wrap 2 WRT

Wrap 2 WRT -> Wrap 2 BRD

- Measuring tape position: Wrap-1 sector 5 (A sector is changed by "CHK SECT")
- Unit of measurement: 1 msec

### H-4.3.4.5 M5:LOCAT: Tape locating time measurement

Measure the time required for tape locating from the wrap-1 BOT position to the wrap-1 PEOT position. (Unit: 1/10 sec)

The measured data is stored in either of two areas for normal and E cartridges.

After rewinding the tape to the wrap-1 BOT, servo MPU measures the Locating execution time from wrap-1 BOT to sector 95.

### H-4.3.4.6 M6:REWND: Tape rewinding time measurement

Measure the time required for tape rewinding from the wrap-1PEOT position to the wrap-1 BOT position. (Unit: 1/10 sec)

The measured data is stored in either of two areas for normal and E cartridges.

After locating sector 95, servo MPU measures the Rewinding execution time from sector 95 to wrap-1 BOT.

#### H-4.3.4.7 M7:D.S.E: DSE time measurement

Measure the time required for DSE from the wrap-1 BOT position to the wrap-2 PEOT position. (Unit: 1/10 sec)

After rewinding the tape to the wrap-1 BOT, measure the DSE command execution time necessary to reach the wrap-2 PEOT position.

### H-4.3.4.8 M8:UNLD: Cartridge unloading time measurement

If the tape is not at the wrap-1 BOT position, rewind the tape.

Unload the cartridge and measure the following operation times during unloading. Both normal and E-cartridge are able to be measured.

Tape winding time (from wrap-1 BOT to immediately before unthreading)

Measure the time from when the start of rewinding from the wrap-1 BOT position begins until immediately before unthreading. (Unit: 1/10 sec)

Unthreading time

Measure the time from the start of unthreading until the end of threading. (Unit: 1/10 sec) Loader operation time

Measure the time from when the loader starts rising until it ejects the cartridge (by the ejection arm). (Unit: 1/10 sec)

### H-4.3.4.9 M9:CLEAN: Cleaning time measurement

Load a cleaning cartridge and measure the time from when loader starts loading the cartridge until its ejects the cartridge after cleaning. (Unit: 1/10 sec)

The tests can be set using the following parameters:

DIAG parameter 1: For "M2:TPPFM", "M3:AC/PS" and "M4:MODCH", specify a location sector from 1 to 75.

The minimum value is 5.

The maximum value for a normal length cartridge is 60.

The maximum value for an external length cartridge is 75.

## H-4.4 COMBINATION: Running test by combining up to ten commands

| 1)  | #:F-READ (Forward read):        | Forward read run It is same "FWD READ" test of READ/WRITE test.  | <br>CMD CD : 0x01 |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| 2)  | #:B-READ<br>(Backward<br>read): | Backward read run It is same "BWD READ" test of READ/WRITE test.   | <br>CMD CD : 0x02 |
| 3)  | #:WRITE (Write):                | Write operation It is same "WRITE" test of READ/WRITE test.  | <br>CMD CD: 0x03  |
| 4)  | #:D.S.E. (DSE):                 | DSE operation It is same "D.S.E." test of READ/WRITE test.   | <br>CMD CD : 0x04 |
| 5)  | #:LOCATE<br>(Locate):           | High-speed tape run to a specified sector It is same "LOCATE" test of READ/WRITE test.                           | <br>CMD CD : 0x05 |
| 6)  | #:REWIND (Rewind):              | High-speed tape run to the wrap-1 BOT position It is same "WRAP1 BOT" test of READ/WRITE test.                   | <br>CMD CD : 0x06 |
| 7)  | #:UNLOAD<br>(Unload):           | Unloading  | <br>CMD CD: 0x07  |
| 8)  | #:LOAD (Load):                  | Loading next tape from a magazine. (only ACL/FACL)   | <br>CMD CD : 0x08 |
| 9)  | #:EJECT<br>(Eject):             | Ejection (only ACL/FACL)   | <br>CMD CD : 0x80 |
| 10) | TAPE PATH:                      | Tape run between the specified start position and end position.  It is same "TAPE PATH" test of READ/WRITE test. | <br>CMD CD: 0x0B  |
| 11) | #:REPEAT (Running repeat):      | Repetition of run This diagnostic test repeats execution of diagnostic test from a specified test.               | <br>CMD CD: 0x0A  |

The tests can be set using the following parameters:

DIAG parameter 6: Specify a repeat start position.

execute count: Specify an execution count. Specify a command execution count from 1 to 99,999. (When 0 is set, not repeat)

### For example:

After end of 5th group, command code is set following:

DIAG command code is set "0x0A"

diag\_parameter 6 is set "2"

execute count is set "3"

This diagnostic test repeats execution of diagnostic test

3 times from group 2 to group 5.

12) #:END End of run ------ CMD CD: 0x0C (Running end): This is end of diagnostic test. or 0xFF

### H-4.5 Error reset command ------ CMD CD: 0x70 or 0xF0

If A error is reported by the MTU during diagnostic test, it is necessary to issue this command.

# H-5 PARAMETER LIST

| FORWARD READ test |                                    |                |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
|                   | : name                             | : code         |
| DIAG command code | : FORWARD READ test                | : 0x11 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | : Set the operation mode           | : 0x00 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 2  | : Specify a test wrap              | : 0x00 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :                                  | :              |
| execute time      | : Specify a execution time of test | : 0 - 99,999   |
| stop time         | : Specify a stop time of test      | : 0 - 99,999   |
| execute count     | : the number of DIAG executions    | : 0 - 99,999   |
| reserve           | :                                  | :              |

| BACKWARD READ test |                                    |                |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
|                    | : name                             | : code         |
| DIAG command code  | : BACKWARD READ test               | : 0x12 or 0x02 |
| DIAG parameter 1   | : Set the operation mode           | : 0x00 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 2   | : Specify a test wrap              | : 0x00 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 3   | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4   | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 5   | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 6   | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 7   | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8   | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 9   | :                                  | :              |
| execute time       | : Specify a execution time of test | : 0 - 99,999   |
| stop time          | : Specify a stop time of test      | : 0 - 99,999   |
| execute count      | : the number of DIAG executions    | : 0 - 99,999   |
| reserve            | :                                  | :              |

| WRITE test        |                               |                |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
|                   | : name                        | : code         |
| DIAG command code | : WRITE test                  | : 0x13 or 0x03 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | : Set the operation mode      | : 0x00 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 2  | : Specify a test wrap         | : 0x00 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4  | : Select a write data pattern | : 0x00 - 0x09  |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                             | :              |

| WRITE test       |                                    |              |
|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
|                  | : name                             | : code       |
| DIAG parameter 9 | :                                  | :            |
| execute time     | : Specify a execution time of test | : 0 - 99,999 |
| stop time        | : Specify a stop time of test      | : 0 - 99,999 |
| execute count    | : the number of DIAG executions    | : 0 - 99,999 |
| reserve          | :                                  | :            |

| FORWARD READ / BACKWARD READ test |                                    |                |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
|                                   | : name                             | : code         |
| DIAG command code                 | : FORWARD READ BACKWARD READ test  | : 0x14         |
| DIAG parameter 1                  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 2                  | : Specify a test wrap              | : 0x00 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 3                  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4                  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 5                  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 6                  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 7                  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8                  | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 9                  | :                                  | :              |
| execute time                      | : Specify a execution time of test | : 0 - 99,999   |
| stop time                         | : Specify a stop time of test      | : 0 - 99,999   |
| execute count                     | : the number of DIAG executions    | : 0 - 99,999   |
| reserve                           | :                                  | :              |

| LOOP WRITE TO READ test |                                    |                |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
|                         | : name                             | : code         |
| DIAG command code       | : L.W.R test                       | : 0x15         |
| DIAG parameter 1        | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 2        | : Specify a test wrap              | : 0x00 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 3        | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4        | : Select a write data pattern      | : 0x00 - 0x09  |
| DIAG parameter 5        | : Select a PATH of L.W.R           | : 0x00 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 6        | : Select a Level of L.W.R          | : 0x00 or 0x01 |
| DIAG parameter 7        | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8        | :                                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 9        | :                                  | :              |
| execute time            | : Specify a execution time of test | : 0 - 99,999   |
| stop time               | : Specify a stop time of test      | : 0 - 99,999   |
| execute count           | : the number of DIAG executions    | : 0 - 99,999   |
| reserve                 | :                                  | :              |

| FEED THROUGH test |                       |                |
|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
|                   | : name                | : code         |
| DIAG command code | : FEED THROUGH test   | : 0x16         |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :                     | :              |
| DIAG parameter 2  | : Specify a test wrap | : 0x00 or 0x01 |

| FEED THROUGH test |                                    |               |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
|                   | : name                             | : code        |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                                  | :             |
| DIAG parameter 4  | : Select a write data pattern      | : 0x00 - 0x09 |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                                  | :             |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                                  | :             |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                                  | :             |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                                  | :             |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :                                  | :             |
| execute time      | : Specify a execution time of test | : 0 - 99,999  |
| stop time         | : Specify a stop time of test      | : 0 - 99,999  |
| execute count     | : the number of DIAG executions    | : 0 - 99,999  |
| reserve           | :                                  | :             |

| D.S.E test        |               |                |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
|                   | : name        | : code         |
| DIAG command code | : D.S.E. test | : 0x17 or 0x04 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :             | :              |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :             | :              |
| execute time      | :             | :              |
| stop time         | :             | :              |
| execute count     | :             | :              |
| reserve           | :             | :              |

| WRAP 1 BOT test   |                   |                |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
|                   | : name            | : code         |
| DIAG command code | : WRAP 1 BOT test | : 0x18 or 0x06 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :                 | :              |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :                 | :              |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                 | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :                 | :              |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                 | :              |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                 | :              |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                 | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                 | :              |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :                 | :              |
| execute time      | :                 | :              |
| stop time         | :                 | :              |
| execute count     | :                 | :              |
| reserve           | :                 | :              |

| WRAP 1 EOT test   |                   |        |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------|
|                   | : name            | : code |
| DIAG command code | : WRAP 1 EOT test | : 0x19 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :                 | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :                 | :      |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                 | :      |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :                 | :      |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                 | :      |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                 | :      |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                 | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                 | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :                 | :      |
| execute time      | :                 | :      |
| stop time         | :                 | :      |
| execute count     | :                 | :      |
| reserve           | :                 | :      |

| LOCATE test       |                    |                |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                   | : name             | : code         |
| DIAG command code | : LOCATE test      | : 0x1A or 0x05 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | : Specify a sector | : 0 - 99       |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                  | :              |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :                  | :              |
| execute time      | :                  | :              |
| stop time         | :                  | :              |
| execute count     | :                  | :              |
| reserve           | :                  | ·              |

| TAPE PATH test    |                  |                |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------|
|                   | : name           | : code         |
| DIAG command code | : TAPE PATH test | : 0x1B or 0x0B |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :                | :              |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :                | :              |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :                | :              |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                | :              |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                | :              |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                | :              |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :                | :              |

| TAPE PATH test |                                    |              |
|----------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
|                | : name                             | : code       |
| execute time   | : Specify a execution time of test | : 0 - 99,999 |
| stop time      | : Specify a stop time of test      | : 0 - 99,999 |
| execute count  | : the number of DIAG executions    | : 0 - 99,999 |
| reserve        | :                                  | :            |

| NO CARTRIDGE (LOAD/UNLOAD)test |                                    |                |  |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| 110 CHRITADOL (LOFE            | ·                                  |                |  |
|                                | : name                             | : code         |  |
| DIAG command code              | : NO CARTRIDGE                     | : 0x20         |  |
| DIAG parameter 1               | :                                  | :              |  |
| **>                            |                                    |                |  |
| DIAG parameter 2               | : specifies "LOADER" or "THREADER" | : 0x00 or 0x01 |  |
| DIAG parameter 3               | :                                  | :              |  |
| DIAG parameter 4               | :                                  | :              |  |
| DIAG parameter 5               | :                                  | :              |  |
| DIAG parameter 6               | :                                  | :              |  |
| DIAG parameter 7               | :                                  | :              |  |
| DIAG parameter 8               | :                                  | :              |  |
| DIAG parameter 9               | :                                  | :              |  |
| execute time                   | :                                  | :              |  |
| stop time                      | :                                  | :              |  |
| execute count                  | : the number of DIAG executions    | : 0 - 99,999   |  |
| reserve                        | :                                  | :              |  |

| WITH CARTRIDGE (LOAD/UNLOAD)test |                                      |               |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
|                                  | : name                               | : code        |
| DIAG command code                | : WITH CARTRIDGE                     | : 0x21        |
| DIAG parameter 1                 | :                                    | :             |
| DIAG parameter 2                 | :                                    | :             |
| DIAG parameter 3                 | : specifies loading start position   | : 0x00 - 0x02 |
| DIAG parameter 4                 | : specifies unloading start position | : 0x00 - 0x02 |
| DIAG parameter 5                 | :                                    | :             |
| DIAG parameter 6                 | :                                    | :             |
| DIAG parameter 7                 | :                                    | :             |
| DIAG parameter 8                 | :                                    | :             |
| DIAG parameter 9                 | :                                    | :             |
| execute time                     | :                                    | :             |
| stop time                        | :                                    | :             |
| execute count                    | : the number of DIAG executions      | : 0 - 99,999  |
| reserve                          | :                                    | :             |

| ACL LOAD/UNLOAD test |                        |        |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------|
|                      | : name                 | : code |
| DIAG command code    | : ACL LOAD/UNLOAD test | : 0x90 |
| DIAG parameter 1     | :                      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2     | :                      | :      |

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| ACL LOAD/UNLOAD test |  |              |
|----------------------|--|--------------|
|                      | : name   | : code       |
| DIAG parameter 3     | :  | :            |
| DIAG parameter 4     | :  | :            |
| DIAG parameter 5     | :  | :            |
| DIAG parameter 6     | :  | :            |
| DIAG parameter 7     | :  | :            |
| DIAG parameter 8     | :  | :            |
| DIAG parameter 9     | :  | :            |
| execute time         | : frequency in use of cleaning CTG (only FACL) | : 0 - 99,999 |
| stop time            | :  | :            |
| execute count        | : the number of DIAG executions                | : 0 - 99,999 |
| reserve              | :  | :            |

| ACL MAGAZINE UP/DOWN test |                                  |               |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
|                           | : name                           | : code        |
| DIAG command code         | : ACL MAGAZINE UP/DOWN test      | : 0x91        |
| DIAG parameter 1          | :                                | :             |
| DIAG parameter 2          | :                                | :             |
| DIAG parameter 3          | : start position for MAGAZINE UP | : 0x00 - 0x02 |
| DIAG parameter 4          | : end position for MAGAZINE UP   | : 0x00 - 0x02 |
| DIAG parameter 5          | :                                | :             |
| DIAG parameter 6          | :                                | :             |
| DIAG parameter 7          | :                                | :             |
| DIAG parameter 8          | :                                | :             |
| DIAG parameter 9          | :                                | :             |
| execute time              | :                                | :             |
| stop time                 | :                                | :             |
| execute count             | : the number of DIAG executions  | : 0 - 99,999  |
| reserve                   | :                                | :             |

| M1:LOAD           |           |        |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|
|                   | : name    | : code |
| DIAG command code | : M1:LOAD | : 0x41 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :         | :      |
| execute time      | :         | :      |
| stop time         | :         | :      |
| execute count     | :         | :      |
| reserve           | :         | :      |

| M2:TPPFM          |                    |          |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------|
|                   | : name             | : code   |
| DIAG command code | : M2:TPPFM         | : 0x42   |
| **>               |                    |          |
| DIAG parameter 1  | : Specify a sector | : 5 - 75 |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :                  | :        |
| execute time      | :                  | :        |
| stop time         | :                  | :        |
| execute count     | :                  | :        |
| reserve           | :                  | :        |

| M3:AC/PS          |                    |          |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------|
|                   | : name             | : code   |
| DIAG command code | : M3:AC/PS         | : 0x43   |
| **>               |                    |          |
| DIAG parameter 1  | : Specify a sector | : 5 - 75 |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :                  | :        |
| execute time      | :                  | :        |
| stop time         | :                  | :        |
| execute count     | :                  | :        |
| reserve           | :                  | :        |

| M4:MODCH          |                    |          |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------|
|                   | : name             | : code   |
| DIAG command code | : M4:MODCH         | : 0x44   |
| **>               |                    |          |
| DIAG parameter 1  | : Specify a sector | : 5 - 75 |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                  | :        |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                  | :        |

| M4:MODCH         |        |  |        |
|------------------|--------|--|--------|
|                  | : name |  | : code |
| DIAG parameter 7 | :      |  | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8 | :      |  | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9 | :      |  | :      |
| execute time     | :      |  | :      |
| stop time        | :      |  | :      |
| execute count    | :      |  | :      |
| reserve          | :      |  | :      |

| M5:LOCAT          |            |        |
|-------------------|------------|--------|
|                   | : name     | : code |
| DIAG command code | : M5:LOCAT | : 0x45 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :          | :      |
| execute time      | :          | :      |
| stop time         | :          | :      |
| execute count     | :          | :      |
| reserve           | :          | :      |

| M6:REWND          |            |        |
|-------------------|------------|--------|
|                   | : name     | : code |
| DIAG command code | : M6:REWND | : 0x46 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :          | :      |
| execute time      | :          | :      |
| stop time         | :          | :      |
| execute count     | :          | :      |
| reserve           | :          | :      |

| M7:D.S.E.         |             |        |
|-------------------|-------------|--------|
|                   | : name      | : code |
| DIAG command code | : M7:D.S.E. | : 0x47 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :           | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :           | :      |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :           | :      |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :           | :      |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :           | :      |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :           | :      |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :           | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :           | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :           | :      |
| execute time      | :           | :      |
| stop time         | :           | :      |
| execute count     | :           | :      |
| reserve           | :           | :      |

| M8:UNLD           |           |        |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|
|                   | : name    | : code |
| DIAG command code | : M8:UNLD | : 0x48 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :         | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :         | :      |
| execute time      | :         | :      |
| stop time         | :         | :      |
| execute count     | :         | :      |
| reserve           | :         | :      |

| M9:CLEAN          |            |        |
|-------------------|------------|--------|
|                   | : name     | : code |
| DIAG command code | : M9:CLEAN | : 0x49 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :          | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :          | :      |

| M9:CLEAN      |        |        |
|---------------|--------|--------|
|               | : name | : code |
| execute time  | :      | :      |
| stop time     | :      | :      |
| execute count | :      | :      |
| reserve       | :      | :      |

| LOAD test         |        |        |
|-------------------|--------|--------|
|                   | : name | : code |
| DIAG command code | : LOAD | : 0x07 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :      | :      |
| execute time      | :      | :      |
| stop time         | :      | :      |
| execute count     | :      | :      |
| reserve           | :      | :      |

| UNLOAD test       |          |        |
|-------------------|----------|--------|
|                   | : name   | : code |
| DIAG command code | : UNLOAD | : 0x08 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :        | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :        | :      |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :        | :      |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :        | :      |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :        | :      |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :        | :      |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :        | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :        | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :        | :      |
| execute time      | :        | :      |
| stop time         | :        | :      |
| execute count     | :        | :      |
| reserve           | :        | :      |

| EJECT test        |         |        |
|-------------------|---------|--------|
|                   | : name  | : code |
| DIAG command code | : EJECT | : 0x80 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :       | :      |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :       | :      |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :       | :      |

| EJECT test       |        |        |
|------------------|--------|--------|
|                  | : name | : code |
| DIAG parameter 4 | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 5 | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 6 | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 7 | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 8 | :      | :      |
| DIAG parameter 9 | :      | :      |
| execute time     | :      | :      |
| stop time        | :      | :      |
| execute count    | :      | :      |
| reserve          | :      | :      |

| REPEAT            |                         |               |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
|                   | : name                  | : code        |
| DIAG command code | : REPEAT                | : 0x0A        |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :                       | :             |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :                       | :             |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                       | :             |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :                       | :             |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                       | :             |
| DIAG parameter 6  | : repeat start position | : 0x00 - 0x0F |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                       | :             |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                       | :             |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :                       | :             |
| execute time      | :                       | :             |
| stop time         | :                       | :             |
| execute count     | : repeat counter        | : 0 - 99,999  |
| reserve           | :                       | :             |

| END               |        |                |
|-------------------|--------|----------------|
|                   | : name | : code         |
| DIAG command code | : END  | : 0x0C or 0xFF |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :      | :              |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :      | :              |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :      | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :      | :              |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :      | :              |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :      | :              |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :      | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :      | :              |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :      | :              |
| execute time      | :      | :              |
| stop time         | :      | :              |
| execute count     | :      | :              |
| reserve           | :      | :              |

| ERROR RESET       |                       |                |
|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
|                   | : name                | : code         |
| DIAG command code | : ERROR RESET command | : 0x70 or 0xF0 |
| DIAG parameter 1  | :                     | :              |
| DIAG parameter 2  | :                     | :              |
| DIAG parameter 3  | :                     | :              |
| DIAG parameter 4  | :                     | :              |
| DIAG parameter 5  | :                     | :              |
| DIAG parameter 6  | :                     | :              |
| DIAG parameter 7  | :                     | :              |
| DIAG parameter 8  | :                     | :              |
| DIAG parameter 9  | :                     | :              |
| execute time      | :                     | :              |
| stop time         | :                     | :              |
| execute count     | :                     | :              |
| reserve           | :                     | :              |

### H-6 DIAG RESULT DATA

The MTU DIAG execution result takes up 512 bytes.

## Explanation

The DIAG execution result data is divided into groups. Each group requires 32 bytes. The result data is stored in an area corresponding to the DIAG group executed under the SEND DIAGNOSTIC command.

The DIAG result data format is shown as follows:

### DIAG result format

| Result of Loading time ("M1:LOAD") |               |                                   |            |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------|--|--|
|                                    |               | : measurement result              | : unit     |  |  |
| 0-1                                | error code    | :                                 | :          |  |  |
| 2-3                                | result data 1 | : Loading time                    | : 1/10 sec |  |  |
| 4- 5                               | result data 2 | : Clutch winding time             | : 1/10 sec |  |  |
| 6-7                                | result data 3 | : Threading time                  | : 1/10 sec |  |  |
| 8-9                                | result data 4 | : BOT shaking time for normal CTG | : 1/10 sec |  |  |
| 10- 11                             | result data 5 | : BOT shaking time for E-CTG      | : 1/10 sec |  |  |
| 12- 13                             | result data 6 | :                                 | :          |  |  |
| 14- 15                             | result data 7 | :                                 | :          |  |  |

| Result of Loading time ("M1:LOAD") |                |                      |        |  |  |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------|--|--|
|                                    |                | : measurement result | : unit |  |  |
| 16- 17                             | result data 8  | :                    | :      |  |  |
| 18- 19                             | result data 9  | :                    | :      |  |  |
| 20- 21                             | result data 10 | :                    | :      |  |  |
| 22- 23                             | result data 11 | :                    | :      |  |  |
| 24- 25                             | result data 12 | :                    | :      |  |  |
| 26- 27                             | result data 13 | :                    | :      |  |  |
| 28- 29                             | result data 14 | :                    | :      |  |  |
| 30- 31                             | result data 15 | :                    | :      |  |  |

| Result of Tape acceleration/deceleration time ("M2:TPPFM") |                |                                 |          |  |
|--|----------------|---------------------------------|----------|--|
|  |                | : measurement result            | : unit   |  |
| 0-1  | error code     | :                               | :        |  |
| 2-3  | result data 1  | : Access time (wrap1 FRD)       | : 1 msec |  |
| 4- 5   | result data 2  | : Positioning time (wrap1 FRD)  | : 1 msec |  |
| 6-7  | result data 3  | : Access time (wrap1 BRD)       | : 1 msec |  |
| 8-9  | result data 4  | : Positioning time (wrap1 BRD)  | : 1 msec |  |
| 10-11  | result data 5  | : Access time (wrap1 WRT)       | : 1 msec |  |
| 12- 13   | result data 6  | : Positioning time (wrap1 WRT)  | : 1 msec |  |
| 14- 15   | result data 7  | : Access time (wrap 2 FRD)      | : 1 msec |  |
| 16- 17   | result data 8  | : Positioning time (wrap 2 FRD) | : 1 msec |  |
| 18- 19   | result data 9  | : Access time (wrap 2 BRD)      | : 1 msec |  |
| 20- 21   | result data 10 | : Positioning time (wrap 2 BRD) | : 1 msec |  |
| 22- 23   | result data 11 | : Access time (wrap 2 WRT)      | : 1 msec |  |
| 24- 25   | result data 12 | : Positioning time (wrap 2 WRT) | : 1 msec |  |
| 26- 27   | result data 13 | :                               | :        |  |
| 28- 29   | result data 14 | :                               | :        |  |
| 30- 31   | result data 15 | :                               | :        |  |

| Result of Mode change time ("M4:MODCH") |                |                            |          |  |
|---|----------------|----------------------------|----------|--|
|   |                | : measurement result       | : unit   |  |
| 0-1                                     | error code     | :                          | :        |  |
| 2-3                                     | result data 1  | : Wrap 1 FRD -> Wrap 1 BRD | : 1 msec |  |
| 4- 5                                    | result data 2  | : Wrap 1 FRD -> Wrap 1 WRT | : 1 msec |  |
| 6-7                                     | result data 3  | : Wrap 1 BRD -> Wrap 1 FRD | : 1 msec |  |
| 8-9                                     | result data 4  | : Wrap 1 BRD -> Wrap 1 WRT | : 1 msec |  |
| 10-11                                   | result data 5  | : Wrap 1 WRT -> Wrap 1 BRD | : 1 msec |  |
| 12- 13                                  | result data 6  | : Wrap 2 FRD -> Wrap 2 BRD | : 1 msec |  |
| 14- 15                                  | result data 7  | : Wrap 2 FRD -> Wrap 2 WRT | : 1 msec |  |
| 16- 17                                  | result data 8  | : Wrap 2 BRD -> Wrap 2 FRD | : 1 msec |  |
| 18- 19                                  | result data 9  | : Wrap 2 BRD -> Wrap 2 WRT | : 1 msec |  |
| 20- 21                                  | result data 10 | : Wrap 2 WRT -> Wrap 2 BRD | : 1 msec |  |
| 22- 23                                  | result data 11 | :                          | :        |  |
| 24- 25                                  | result data 12 | :                          | :        |  |
| 26- 27                                  | result data 13 | :                          | :        |  |
| 28- 29                                  | result data 14 | :                          | :        |  |
| 30- 31                                  | result data 15 | :                          | :        |  |

| Result of Locating time ("M5:LOCAT") |                |                                |            |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|
|                                      |                | : measurement result           | : unit     |
| 0- 1                                 | error code     | :                              | :          |
| 2-3                                  | result data 1  | : Locating time for normal CTG | : 1/10 sec |
| 4- 5                                 | result data 2  | : Locating time for E-CTG      | : 1/10 sec |
| 6- 7                                 | result data 3  | :                              | :          |
| 8-9                                  | result data 4  | :                              | :          |
| 10- 11                               | result data 5  | :                              | :          |
| 12- 13                               | result data 6  | :                              | :          |
| 14- 15                               | result data 7  | :                              | :          |
| 16- 17                               | result data 8  | :                              | :          |
| 18- 19                               | result data 9  | :                              | :          |
| 20- 21                               | result data 10 | :                              | :          |
| 22- 23                               | result data 11 | :                              | :          |
| 24- 25                               | result data 12 | :                              | :          |
| 26- 27                               | result data 13 | :                              | :          |
| 28- 29                               | result data 14 | :                              | :          |
| 30- 31                               | result data 15 | :                              | :          |

| Result of Rewinding time ("M6:REWND") |                |                                 |            |  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------|--|
|                                       |                | : measurement result            | : unit     |  |
| 0-1                                   | error code     | :                               | :          |  |
| 2-3                                   | result data 1  | : Rewinding time for normal CTG | : 1/10 sec |  |
| 4- 5                                  | result data 2  | : Rewinding time for E-CTG      | : 1/10 sec |  |
| 6-7                                   | result data 3  | :                               | :          |  |
| 8-9                                   | result data 4  | :                               | :          |  |
| 10- 11                                | result data 5  | :                               | :          |  |
| 12- 13                                | result data 6  | :                               | :          |  |
| 14- 15                                | result data 7  | :                               | :          |  |
| 16- 17                                | result data 8  | :                               | :          |  |
| 18- 19                                | result data 9  | :                               | :          |  |
| 20- 21                                | result data 10 | :                               | :          |  |
| 22- 23                                | result data 11 | :                               | :          |  |
| 24- 25                                | result data 12 | :                               | :          |  |
| 26- 27                                | result data 13 | :                               | :          |  |
| 28- 29                                | result data 14 | :                               | :          |  |
| 30- 31                                | result data 15 | :                               | :          |  |

| Result of D.S.E. time ("M7:D.S.E") |               |                              |            |
|------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|------------|
|                                    |               | : measurement result         | : unit     |
| 0-1                                | error code    | :                            | :          |
| 2-3                                | result data 1 | : D.S.E. time for normal CTG | : 1/10 sec |
| 4- 5                               | result data 2 | : D.S.E. time for E-CTG      | : 1/10 sec |
| 6-7                                | result data 3 | :                            | :          |
| 8-9                                | result data 4 | :                            | :          |
| 10- 11                             | result data 5 | :                            | :          |
| 12- 13                             | result data 6 | :                            | :          |
| 14- 15                             | result data 7 | :                            | :          |
| 16- 17                             | result data 8 | :                            | :          |
| 18- 19                             | result data 9 | :                            | :          |

| Result of D.S.E. time ("M7:D.S.E") |                |                      |        |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------|
|                                    |                | : measurement result | : unit |
| 20- 21                             | result data 10 | :                    | :      |
| 22- 23                             | result data 11 | :                    | :      |
| 24- 25                             | result data 12 | :                    | :      |
| 26- 27                             | result data 13 | :                    | :      |
| 28- 29                             | result data 14 | :                    | :      |
| 30- 31                             | result data 15 | :                    | :      |

| Result of Unloading time ("M8:UNLD") |                |                                    |            |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|------------|
|                                      |                | : measurement result               | : unit     |
| 0- 1                                 | error code     | :                                  | :          |
| 2-3                                  | result data 1  | : Tape winding time for normal CTG | : 1/10 sec |
| 4- 5                                 | result data 2  | : Tape winding time for E-CTG      | : 1/10 sec |
| 6-7                                  | result data 3  | : Unthreading time                 | : 1/10 sec |
| 8-9                                  | result data 4  | : Loader operation time            | : 1/10 sec |
| 10- 11                               | result data 5  | :                                  | :          |
| 12- 13                               | result data 6  | :                                  | :          |
| 14- 15                               | result data 7  | :                                  | :          |
| 16- 17                               | result data 8  | :                                  | :          |
| 18- 19                               | result data 9  | :                                  | :          |
| 20- 21                               | result data 10 | :                                  | :          |
| 22- 23                               | result data 11 | :                                  | :          |
| 24- 25                               | result data 12 | :                                  | :          |
| 26- 27                               | result data 13 | :                                  | :          |
| 28- 29                               | result data 14 | :                                  | :          |
| 30- 31                               | result data 15 | :                                  | :          |

| Result of Cleaning time ("M9:CLEAN") |                |                      |            |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|------------|
|                                      |                | : measurement result | : unit     |
| 0-1                                  | error code     | :                    | :          |
| 2-3                                  | result data 1  | : Cleaning time      | : 1/10 sec |
| 4- 5                                 | result data 2  | :                    | :          |
| 6-7                                  | result data 3  | :                    | :          |
| 8-9                                  | result data 4  | :                    | :          |
| 10- 11                               | result data 5  | :                    | :          |
| 12- 13                               | result data 6  | :                    | :          |
| 14- 15                               | result data 7  | :                    | :          |
| 16- 17                               | result data 8  | :                    | :          |
| 18- 19                               | result data 9  | :                    | :          |
| 20- 21                               | result data 10 | :                    | :          |
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| 24- 25                               | result data 12 | :                    | :          |
| 26- 27                               | result data 13 | :                    | :          |
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| 30-31                                | result data 15 | :                    | :          |

M2488 PRODUCT GUIDE FLOWCHARTS

### **APPENDIX I**

## **FLOWCHARTS**

The Operator Panel flowcharts, provided in this appendix, show the flow through the menus available via the operator panel. Navigate the menus by pressing the pushbuttons indicated in the flowcharts. Begin with the flowchart in Figure I-1.

The flowcharts are arranged as follows:

Figure I-1 Operator Panel Flowchart on page I-2

Figure I-2 RUN COMB Flowchart on page I-3

Figure I-3 RUN ACL Flowchart on page I-3

Figure I-4 LIST ERROR Flowchart on page I-4

Figure I-5 RS-232 Flowchart on page I-4

Figure I-6 SETTING Flowchart on page I-5

Figure I-7 LOAD CODE Flowchart on page I-6

Figure I-8 INQUIRY Flowchart on page I-6

Figure I-9 MODE PAGES Flowchart on page I-7

Figure I-10 FACTORY Flowchart on page I-8

Figure I-11 81:FSGRP Flowchart on page I-8

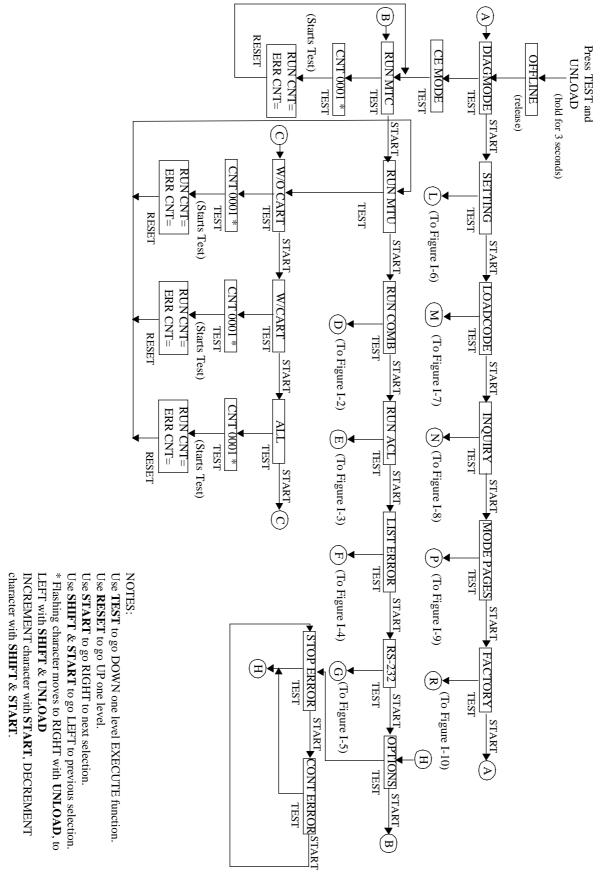


Figure I-1. Operator Panel Flowchart

M2488 PRODUCT GUIDE FLOWCHARTS

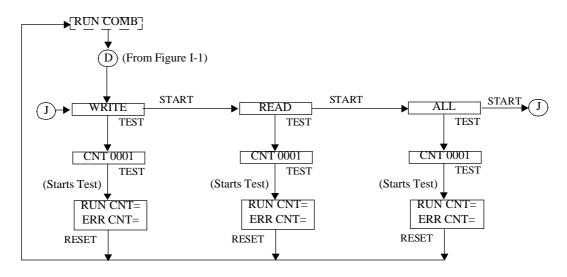


Figure I-2. RUN COMB Flowchart

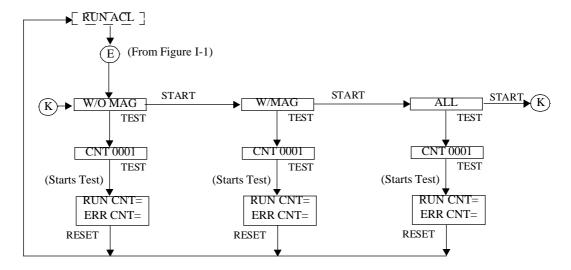


Figure I-3. RUN ACL Flowchart

April 1997 CG00000-011503 REV. A I-3

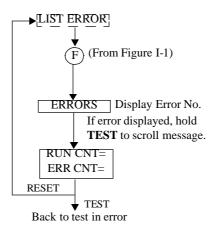


Figure I-4. LIST ERROR Flowchart



Enables an external maintenance terminal attached to the rear of the M2488 via the 9-pin DIN connector.

The terminal can be used to run diagnostics using keyboard input.

Figure I-5. RS-232 Flowchart

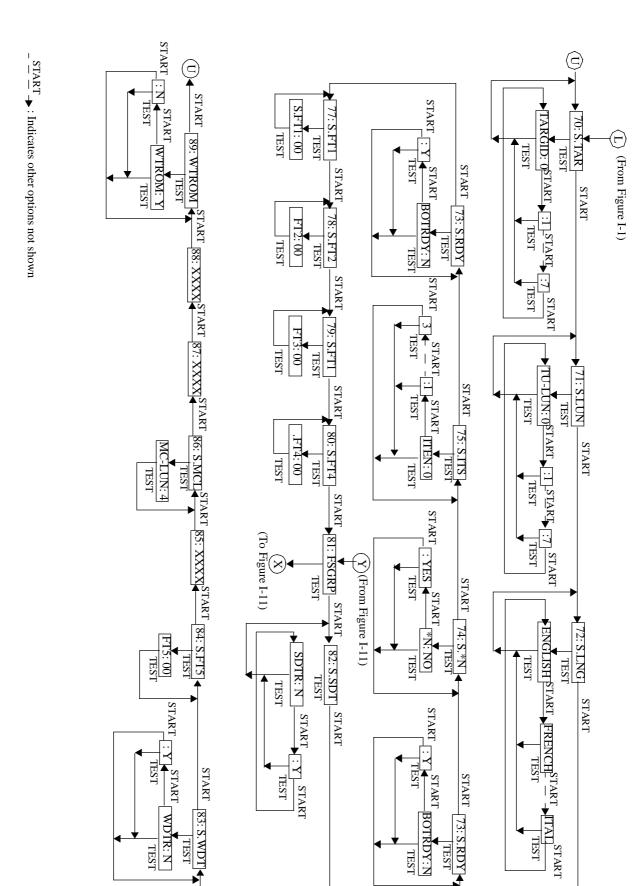


Figure I-6. SETTING Flowchart

April 1997 CG00000-011503 REV. A I-5

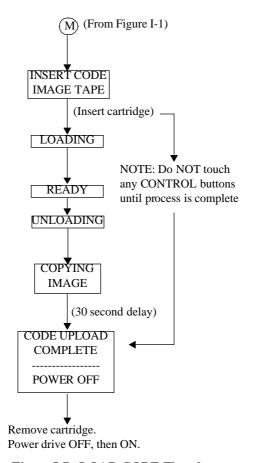
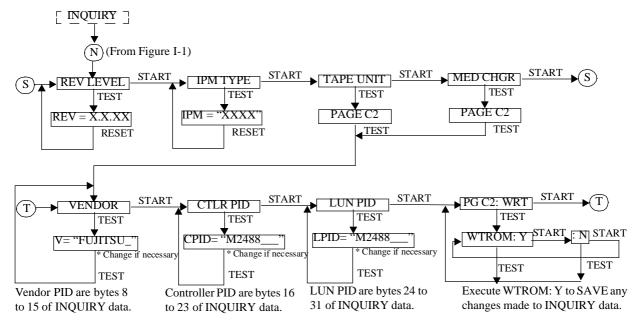


Figure I-7. LOAD CODE Flowchart

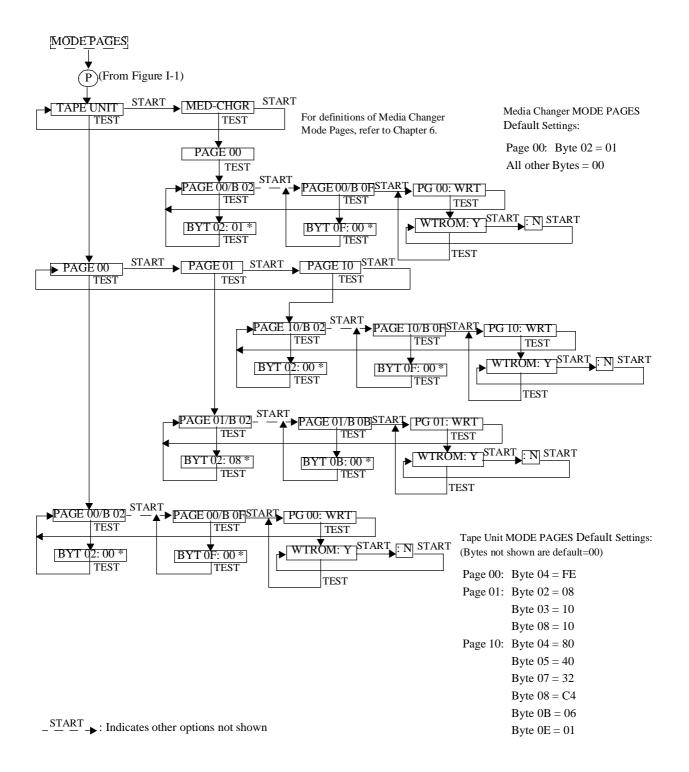


NOTE: If any PUD (Product ID) is changed, go to 'PGC2: WRT' to store in ROM.

Figure I-8. INQUIRY Flowchart

<sup>\*</sup> Flashing character moves to RIGHT with UNLOAD, to LEFT with SHIFT and UNLOAD. Increment character with START, decrement with SHIFT and START.

M2488 PRODUCT GUIDE FLOWCHARTS



- \* To change MODE PAGE bytes:
  - 1. Go to block identified with an asterisk.
  - 2. The flashing hex digit moves to the right with UNLOAD, to the left with SHIFT and UNLOAD.
  - 3. Increment digit with START, decrement with SHIFT and START.
  - 4. After change is completed, move to PG XX: WRT and save by executing WTROM: Y.

For definitions of Tape Unit Mode Pages, refer to Chapter 5.

Figure I-9. MODE PAGES Flowchart

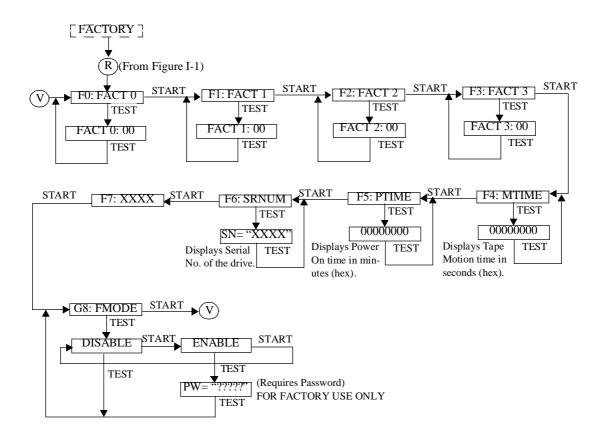


Figure I-10. FACTORY Flowchart

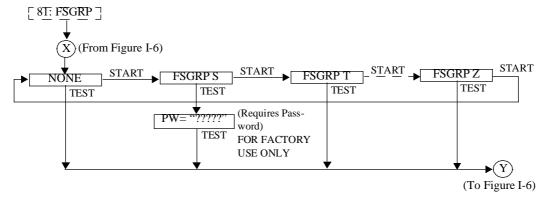


Figure I-11. 81:FSGRP Flowchart

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We would appreciate your comments and suggestions regarding this manual.

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